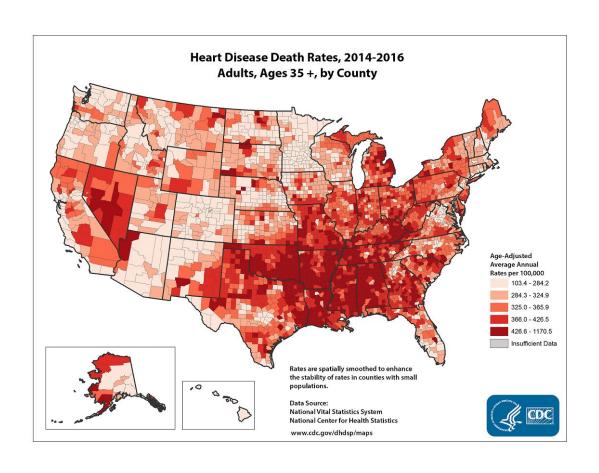
# Building Predictive Models for Heart Disease

**Alex Teboul** 

Models: Random Forest, Gradient Boosting, AdaBoost, Neural Networks

Data: 2015 BRFSS Survey

### Why should you care about Heart Disease?

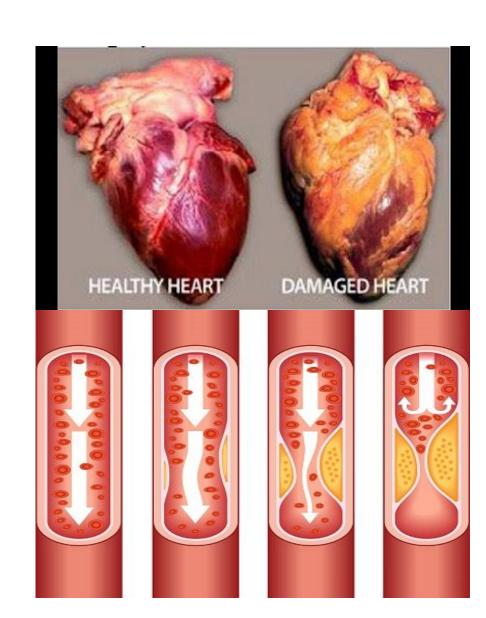


- Heart disease is the leading cause of death in the U.S.
- ► 1 in 4 deaths
- ► \$219 Billion
- All across the country

## How do you get Heart Disease?

#### Multiple Risk Factors

- ► Lifestyle + Genetics
- Unhealthy Diet
- Physical Inactivity
- Alcohol
- Smoking
- Obesity
- Diabetes



## Binary Classification: Heart Disease and Heart Attack

Blocked coronary artery Death of heart tissue due to blocked coronary artery

VS.



@ Healthwise, Incorporated

# Part 1: Getting and Cleaning the Data

- ► **Dataset:** Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Survey (BRFSS 2015)
- Initial Feature Selection
- Cleaning
- Addressing Class Imbalance

# **Dataset:** Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Survey (BRFSS 2015)

- U.S. Health Survey by Telephone
- 330 Features
- ► 441,456 Responses
- Health-Related Risk Behaviors
- Chronic Health Conditions
- ML Techniques in Literature



Building Risk Prediction Models for Type 2 Diabetes Using Machine Learning Techniques

ORIGINAL RESEARCH — Volume 16 — September 19, 2019	
Zidian Xie, PhD <sup>1,2</sup> ; Olga Nikolayeva, MS <sup>2</sup> ; Jiebo Luo, PhD <sup>3</sup> ; Dongmei Li, PhD <sup>1</sup> (Vic Suppressed cristion for this article: Xie Z, Nikolayeva O, Luo J, Li D. Building Risk Prediction Models for Type 2 Diabetes Using Machine Learning Techniques. Prev	
Abstract	On This Page
Introduction	Abstract
As one of the most prevalent chronic diseases in the United States, diabetes, especially type 2 diabetes, affects	Introduction

