

# Oracle Cloud Native Application Development and DevOps (CanDo)

George Moykin

Cloud Domain Sales Consultant

Oracle

# Safe Harbor Statement

The following is intended to outline our general product direction. It is intended for information purposes only, and may not be incorporated into any contract. It is not a commitment to deliver any material, code, or functionality, and should not be relied upon in making purchasing decisions. The development, release, and timing of any features or functionality described for Oracle's products remains at the sole discretion of Oracle.

# Agenda

- Oracle Cloud Platform Overview
- Cloud Native Application Development
- DevOps
- CanDo Workshop Hands-on

# Oracle Cloud



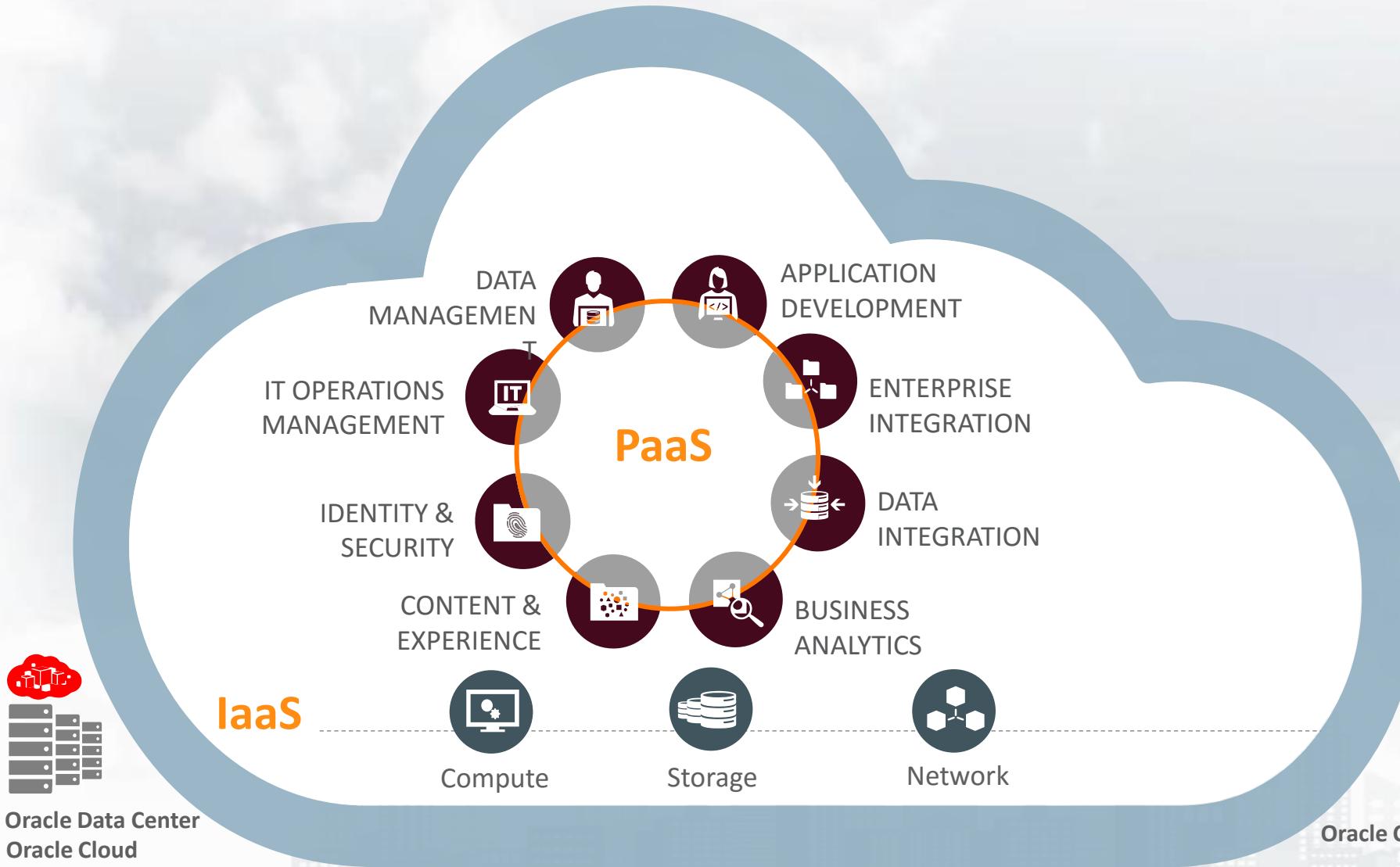
Data-as-a-Service

Software-as-a-Service

Platform-as-a-Service

Infrastructure-as-a-Service

