Рассмотрим геометрический интеграл:

$$\prod_{a}^{b} f(x)^{dx} = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \prod_{i=1}^{n} f(x_i)^{\Delta x}$$

Данный интеграл имеет следующую связь с обыкновенным интегралом

$$\prod_{a}^{b} f(x)^{dx} = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} e^{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \ln f(x_i) \cdot \Delta x} = e^{\int_{a}^{b} \ln f(x) dx}$$

Теперь рассмотрим следующий предел:

$$\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{f(x + \Delta x)}{f(x)} \right)^{\frac{1}{\Delta x}}$$

Назовём этот предел геометрической производной и обозначим f^* . Вычислив этот предел, можно получить связь с обыкновенной производной:

$$f^*(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{f(x + \Delta x)}{f(x)} \right)^{\frac{1}{\Delta x}} = e^{\ln \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{f(x + \Delta x)}{f(x)} \right)^{\frac{1}{\Delta x}}} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln f(x + \Delta x) - \ln f(x)}{\Delta x}} = e^{\ln' f(x)} = e^{\int_{a}^{b} f(x)} = e^{\int_{a}^{b} f(x)}$$

Частные производные

$$f_{x_{i}}^{*}(x_{1},...,x_{i},...,x_{n}) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{f(x_{1},...,x_{i} + \Delta x,...,x_{n})}{f(x_{1},...,x_{i},...,x_{n})} \right)^{\frac{1}{\Delta x}} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{f(x_{1},...,x_{i} + \Delta x,...,x_{n})}{f(x_{1},...,x_{i},...,x_{n})} \right)^{\frac{1}{\Delta x}}} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{f(x_{1},...,x_{i} + \Delta x,...,x_{n})}{f(x_{1},...,x_{i},...,x_{n})} \right)^{\frac{1}{\Delta x}}} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln f(x_{1},...,x_{i} + \Delta x,...,x_{n}) - \ln f(x_{1},...,x_{i},...,x_{n})}{\Delta x} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{i},...,x_{n})}{f(x_{1},...,x_{i},...,x_{n})} \right)} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{i},...,x_{n})}{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{i},...,x_{n})} \right)} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{i},...,x_{n})}{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{n})} \right)} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{i},...,x_{n})}{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{n})} \right)} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{n},...,x_{n})}{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{n})} \right)} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{n},...,x_{n})}{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{n})} \right)} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{n},...,x_{n})}{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{n})} \right)} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{h'_{x_{i}}(x_{1},...,x_{n},$$

Полный дифференциал

$$\Delta^* f = \frac{f(x + \Delta x, y + \Delta y)}{f(x, y)} = \frac{f(x + \Delta x, y + \Delta y)}{f(x, y)} \cdot \frac{f(x, y + \Delta y)}{f(x, y + \Delta y)} =$$

$$= \frac{f(x + \Delta x, y + \Delta y)}{f(x, y + \Delta y)} \cdot \frac{f(x, y + \Delta y)}{f(x, y)} = \left(\frac{f(x + \Delta x, y + \Delta y)}{f(x, y + \Delta y)}\right)^{\frac{\Delta x}{\Delta x}} \cdot \left(\frac{f(x, y + \Delta y)}{f(x, y)}\right)^{\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta y}} \cdot \left(\frac{f(x, y + \Delta y)}{f(x, y)}\right)^{\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta y}} \cdot \left(\frac{f(x, y + \Delta y)}{f(x, y)}\right)^{\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta y}} =$$

$$= e^{\lim_{(\Delta x, \Delta y) \to (0, 0)} \frac{[\ln f(x + \Delta x, y + \Delta y) - \ln f(x, y + \Delta y)]\Delta x}{\Delta x} \cdot e^{\lim_{\Delta y \to 0} \frac{[\ln f(x, y + \Delta y) - \ln f(x, y)]\Delta y}{\Delta y}} =$$

$$= e^{\lim_{\Delta y \to 0} \frac{f'_x(x, y + \Delta y)}{f(x, y + \Delta y)}} \cdot e^{\frac{f'_y(x, y)}{f(x, y)}dy} = e^{\frac{f'_x(x, y)}{f(x, y)}dx} \cdot e^{\frac{f'_y(x, y)}{f(x, y)}dy} = f_x^{*dx} \cdot f_y^{*dy}$$

$$d^* f = f_x^{*dx} \cdot f_y^{*dy}$$

Теперь поищем обратный оператор с f^* . Для этого попробуем выразить f. Обозначим $u=e^{\frac{f'}{f}}$. Тогда

$$f^*(x) = u(x)$$

$$\ln' f(x) = \ln u(x)$$

$$\ln f(x) = \int_{0}^{x} \ln u(s) \, ds + \ln f(0)$$
$$\int_{0}^{x} \ln u(s) \, ds$$
$$f(x) = f(0) \cdot e^{0}$$

