

IS-611, REDES II Primer Periodo 2020 Informe Proyecto1 de Clase

# Elaborado por:

20171003034 Vanessa Alejandra Ortiz 20161000446 María Fernanda Pineda 20161005903 Alexander Ismael Tejeda 20140131775 José Carlos Velásquez

Catedrático: Ing. Rene Velásquez

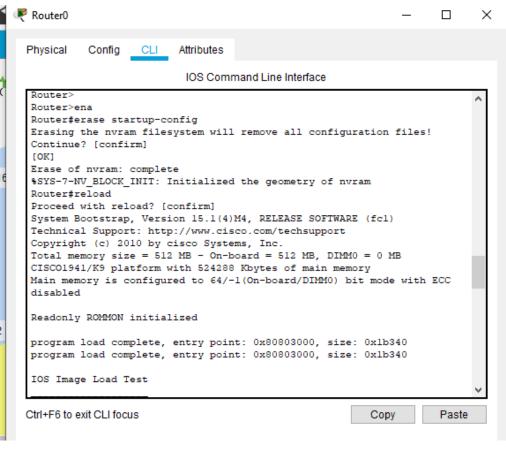
Sección: 13 00

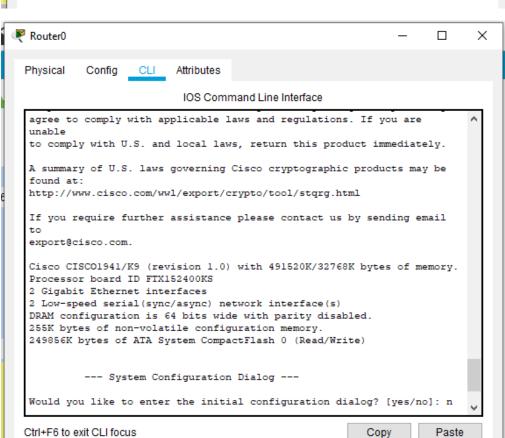
Fecha de Entrega: martes 7 de abril del 2020

## Parte 1: Inicializar dispositivos

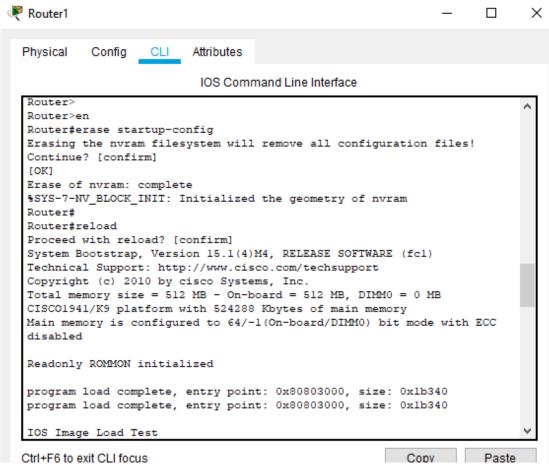
Inicializar y volver a cargar los routers y los switches

