

# On-line recognition of handwritten mathematical symbols

Bachelor's thesis of Martin Thoma Martin Thoma | 5th of June, 2014

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# What is my Bachelor's thesis about?



- Recognition of handwritten mathematical symbols
- On-line recognition, not OCR!
- Given a series of points (x(t), y(t), b(t))I want to get the proper LATEX code.

# Why do I work on this topic?



- LATEX is easy as soon as you know the \codes.
- It's hard to find the LATEX code of single symbols.
- It's much harder to find complete formulas.

For now: recognition of isolated symbols. That means: single symbol "formulae" rather than multi symbol formulae

#### write-math.com



a website where users can add labeled training data and unlabeled data which they want to classify. I call this data "recording"



- works with desktop computers and touch devices
- symbol recognition can be done by multiple classifiers
- users can contribute formulas as recordings and as LATEX answers for recordings
- users can vote for LATEX answers: <,  $\leq$ ,  $\leqslant$ , ...
- user who wrote the formula can accept one answer

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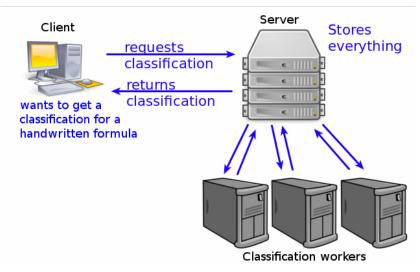
# Classify





#### Workflow





End

## Ranking



#### Ranking

Only users with at least 5 written formulas will be listed below.						
#	User	Written formulas	Distinct symbols			
1	Detexify	217684	1125			
2	Martin Thoma	4382	523			
3	user_639125948	3071	430			
4	Eva	1134	566			
5	John	781	722			
6	TorbjornT	572	253			
7	user_1904016610	510	124			
8	Marienkaefer	458	260			
9	percusse	411	317			
10	Brent	374	196			

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#### **Statistics**



- 127 users with at least 5 recordings
- 1109 symbols, but only 369 used for experiments
- 235 831 recordings (e.g. 3486 times \int)

#### First classification worker



- preprocessing: Scale to fit into unit square while keeping the aspect ratio
- applies dynamic time warping
- compares a new recording with every recording in the database
- $\Rightarrow$  Classification time is in  $\mathcal{O}(\text{recordings})$ , but we rather would like  $\mathcal{O}(\mathsf{symbols})$ 
  - the current server / workflow can only handle about 4000 recordings
- ⇒ Another way to classify is necessary

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## **Preprocessing**



- Normalizing
  - Scaling
  - Shifting
  - Resampling
- Noise reduction
  - Smoothing (e.g. moving average)
  - Dot reduction
  - Filtering (by distance, speed or angle)
  - Stroke connection

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#### **Features**



- Local
  - Coordinates
  - Speed
  - Binary pen pressure
  - Direction
  - Curvature
  - Bitmap-environment
  - Hat-Feature
- Global
  - # of points
  - # of strokes
  - Center point
  - Bitmap
  - Bounding box (width, height, time)

## **Experiments**



**Preprocessing:** Scaling, shifting and linear interpolation

**Features:** Coordinates of 80 points (4 strokes with 20 points each)

**Learning:** MLP, 300 epochs, LR of 0.1

Topology	Error	Training time
160:500:369	30.62 %	9min 08s
160:500:500:369	27.73 %	11min 49s
160:500:500:500:369	34.79 %	14min 09s
160:500:500:500:500:369	33.61 %	14min 06s

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## **Examples of confusable symbols**



ETEX	Rendered	<b>№</b> TEX	Rendered
\sum	$\sum$	\$\Sigma\$	$\Sigma$
\coprod	П	\$\amalg\$	$\Pi$
\perp	$\perp$	\$\bot\$	$\perp$
\models	=	\$\vDash\$	⊨
\emptyset	Ø	\$\diameter\$	Ø
		\$\o\$	Ø
		\$\varnothing\$	Ø
\Delta	$\Delta$	\$\triangle\$	$\triangle$
\varepsilon	arepsilon	<pre>\$\mathcal{E}\$</pre>	${\cal E}$

When those confusions are not counted as errors, the current best system has an classification error rate of 12.7% (otherwise 22.2%).

#### What will I do next?



- Evaluate preprocessing steps
- Try other features
- Try other topologies / trainings (e.g. pretraining, newbob)

## **Image Sources**



- Server by RRZEicons
- Desktop Computer by Ed g2s, Ironbrother, Kierancassel and Msgj
- Server by Mimooh

#### Thanks for Your Attention!





End