1. n computes i = H(h)

The andna cache will keep a queue of MAX_ANDNA_QUEUE (5) entries. When the hostname on top of the queue expires, it will be automatically substituted

Each assigned record has a service number, in this way the IPs and host-names which have the same service number are grouped in an array. In the resolution request the client will specify the service number too, therefore it hostname. Example:

1. The node X has registered the hostname "angelica". The default IP of "angelica" is "1.2.3.4".

2.

4.1.3 Weight

The weight number, associated to each SNSD record, is used when there are more than one records which have the same priority number. In this case, this is how the client chooses which record using to contact the servers:

The client asks ANDNA the resolution request and it gets, for example, 8 di erent records.

The first record which will be used by the client is chosen in a pseudo-random manner: each record has a probability to be picked, which is proportional to its weight number, therefore the records with the heavier weight are more likely to be picked.

```
# hostname: snsd_hostname: servi ce: pri ori ty: wei ght[: pub_key_file]
# or
```

However the SNSD chains are ignored, only the D014rst resolution is considered valid. Since in the zero service there's always the main IP, the resolution is always performed.