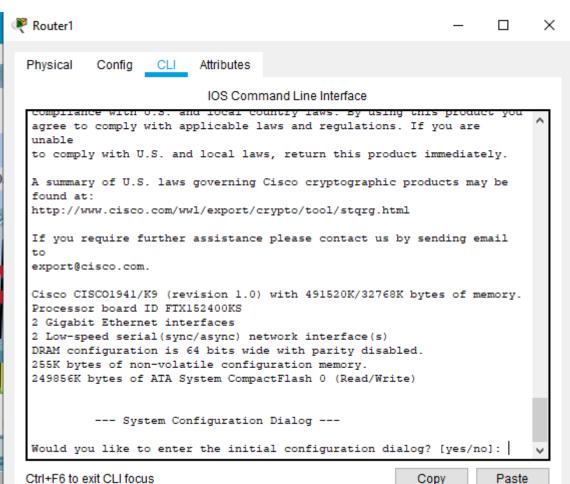
#### Router 0





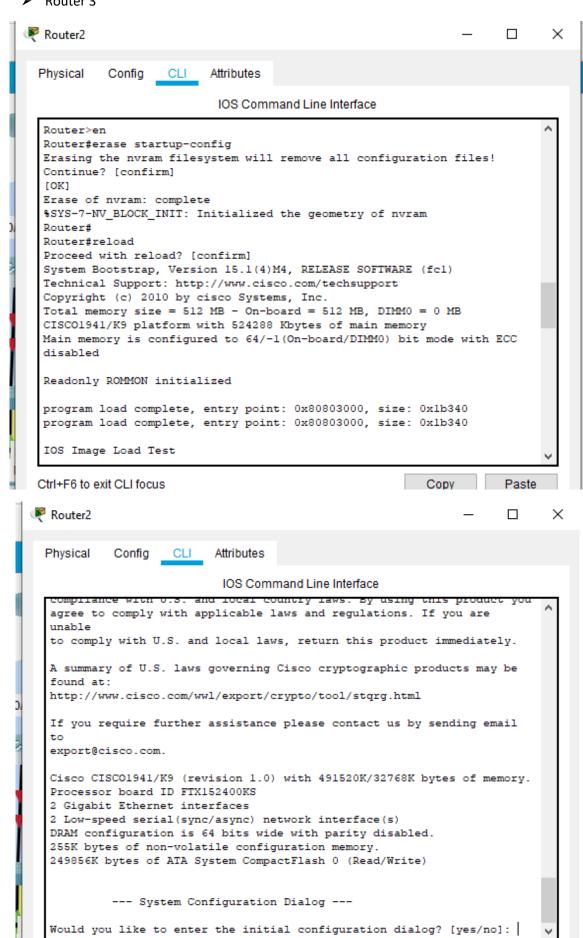
#### Router 1





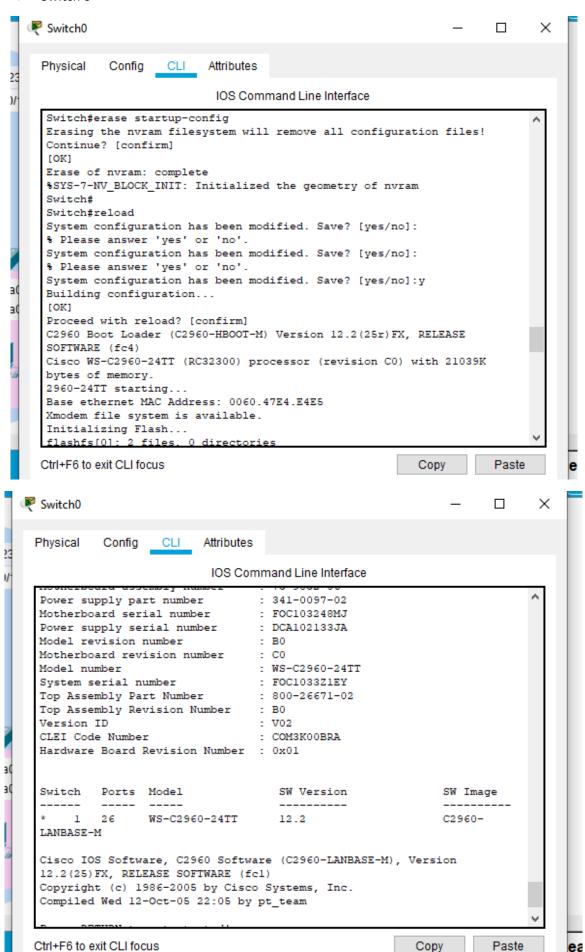
#### Router 3

Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus

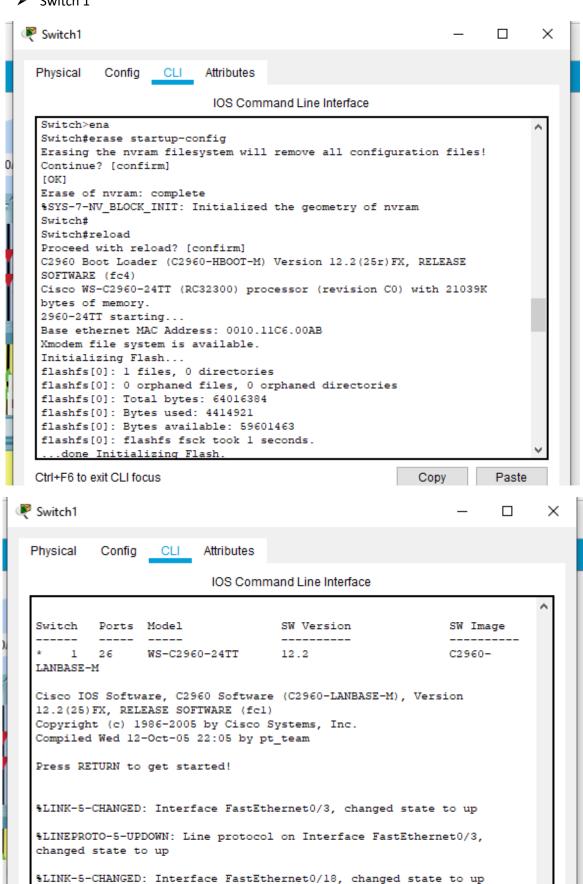


Copy

Paste



