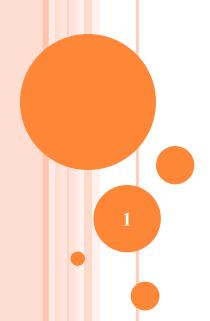
# INTRODUCTION TO HTML



#### INTRODUCTION TO HTML TOPIC OBJECTIVES

- At the end of this topic the learner should:-
- 1. Define the term HTML
- 2. Outline the advantages and limitations of HTML
- 3. Use HTML to:
  - Format text
  - Create hyperlinks
  - Create HTML Lists namely:-
  - 1. Ordered list
  - 2. un-ordered lists
  - 3. Definition list

- Continuation...
- Use HTML to:
  - Create HTML Tables
  - Create HTML Forms
  - Create HTML Frames

### WHAT IS HTML?

- HTML(Hyper Text Markup Language) is a web authoring language used to create Web pages.
- HTML uses many tags to make a webpage.

  therefore it is a tag based language. The tags of

  HTML are surrounded by angular brackets (<>)

### Definition of HTML tag

• An HTML tag is as a set of characters constituting a formatted command for a Web page. HTML tags provide the directions or recipes for the visual content that one sees on the Web page.

- Continuation...
- An HTML tag consists of the tag name in angular brackets and may come in pair, which makes up the beginning and ending tag that frame a particular piece of code, text or other tags.
- The beginning tag consists of the name, optionally followed by one or more attributes, whereas the ending tag consists of the same name preceded by a forward slash ("/"). For

HTML tags continuation..

• An example of html tag:

" begins a paragraph, whereas "" ends that paragraph.

**Note:** This is a consistent syntax in HTML

### **Advantages of HTML:**

- HTML is compatible with other web authoring tools
- HTML is a free language this is because it is by default in every windows therefore no need to purchase extra software.
- It's a user-friendly language i.e. the language is easy to learn and use.
- Compatible with different web browsers
- It's widely used

### **Limitations of HTML**

- HTML has limited security features
- HTML can only generate static webpages
- Need to write lot of code for creating simple webpages.

# HTML support the following formats of web content:

- i. Graphics
- ii. Text
- iii. Sound
- iv. Video
- v. Animations

# THE BASIC HTML PAGE TAGS

- The essence of HTML programming is tags.
- A tag is a keyword enclosed by angle brackets ( Example: <b>)
- There are opening and closing tags for many html tags but not all tags; The affected text is between the two tags.

# • A standard HTML page consist of the following tags:

Opening tag	Description	Closing tag
<html></html>	Defines an HTML page	Closes the html tag
<head></head>	Defines the HTML page header	
<title>&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Defines an&lt;br&gt;HTML page&lt;br&gt;title&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;</title>		
<body></body>	Defines the contents to be displayed by the web browser	

#### • HTML tags:

• **Note:** The opening and closing tags use the same command except that the closing tag contains an additional forward slash (/).

#### • Exercise One

Create an HTML page that displays the output "This is my first HTML webpage" when run via a web browser.

#### Exercise Two

Create an HTML page that displays the output shown below when run via a web browser.

HTML is a web authoring tool

It is user-friendly

HTML is compatible with many web browsers