Получили геометрический интеграл с переменным верхним пределом.

$$\prod_{\tilde{C}}^{x} f(s)^{ds} = e^{\tilde{C}} \qquad = e^{F(x) - F(\tilde{C})} = \frac{e^{F(x)}}{e^{F(\tilde{C})}} = Ce^{F(x)}$$

$$\left(\prod_{\tilde{C}}^{x} f(s)^{ds}\right)^{*} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\int_{\tilde{C}}^{x} \ln f(s) \, ds - \int_{\tilde{C}}^{x} \ln f(s) \, ds}{\Delta x} = e^{\frac{1}{\Delta x}}$$

$$= e^{\frac{1}{\Delta x}} \int_{\tilde{C}}^{x} \ln f(s) \, ds - \int_{\tilde{C}}^{x} \ln f(s) \, ds$$

$$= e^{\frac{1}{\Delta x}} \int_{\tilde{C}}^{x} \ln f(s) \, ds - \int_{\tilde{C}}^{x} \ln f(s) \, ds$$

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$$= e^{\frac{1}{\Delta x}} \int_{\tilde{C}}^{x} \ln f(s) \, ds$$

$$\int_{\tilde{C}}^{x+\Delta x} \ln f(s) \, ds + \int_{x}^{\tilde{C}} \ln f(s) \, ds \qquad \int_{x}^{x+\Delta x} \ln f(s) \, ds$$

$$= e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\tilde{C}}{\Delta x}} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{1}{\Delta x}} = e^{\ln f(x)} = f(x)$$

Прикольные штуки для производных

$$a^* = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left(\frac{a}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{\Delta x}} = 1^{\infty} = 1$$

$$x^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln(x + \Delta x) - \ln x}{\Delta x}} = e^{\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$(x^n)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln((x + \Delta x)^n) - \ln x^n}{\Delta x}} = e^{\frac{nx^{n-1}}{x^n}} = e^{\frac{n}{x}}$$

$$(a^x)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln a^{x + \Delta x} - \ln a^x}{\Delta x}} = e^{\ln a \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta x}} = a$$

$$(a^{x^n})^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln a^{(x+\Delta x)^n} - \ln a^{x^n}}{\Delta x}} = a^{nx^{n-1}}$$

$$\left(a^{e^x}\right)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln a^{e^{x + \Delta x}} - \ln a^{e^x}}{\Delta x}} = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln a \cdot \left(e^{x + \Delta x} - e^x\right)}{\Delta x}} = a^{e^x}$$

$$(\ln x)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln(\ln(x + \Delta x)) - \ln(\ln x)}{\Delta x}} = e^{\frac{1}{x \ln x}}$$

$$(\sin x)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln \sin(x + \Delta x) - \ln \sin x}{\Delta x}} = e^{\frac{\sin' x}{\sin x}} = e^{\cot x}$$

$$(\cos x)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln \cos(x + \Delta x) - \ln \cos x}{\Delta x}} = e^{\frac{\cos' x}{\cos x}} = e^{-\tan x}$$

$$(\tan x)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln \tan(x + \Delta x) - \ln \tan x}{\Delta x}} = e^{\frac{\tan' x}{\tan x}} = e^{\frac{1}{\cos x \cdot \sin x}} = e^{\frac{2}{\sin(2x)}}$$

$$(\cot x)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln \cot(x + \Delta x) - \ln \cot x}{\Delta x}} = e^{\frac{\cot' x}{\cot x}} = e^{-\frac{1}{\cos x \cdot \sin x}} = e^{-\frac{2}{\sin(2x)}}$$

$$(\sinh x)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln \sinh(x + \Delta x) - \ln \sinh x}{\Delta x}} = e^{\frac{\sinh' x}{\sinh x}} = e^{\coth x}$$

$$(\cosh x)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln \cosh(x + \Delta x) - \ln \cosh x}{\Delta x}} = e^{\frac{\cosh' x}{\cosh x}} = e^{\tanh x}$$

