Homework 7: computing PageRank

Fundamentals of Data Science 2015

Write a Python script named ID.py, where ID is you student's ID, that

- 1. Takes as command-line arguments a file name and a floating-point value α .
- 2. Reads the file, which stores a directed graph as text lines; each line is in the format u, v meaning that the graph contains the arc (u, v). Skip lines starting with "#".
- 3. Computes the PageRank vector of the graph, using α as damping factor. Use the iterative approach and stop as soon as the distribution vector changes by less than 10^{-10} in 1-norm between consecutive iterations.

The script should print:

- 1. the number of nodes in the graph, the number of nonzero entries in the adjacency matrix, and its density
- 2. the number of iterations performed and the overall time they took (in seconds)
- 3. the minimum, maximum, average, and sum of the PageRank vector
- 4. on screen, a log-log plot of the rank function

$$r(x) = 1 + \text{(number of nodes having PageRank score} > x)$$

with x ranging over the distinct values in \mathbf{p} .

Figure 1 and Figure 2 give rough guidelines (of course for a specific graph). Your code must use sparse matrices – it will be tested on medium-large graphs ($n \approx 100k$), making the computation impossible if you use standard NumPy matrices/arrays.

PageRank

Recall that, given a graph G=(V,A), the PageRank column vector can be computed by picking an arbitrary initial probability distribution vector \mathbf{p} (i.e. $\mathbf{p} \geq 0$, $|\mathbf{p}| = 1$) and repeatedly performing the update operation:

$$\mathbf{p} := \alpha \cdot \mathbf{M} \cdot \mathbf{p} + \frac{1 - \alpha}{n} \cdot \mathbf{1}$$

where \mathbf{M} is the transition matrix having

$$M_{i,j} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{outdeg(j)} & \text{if } (j,i) \in A \\ 0 & \text{if } (j,i) \notin A \end{cases}$$

Remember to take care of dangling nodes, that is, nodes with outdegree 0.

Sample Output

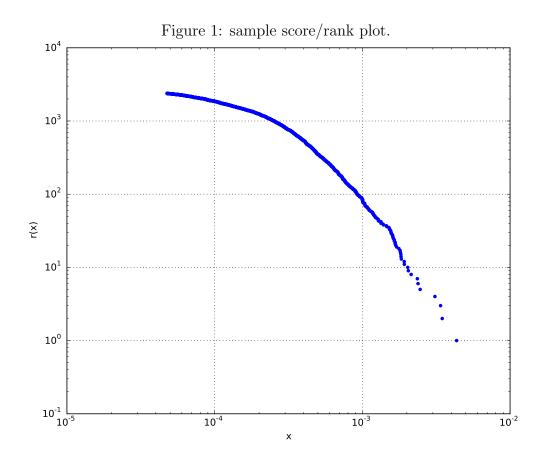


Figure 2: sample console output.

```
$ python ID.py mygraph.txt 0.85
n = 8298, M.nnz = 103689, density = 1.51e-03
iterations = 29, elapsed = 7.27e-03
min(p), max(p), avg(p), sum(p) = 4.76e-05, 4.35e-03, 1.21e-04, 1.00e+00
```