Домашнее задание 5

Структура базы данных «Университет»:

- •Students(StudentId, StudentName, GroupId)
- *Groups*(*GroupId*, *GroupName*)
- Courses(CourseId, CourseName)
- •Lecturers(LecturerId, LecturerName)
- •Plan(GroupId, CourseId, LecturerId)
- •Marks(StudentId, CourseId, Mark)
- 1. Информацию о студентах, с заданной оценкой по предмету «Базы данных».

```
Омагк=mark (ОсоитееName=Базы данных (Courses) № Marks) № Students select StudentId, StudentName, GroupId from (select StudentId, Mark from (select CourseId from Courses where CourseName = 'Базы данных') as С natural join Marks where Mark = 60.0
) as R natural join Students
```

2. Информацию о студентах не имеющих оценки по предмету «Базы данных»:

```
а) среди всех студентов
```

```
Students—(( σ<sub>CourseName=Базы данных</sub> (Courses) ⋈ Marks) ⋈ Students)

select StudentId, StudentName, GroupId from Students except all
select StudentId, StudentName, GroupId from
(select StudentId from
(select CourseId from Courses
where CourseName = 'Базы данных') as С
natural join Marks
) as R natural join Students
```

б) среди студентов, у которых есть этот предмет

```
(Students × (Plan × (σ<sub>CourseName = Базы данных</sub> (Courses)))) − ((σ<sub>CourseName = Базы данных</sub> (Courses) × Marks) × Students)

select StudentId, StudentName, GroupId from Students
natural join Plan natural join Courses
where CourseName = 'Базы данных' except all
select StudentId, StudentName, GroupId from
(select StudentId from
(select CourseId from Courses
where CourseName = 'Базы данных') as C
natural join Marks
) as R natural join Students
```

3. Информацию о студентах, имеющих хотя бы одну оценку у заданного лектора.

```
Students \bowtie ((\pi_{LecturerId}(\sigma_{LecturerName=lecturer}(Lecturers)) \bowtie Plan) \bowtie Marks)
```

```
select StudentId, StudentName, GroupId from Students
natural join
(select LecturerId from Lecturers where LecturerName = 'Георгий Корнеев' ) as C
natural join Plan
natural join Marks
```

4. Идентификаторы студентов, не имеющих ни одной оценки у заданного лектора

```
\pi_{\textit{StudentId}}(\textit{Students}) - \pi_{\textit{StudentId}}((\pi_{\textit{LecturerId}}(\sigma_{\textit{LecturerName} = \textit{lecturer}}(\textit{Lecturers})) \bowtie \textit{Plan}) \bowtie \textit{Marks})
```

```
select StudentId from Students except all select StudentId from Students
    natural join
    (select LecturerId from Lecturers where LecturerName = 'Корнеев Георгий' ) as C
    natural join Plan
    natural join Marks
```

5. Студентов, имеющих оценки по всем предметам заданного лектора

```
Students \bowtie (\pi_{StudentId,CourseId}(Marks) \div (\pi_{CourseId}((\pi_{LecturerId}(\sigma_{LecturerName=lecturer}(Lecturers)) \bowtie Plan))))

select StudentId, StudentName, GroupId from Students natural join (
    select distinct StudentId from Marks
    where not exists
        (select CourseId from ((select LecturerId from Lecturers where LecturerName = 'Корнеев Георгий') as L natural join Plan) as C where not exists
        (select StudentId from Marks as M where M.StudentId = Marks.StudentId and M.CourseId = C.CourseId))
    ) as R
```

6. Для каждого студента имя и названия предметов, которые он должен посещать.

```
π<sub>StudentName, CourseName</sub> (Students ⋈ Plan ⋈ Courses)

select StudentName, CourseName from
Students natural join Plan natural join Courses
```

7. По лектору всех студентов, у которых он хоть что-нибудь преподавал

```
(\pi_{\mathit{LecturerId}}(\sigma_{\mathit{LecturerName} = \mathit{lecturer}}(\mathit{Lecturers})) \bowtie \mathit{Plan}) \rtimes \mathit{Students}
```

```
select StudentId, StudentName, GroupId from Students natural join
((select LecturerId from Lecturers where LecturerName = 'Корнеев Георгий' ) as C natural join Plan) as L
```

8. Пары студентов, такие, что все сданные первым студентом предметы сдал и второй студент.

```
(\pi_{\textit{StudentName}}, \textit{CourseId}(\sigma_{\textit{StudentName}} = x \land \textit{Mark} \ge 60}(\textit{Students} \bowtie \textit{Marks}))) \times \\ (\pi_{\textit{StudentName}}, \textit{CourseId}(\sigma_{\textit{StudentName}} = y \land \textit{Mark} \ge 60}(\textit{Students} \bowtie \textit{Marks})))
```

9. Такие группы и предметы, что все студенты группы сдали предмет.

```
(\pi_{Courseld,StudentId}(\sigma_{Mark \ge 60} Marks) * \pi_{StudentId,Groupid}(Students)) \bowtie Groups \bowtie Courses
```

- 10.Средний балл студента
 - а) по идентификатору

```
avg_{Mark,\varnothing}(\sigma_{StudentId=?}(Marks))
select avg(Mark) from Marks where StudentId=?
        б) для каждого студента
  avg_{Mark, \{StudentId\}}(Marks) \bowtie (\pi_{StudentId, StudentName}(Students))
select avg(Mark), StudentId, StudentName from
     Marks natural join Students
  group by
     StudentId, StudentName
```

11. Средний балл средних баллов студентов каждой группы.

```
avg_{Mark, \{GroupId\}}(avg_{Mark, \{StudentId\}}(Marks) \bowtie \pi_{StudentId, GroupId}(Students)) \bowtie Groups
select avg(Mark), GroupId, GroupName from
    (select avg(Mark) as Mark, StudentId, GroupId from Marks natural join Students group by StudentId, GroupId) as R
    natural join Groups
  group by
    GroupId, GroupName
```

12. Для каждого студента число предметов, которые у него были, число сданных предметов и число несданных предметов.

```
\varepsilon_{\mathit{Failed=Total-Passed}}(\mathit{count}_{\mathit{Total}, \{\mathit{StudentId}\}}(\mathit{Students} \bowtie \mathit{Plan}) \bowtie \mathit{count}_{\mathit{Passed}, \{\mathit{StudentId}\}}(\sigma_{\mathit{Marks}}) \bowtie = \mathit{Students})) \bowtie \mathit{Students}
```

```
select StudentId, StudentName, Total, Passed, Total - Passed as Failed from
   (select count(CourseId) as Total, StudentId from Students natural join Plan
      group by
       StudentId
    ) as R1
    natural join
    (select count(CourseId) as Passed, StudentId from (select * from Marks where Mark >= 60) as R3
        right join Students using (StudentId)
     group by
        StudentId
    ) as R2 natural join Students
```