$$(\tanh x)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln \tanh(x + \Delta x) - \ln \tanh x}{\Delta x}} = e^{\frac{\tanh' x}{\tanh x}} = e^{\frac{1}{\cosh x \cdot \sinh x}} = e^{\frac{2}{\sinh(2x)}}$$

$$(\coth x)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln \coth(x + \Delta x) - \ln \coth x}{\Delta x}} = e^{\frac{\coth' x}{\coth x}} = e^{-\frac{1}{\cosh x \cdot \sinh x}} = e^{-\frac{2}{\sinh (2x)}}$$

$$(a^{\sin x})^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln a^{\sin(x + \Delta x)} - \ln a^{\sin x}}{\Delta x}} = a^{\cos x}$$

$$(a^{\cos x})^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln a^{\cos(x + \Delta x)} - \ln a^{\cos x}}{\Delta x}} = a^{-\sin x}$$

$$(a^{\tan x})^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln a^{\tan(x + \Delta x)} - \ln a^{\tan x}}{\Delta x}} = a^{\frac{1}{\cos^2 x}}$$

$$(a^{\cot x})^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln a^{\cot(x + \Delta x)} - \ln a^{\cot x}}{\Delta x}} = a^{-\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}}$$

$$(a^{\sinh x})^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln a^{\sinh(x + \Delta x)} - \ln a^{\sinh x}}{\Delta x}} = a^{\cosh x}$$

$$(a^{\cosh x})^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln a^{\cosh(x + \Delta x)} - \ln a^{\cosh x}}{\Delta x}} = a^{\sinh x}$$

$$(a^{\tanh x})^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln a^{\tanh(x + \Delta x)} - \ln a^{\tanh x}}{\Delta x}} = a^{\frac{1}{\cosh^2 x}}$$

$$(a^{\coth x})^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln a^{\coth(x + \Delta x)} - \ln a^{\coth x}}{\Delta x}} = a^{-\frac{1}{\sinh^2 x}}$$

$$(a^{f(x)})^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\ln a^{f(x + \Delta x)} + \ln a^{f(x)}}{\Delta x}} = e^{\ln a \cdot \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}} = a^{f'(x)}$$

Прикольные штуки для интегралов

$$\prod a^{dx} = Ca^{x}$$

$$\prod x^{dx} = Ce^{x(\ln x - 1)} = Ce^{-x}x^{x}$$

$$\prod e^{\frac{1}{x}^{dx}} = Cx$$

$$\prod a^{x^{ndx}} = Ca^{\frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1}}$$

$$\prod a^{e^{x^{dx}}} = Ca^{e^{x}}$$

$$\prod \left(f(x)^{\ln f^*} \right)^{dx} = Ce^{\frac{\ln^2 f(x)}{2}}$$

Другие прикольные штуки для производных

$$(f(x) \cdot g(x))^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0}} \frac{\ln(f(x + \Delta x)g(x + \Delta x)) - \ln(f(x)g(x))}{\Delta x} =$$

$$= e^{\ln' f(x) + \ln' g(x)} = e^{\frac{f'}{f} + \frac{g'}{g}} = f^*(x) \cdot g^*(x)$$

$$\left(\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}\right)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0}} \frac{\ln \frac{f(x + \Delta x)}{g(x + \Delta x)} - \ln \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}}{\Delta x} = e^{\ln' f(x) - \ln' g(x)} = e^{\frac{f'}{f} - \frac{g'}{g}} = \frac{f^*(x)}{g^*(x)}$$

$$(f(x)+g(x))^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0}} \frac{\ln(f(x+\Delta x) + g(x+\Delta x)) - \ln(f(x) + g(x))}{\Delta x} =$$

$$= e^{\frac{((f(x)+g(x))'}{f(x)+g(x)}} = e^{\frac{f'(x)+g'(x)}{f(x)+g(x)}} = \left(e^{f'(x)} \cdot e^{g'(x)}\right)^{\frac{1}{f(x)+g(x)}} =$$

$$= \left(e^{\frac{f(x)\cdot f'(x)}{f(x)}} \cdot e^{\frac{g(x)\cdot g'(x)}{g(x)}}\right)^{\frac{1}{f(x)+g(x)}} = \left(f^*(x)^{f(x)} \cdot g^*(x)^{g(x)}\right)^{\frac{1}{f(x)+g(x)}}$$

