

Starting & accessing	
./arangod /path/to/my/db	start server
./arangodconsolelog error /path/to/my/db	start emergency console (do not use with a db which has a server attached to it!)
http://localhost:8529/_admin	access admin front end in browser
./arangosh	start ArangoDB shell

arangod frequently used options	
log	set log level: fatal, error, warning, info, debug, trace
server.http-port <i>host:port</i>	set address and port for HTTP-Clients
daemon	run as daemon/background process

Database methods in arangosh		
dbcreate(collection-name, properties)	create collection (with properties)	
dbcollection(collection-name collection-	get collection	
id)		
dbcollections()	list all collections	
db.collection-name	get a collection by name	
dbdrop(collection-name collection-id)	drop collection with indexes	
dbtruncate(collection-name collection-	remove collection, keep indexes	
id)		

Collection methods in arangosh	
collection.drop()	drop collection with indexes
collection.truncate()	remove documents, keep indexes
collection.properties()	get all document properties
collection.properties(properties)	change property
collection.figures()	get all collection figures
collection.load()	load collection into memory
collection.unload()	start to unload a collection
collection.rename(new-name)	rename collection to new-name

Document methods in arangosh	
collection.document(document)	get document by identifier
collection.save(data)	create new document
collection.replace(document, data)	replace existing document
collection.remove(document)	remove document
dbdocument(document document-	get document by identifier handle
handle)	
dbreplace(document document-	replace existing document

remove document
save new edge
find edges from (outbound) to (inbound)
vertex
find all edges ending in (inbound)
find all edges starting from (outbound)
select all documents and return cursor
select all documents that matches the given <i>example</i>
select the first document that matches the
given example
select all documents with attribute >= <i>left</i>
and < right
returns the number of living documents in the collection
convert the collection into an array of
documents (not for production!)
get documents near the given coordinates
get all documents within a radious of
distance around the given coordinates
the next near or within operator will use
the specific geo-spatial index
limits a result to the first number
limits a result to the first number documents skips the first number documents

Sequential Access And Cursors in arangosh	
query.hasNext()	returns true if the cursor still has documents
query.next()	advance cursor
query.dispose()	free resources associated with a cursor
query.count()	returns number of documents in the result
	set