

Génie Logiciel

Writing documentation

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10/12/2021

Resources: www.sylvainlobry.com/GenieLogiciel

Menu of the day

- 1 Introduction and types of documents
- 2 General structure of a document
- 3 Documents:
 - Specification
 - Development plan
 - Conception
 - Test plan
 - Acceptance plan
 - Installation manual
 - User manual
- 4 General advices and conclusion

Documentation

Introduction

- A good software must come with a good documentation
- **Definition:** the set of written documents and material (e.g. figures, diagrams) that accompanies computer software
- Essential part of software engineering
- Main purpose of the documentation: **sustainable communication** with:
 - Stakeholders
 - Development teams
 - Users

Documentation

Types of documents – Contractual

- **Specification (cahier des charges):** describe the requirements and constraints of the project
- **Contract**
- **Convention:** contractual document following an agreed upon form
- **Reception:** formalization of the end of a project

Documentation

Types of documents – Support documents

- **Presentation of the software:** general presentation of the software, without details
- **User manual:** describes the functionalities of the software and how to use them
- **Installation manual:** describes the procedures to install the manual
- **Exploitation manual:** troubleshooting, maintenance and updates procedures

Documentation

Types of documents – Project management

- **Development plan:** defines the procedures to achieve the project
- **Conception:** describes the outcome of the design phase.
- **Project's reports:** intermediary reports to document the development process
- **Feedback:** towards the end of a project, what did we learn? What can be re-used?

Documentation

Types of documents – Quality

- **Quality assurance plan:** if followed, ensures that the finished product meets all pre-defined quality criteria
- **Internal audit plan:** defines the frequency and procedures for internal audits.
- **Evaluation plan:** at the end of each phase, verify that the initial objectives are met
- **Test plan:** at the end of the project, validate that the initial objectives are met

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Documentation

Writing a document – General structure

- **Identification of the document:**
 - Name of the document
 - Name of the project
 - Name of the authors / institutions
 - Date
 - Version of the document
- **Quality of the document:**
 - Information on verification
 - Information on validation
 - Information on the confidentiality
 - Keywords

Documentation

Writing a document – General structure

- **Outline**
- **List of figures**
- **List of tables**

Documentation

Writing a document – General structure

- **Introduction:**
 - Context
 - Objectives of the document
 - Summary
 - Reminder on the necessary concepts
 - How to read this document: reading guide for each category of reader
- **The specific content of the document**

Documentation

Writing a document – General structure

- **Glossary**
- **References**
- **Index**

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Documentation

Cahier des charges (specification)

- **Definition:** Le cahier des charges est un document rassemblant les obligations et les éléments nécessaires pour définir un besoin et les principales contraintes à respecter pour le satisfaire. (AFITEP)
- **Objective:** allow the client to define its needs and choose the appropriate party to conduct the project
- **European norm:** NF EN 16271 (European norm), 02/2013
- Previously: AFNOR X50-151

Documentation

Cahier des charges – AFNOR X50-151

- Présentation générale du problème:
 - Projet (finalités, volet financier)
 - Contexte:
 - Positionnement par rapport aux autres projets de l'entreprise
 - Etudes préalables
 - Suites prévues
 - Prestations demandées
 - Parties concernées par le déroulement du projet et ses résultats (demandeurs, utilisateurs)
 - Caractère confidentiel du projet
 - Enoncé du besoin (quel finalité pour l'utilisateur final)
 - Environnement du produit:
 - Liste des éléments de l'environnement du produit (personnes, équipement, matières) et des contraintes
 - Caractéristiques pour chaque élément de l'environnement

Documentation

Cahier des charges – AFNOR X50-151

- Expression fonctionnelle du besoin:
 - Fonctions de service et de contrainte
 - Fonctions de service principales
 - Fonctions de service complémentaires
 - Contraintes
 - Critères d'appréciation
 - Niveaux des critères d'appréciation

Documentation

Cahier des charges – AFNOR X50-151

- Cadre de réponse
 - Pour chaque fonction:
 - Solution proposée
 - Niveau atteint pour chaque critère d'appréciation de cette fonction et modalités de contrôle
 - Part du prix attribué à chaque fonction
 - Pour l'ensemble du produit:
 - Prix de la réalisation de la version de base
 - Options et variantes proposées non retenues au cahier des charges
 - Mesures prises pour respecter les contraintes et leurs conséquences économiques
 - Outils d'installation, de maintenance à prévoir
 - Décomposition en modules
 - Prévisions de fiabilité
 - Perspectives d'évolution technologique

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Development plan

- **Definition:** document that presents the development strategy
- **Objective:** provide a reference on the planification and the organization of the software development

Documentation

Development plan - sections

- Introduction:
 - Objectives of the development
 - Methodology
 - Related documents
- Organization:
 - Description of the tasks
 - Description of the personnel
- Planification:
 - Software development life cycle
 - Timeline
- Methods and technological choices
- Documentation:
 - Which document will support the development
 - Which standard will be followed
 - Which management tools will be used
- Quality: which quality standard will be used, how will you evaluate the quality?