# Initial Feature Selection - Response Variable

- Response Variable / Dependent Variable: (1)
- Respondents that have ever reported having coronary heart disease (CHD) or myocardial infarction (MI)
   "MICHD" Renamed as 'HeartDiseaseorAttack'

#### **Ever had CHD or MI**

CalculatedVari 6.1 Calculated Variables Type: Num

ables:

Column: 1899 SAS Variable Name: \_MICHD

Woightod

Prologue:

Description: Respondents that have ever reported having coronary heart disease (CHD) or myocardial infarction (MI)

Value	Value Label	Frequency	Percentage	Percentage
1	Reported having MI or CHD Notes: CVDINFR4=1 OR CVDCRHD4=1	38,633	8.83	6.42
2	Did not report having MI or CHD Notes: CVDINFR4=2 AND CVDCRHD4=2	398,881	91.17	93.58
BLANK	Not asked or Missing Notes: CVDINFR4=7, 9 OR MISSING OR CVDCRHD4=7, 9, OR MISSING	3,942		

#### Initial Feature Selection - Features

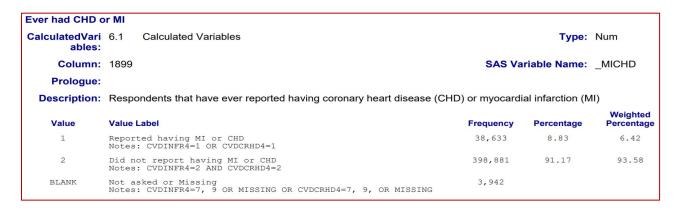
Renamed all features for clarity

- Features / Independent Variables: (22)
- High Blood Pressure HighBP
- ► **High Cholesterol** HighChol, CholCheck
- ► BMI BMI
- Smoking Smoker
- ► Other Chronic Health Conditions Stroke, Diabetes
- Physical Activity PhysActivity
- Diet Fruits, Veggies

- Alcohol Consumption HvyAlcoholConsump
- Health Care AnyHealthcare, NoDocbcCost
- General and Mental Health GenHlth, MentHlth, PhysHlth, DiffWalk
- Demographics Sex, Age, Education, Income

# Cleaning

Used BRFSS Codebook:





- Removed all Missing Values
- Removed all 'Don't know/Not Sure' and 'Refused to Answer'
- Variables Modified to be Ordinal (1,2,3,4...) or Binary (0,1)
- Final Dataset: 253,680 rows and 22 columns

# Addressing Class Imbalance:



HeartDiseaseorAttack

0.0 229,787

1.0 23,893

50-50

\*HeartDiseaseorAttack

0.0 23,893

1.0 23,893

60-40

\*HeartDiseaseorAttack

0.0 47,786

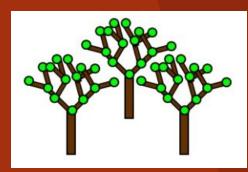
1.0 23,893

\*Random Subsets from 0 (no Heart Disease) and all 1 (has Heart Disease)

