

1. Write the code, one line for each action:

a) Create an empty object user.

```
let user = {};
```

b) Add the property name with the value John.

```
user.name = "Jhon";
```

c) Add the property surname with the value Smith.

```
user.surname = "Smith";
```

d) Change the value of the name to Pete.

```
user.name = "Pete";
```

e) Remove the property name from the object.

```
delete user.name;
```

f) Write the function isEmpty(obj) which returns true if the object has no properties, false otherwise.

```
let obj = {}  
function isEmpty(obj) {  
    let longitud = 0;  
  
    for (let elemento in obj) {  
        longitud ++;  
    }  
    return (longitud == 0)? true : false;  
}  
  
console.log(isEmpty(obj));
```

2. We have an object storing salaries of our team. Write the code to sum all salaries and store in the variable sum.

```
let salaries = {  
    John: 100,  
    Ann: 160,  
    Pete: 130  
}
```

```
let salaries = {  
    John: 100,  
    Ann: 160,  
    Pete: 130  
}  
  
let sumaSalarios = 0;  
let valores = Object.values(salaries);  
for (let elemento of valores){  
    sumaSalarios += parseInt(elemento);  
}
```

```
salaries.suma = sumaSalarios;  
console.log(salaries);
```

3. Create a function `multiplyNumeric(obj)` that multiplies all numeric property values of `obj` by 2

```
let salaries = {  
  John: 100,  
  Ann: 160,  
  Pete: 130  
}  
  
function multiplyNumeric(obj) {  
  let aux = Object.fromEntries(  
    Object.entries(obj).map(elemento => [elemento[0], elemento[1]*2])  
  )  
  return aux;  
}  
  
let nuevosSalarios = multiplyNumeric(salaries);  
console.log(nuevosSalarios);
```

4. Here the function `makeUser` returns an object. What is the result of accessing its `ref`? Why?

```
function makeUser() {  
  return {  
    name: "John",  
    ref: this  
  };  
}  
let user = makeUser();  
alert( user.ref.name ); // What's the result?
```

El resultado es `undefined` porque el `this` hace referencia al bloque de código en este caso a la función no al return del objeto

5. Create an object calculator with three methods:

- `read()` prompts for two values and saves them as object properties with names `a` and `b` respectively.
- `sum()` returns the sum of saved values.
- `mul()` multiplies saved values and returns the result.

```
let calculator = {
  a: 0,
  b: 0,
  read: function() {
    this.a = parseInt(prompt('Inserte el primer numero: '));
    this.b = parseInt(prompt('Inserte el segundo numero: '));
  },
  sum() {
    return this.a + this.b;
  },
  mul() {
    return this.a * this.b;
  }
};

calculator.read();
console.log(calculator.sum());
console.log(calculator.mul());
```

6. Having the following object, write a function that gets the total amount of kg that the fruit shop has. Create two pieces of code solving the problem. In one of them, `Object.values` must appear and in the other one, `for...of` must be present. Prepare the function for the case that there is no fruit at all

```
let frutas={
  "manzanas golden": 25,
  "manzanas fuji": 20,
  "pera conferencia": 17,
  "pera ercolina": 12, }
```

```
function kilosTotales(obj) {
  let sumaTotal = 0;

  let valoresFrutas = Object.values(obj);
  if (valoresFrutas.length == 0) {
    return console.log("El objeto esta vacio");
  }else{
    for (let elemento of valoresFrutas) {
      sumaTotal += elemento;
    }
    return console.log(sumaTotal);
  }
}
```

```
let frutas={
  "manzanas golden": 25,
  "manzanas fuji": 20,
  "pera conferencia": 17,
  "pera ercolina": 12,
}

kilosTotales(frutas);

function kilosTotales(obj) {
  let sumaTotal = 0;

  for (let [clave, valor] of Object.entries(obj)) {
    sumaTotal += valor;
  }
  if (sumaTotal == 0) {
    return console.log("El objeto esta vacio");
  }else{
    return console.log(sumaTotal);
  }
}

kilosTotales(frutas);
```

7. Take the last code and write a function that returns an object containing the name of the fruit (including all varieties) and the total number of kgs

```
function kilosTotales(obj) {
let frutasKilos = {
  manzanas: 0,
  peras: 0
};

for (let key in obj) {
  if (key.startsWith("manzana")) {
    frutasKilos.manzanas += obj[key];
  }else if(key.startsWith("pera")){
    frutasKilos.peras += obj[key];
  }
}
}
```

```
let frutas={
  "manzanas golden": 25,
  "manzanas fuji": 20,
  "pera conferencia": 17,
  "pera ercolina": 12,
}

let obj = kilosTotales(frutas);

console.log(obj);
```