# Oracle Cloud Platform



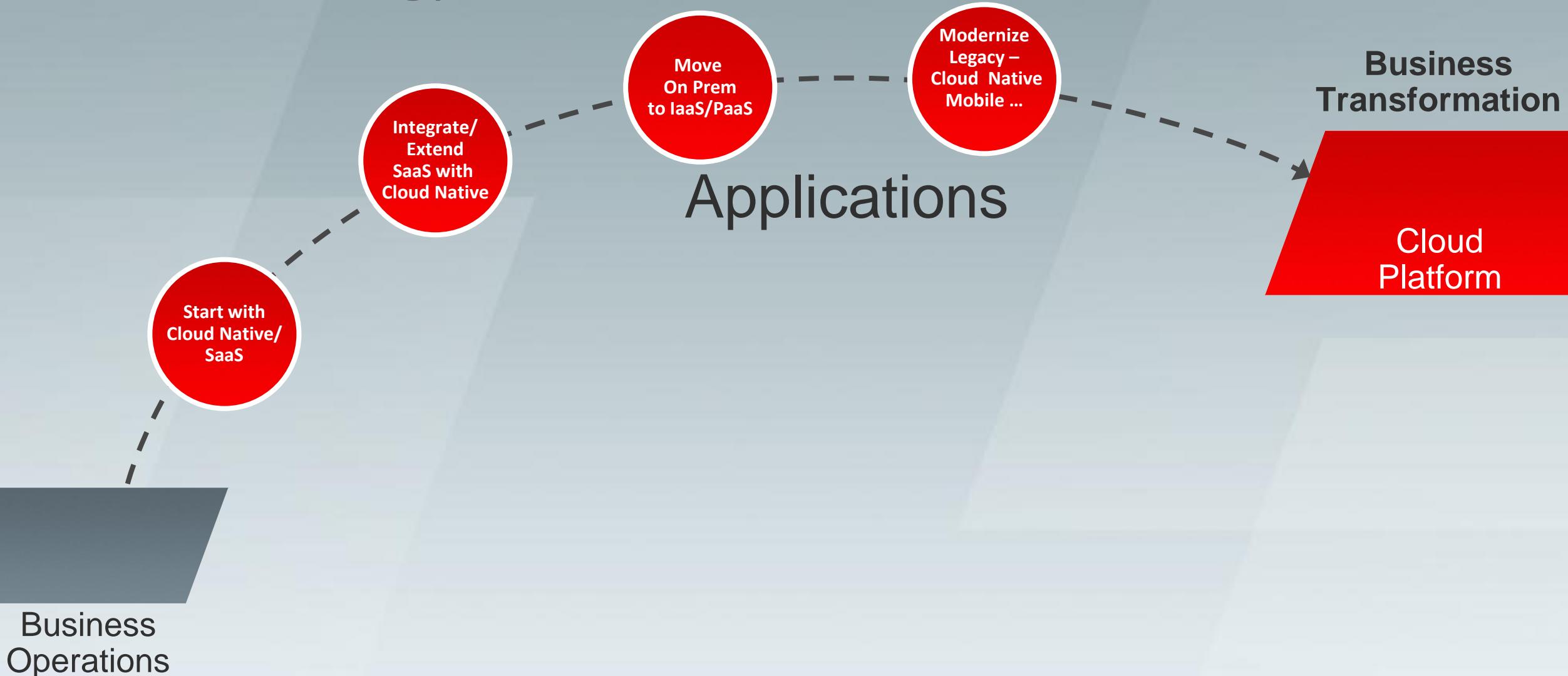
Hybrid Cloud

Comprehensive

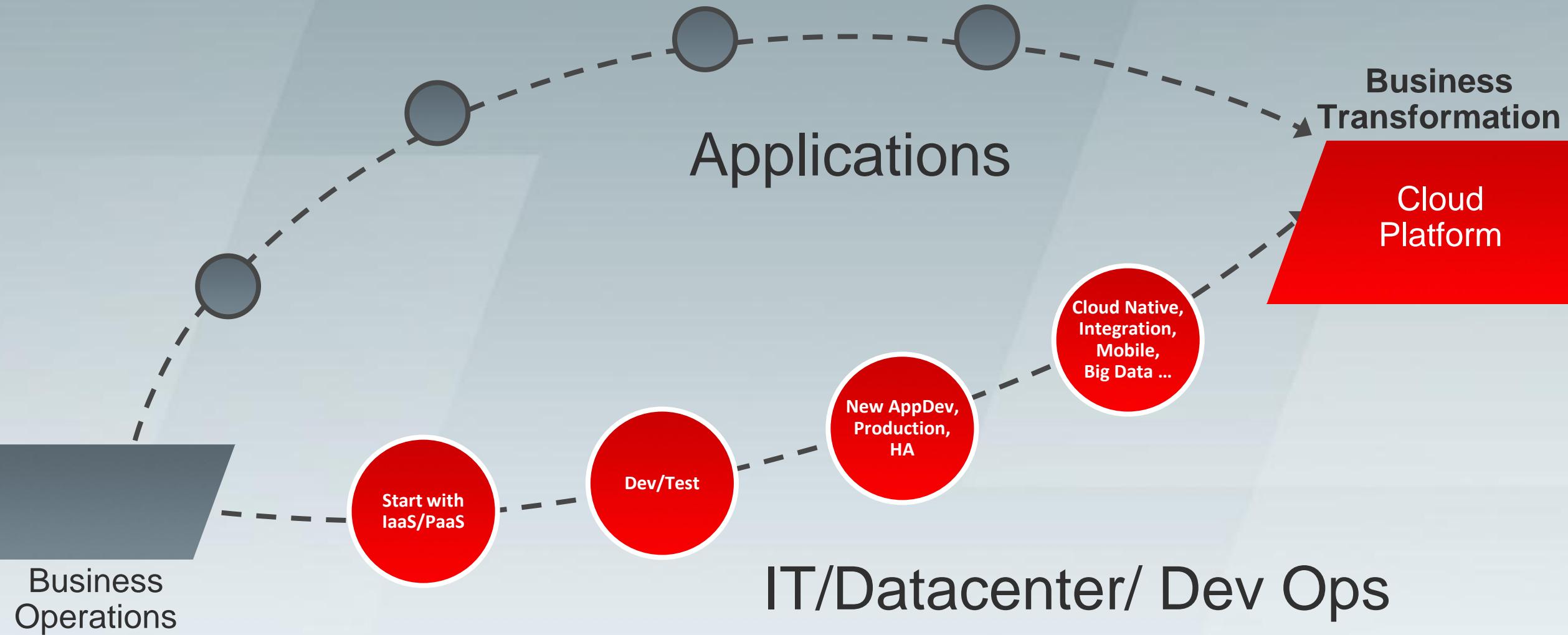
Integrated

Open

# A Cloud Strategy Point of View



# A Cloud Strategy Point of View



# AppDev is About our Customer's Entire Portfolio

Innovation Software - Find the Next Business (PaaS/Cloud)

Differentiation Software - Run Current Business (Java/DB → PaaS)

Core Software - Keep the Lights On  
(ERP → IaaS/SaaS)