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Conception

- **Definition:** document that presents the outcomes of the design phase, with a complete and detailed description of the software's components.
- **Objective:** reference for développeurs and the management.

Documentation

Conception - sections

- Introduction:
 - Objectives of the development
 - Methodology
 - Related documents
- Interfaces between the software's tasks
- Detailed description:
 - For each module:
 - objectives
 - relation with other modules
 - types definition
 - description of the functions and variables that are visible to users of the module
 - For each class:
 - Complete description of the class
 - Relations to other classes
 - Attributes and methods

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Test plan

- **Definition:** describes the complete testing procedure allowing to verify the software in its entirety and each component individually
- **Objective:** to describe the **unit tests** (to test each component) and **integration tests** (to test the complete software) **before** the implementation phase

Documentation

Test plan - sections

- Introduction:
 - Objectives of the development
 - Methodology
 - Related documents
- Description of the unit tests: for each class/module, for each function/method:
 - Description of the test: how to run, what is covered
 - for each test: which data, what result is expected, how to validate
- Description of the integration tests: for each test:
 - Description of the test: from the external point of view
 - Description of the objective: what does it cover?
 - Testing procedure: which data, what result is expected, how to validate
- Scenarios: propose a set of tests to validate a set of functions, and how do they relate to each others

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Acceptance plan (cahier de recette)

- **Definition:** describes the different aspects of software delivery, including acceptance tests
- **Definition (acceptance tests):** Formal testing with respect to user needs, requirements, and business processes conducted to determine whether a system satisfies the acceptance criteria and to enable the user, customers or other authorized entity to determine whether to accept the system.
- **Objective:** contractually define how to validate that the software meets pre-defined needs and requirements.

Documentation

Acceptance plan - sections

- Introduction:
 - Objectives of the development
 - Methodology
 - Related documents
- Deliverables description
- Description of the necessary means and tools to validate the software
- Conformity to general specifications
- Conformity to functional specifications: description of scenarios. For each scenarios, provide the description and the testing procedure
- Conformity to interfaces specifications
- Conformity of the documentation

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Installation manual

- **Definition:** the installation manual is a document gathering all the necessary procedures to install the software in its production environment
- **Objective:** allow the system administrator to **install** and **configure** the software on the targeted information system

Documentation

Installation manual - sections

- **Hardware installation:** which hardware needs to be installed, what procedure are necessary for production
- **System configuration:** which settings need to be applied to correctly configure the system
- **Software installation:** what is the procedure to install the software on the system
- **Software configuration:** which settings need to be applied to correctly configure the software
- **Data:** which procedures are necessary to configure the data of the software
- **Other information:** possible conflicts with other parts of the system, maintenance mode

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User manual

- **Definition:** the user manual is a document describing the functionalities of the software and the information on how to use them.
- **Objective:** to allow the end user of the software to use all of the functionalities of the software

Documentation

User manual - sections

- **Basic operations:** how to use the software to use the different functions provided
- **Troubleshooting:** description of exceptions/error codes, list of possible issues and how to fix them

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General advices on how to write documents

- Be precise
- Write short paragraphs
- Use short sentences
- Choose the right format
- Use illustrations when relevant
- Use language checking tools
- Provide references when they are useful
- Use collaborative features of your editor
- Consider LaTeX (with a versioning system)

Documentation

Conclusion

- Do not neglect documentation!
- A good documentation helps:
 - the planification
 - the design
 - the development
 - the delivery
 - the usage
- Pay attention to the format

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Conclusion on this class and what's next

- We have seen a set of tools to organize the development of a software
- You should apply them in the next semester
- A good developer knows about software engineering
- Nowadays, software engineering methods are sometimes **Agile**

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Agile software development

- In 2001, 17 engineers published the **Manifesto for Agile Software Development**.
- Core values:
 - Individuals and interactions over processes and tools
 - Working software over comprehensive documentation
 - Customer collaboration over contract negotiation
 - Responding to change over following a plan
- Aims at lightweight methodologies

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Agile software development

- The manifesto introduces 12 principles:
 - Our highest priority is to satisfy the customer through **early and continuous delivery** of valuable software.
 - **Welcome changing requirements**, even late in development. Agile processes harness change for the customer's competitive advantage.
 - **Deliver working software frequently**, from a couple of weeks to a couple of months, with a preference to the shorter timescale.
 - Business people and developers must work together daily throughout the project.
 - Build projects around motivated individuals. Give them the environment and support they need, and **trust them to get the job done**.
 - The most efficient and effective method of conveying information to and within a development team is **face-to-face conversation**.
 - **Working software is the primary measure of progress**.
 - Agile processes promote sustainable development. The sponsors, developers, and users should be able to **maintain a constant pace indefinitely**.
 - **Continuous attention** to technical excellence and good design enhances agility.
 - **Simplicity**--the art of maximizing the amount of work not done--is essential.
 - The best architectures, requirements, and designs emerge from **self-organizing teams**.
 - At regular intervals, **the team reflects** on how to become more effective, then tunes and adjusts its behavior accordingly.

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Questions?

- On today's lecture?
- On the class?
- On the exam?

Enjoy the break and good luck for
the exam!