8. There's a ladder object that allows to go up and down:

```
let ladder = {
  step: 0,
  up() {
    this.step++;
  },
  down() {
    this.step--;
  },
  showStep: function() { // shows the current step
    alert( this.step );
  }
};
```

Now, if we need to make several calls in sequence, can do it like this:

```
ladder.up();
ladder.up();
ladder.down();
ladder.showStep(); // 1
ladder.down();
ladder.showStep(); // 0
```

Modify the code of up, down and showStep to make the calls chainable, like

`ladder.up().up().down().showStep().down().showStep();` // shows 1 then 0

```
let ladder = {
  step: 0,
  up() {
    this.step++;
    return this;
  },
  down() {
    this.step--;
```

```
    return this; // el this hace referencia al bloque de contenido al que pertenece, por ende al estar dentro del objeto, hace referencia al objeto
  },
  showStep: function() { // shows the current step
    alert( this.step );
    return this;
  }
};
ladder.up().up().down().showStep().down().showStep();
```

9. Create an object, fruits, with the properties name and kg. Once created, assign four methods to the object: sell, buy, outOfStockDate and buyingDate. As there is no date property, the last methods must be programmed but user should see no error

```
let frutas={
  nombre: "manzana",
  kilos: 200,
  sell(){
    let compra = parseInt(prompt("Cuantos kilos quieres: ")) || 0;

    if (compra > this.kilos) {
      console.log("No hay suficientes kilos");
    }else{
      console.log("Venta efectuada");
      this.kilos= this.kilos - compra;
    }
  },
  buy(){
    let compra = parseInt(prompt("Cuantos kilos se han comprado: ")) || 0;

    if (compra == 0) {
      console.log("No se ha comprado nada");
    }else{
      console.log("Compra efectuada");
      this.kilos = this.kilos + compra;
    }
  },
  outOfStockDate(){
    return true;
  },
  buyingDate(){
```

```
        return true;
    }
}

console.log(frutas.kilos);
frutas.sell();
console.log(frutas.kilos);
frutas.buy();
console.log(frutas.kilos);
frutas.buyingDate();
frutas.outOfStockDate();
```

10. Create an object that stores information about a spare car parts sold by a car shop. It should contain 4 or more rows and, for each one, name and number of parts. Create a function that sum a number to every spare part.

```
let partesCoche = {
  parte1: {
    nombre: "Motor",
    cantidad: 100
  },
  parte2: {
    nombre: "Filtro de aceite",
    cantidad: 150
  },
  parte3: {
    nombre: "Amortiguador",
    cantidad: 200
  },
  parte4: {
    nombre: "Filtro de aire",
    cantidad: 120
  },
  sumaPartes() {
    return this.parte1.cantidad + this.parte2.cantidad +
this.parte3.cantidad + this.parte4.cantidad;
  }
};

console.log(partesCoche.sumaPartes());
```

11. Create a function that creates an object storing the following information about an user: name, address, body dimensions. Use as less number of primary properties as possible. Create an user “usuario1” and copy this object to “usuario2”. Both of them must be different objects.

```
function crearUsuario(nombre, direccion, altura, anchura) {
  let aux = {
    user: {
      nombre: nombre,
      direccion: direccion,
      dimensiones: {
        altura: altura,
        anchura: anchura
      }
    }
  }

  return aux;
}

let usuario1 = crearUsuario("usuario1", "Calle Merlo", 170, 90)
let usuario2 = structuredClone(usuario1);
console.log(usuario1);
```

12. Add functions to get user’s information to the previous object. Add a function to get user’s friends. Despite this property does not exist, it must give no error. Call a function to get user’s mate, which does not exist. Again it must give no error.

```
function crearUsuario(nombre, direccion, altura, anchura) {
  let aux = {
    user: {
      nombre: nombre,
      direccion: direccion,
      dimensiones: {
        altura: altura,
        anchura: anchura
      },
    },
    infoUsuario() {
      return this.user;
    },
    devolverAmigos() {
      return this.user?.amigos;
    }
  }
}
```



```
    },  
    devolverPareja() {  
        return this.user?.pareja;  
    }  
}  
  
return aux;  
}  
  
let usuario1 = crearUsuario("usuario1", "Calle Merlo", 170, 90)  
console.log(usuario1.infoUsuario());  
console.log(usuario1.devolverAmigos());  
console.log(usuario1.devolverPareja());
```