#### Switch 1

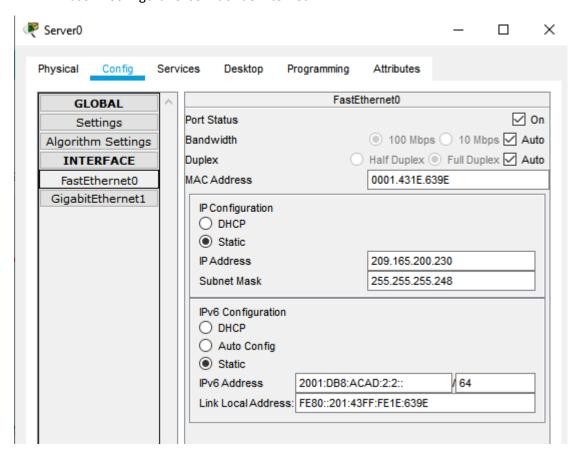


%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/18,

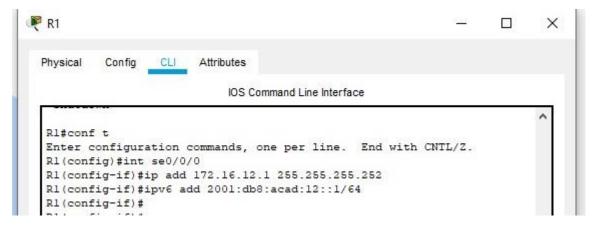
changed state to up

Parte 2: Configurar los parámetros básicos de los dispositivos

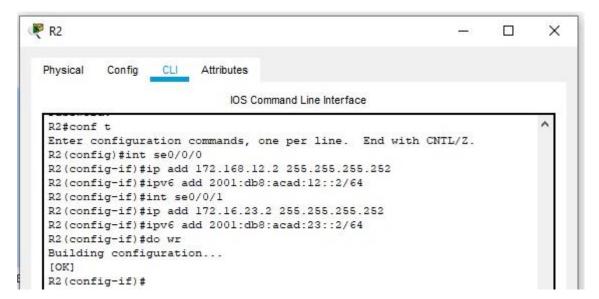
Paso 1: Configurar el servidor de Internet



