Points	possible:	75
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URL to GitHub Repository: https://github.com/AlexWarr/Week-16-Homework.git

URL to Public Link of your Video: https://youtu.be/5Pz3zvPiSUw

Instructions:

1. Follow the **Coding Steps** below to complete this assignment.

- In Spring Tool Suite (STS), or an IDE of your choice, write the code that accomplishes the objectives listed below. Ensure that the code compiles and runs as directed.
- Use your existing repo or create a new repository on GitHub for this week's assignment and push your completed code to the repo, including your entire Maven Project Directory (e.g., jeep-sales) and any additional files (e.g. .sql files) that you create. In addition, screenshot your ERD and push the screenshot to your GitHub repo.
- Include the screenshots into this Assignment Document indicated by:
 - Create a video showcasing your work:
 - In this video: record and present your project verbally while showing the results of the working project.
 - <u>Easy way to Create a video</u>: Start a meeting in Zoom, share your screen, open
 Eclipse with the code and your Console window, start recording & record yourself
 describing and running the program showing the results.
 - Your video should be a maximum of 5 minutes.
 - · Upload your video with a public link.
 - Easy way to Create a Public Video Link: Upload your video recording to YouTube with a public link.
- 2. In addition, please include the following in your Coding Assignment Document:
 - The requested screenshots, indicated by:
 - The URL for this week's GitHub repository.
 - The URL of the public link of your video.
- 3. Save the Coding Assignment Document as a .pdf and do the following:
 - Push the .pdf to the GitHub repo for this week.
 - Upload the .pdf to the LMS in your Coding Assignment Submission.

Here's a friendly tip: as you watch the videos, code along with the videos. This will help you with the homework. When a screenshot is required, look for the icon: You will keep adding to this project throughout this part of the course. When it comes time for the final project, use this project as a starter.

Project Resources: https://github.com/promineotech/Spring-Boot-Course-Student-Resources

Coding Steps:

For this week's homework you need to copy source code from the supplied resources.

For this week's homework you need to copy source code from the Source folder in the supplied resources. Wait until the instructions tell you to copy the resources or you will get errors.

- 1) Select some options for a Jeep order:
 - a) Use the data.sql file or the jeep database tables to select options for a Jeep order. Select any one of each of the following for the order:
 - i) color VALUES('EXT_STING_GRAY', 'Sting Gray Clear Coat', 245.00, 1);
 - ii) customer VALUES('ROTH_GARTH', 'Garth', 'Roth', '312.753.9994');
 - iii) engine VALUES('3_0_DIESEL', 3.0, '3.0L V6 Turbo Diesel Engine with Start Stop', 'DIESEL', 22, 32, 1, 'The available 3.0L EcoDiesel V6 engine will offer up to 260 horsepower and 442 lb-ft of torque for impressive performance and outstanding lowend torque', 4500.00);
 - iv) model VALUES('GLADIATOR', 'Overland', 4, 18, 40660.00);
 - v) tire(s) VALUES('265_MICHELIN', '265/60R18 BSW All-Season LRR Tires', 'Michelin', 0.00, 60000);
 - b) Select one or more options from the options table as well. Keep in mind that some options may work better than others but if you want to put 37-inch tires on your Jeep Renegade, so be it!
 - VALUES('EXT_MOPAR_HEAD_LED', 'EXTERIOR', 'Mopar', 'LED Headlamp and Fog Lamp Group', 1045.00);
- 2) Create a new integration test class to test a Jeep order named CreateOrderTest.java. Create this class in src/test/java in the com.promineotech.jeep.controller package.
 - a) Add the Spring Boot Test annotations: @SpringBootTest, @ActiveProfiles, and @Sql. They should have the same parameters as the test created in weeks 1 and 2.

- b) Create a test method (annotated with @Test) named testCreateOrderReturnsSuccess201.
- c) In the test class, create a method named createOrderBody. This method returns a type of String. In this method, return a JSON object with the IDs that you picked in Step 1a and 1b. For example:

```
{
  "customer": "MORISON_LINA",
  "model": "WRANGLER",
  "trim": "Sport Altitude",
  "doors":4,
  "color": "EXT NACHO",
  "engine": "2_0_TURBO",
  "tire":"35_TOYO",
  "options":[
    "DOOR_QUAD_4",
    "EXT AEV LIFT",
    "EXT_WARN_WINCH",
    "EXT_WARN_BUMPER_FRONT",
    "EXT_WARN_BUMPER_REAR",
    "EXT ARB COMPRESSOR"
  ]
}
```

Make sure that the JSON is correct! If necessary, use a JSON formatter/validator like the one here: https://jsonformatter.curiousconcept.com/.

