

Instructions:

- 1) **Due: Friday, March 6, 2015, during the first 10 minutes of class.**
- 2) **Assignments must be submitted in a blue book – no exceptions. Bluebooks are available at the on campus/off campus bookstore, student union, etc.**
- 3) **On the front cover, write the following at the top:**
 - a) **TA name**
 - b) **Your name**
 - c) **Assignment name**
 - d) **Problem session number**
- 4) **Write no more than one problem per page.**
- 5) **Solutions must be presented neatly, completely, and with logical flow.**
- 6) **15% will be deducted for assignments turned in after the first 10 minutes of class.**
- 7) **25% will be deducted for assignments which are not neat and orderly.**
- 8) **15% will be deducted for assignments without your TA's name.**
- 9) **Assignments will not be accepted after class.**

1. Find the general solution of the DE. Write your solution explicitly.

$$y' = (y^2 + y^2 \cos x)^2$$

2. Solve the initial value problem. Write your solution explicitly.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{du}{dt} &= tu - t + u - 1 \\ u(0) &= 2\end{aligned}$$

3. Find the general solution for the differential equation. Leave your solution in implicit form.

$$(y^2 e^x - e^x) y' = x^2$$

4. Find the general solution for the differential equation. Leave your solution in implicit form.

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = (2 - x)\sqrt{1 - x}$$

5. Consider the initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y^2 - 5y + 6$$
$$y(0) = 1$$

where y represents the population of a species (in thousands), and x represents time (in years).

a) Solve this initial value problem to find the population as a function of time. Write your solution explicitly.

b) What number does the population approach in the long term? (i.e., find an equilibrium

solution by computing $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} y(x)$)

c) What number does the population approach if one could, theoretically, go back in time? (i.e.,

find an equilibrium solution by computing $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} y(x)$)