$$(f(g(x)))^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0}} \frac{\ln (f(g(x + \Delta x))) - \ln (f(g(x)))}{\Delta x} = e^{\frac{f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)}{f(g(x))}} = f^*(g(x))^{g'(x)}$$

$$\left(f(x)^{g(x)} \right)^* = e^{\lim_{\Delta x \to 0}} \frac{\ln f^{g(x+\Delta x)}(x+\Delta x) - \ln f^{g(x)}(x)}{\Delta x} = e^{\ln' f^{g(x)}(x)} =$$

$$= e^{\frac{(f^{g(x)}(x))'}{f^{g(x)}(x)}} = e^{\frac{f^{g(x)-1}(x) \cdot g(x) \cdot f'(x) + f^{g(x)}(x) \cdot g'(x) \cdot \ln f(x)}{f^{g(x)}(x)}} = e^{\frac{g(x) \cdot f'(x)}{f(x)}} \cdot e^{g'(x) \cdot \ln f(x)} =$$

$$= f^*(x)^{g(x)} \cdot \left(e^{\ln f(x)} \right)^{g'(x)} = f^*(x)^{g(x)} \cdot f(x)^{g'(x)}$$

Другие прикольные штуки для интегралов

Внесение под знак дифференциала

$$\prod f(x)^{g'(x)dx} = \prod f(x)^{d(g(x))}$$

Замена переменной

$$\prod f(x)^{dx} = e^{\int \ln f(x) \, dx} = e^{\int \frac{\ln f(u)}{u'} \, du} = e^{\int \ln f(u)^{\frac{1}{u'}} \, du} = \prod f(u)^{\frac{du}{u'}}$$

Интегрирование по частям для степеней

$$(f(x)^{g(x)})^* = f^*(x)^{g(x)} \cdot f(x)^{g'(x)}$$

$$f(x)^{g(x)} = \prod \left(f^*(x)^{g(x)} \right)^{dx} \cdot \prod \left(f(x)^{g'(x)} \right)^{dx}$$

$$\prod \left(f^*(x)^{g(x)} \right)^{dx} = \frac{f(x)^{g(x)}}{\prod \left(f(x)^{g'(x)} \right)^{dx}}$$

$$\prod \left(f(x)^{g'(x)} \right)^{dx} = \frac{f(x)^{g(x)}}{\prod \left(f^*(x)^{g(x)} \right)^{dx}}$$

Другое

$$\left(\prod f(x)^{dx}\right)' = \left(e^{\int \ln f(x) \, dx}\right)' = e^{\int \ln f(x) \, dx} \cdot \ln f(x) = \ln f(x) \cdot \prod f(x)^{dx}$$

$$\prod \left(a^{f(x)}\right)^{dx} = a^{\int f(x) \, dx}$$

$$\ln \prod f(x)^{dx} = \int \ln f(x) \, dx$$

Ряды

$$f(x) = \prod_{i=0}^{n} \left(f^{*(i)}(a) \right)^{\frac{(t-a)^{i}}{i!}} \cdot \left(f^{*(n+1)}(c) \right)^{\frac{(t-a)^{n+1}}{(n+1)!}}$$
$$f(x) = \prod_{i=0}^{\infty} \left(f^{*(i)}(a) \right)^{\frac{(t-a)^{i}}{i!}}$$

Дифуры

$$F(x, y, y^*) = 0$$

Допускающее разделение

$$y^* = f(x)$$

Линейное

Однородное

$$(y^*)^{f_1(x)} \cdot y^{f_0(x)} = 1$$

Общее решение

$$y_{
m oo} = C^{\prod \left(e^{-rac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}}
ight)^{dx}}$$

Неоднородное

$$y^* \cdot y^{\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}} = g(x)$$

Общее решение

$$y_{\text{OH}} = \left(C \prod \left(g(x)^{\prod \left(e^{\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}} \right)^{dx}} \right)^{dx} \right)^{dx} \prod^{dx} \left(e^{-\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}} \right)^{dx}$$

