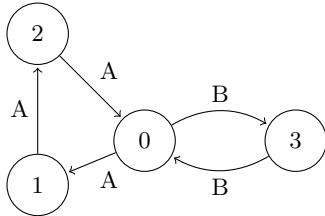


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## DOI: 10.1145/1235

tokens, goes in the its start vertex (as a result we have loops, but in they can be limited).



It is not necessary to create this graph explicitly. We just can specify generation function which should generate appropriate set of tokens for the given position.

Number of edges may be optimized by filtering with FIRST(k), it can reduce false attempts.

One can customize weight function and maximal length of insertions.

GLL operates with queue of descriptors. To optimize order of descriptors processing we introduce priority queue for descriptors. How to choose priority function? — ordered tuples!

In the general case we can get SPPF rather single trrr, so it may be necessary to choose the best tree from SPPF after parsing finish.

Priority is a number of additional edges (not from the original input) in processed prefix. Suffix length.

### 3. EVALUATION

We implement proposed algorithm as a modification of solution which is proposed in [?].

The goal of evaluation is to compare performance of GLL and GLL with error recovery.

Simple arithmetic expressions.

Grammar.

Input generation. Without tokenization.

Timing. Original GLL. GLL with error recovery.

Cases: without errors, error in the end of file, in the middle, and in the start, several errors.

### 4. DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

We propose a way to reduce error recovery problem to a special case of context-free reachability problem. This way we demonstrate deep interconnection between these two problems.

We provide the algorithm and its implementation within evaluation on some preliminary data. We show that !!!!

Future research includes both theoretical and practical parts. In the practical way we should provide high-quality implementation of proposed algorithm, and evaluate it on well-known datasets. For example, on data from the Black-Box project [?]. Also we should compare our results with other similar solutions such as [?] and [?].

In theory we should find interconnections between CFL reachability, CFPQ, CFL editing distance and error recovery in order to unify methods and share ideas and solutions.

### 5. REFERENCES

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