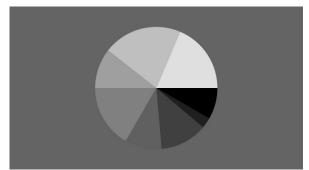
p5.js

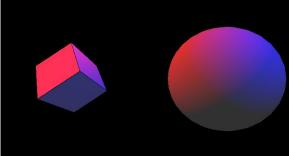
An accessible and lightweight graphics library

Introduction

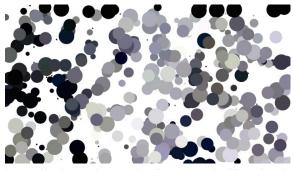
- https://p5js.org/
- Free and open source library adding drawing functionality to a web page
- Designed with a simple, but flexible API
- Includes support for 2D, 3D, text, input, video, and sound



https://p5js.org/examples/form-pie-chart.html



https://p5js.org/examples/3d-multiple-lights.html



https://p5js.org/examples/image-pointillism.html

Setup

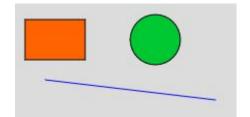
- Editor available online: https://editor.p5js.org/
 - Node package available to integrate into other apps
- setup() function is called once to initialize
- createCanvas(400, 400) creates a 400 by 400 pixel area to draw on
- draw() function is called repeatedly to create the scene
 - All drawing related code should go here

```
1 function setup() {
2    createCanvas(400, 400);
3  }
4
5 function draw() {
6    background(220);
7  }
```

2D Drawing

- Several types of shapes can be drawn with a single function call
 - rect(), circle(), line(), arc(), ellipse(), etc.
- First two arguments are the x,y position
- Width and height, radius, or second x,y position come afterwards
- fill() function defines the RGB colour to use for the interior of the shape
- stroke() function defines the RGB colour for the border of the shape

```
function setup() {
      createCanvas(400, 400);
    function draw() {
      background(220);
      stroke(0, 0, 0)
      // Rectangle
10
      fill(255, 100, 0)
      rect(20, 20, 60, 40)
      // Circle
13
      fill(0, 200, 50)
14
      circle(150, 40, 50)
15
16
17
      // Line
18
      stroke(0, 0, 255)
19
      line(40, 80, 210, 100)
20
```



Keyboard Input

- The keyPressed() and keyReleased()
 functions can be used to detect keyboard
 input
- The keyCode variable holds the key which triggered the event
- A square was created for this example,
 which moves with the arrow keys
- keylsDown() can also be used in the draw function

```
1 ▼ function setup() {
               createCanvas(400, 400);
               this.x = 200
               this.y = 200
               this.xvel = 0
               this.yvel = 0
         9 v function draw() {
               background(220);
               fill(0, 255, 0)
               this.x += this.xvel * 2
               this.v += this.vvel * 2
               rect(this.x - 20, this.y - 20, 40, 40)
17▼ function keyPressed() {
     if (keyCode == UP_ARROW) {
       this.vvel = -1
     } else if (keyCode == DOWN_ARROW) {
       this.vvel = 1
     } else if (keyCode == LEFT_ARROW) {
       this xvel = -1
     } else if (keyCode == RIGHT_ARROW) {
       this.xvel = 1
26
27 }
28
29 v function keyReleased() {
     if (keyCode == UP_ARROW || keyCode == DOWN_ARROW) {
       this.vvel = 0
    } else if (keyCode == LEFT_ARROW || keyCode == RIGHT_ARROW) {
33
       this.xvel = 0
34
35
```

Vue Integration

- A few more steps required
 - npm install -save p5 ← Command line
 - import p5 from "p5"; ← Vue component
- Create sketch object containing desired built-in p5 functions which will be automatically called
 - The p5 context is passed into the lambda
- All p5 functions are now part of the s object rather than in global scope
- p5Context variable can be stored within the Vue page

```
const sketch = (s) => {
    s.setup = () => {
        // ...
}

s.draw = () => {
        // ...
}

// ...
}

s.draw = () => {
        // ...
}

s.draw = () => {
        // ...
}
```

```
const p5Context = new p5(sketch);
```

Vue Integration – Our Project

- The following games all use the techniques specified in the last slide to integrate with Vue:
 - Snake
 - Word Search
 - Stacker
- The code is present in the following files:
 - src/components/SnakeGame.vue
 - src/components/WordSearchGame.vue
 - src/components/StackerGame.vue
- All game-related code is contained within a class for better organization