Produce a screenshot of the createOrderBody() method.

In the test method, assign the return value of the createOrderBody() method to a variable named body.

- d) In the test class, add an instance variable named serverPort to hold the port that Tomcat is listening on in the test. Annotate the variable with @LocalServerPort.
- e) Add another instance variable for an injected TestRestTemplate named restTemplate.
- f) In the test method, assign a value to a local variable named uri as follows:

```
String uri = String.format("http://localhost:%d/orders", serverPort);
```

g) In the test method, create an HttpHeaders object and set the content type to "application/json" like this:

```
HttpHeaders headers = new HttpHeaders();
headers.setContentType(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON);
Make sure to import the package org.springframework.http.HttpHeaders.
```

h) Create an HttpEntity object and set the request body and headers:

```
HttpEntity<String> bodyEntity = new HttpEntity<>(body, headers);
```

i) Send the request body and headers to the server. The Order class should have been copied earlier from the supplied resources. Ensure that you import com.promineotech.jeep.entity.Order and not some other Order class.

j) Add the AssertJ assertions to ensure that the response is correct. Replace the expected values to match the JSON in step 2c.

```
assertThat(response.getStatusCode()).isEqualTo(HttpStatus.CREATED);
assertThat(response.getBody()).isNotNull();
Order order = response.getBody();
```

```
assertThat(order.getCustomer().getCustomerId()).isEqualTo("MORISON_LINA");
assertThat(order.getModel().getModelId()).isEqualTo(JeepModel.WRANGLER);
assertThat(order.getModel().getTrimLevel()).isEqualTo("Sport Altitude");
assertThat(order.getModel().getNumDoors()).isEqualTo(4);
assertThat(order.getColor().getColorId()).isEqualTo("EXT_NACHO");
assertThat(order.getEngine().getEngineId()).isEqualTo("2_0_TURBO");
assertThat(order.getTire().getTireId()).isEqualTo("35 TOYO");
```

assertThat(order.getOptions()).hasSize(6);

k) Produce a screenshot of the test method.

```
| Section | Sect
```

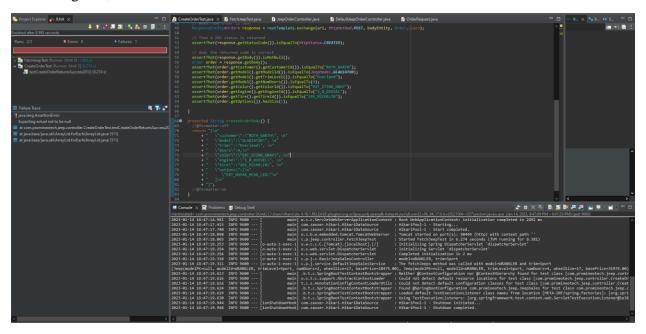
- 3) In the controller sub-package in src/main/java, create an interface named JeepOrderController. Add @RequestMapping("/orders") as a class-level annotation.
 - a) Create a method in the interface to create an order (createOrder). It should return an object of type Order (see below). It should accept a single parameter of type OrderRequest as described in the video. Make sure it accepts an HTTP POST request and returns a status code of 201 (created).
 - b) Add the @RequestBody annotation to the orderRequest parameter. Make sure to add the RequestBody annotation from the org.springframework.web.bind.annotation package.

c) Produce a screenshot of the finished JeepOrderController interface showing no compile errors.

```
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| package com.prominentech.jeep.controller;
| 30 import org.springfraework.http.HttpStatus[]
| 38 @RequestNopping(Yorders')
| 38 @RequestNopping(Yorders')
| 39 @RequestNopping(Yorders')
| 39 @RequestNopping(Yorders')
| 30 import org.springfraework.http.HttpStatus[]
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| 45 import org.springfraework.httpStatus[]
| 46 import org.springfraework.httpStatus[]
| 47 import org.springfraework.httpStatus[]
| 48 import org.springfraework.httpStat
```

- 4) Create a class that implements JeepOrderController named DefaultJeepOrderController.
 - a) Add @RestController as a class-level annotation.
 - b) Add a log line to the implementing controller method showing the input request body (orderRequest)

c) Run the test to show a red status bar. Produce a screenshot that shows the test method, the log line, and the red JUnit status bar.