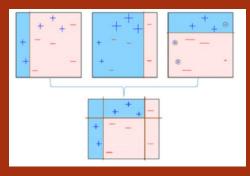
# Part 2: Model Building

- Random Forests
- Gradient Boosting
- AdaBoost
- Neural Networks

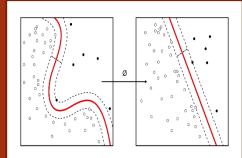
#### Random Forests



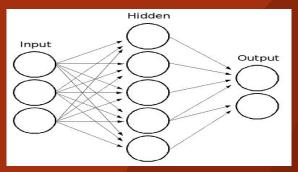
#### AdaBoost

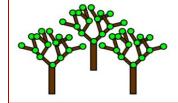


#### **Gradient Boosting**



#### **Neural Networks**

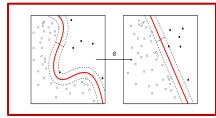




#### Random Forests

Dataset	Model	Accuracy	AUC	Runtime
Full Dataset	RF w/ Feature Selection	0.89 (+/- 0.00)	0.74 (+/- 0.01)	48 sec
50-50 Dataset	RF w/ Feature Selection	0.72 (+/- 0.01)	0.78 (+/- 0.01)	10 sec
60-40 Dataset	RF w/ Feature Selection	0.73 (+/- 0.01)	0.78 (+/- 0.01)	15 sec
Full Dataset	RF w/o Feature Selection	0.90 (+/- 0.00)	0.82 (+/- 0.01)	66 sec
50-50 Dataset	RF w/o Feature Selection	0.76 (+/- 0.02)	0.83 (+/- 0.01)	12 sec

- Best Parameter Setting Results Displayed: Different CV and #Trees Tested.
- ☐ 50 trees, 5-fold CV Reported
- Full Dataset Selected: ['BMI', 'GenHlth', 'MentHlth', 'PhysHlth', 'Age', 'Education', 'Income']
- Balanced Datasets Selected: ['HighBP', 'BMI', 'GenHlth', 'MentHlth', 'PhysHlth', 'Age', 'Education', 'Income']



# **Gradient Boosting**

Dataset	Model	Accuracy	AUC	Runtime
Full Dataset	GB w/ Feature Selection	0.91 (+/- 0.00)	0.85 (+/- 0.01)	54 sec
50-50 Dataset	GB w/ Feature Selection	0.76 (+/- 0.01)	0.84 (+/- 0.01)	8 sec
60-40 Dataset	GB w/ Feature Selection	0.78 (+/- 0.01)	0.84 (+/- 0.01)	13 sec
Full Dataset	GB w/o Feature Selection	0.91 (+/- 0.00)	0.85 (+/- 0.01)	153 sec

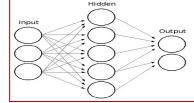
- Best Parameter Setting Results Displayed: n\_estimators, loss, and max\_depth
- ☐ 5-fold CV Reported, 100 estimators, loss='deviance', max\_depth=3
- Full Dataset Selected: ['HighBP', 'HighChol', 'Stroke', 'GenHlth', 'DiffWalk', 'Sex', 'Age']
- 50-50 Selected: ['HighBP', 'HighChol', 'GenHlth', 'Sex', 'Age']
- 60-40 Selected: ['HighBP', 'HighChol', 'Stroke', 'GenHlth', 'Sex', 'Age']



#### AdaBoost

Dataset	Model	Accuracy	AUC	Runtime
Full Dataset	Ada w/ Feature Selection	0.91 (+/- 0.00)	0.84 (+/- 0.01)	49 sec
50-50 Dataset	Ada w/ Feature Selection	0.76 (+/- 0.01)	0.83 (+/- 0.01)	8 sec
60-40 Dataset	Ada w/ Feature Selection	0.77 (+/- 0.01)	0.84 (+/- 0.01)	13 sec
Full Dataset	Ada w/o Feature Selection	0.91 (+/- 0.00)	0.84 (+/- 0.01)	92 sec

- Best Parameter Setting Results Displayed: n\_estimators, learning\_rate
- 5-fold CV Reported, 100 estimators, learning\_rate=0.1
- Full Dataset Selected: ['HighBP', 'HighChol', 'Stroke', 'GenHlth', 'DiffWalk', 'Sex', 'Age']
- 50-50 Selected: ['HighBP', 'HighChol', 'GenHlth', 'Sex', 'Age']
- 60-40 Selected: ['HighBP', 'HighChol', 'Stroke', 'GenHlth', 'Sex', 'Age']