Aged Software,  
Limited DevOps

Mature, Stable Software,  
First Generation DevOps

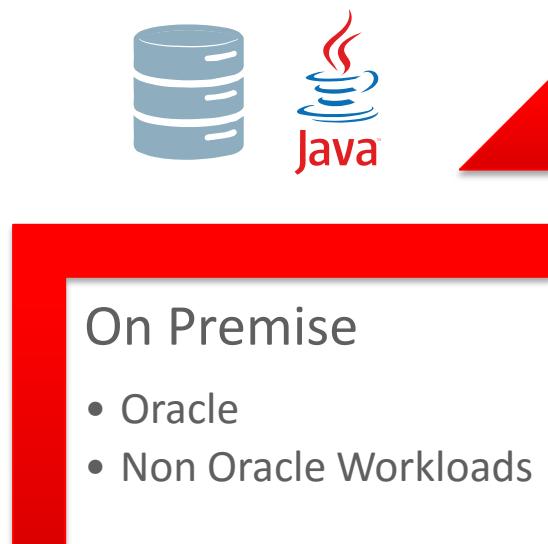
Modern,  
Emerging Software,  
Modern DevOps

# Cloud Native Application Development



# Oracle Cloud AppDev Strategy – Modernization First

## Migrate/Extend to Cloud, Modernize to PaaS, Build New Cloud Native



### Rehost to Cloud

- Core (ERP/CRM) workloads
- Legacy workloads
- Non Oracle workloads

### Modernize to PaaS

- Differentiation workloads
- Java, SOA, and Database

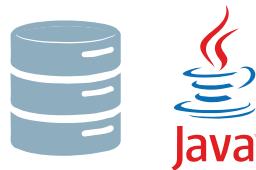


### Build New Cloud Native

- Innovation workloads
- Net new applications
- Extend/surround legacy

# Oracle Cloud AppDev Strategy – Cloud Native First

## Migrate/Extend to Cloud, Modernize to PaaS, Build New Cloud Native



### On Premise

- Oracle
