





Parsing techniques for graph analysis

Ekaterina Verbitskaja

JetBrains Research, Programming Languages and Tools Lab Saint Petersburg University

Oktober 22, 2017

Paths with constraints

- Graph DB querying
- Static cide analysis
- •

Context-free constarints

- $\mathbb{G} = (\Sigma, N, P)$ context-free grammar
- G = (V, E, L) directed graph, $E \subseteq V \times L \times V$, $L \subseteq \Sigma$
- $p = (v_0, I_0, v_1), \cdots, (v_{n-1}, I_{n-1}, v_n)$ path in G
- $\omega(p) = \omega((v_0, l_0, v_1), \cdots, (v_{n-1}, l_{n-1}, v_n)) = l_0 l_1 \cdots l_{n-1}$
- $R = \{p | \exists N_i \in N(\omega(p) \in L(\mathbb{G}, N_i))\}$

Bar-Hillel theorem!

- Bar-Hillel theorem!
- Parsing algorithms are constructive proof of BH theorem for one simple case...

OPen Problems etc



GLL-based

•

Combinators

Ekaterina Verbitskaia (SPbU)

Matrix

•

Future work

- Other grammars and languages intersection
- Mechaniation on Coq
- Applications

Information

- semen.grigorev@jetbrains.com
- kajigor@gmail.com
- YaccConstructor: https://github.com/YaccConstructor