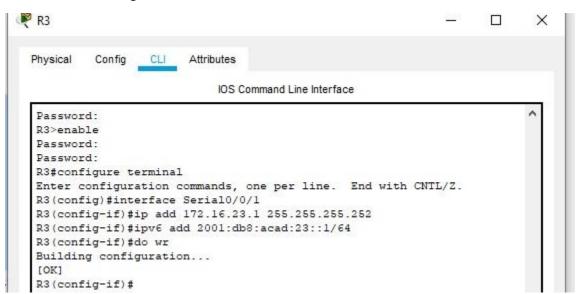
• Paso 2: Configurar R1



## • Paso 3: Configurar R2



## • Paso 4: Configure R3



Parte 3: Configurar la seguridad del switch, las VLAN y el routing entre VLAN

• Paso 1: Configurar S1

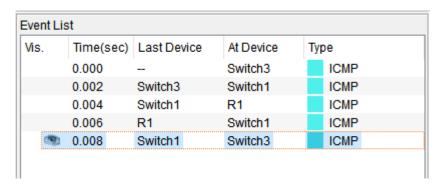
```
Switch0
                                                                             X
 Physical
           Config CLI
                         Attributes
                             IOS Command Line Interface
  sl(config)#
  sl(config)#
  sl(config)#
  sl(config) #
  sl(config)#
  sl(config)#
  sl(config)#
  sl(config)#
  sl(config)#
  sl(config)#
  sl(config) #vlan 31
  sl(config-vlan) #name Contabilidad
  sl(config-vlan) #vlan 33
  sl(config-vlan)#name Engineering
  sl(config-vlan)#vlan 99
  sl(config-vlan)#
  %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan99, changed state to up
  %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan99, changed state
  sl(config-vlan) #name Management
  sl(config-vlan) #exit
  sl(config) #int vlan 99
  sl(config-if) #ip add 192.168.99.2 255.255.255.0
  sl(config-if)#ip default-gateway 192.168.99.1
  sl(config) #int fa0/3
  sl(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
```

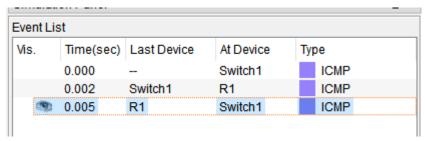
Paso 2: Configurar el S3

```
Switch0
                                                                      Physical
                 CLI
                         Attributes
                             IOS Command Line Interface
  sl(config-if)#int fa0/l
  sl(config-if) #switchport mode trunk
  sl(config-if)#int range fa0/2, fa0/4, f0/5-24,g0/1-2
  sl(config-if-range) #switchport mode access
  sl(config-if-range)#int fa0/5
  sl(config-if) #switchport access vlan 31
  sl(config-if)#int range f0/2, f0/4, f0/6-24, g0/1-2
  sl(config-if-range) #shutdown
  sl(config-if-range)#do wr
  Building configuration...
  [OK]
  sl(config-if-range) #exit
```

## Paso 4: Verificar la conectividad de la red

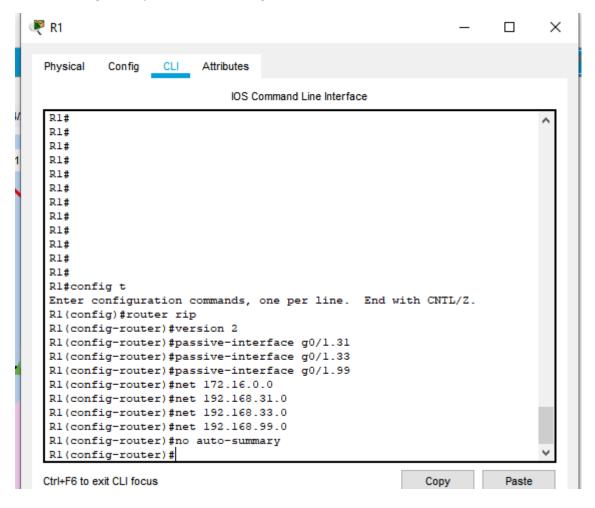
• Utilice el comando ping para probar la conectividad entre los switches y el R1.

