

EARLY DETECTION OF DIABETES

HOW OFTEN DO WE NEED TO CHECK?



WITH EARLY DETECTION, IT'S POSSIBLE TO...

- Reduce the risk of diabetic ketoacidosis at diagnosis.
- Identify people who could benefit from early clinical trials.
- Early treatment of symptoms and improvement of quality life.

CHECK OUT FOR THIS SIGNS OR SYMPTOMS







INCREASED THIRST



UNEXPLAINED WEIGHT LOSS



AREAS OF DARKENED SKIN







DETECTION BLOOD TESTS:

Screening Tests

Blood tests such as a fasting blood sugar test or a hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c)

Remember!

A fasting blood sugar level >126 mg/dL or an HbA1c level >6.5% indicates diabetes,



YOU SHOULD GET TESTED IF...



- You have family history of diabetes.
- You are >45 years old.
- You are overweight or obese.
- You have **high blood pressure or high cholesterol.**
- You are pregnant or have had gestational diabetes.

WE RECOMMEND YOU TO ...



CONTROL YOUR BLOOD SUGAR



EAT HEALTHY AND CONTROL SUGAR CONSUMPTION



DO EVERYDAY PHYSICAL ACTIVITY



BE AWARE OF ANY SIGNS OR SYMPTOMS

CONTROL YOUR SUGAR, LIVE WITHOUT LIMITS: UNDERSTAND, PREVENT, AND MANAGE DIABETES FOR A HEALTHY FUTURE.

ADA, 2024. DIABETES CARE. HTTPS://WWW.WATERMKARK.SILVERCHAIR.COM

HERMAN, W., ET. AL. (2015). EARLY DETECTION AND TREATMENT OF TYPE 2 DIABETES REDUCE CARDIOVASCULAR MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY: A SIMULATION OF THE RESULTS OF THE ANGLO-DANISH-DUTCH STUDY OF INTENSIVE TREATMENT IN PEOPLE WITH SCREEN-DETECTED DIABETES IN PRIMARY CARE (ADDITION-EUROPE). DIABETES CARE. 38(8):1449–1455

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