Метод подстановки

$$y^* \cdot y^{\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}} = g(x)$$

$$y = u(x)^{v(x)}$$

$$y^* = \left(u(x)^{v(x)}\right)^* = (u^*)^v \cdot u^{v'}$$

$$(u^*)^v \cdot u^{v'} \cdot u^{v\frac{f_0}{f_1}} = g(x)$$

$$(u^*)^v \cdot u^{v'+v\frac{f_0}{f_1}} = g(x)$$

$$v' + v\frac{f_0}{f_1} = 0$$

$$v = e^{-\int \frac{f_0}{f_1} dx} = \prod \left(e^{-\frac{f_0}{f_1}}\right)^{dx}$$

$$(u^*)^v = g(x)$$

$$u^* = g^{\frac{1}{v}}$$

$$u = C \prod \left(g^{v^{-1}}\right)^{dx} = C \prod \left(g^{\frac{f_0}{f_1}}\right)^{dx}\right)^{dx}$$

$$y = u^v = \left(C \prod \left(g^{\frac{f_0}{f_1}}\right)^{dx}\right)^{dx}$$

$$\int \prod \left(e^{-\frac{f_0}{f_1}}\right)^{dx}$$

Приложение

К линейному уравнению

Однородное

$$(y^*)^{f_1(x)} \cdot y^{f_0(x)} = 1$$
$$\frac{y'}{y} + \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} \ln y = 0$$

Замена $u = \ln y$

$$u' + u \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} = 0$$

$$\int \frac{du}{u} = -\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx + C$$

$$\ln u = -\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx + C$$

$$u = Ce^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx}$$

$$\ln y = Ce^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx}$$

$$y = C e^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx}$$

$$y_{00} = C \left(e^{-\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}} \right)^{dx}$$

Проверка

$$y^* = C \begin{cases} -\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} \cdot \prod \left(e^{-\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}} \right)^{dx} \\ y^* = C \end{cases} f_0(x) \cdot \prod \left(e^{-\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}} \right)^{dx} f_0(x) \cdot \prod \left(e^{-\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}} \right)^{dx} = 1$$

$$C \cdot C \cdot C = 1$$

$$1 = 1$$

Неоднородное

$$y^* \cdot y^{\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}} = g(x)$$
$$\frac{y'}{y} + \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} \ln y = \ln g(x)$$

Замена $u = \ln y$

$$u' + u \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} = \ln g(x)$$

Решим соответствующее однородное

$$u' + u \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} = 0$$

$$\int \frac{du}{u} = -\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx + C$$

$$\ln u = -\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx + C$$

$$u_{00} = Ce^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx}$$

$$C = C(x)$$

$$u = C(x)e^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} - C(x) \frac{f_0}{f_1}e^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx}$$

$$u' = C'(x)e^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} - C(x) \frac{f_0}{f_1}e^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} + C(x) \frac{f_0}{f_1}e^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} = \ln g(x)$$

$$C'(x)e^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} = \ln g(x)$$

$$C'(x) = e^{\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} \cdot \ln g(x)$$

$$C(x) = \int e^{\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} \cdot \ln g(x) dx + \tilde{C}$$

$$u = e^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} \left(\int e^{\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} \cdot \ln g(x) dx + \tilde{C} \right)$$

$$\ln y = e^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} \int e^{\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} \cdot \ln g(x) dx + \tilde{C}e^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx}$$

$$y = e^{\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} \cdot \ln g(x) dx \cdot e^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} \cdot \tilde{C}e^{-\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx}$$

$$y = \left(\tilde{C}e^{\int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx} \cdot \ln g(x) dx \right)$$

$$y = \left(\tilde{C} \prod \left(\frac{f_0(x)}{e^{f_1(x)}} \right)^{dx} \right) \prod \left(e^{-\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}} \right)^{dx}$$

$$f(x) = \int \frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} dx$$

$$f(x) = \int \frac{f_0(x)}$$

Проверка

$$y^* = \left(g(x)^{\prod \left(\frac{f_0(x)}{e^{f_1(x)}}\right)^{dx}}\right)^{\prod \left(e^{-\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}}\right)^{dx}} \cdot \left(\tilde{C} \prod \left(g(x)^{\prod \left(\frac{f_0(x)}{e^{f_1(x)}}\right)^{dx}}\right)^{dx}\right)^{-\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)} \prod \left(e^{-\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}}\right)^{dx}}$$

$$= g(x)$$

$$\left(g(x)^{\prod \left(e^{\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}}\right)^{dx}}\right)^{\prod \left(e^{-\frac{f_0(x)}{f_1(x)}}\right)^{dx}} = g(x)$$

$$g(x)$$

$$= g(x)$$

$$g(x) = g(x)$$