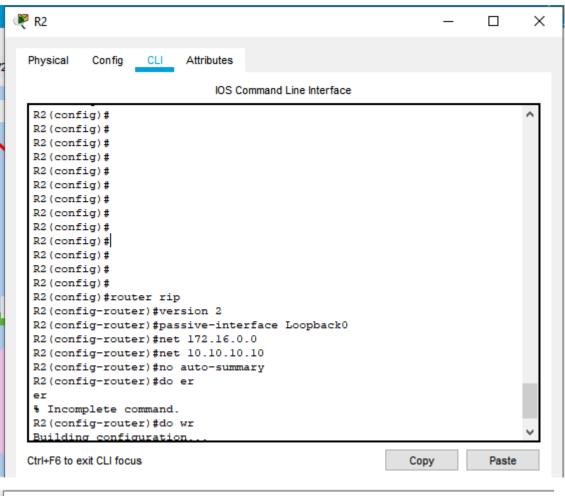


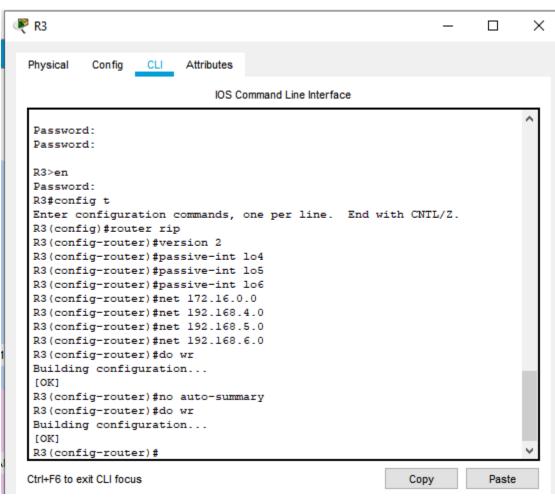


Parte 4: Configurar el protocolo de routing dinámico RIPv2

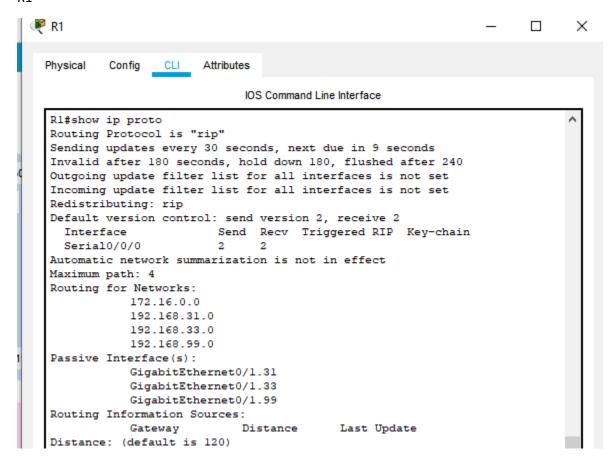
• Configurar el protocolo de routing dinámico RIPv2

