Project instructions

Athena queries

1. Create a table called **order_products_prior** by using the last SQL query you created from the previous assignment. It should be similar to below (note you need to replace the s3 bucket name "imba" to yours own bucket name):

```
CREATE TABLE order_products_prior WITH (external_location = 's3://imba/features/order_products_prior/', format = 'parquet')

as (SELECT a.*,

b.product_id,

b.add_to_cart_order,

b.reordered

FROM orders a

JOIN order_products b

ON a.order_id = b.order_id

WHERE a.eval_set = 'prior')
```

Create a table called user_features_1 as shown below, replace the <sql here> to the desired SQL query. Based on table order_products_prior, for each user, calculate the max order_number, the sum of days_since_prior_order and the average of days_since_prior_order. (note you need to replace the s3 bucket name "imba" to yours own bucket name)

```
CREATE TABLE user_features_1 WITH (external_location = 's3://imba/features/user_features_1/', format = 'parquet') as (

SELECT user_id,

Max(order_number) AS user_orders,

Sum(days_since_prior_order) AS user_period,

Avg(days_since_prior_order) AS user_mean_days_since_prior

FROM order_products_prior

GROUP BY user_id)
```

3. Create a table called user_features_2, similar to above, based on table order_products_prior, for each user calculate the total number of products, total number of distinct products, and user reorder ratio(number of reordered = 1 divided by number of order number > 1, hint: Cast(Sum(CASE WHEN order number > 1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS DOUBLE) (note you need to replace the s3 bucket name "imba" to yours own bucket name) CREATE TABLE user features_2 WITH (external_location = 's3://imba/features/user_features_2/', format = 'parquet') as (SELECT user_id, Count(*) AS user_total_products, Count(DISTINCT product_id) AS user_distinct_products, Sum(CASE WHEN reordered = 1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) / Cast(Sum(CASE WHEN order_number > 1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS DOUBLE) AS user_reorder_ratio FROM order_products_prior GROUP BY user_id) 4. Create a table called up_features, based on table order_products_prior, for each user and product(hint: group by user id and product id), calculate the total number of orders, minimum order number, maximum order number and average add to cart order. (note you need to replace the s3 bucket name "imba" to yours own bucket name) CREATE TABLE up_features WITH (external_location = 's3://imba/features/up_features/', format

```
order_number, maximum order_number and average add_to_cart_order.
(note you need to replace the s3 bucket name "imba" to yours own bucket name)

CREATE TABLE up_features WITH (external_location = 's3://imba/features/up_features/', forma = 'parquet') as (

SELECT user_id,

product_id,

Count(*) AS up_orders,

Min(order_number) AS up_first_order,

Max(order_number) AS up_last_order,

Avg(add_to_cart_order) AS up_average_cart_position

FROM order_products_prior

GROUP BY user_id,

product_id)
```

5. Create a table called **prd_features**, based on table order_products_prior, first write a sql query to calculate the sequence of product purchase for each user(hint: you should use window

function rank() over (partition by user_id, product_id order by user_id, order_number)) and name it product_seq_time. Then on top of this query, for each product, calculate the count, sum of reordered, sum of product_seq_time = 1 and sum of product_seq_time = 2. (note you need to replace the s3 bucket name "imba" to yours own bucket name)

```
CREATE TABLE prd_features WITH (external_location = 's3://imba/features/prd_features/',
format = 'parquet')
as (
SELECT product_id,
   Count(*)
               AS prod_orders,
   Sum(reordered) AS prod_reorders,
   Sum(CASE WHEN product_seq_time = 1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS prod_first_orders,
   Sum(CASE WHEN product_seq_time = 2 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS prod_second_orders,
FROM (SELECT*,
       Rank()
        OVER (
         partition BY user_id, product_id
         ORDER BY user_id, order_number) AS product_seq_time
    FROM order_products_prior)
GROUP BY product_id )
```