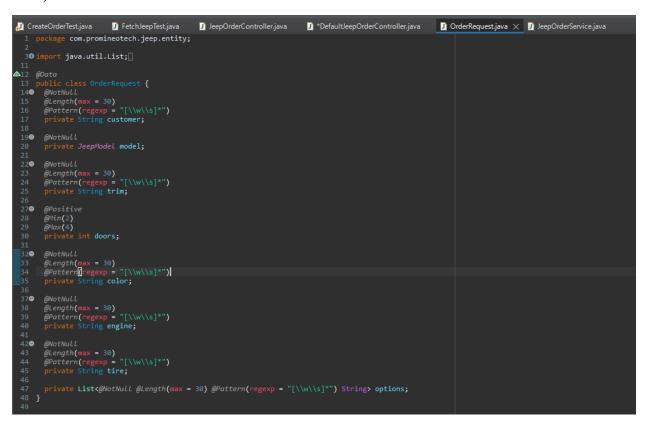
- 5) Find the Maven dependency spring-boot-starter-validation by looking it up at https://mvnrepository.com/. Add this repository to the project POM file (pom.xml).
- 6) Add the class-level annotation @Validated to the JeepOrderController interface.
- 7) Add Bean Validation annotations to the OrderRequest class as shown in the video.
 - a) Use these annotations for String types:
 - i) @NotNull
 - ii) @Length(max = 30)
 - iii) @Pattern(regexp = "[\\w\\s]*")
 - b) Use these annotations for integer types:
 - i) @Positive
 - ii) @Min(2)
 - iii) @Max(4)
 - c) Add @NotNull to the enum type.

d) Add validation to the list element (type String) by adding the validation annotations *inside* the generic definition. So, to add the String validation to the options, you would do this:

```
private List<@NotNull @Length(max = 30) @Pattern(regexp = "[\\w\\s]*") String>
options;
```

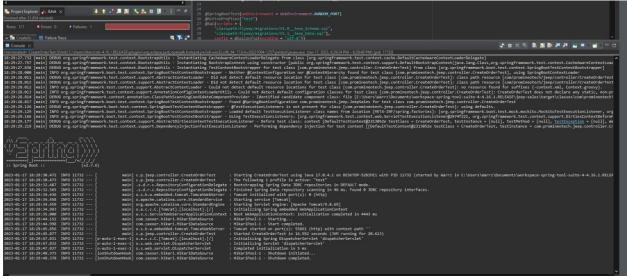
Do not apply a @NotNull annotation to the List because if you have no options the List may be null.

e) Produce a screenshot of this class with the annotations.



- 8) In the jeep.service sub-package, create the empty (no methods yet) order service interface (named JeepOrderService) and implementation (named DefaultJeepOrderService).
 - a) Inject the interface into the order controller implementation class.
 - b) Add the @Service annotation to the service implementation class.
 - c) Create the createOrder method in the interface and implementing service. The method signature should look like this:
 - Order createOrder(OrderRequest orderRequest);
 - d) Call the createOrder method from the controller and return the value returned by the service.

- e) Add a log line in the createOrder method and log the orderRequest parameter.
- f) Run the test CreateOrderTest again. Produce a screenshot showing that the service layer createOrder method correctly prints the log line in the console. (e.g. prints out the OrderRequest in the console from within the Service Layer).



(No log. Could not get log to function)

- 9) In the jeep.dao sub-package, create the empty (no methods yet) DAO interface (named JeepOrderDao) and implementation (named DefaultJeepOrderDao).
 - a) Inject the DAO interface into the order service implementation class.
 - b) Add the @Component annotation to the DAO implementation class.
- 10) Replace the entire content of JeepOrderDao.java with the source found in JeepOrderDao.source. The source file is found in the Source folder of the supplied project resources.
- 11) *** The next steps require you to copy source code from the Source directory in the supplied resources. Please follow the instructions EXACTLY. Some steps require you to replace ALL the source in a file. Some steps require you to ADD source to a file.
- 12) Copy the *contents* of the file DefaultJeepOrderDao.source *into* DefaultJeepOrderDao.java. The source file is found in the Source folder of the supplied project resources.