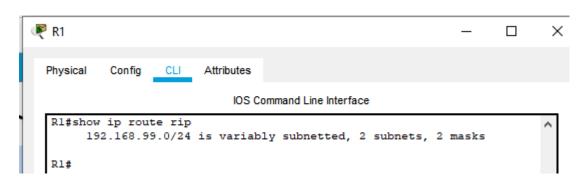






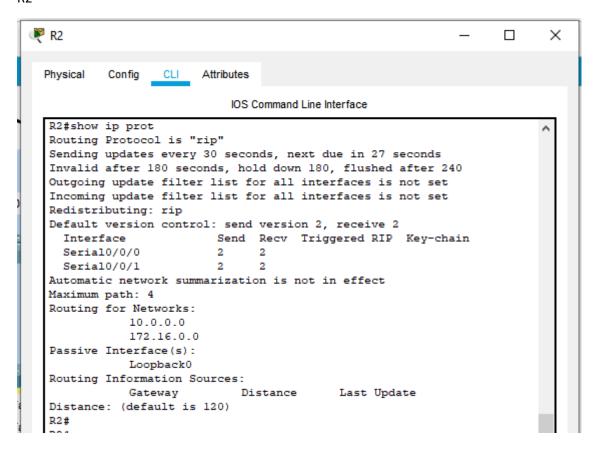
R1

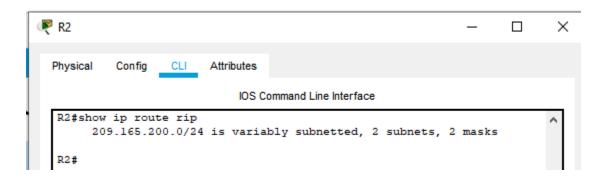




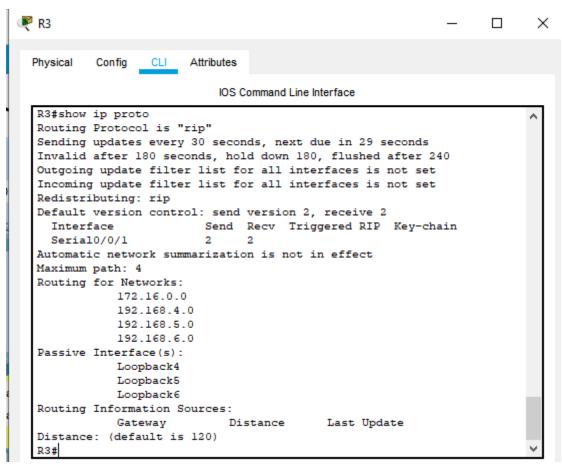
```
R1
                                                                        X
           Config CLI Attributes
  Physical
                               IOS Command Line Interface
  router rip
   version 2
   passive-interface GigabitEthernet0/1.31
   passive-interface GigabitEthernet0/1.33
   passive-interface GigabitEthernet0/1.99
   network 172.16.0.0
   network 192.168.31.0
   network 192.168.33.0
   network 192.168.99.0
   no auto-summary
```

