## RASD e-Mall Hints (1)

## 1.1 Purpose

- limit the carbon footprint of our urban and sub-urban mobility needs by:
  - having a platform/app/system (eMSP) that allows monitoring electric mobility with the use of CPMS in order to optimize its services such as:
    - knowing where to charge the e-vehicle (locate charging stations owned and managed by CPOs)
    - planning charging processes in a way to limit constraints on our daily schedule
    - choose from various charging possibilities based on special offers set by various external energy providers (DSO)

#### 1.1.1 Goals (WP <==> G)

Sub-system = eMSP (e-Mobility Service Provider)
Sub-system = CPMS (Charge Point Management System)

- G1: The eMSP should allow the user to obtain information about the charging stations.
- G2: The eMSP should allow the user to book a charge in a certain charging station before the vehicle runs out of energy.

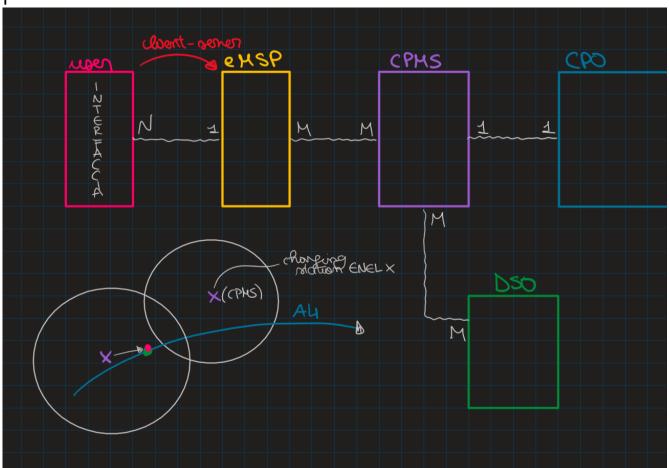
- G3: The eMSP should allow the user to manage the charging process (from its start to the payment) once he/she reaches the charging point.
- G4: The eMSP should give the possibility to the user to receive updates on the charging process.
- G5: The eMSP should show the user the optimized path to the destination based on the residual energy of the vehicle.
- G6: The CPMS should be able to handle the acquisition of energy from external third party providers (DSO).
- G7: The CPMS should be able to gather information about the DSOs' current price of energy.
- G8: The CPMS should store informations about the location, external and internal status of a charing stations. ("external/internal").
- G9: The CPMS should provide energy according to the type of socket chosen by the user.
- G10: The CPMS should decide where to get energy from (station batteries, DOS, mix).

## 1.2 Scope

#### **ACTORS:**

- Registered USER
- e-MSP (e-Mobility Service Provider) is the remote sub-system (passive server) called by the user which gathers informations by contacting CMPSs through uniform APIs.
  - -which uses the exposed interfaces by CMPSs and used by users on their own local app instances.

- CPO (e.g. ENEL X/IONIX) (Charging Point Operator)
   administrated through CPMS and deployed through:
  - Charging stations
- CPMS (Charge Point Management System) administrates CPO's
   IT infrastructure by managing the relationship between the
   energy acquired by a DSO and the charging vehicle connected to
   the charging station's sockets.
- DSO (Distribution System Operators): external third party energy providers.



#### 1.2.1 World Phenomena

- WP1: User's e-vehicle is running out of energy.
- WP2: User physically looks for an available charging station.
- WP3: Charging station's socket doesn't work properly.

- WP4: Catastrofic environmental disasters (earthquakes, avalanches, hurricanes, floods, heavy storms).
- WP5: Accidental damages occured on the infrastructures.
- WP6: User prepares the vehicle (parks, open the charging socket) for the charing process.

#### 1.2.2 Shared Phenomena

#todo TODO: system = sub-system + sub-system or not

SP1: The charging station doesn't provide the guaranteed services presented by the eMSP. (Discrepancies between the real-world situations and the services CPO intends to guarantee)

SP2: The user looks up for a nearby charging station.