In Eclipse, click the "Source" menu and select "Organize Imports". Pick packages from your project where applicable. Make sure you pick the import java.util.Optional, java.util.List, and org.springframework.jdbc.core.RowMapper.

13) Copy the *contents* of the file DefaultJeepOrderService.source *into*DefaultJeepOrderService.java. Add the source after the createOrder() method, but *inside* the class body. The source file is found in the Source folder of the supplied project resources.

In Eclipse, click the "Source" menu and select "Organize Imports". Pick packages from your project where applicable.

- 14) In DefaultJeepOrderService.java, work with the method createOrder.
 - a) Add the @Transactional annotation to the createOrder method.
 - b) In the createOrder method call the copied methods: getCustomer, getModel, getColor, getEngine, getTire and getOption, assigning the return values of these methods to variables of the appropriate types.
 - c) Calculate the price, including all options.
- 15) In JeepOrderDao.java and DefaultJeepOrderDao.java, add the method:
 - Order saveOrder(Customer customer, Jeep jeep, Color color, Engine engine, Tire tire, BigDecimal price, List<Option> options);
 - a) Call the jeepOrder.Dao.saveOrder method from the jeepOrderSalesService.createOrder service. Produce a screenshot of the jeepOrderSalesService.createOrder method.

```
@Override
@Transactional
public Order createOrder(OrderRequest orderRequest) {
    log.debug("Order={}", orderRequest);
    Customer customer = getCustomer(orderRequest);
    Jeep model = getModel(orderRequest);
    Color color = getColor(orderRequest);
    Engine engine = getEngine(orderRequest);
    Tire tire = getTire(orderRequest);
    List<Option> options = getOption(orderRequest);
    BigDecimal price = model.getBasePrice().add(color.getPrice().add(engine.getPrice().add(tire.getPrice())));
    for(Option option : options) {
        price = price.add(option.getPrice());
    }
    Order order = jeepOrderDao.saveOrder(customer, model, color, engine, tire, price, options);
    return order;
}
```

- b) Write the implementation of the saveOrder method in the DAO.
 - i) Call the supplied generateInsertSql method, passing in the customer, jeep, color, engine, tire and price. Assign the return value of the method to a SqlParams object.

ii) Call the update method on the NamedParameterJdbcTemplate object, passing in a KeyHolder object as shown in the video. Create the KeyHolder like this:

```
KeyHolder keyHolder = new GeneratedKeyHolder();
```

Be sure to extract the order primary key from the KeyHolder object into a variable of type Long named orderPK.

iii) Write a method named saveOptions as shown in the video. This method should have the following method signature:

```
private void saveOptions(List<Option> options, Long orderPK)
```

For each option in the Options list, call the supplied generateInsertSql method passing the parameters option and order primary key (orderPK). Call the update method on the NamedParameterJdbcTemplate object.

- iv) In the saveOrder method in the DAO implementation, return an Order object using the Order.builder. The Order should include orderPK, customer, jeep (model), color, engine, tire, options and price.
- v) Produce a screenshot of the saveOrder method.

```
public Order saveOrder(Customer customer, Jeep jeep, Color color, Engine
    engine, Tire tire,
         BigDecimal price, List<Option> options) {
        SqlParams params = generateInsertSql(customer, jeep, color, engine, tire,
        KeyHolder keyHolder = new GeneratedKeyHolder();
        jdbcTemplate.update(params.sql, params.source, keyHolder);
        Long orderPK = keyHolder.getKey().longValue();
        return Order.builder()
            .orderPK(orderPK)
            .customer(customer)
104
105
            .model(jeep)
            .color(color)
            .engine(engine)
            .tire(tire)
            .options(options)
.price(price)
            .build();
113
```

c) Run the integration test in CreateOrderTest. Produce a screenshot of the test method that shows the green JUnit status bar, the console output, and the test class.

