# UC Berkeley Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Sciences

# EECS 126: PROBABILITY AND RANDOM PROCESSES

# Discussion 08

Spring 2023

#### 1. Moving Books Around

You have N books labelled  $1, \ldots, N$  on your shelf. At each time step, you pick a book i with probability  $\frac{1}{N}$ , place it on the left of all others on the shelf, then repeat this process, each step independent of any other step. Construct a suitable Markov chain which takes values in the set of all N! permutations of the books.

- a. Find the transition probabilities of the Markov chain.
- b. Find its stationary distribution.

Hint: You can guess the stationary distribution before computing it.

# 2. Markov Chain Practice

Consider a Markov chain with three states 0, 1, 2, and suppose its transition probabilities are  $P(0,1)=P(0,2)=\frac{1}{2},$   $P(1,0)=P(1,1)=\frac{1}{2},$   $P(2,0)=\frac{2}{3},$  and  $P(2,2)=\frac{1}{3}.$ 

- a. Classify the states in the chain. Is this chain periodic or aperiodic?
- b. In the long run, what fraction of time does the chain spend in state 1?
- c. Suppose that  $X_0$  is chosen according to the steady-state or stationary distribution. What is  $\mathbb{P}(X_0 = 0 \mid X_2 = 2)$ ?

# 3. Hitting Time with Coins

Consider a sequence of fair coin flips.

- a. What is the expected number of flips until we first see two heads in a row?
- b. What is the expected number of flips until we see a head followed immediately by a tail?