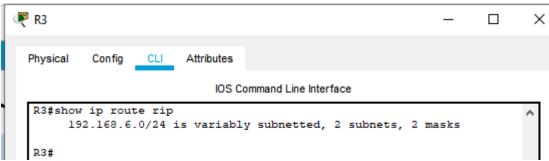
R2

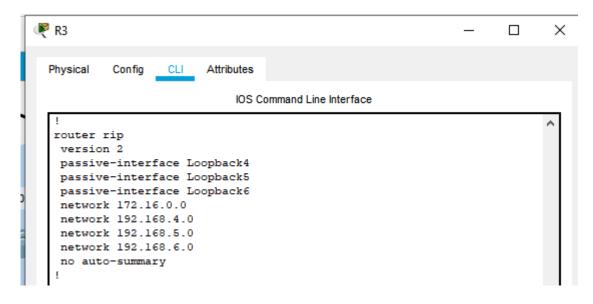




R3

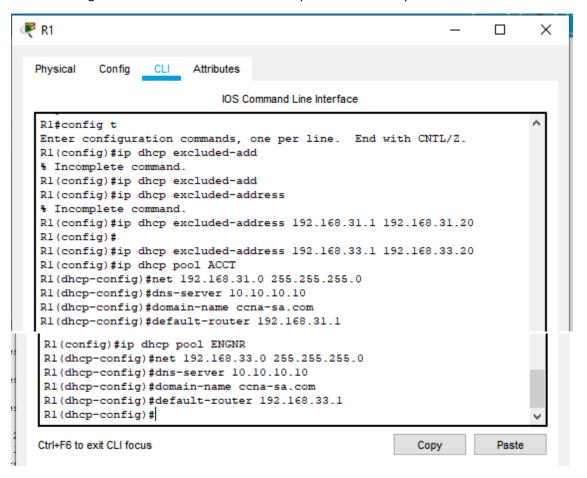




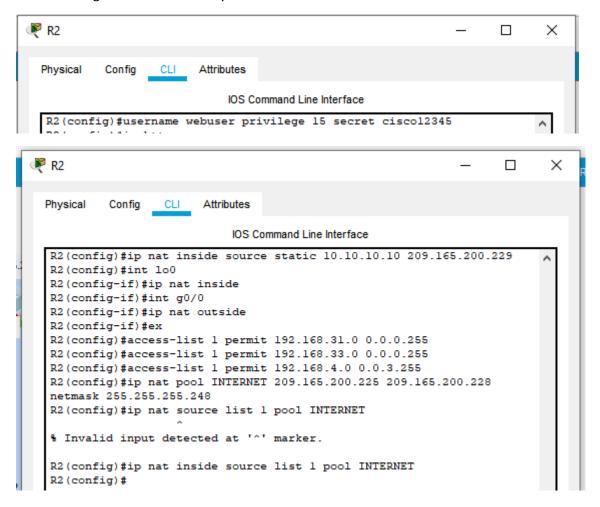


Parte 5: implementar DHCP y NAT para IPv4

Paso 1: Configurar el R1 como servidor de DHCP para las VLAN 31 y 33

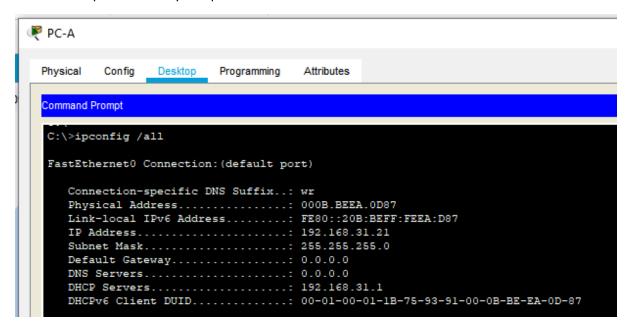


Paso 2: Configurar la NAT estática y dinámica en el R2

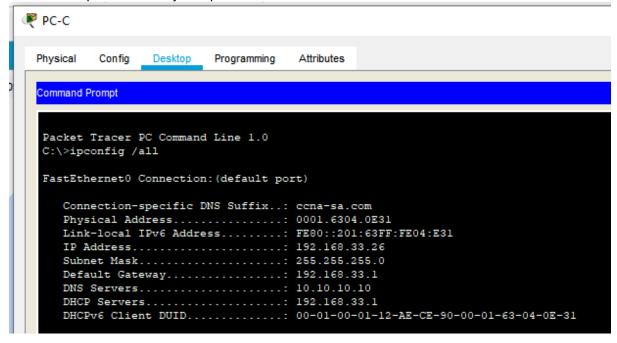


Paso 3: verificar el protocolo DHCP y la NAT estática.

Verificación que la PC-A haya adquirido información de IP del servidor de DHCP



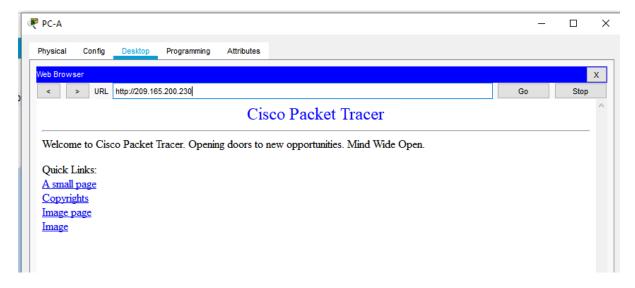
Verificación que la PC-C haya adquirido información de IP del servidor de DHCP



Verificación que la PC-A puede hacer ping a la PC-C

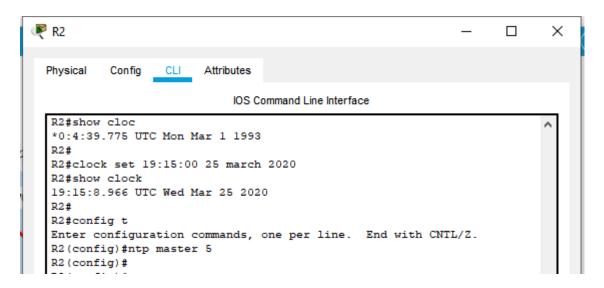
```
PC-A
 Physical
         Config
                  Desktop
                            Programming
                                        Attributes
  Command Prompt
  C:\>
  C:\>ping 192.168.33.21
  Pinging 192.168.33.21 with 32 bytes of data:
  Reply from 192.168.33.21: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
  Reply from 192.168.33.21: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
  Reply from 192.168.33.21: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
  Reply from 192.168.33.21: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=127
  Ping statistics for 192.168.33.21:
     Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
  Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
      Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 0ms
```