SP3: The user chooses the best charging station from the available ones based on its preferences.

SP4: The system shows the user informations about the charging process.

SP5: The system shows the user several payment methods.

SP6: The system automatically decides from which DSO energy should be acquired.

	7			
ヘレ	, .			
.) F	Ι.	 	 	

# 1.3 Definitions, acronyms, abbreviations

#### 1.3.1 Definitions

#todo

## 1.3.2 Acronyms and abbreviations

RASD - Requirements Analysis and Specification Document

WP - World Phenomena

SP - Shared Phenomena

GX - Goal number X

DX - Domain assumption number X

RX - Requirement number X

e-MSP - e-Mobility Service Provider

**CPO - Charging Point Operator** 

CPMS - Charge Point Management System

**DSO - Distribution System Operator** 

**API - Application Programming Interface** 

VIN - Vehicle Identification Number

#### 1.4 Reference Documents

The specification document: "Assignment RDD AY 2022-2023\_v3.pdf"

#### 1.5 Document Structure

#todo ..

# 2 Overall Description

## 2.1 Product perspective

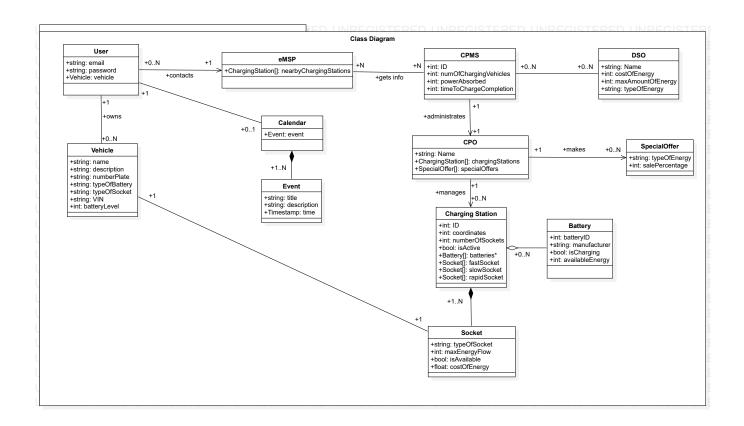
#### 2.1.1 Scenarios

- 1. Unregistered user wants to use e-Mall
  - 1. Registering

- 2. Access its profile and consult next charges
- 2. User looking up for charging stations (+filters)
  - User wants to know the position of charging stations so selects SEARCH section of APP
    - 1. based on current location
    - 2. at a certain position
  - 2. Filtering and Sorting (ASC, DESC)
    - 1. range of distance from current or remote position
    - 2. range of price
    - 3. preferred CPOs
    - 4. prederred payment methods
    - 5. availability of sockets
    - 6. type of sockets
    - 7. special offers (range of sales percentage)
- User booking a charge
  - 1. Selecting a certain charging station from the list provided
    - 2. Reads infos about the charging station
  - 2. Selects a timestamp for the booking and make a reservation
  - 3. Requires booking
  - 4. Receiving ack for the booking or notifying a failure (overlapping of the timestamp with other events in the calendar) and requiring other timestamps.
- 4. User scheduling a travel
  - 1. Select TRAVEL section of the APP
  - 2. Inserts destination and time of travelling.
  - 3. System calculates the best path using certain algos (e.g.Dijkstra, Bellman-Ford) and possibly based on battery

- level if requested by the user and shows it to the user
- 4. User confirms or declines the proposal.
- 5. User's vehicle is running out of battery
  - System detects that battery is running out of ernergy
  - 2. System notifies the user in order to go an charge the vehicle suggesting the most convenient one.
- 6. Charging process executing (failure managements)
  - 1. User reaches the charging station
  - 2. User takes the proper socket and connects it to the vehicle
  - 3. User selects the percentage to achieve
  - 4. User selects Start on APP to start the charging process and selects target battery level or duration of the charge.
  - 5. Different sources (battery, direct (DSO deciding), mix (deciding), deciding DSO)
- 7. Payment

#### 2.1.2 Class Diagram



#### 2.1.3 State Diagrams

#### 2.3 User characteristics

- 1. Unregistered user
- Registered user
- 3. #to-do il cpo è fisico?!