#### Neural Networks

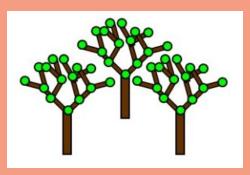
Dataset	Model	Accuracy	AUC	Runtime
Full Dataset	NN w/ Feature Selection	0.91 (+/- 0.00)	0.84 (+/- 0.01)	36 sec
50-50 Dataset	NN w/ Feature Selection	0.76 (+/- 0.01)	0.84 (+/- 0.01)	18 sec
60-40 Dataset	NN w/ Feature Selection	0.78 (+/- 0.01)	0.84 (+/- 0.01)	21 sec
Full Dataset	NN w/o Feature Selection	0.91 (+/- 0.00)	0.85 (+/- 0.01)	113 sec

- Best Parameter Setting Results Displayed: solver, activation, alpha
- 5-fold CV Reported, solver='adam', activation='logistic', alpha=0.0001
- Full Dataset Selected: ['HighBP', 'HighChol', 'Stroke', 'GenHlth', 'DiffWalk', 'Sex', 'Age']
- 50-50 Selected: ['HighBP', 'HighChol', 'GenHlth', 'Sex', 'Age']
- 60-40 Selected: ['HighBP', 'HighChol', 'Stroke', 'GenHlth', 'Sex', 'Age']

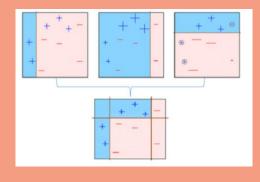
# To Review

- 4 Models
- w/ Feature Selection
- w/o Feature Selection
- Full Dataset, 50-50, 60-40
- Accuracy, AUC, Runtime

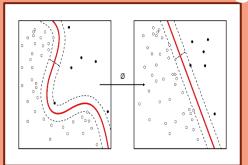
#### Random Forests



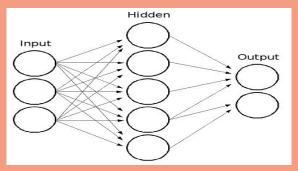
#### AdaBoost

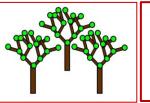


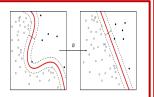
#### **Gradient Boosting**

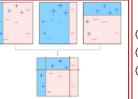


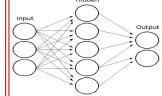
#### **Neural Networks**











#### The Best of the Best

Dataset	Model	Accuracy	AUC	Runtime
Full Dataset	NN w/ Feature Selection	0.91 (+/- 0.00)	0.84 (+/- 0.01)	36 sec
50-50 Dataset	GB w/ Feature Selection	0.76 (+/- 0.01)	0.84 (+/- 0.01)	8 sec
60-40 Dataset	GB w/ Feature Selection	0.78 (+/- 0.01)	0.84 (+/- 0.01)	13 sec
Full Dataset	Ada w/o Feature Selection	0.91 (+/- 0.00)	0.84 (+/- 0.01)	92 sec

- Near identical performance between Gradient Boosting, AdaBoost, and Neural Networks
- ☐ Best Models Selected by Accuracy, AUC, Runtime

# **Important Features**

#### RF Selected Features:

- BMI
- GenHlth
- MentHlt
- PhysHlt
- Age
- Education
- Income

#### GB, Ada, NN Selected Features

- HighBP
- HighChol
- Stroke
- GenHlth
- DiffWalk
- Sex
- Age

# Remember...

Eat Healthy Foods.

Increase your
Physical Activity

Especially Important if you're over age 65!

Don't Forget About your Mental Health, just breath...







# Today we looked into Building Predictive Models for Heart Disease using the BRFSS 2015.

Random Forests, Gradient Boosting, AdaBoost, Neural Networks

Dataset	Model	Accuracy	AUC	Runtime
Full Dataset	NN w/ Feature Selection	0.91 (+/- 0.00)	0.84 (+/- 0.01)	36 sec

Alex Teboul

DSC 540: Advanced Machine Learning

Professor: Casey Bennett