Utilizar un navegador web en la computadora de Internet para acceder al servidor web (209.165.200.229). Iniciar sesión con el nombre de usuario webuser y la contraseña cisco12345

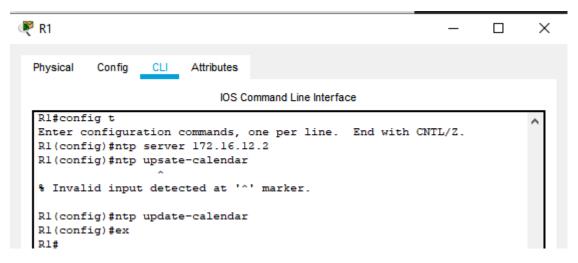


Parte 6: Configurar NTP

Ajustar la fecha y hora en R2, configurar R2 como un maestro NTP



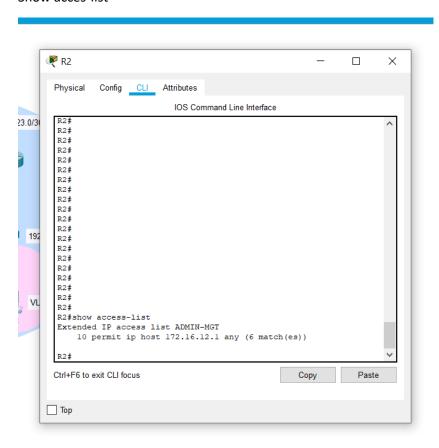
Configurar R1 como un cliente NTP, configure R1 para actualizaciones de calendario periódicas con hora NTP, verifique la configuración de NTP en R1.



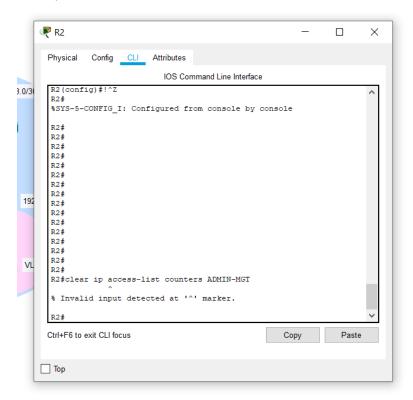
```
Rl#show ntp associa
address
              ref clock
                            st when
                                          poll
                                                  reach delay
offset
                disp
 ~172.16.12.2 127.127.1.1
                             5
                                   14
                                           16
                                                   7
                                                         2.00
854219276763.00 0.12
 * sys.peer, # selected, + candidate, - outlyer, x falseticker, ~
configured
R1#
Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus
                                                   Copy
                                                             Paste
```

# Parte 7: ejecución del los comandos:

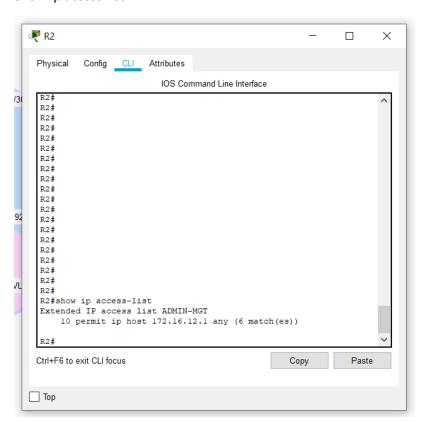
Show acces-list



# Clear ip-access list counters ADMIN-MGT



## Show ip access-list



# Show ip nat translation

