Assignment #4 Answers to textbook recommended questions.

## Sec 2.4

3 
$$AB + AC = A(B+C)$$

$$4$$
  $A(BC) = (AB)C$ 

(6) 
$$(A+B)^2 = A^2 + AB + BA + B^2$$

$$(4) (B-A^{2} A(A-B)-B(A-B)$$

$$A^{2}-AB-BA+B^{2}$$

(i) (i) 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  La different answers possible.

(13) 
$$B^{-1} = C M^{-1} A$$
  
(22)  $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -3 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & 4\frac{3}{3} \\ \frac{3}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & \frac{4}{3} \\ 1 & -\frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$ 

Sec 2.5 contd:

$$27 A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 29 @ True 6 False @ True
- (44) Both singular or both invertible.