## 2.4 Assumptions, dependencies, constraints

#### 2.4.1 Domain assumptions

- D1: There exist uniform APIs allowing the user to interact through the eMSP with one or multiple CPOs.
- D2: There exist uniform APIs allowing the CPOs to interact with one or multiple DSOs through the CPMS.

- D3: The user inserts valid data when performing the registering phase.
- D4: The user approaches the charging station once he/she has book a charge within a certain time.
- D5: The user interacts with the charging station by following the instructions attached to the charging station.
- D6: The user interacts with eMSP by following the guideline provided by the eMSP.
- D7: Absence of inconsistencies between the a-priori defined energy flow offered by the DSO and the actual one used to charge the vehicle.
- D8: The user pays the booked service after the charging process has finished.
- D9: The user schedules a travel to a timestamp greater than the current one.
- D10: The system works properly in absence of inconvenient and unexpected events during travel.
- D11: The user frees the charging station once the charging process has finished.

#todo

# **3 Specific Requirements**

#### 3.1 External Interface Requirements

#### 3.2 Functional Requirements

#### 3.2.1 Use case diagrams

#### 3.2.2 Use case descriptions

#### 3.2.3 Requirements

- R1: The eMSP should allow an unregistered user to register an account.
- R2: The eMSP should allow a registered user to look for a charging station.
- R3: The eMSP should be able to access the registered user's calendar.
- R4: The eMSP should be able to retrieve a list of the nearby charging stations based on the current position of the user's vehicle.
- R5: The eMSP should be able to show the registered user the list of the nearby charging stations.
- R6.0: The eMSP should allow the registered user to select a charging station from the list of nearby charging stations.
- R6.1: The eMSP should be able to detect if the battery status is going below a fixed threshold.
- R6.2: The eMSP should automatically show the user a list of nearby charging stations when the battery threshold is overpassed.
- R7: The eMSP should allow the registered user to book a charge at the selected charging station.
- R8: The eMSP should have access to the registered user's infotainment system.
- R9: The eMSP should allow the user to insert filters on the looking up operation of the charging stations.

- R10: The eMSP should allow the user to get information about the charging station selected (sockets available, type of sockets, costs, special prices).
- R11: The CPMS should allow the CPO to choose the DSOs from which to acquire energy.
- R12: The CPMS should allow the CPO to choose either to directly distribute the energy acquired or to store it into batteries collocated at charging stations.
- R13: The CPMS should allow the user to monitor the information about the charging process (price, energy flux rate, estimated remaining time, battery's charging status).
- R14: The CPMS should manage payment processes with different payment methods, responsible for the transactions.
- R15: The eMSP should allow the user to decide the desired battery level at the end of the charging process or the duration.
- R16: The CPMS should be able to dynamically calculate the residual time for the charging process.

#### HINTS:

- User can insert preferencies on the range of the charging stations's look up but the system can scale it based to the vehicle's remaining battery level.
- User decide where to go by inserting a destination and the system proactively calculates the most convenient path by individualizing the possible charging stations on it.

## 3.2.4 Mapping on Goals

G1 - D1, D3, D6 - R1, R2, R4, R5, R9, R10

G2 - D1, D3, D4, D6, D9 - R1, R2, R3, R4, R6.0, R7, R9, R10

G3 - D1, D2, D5, D7, D8, D10 - R11, R12, R13, R14

G4 - D1, D3, D5, D6, D7, D10 - R1, R13, R14

G5 - D1, D3, D10 - R1, R2, R4, R5, R6.0, R6.1, R6.2, R7, R8, R9, R10

G6 - D2, D7, D10 - R11, R12

G7 - D2 - R10, R11

G8 - D1, D4 - R10, R13

G9 - D2, D7 - R11

G10 - D2, D7 - R11, R12

#todo D11, R15, R16