Recommendation P.372 Calculation Engine and Associated Utility Programs

This document is a brief description of P372.DLL, ITURNoise(), and MakeP732figs() programs. Please consult the source of ITURNoise() to see more details of the interfacing to the P372.DLL. This document is provided as an overview of these programs and an initial descripting of their use. This description below outlines the programs in the order above.

P372

```
Functions within P372.DLL
       __cdecl Calling convention
              AllocateNoiseMemory
              AtmosphericNoise LT
              FreeNoiseMemory
              InitializeNoise
              MakeNoise
              Noise
              P372CompileTime
              P372Version
              ReadFamDud
       __stdcall Calling convention
              __AllocateNoiseMemory@4
              AtmosphericNoise LT@36
              __FreeNoiseMemory@4
              __InitializeNoise@4
              __MakeNoise@52
              Noise@32
              __P372CompileTime@0
              __P372Version@0
              ___ReadFamDud@12
The input parameters to these subroutines are in the following form. For additional details please see
noise.h in the ITU-R-HF repo. See https://github.com/ITU-R-Study-Group-3/ITU-R-HF
       int AllocateNoiseMemory(struct NoiseParams *noiseP);
```

int FreeNoiseMemory(struct NoiseParams *noiseP);

```
int Noise(struct NoiseParams *noiseP, int hour, double lng, double lat, double
frequency);
int ReadFamDud(struct NoiseParams *noiseP, const char *DataFilePath, int
month);
void InitializeNoise(struct NoiseParams *noiseP);
char const * P372CompileTime();
char const * P372Version();
void AtmosphericNoise_LT(struct NoiseParams* noiseP, struct FamStats* FamS,
int lrxmt, double lng, double lat, double frequency);
int MakeNoise(int month, int hour, double lat, double lng, double freq, double
mmnoise, char* datafilepath, double* out, int pntflag);
```

ITURNoise

The program ITURNoise.exe is a utility program that has two modes which

- 1) returns the combined total noise, total noise upper decile, and total noise lower decile., from the constituent parts of noise: galactic, atmospheric, and man-made noise calculation given, or
- 2) generates the data necessary to create Recommendation P.372-14 Figures 13-36: a), b), and c)

Mode 1 – Noise Calculation for a Single Location

To return the noise parameters for a single location, mode 1) above, 7 command line arguments are required. Below is an example of running ITURNoise.exe to return noise for a single location

```
C:\> : ITURNoise 1 14 1.0 40.0 165.0 0 \"G:\\User\\Data\" \ 0
```

Argument 1 is an integer that indicates the month (1 to 12) of interest. In the example above the desired month is January.

Argument 2 is an integer that indicates the hour (1 to 24) UTC at the receive point. In most cases this will require the calculation of the time UTC from the longitude at that receive point. In the example above the receive point is 11 hours (165° E/(15° /hr) ahead of UTC so to determine the noise for the 12th local time hour the 1st hour UTC is chosen.

Argument 3 is a float that indicates the latitude (degrees). In the example above the latitude desired is 40° N.

Argument 4 is a float that indicates the longitude (degrees). In the example above the longitude desired is 165° E

Argument 5 is a float that indicates the man-made noise which can either be categorical (0-5) or value of man-made noise in dB (represented by a negative number). In the example above the value 1.0 indicates that the noise category residential. The category codes appear below.

```
code Noise Category
0.0 City
1.0 Residential
2.0 Rural
3.0 Quiet Rural
```

4.0 Noisy 5.0 Quiet

If argument 5 is give as a negative number, the man-made noise will be set to that value where the galactic and atmospheric noise calculations are not performed. This second mode is of little value for this stand-alone program, ITURNoise.exe, running, P533.dll. Overriding the P372 calculation is included here and is consistent with some analyses desired in ITURHFProp which also uses the P372.dll.

Argument 6 indicates the location of the required CCIR data files. The data file path must be given as a string enclosed in double quotes without trailing back slash. In the example above the location of the required CCIR data files are on drive C: in the directory Data, "C:\Data"

Argument 7 allows the program to provide return data from the P.372 calculation is several formats. The table below gibes the integer print flag codes.

code	Print Mode			
No argument	Prints detailed output to stdout			
0	No output			
1	Prints detailed outpuit to stderr			
2	Prints detailed output to file "MakeNoiseOut.txt"			
3	Prints detailed header, column description, and CSV			
	output to stdout			
4	Prints CSV output to stdout			

Example ITURNoise() Output

```
*************************************
             ITU-R Study Group 3: Radiowave Propagation
                ********************
             Analysis: 29/6/20 - 12:17:29
             P372 Version:
                             14.2
             P372 Compile Time: Thu Jun 25 12:45:54 2020
********************************
      JAN : 13 (UTC) at 40.000000 (deg lat) 165.000000 (deg long)
      [FaA] Noise Component (Atmospheric): 60.732650
      [DuA] Upper Decile
                          (Atmospheric): 10.600910
      [D1A] Upper Decile
                          (Atmospheric): 8.277667
                             (Man-Made): 76.800000
      [FaM]
            Noise Component
      [DuM] Upper Decile
                             (Man-Made): 11.000000
      [DlM] Lower Decile
                             (Man-Made): 6.700000
      [FaG] Noise Component
                             (Galactic): 52.000000
      [DuG] Upper Decile
                             (Galactic): 2.000000
      [D1G] Lower Decile
                             (Galactic): 2.000000
                               (Total): 76.986526
      [FamT] Noise
      [DuT] Upper Decile
                               (Total): 10.940193
      [DlT] Lower Decile
                               (Total): 6.573930
```

Mode 2 – Generate Atmospheric Noise Figure Data Output

There is one command line argument required for mode 2): the data file path in quotes without the trailing back slash (See Argument 6 above). Mode 2 creates the following directory structure in the current directory.

There are 72 figure data files that are created, 24 per category (a), b), and c)). The naming convention for the output files follow x_ymzh.csv, where x is the figure data type (a, b, or c), y is the month (1, 4, 7, or 10), and h is the local time hour (0, 4, 8, 12, 16, or 20).

MakeP372figs()

Generation of the Recommendation P.372-14 Figure files

The data files, and P372_figures directory structure, are required as input for the Python program MakeP372figs.py in the ./P372/Src/AtmosPlots which produces the figures. When the program MakeP372figs.py is run from a directory, that immediately contains the directory structure P372_figures above, the following output directories will be created

MakeP372figs.py writes each figure in three common formats: scalable vector graphics (SVG), portable networks graphics (PNG), and portable document format (PDF). The later are produced at 300 dpi.

Note that the P.372-14 13-36 a) Figures are labeled relative to the season in the northern hemisphere.

Winter (December-January-February)

Spring (March-April-May)

Summer (June-July-August)

Autumn (September-October-November)

Thus, the a) Figures are not hemispherically seasonal as the P.372-14 a) Figures are, but relative to the month only. The figure data files represented are for the central month of the Northern hemispherically seasons above. Specifically, the a) figure data generated by ITUNoise() in mode 2) are January (Winter), April (Spring), July (Summer), and October (Autumn). Also note the a) Figures created by MakeP372figs.py have longitude range from 180 degrees west longitude to 180 degrees east longitude instead of the current a) Figure range from 60 degrees east longitude to 60 degrees east longitude. The b) and c) Figures are very similar to the published figures in P.372-14 with the exception of the c) Figures which no longer include V_dm, "Expected value of median deviation of average voltage."