- Non Oracle Workloads

### Build New Cloud Native

- Innovation workloads
- Net new applications
- Extend/surround legacy



### Rehost to Cloud

- Core (ERP/CRM) workloads
- Legacy workloads
- Non Oracle workloads

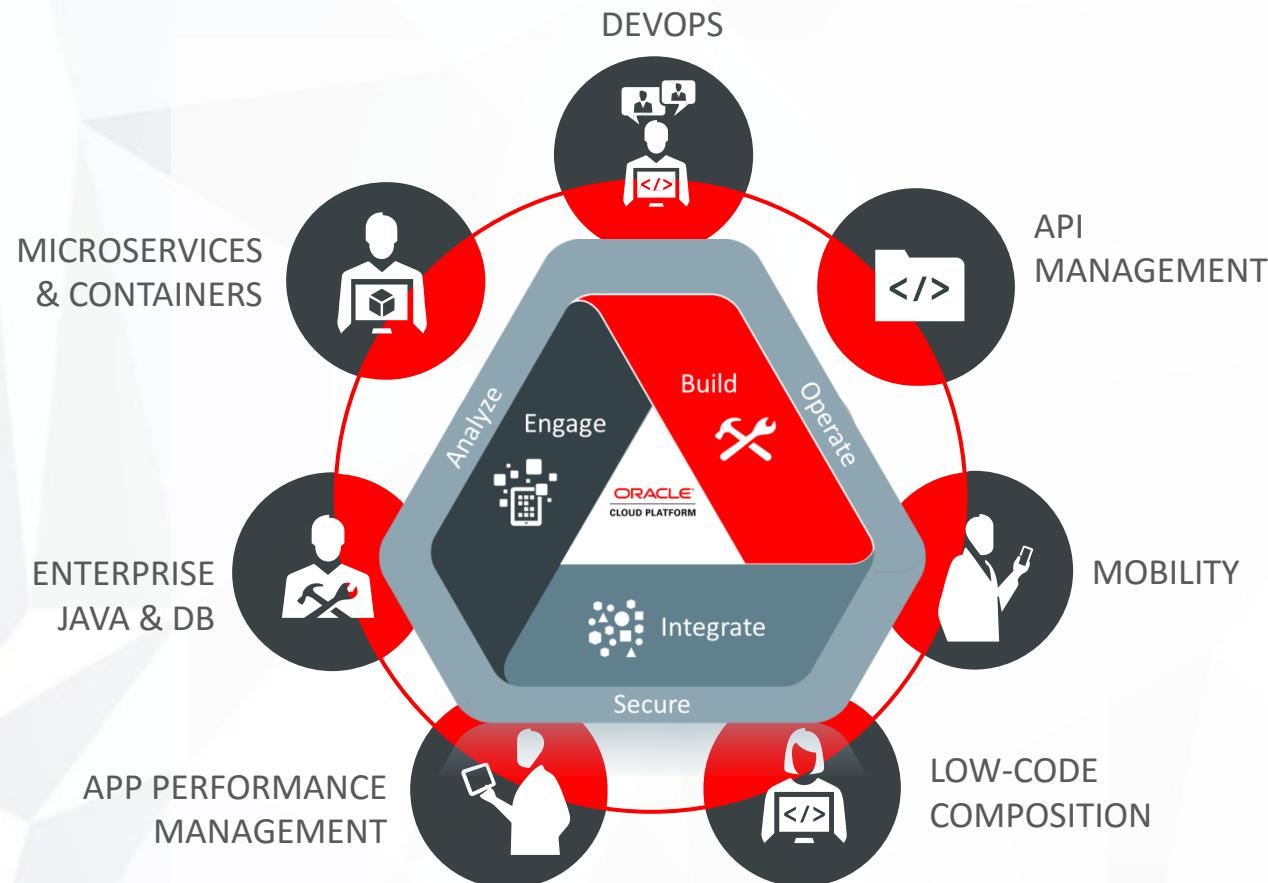


Java Cloud, SOA Cloud,  
DB Cloud, Dev Cloud

### Modernize to PaaS

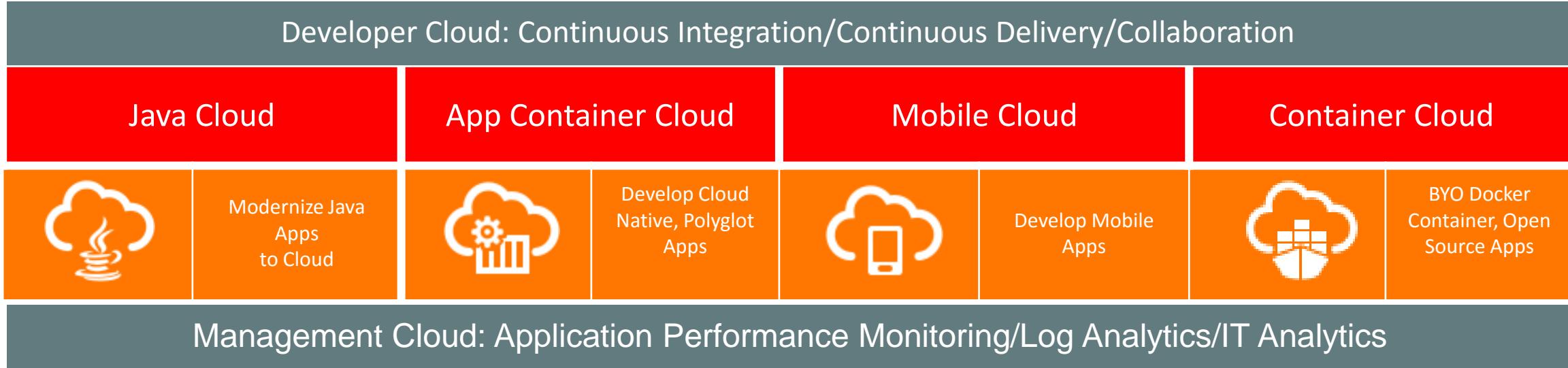
- Differentiation workloads
- Java, SOA, and Database

# Oracle Cloud Platform: For Application Development



- **Comprehensive AppDev**
  - Cloud native, migrate, low code
- **Automated DevOps**
  - For continuous integration & delivery
- **API First**
  - Mobility & multi-channel delivery
- **Single Pane of Glass**
  - For monitoring & management

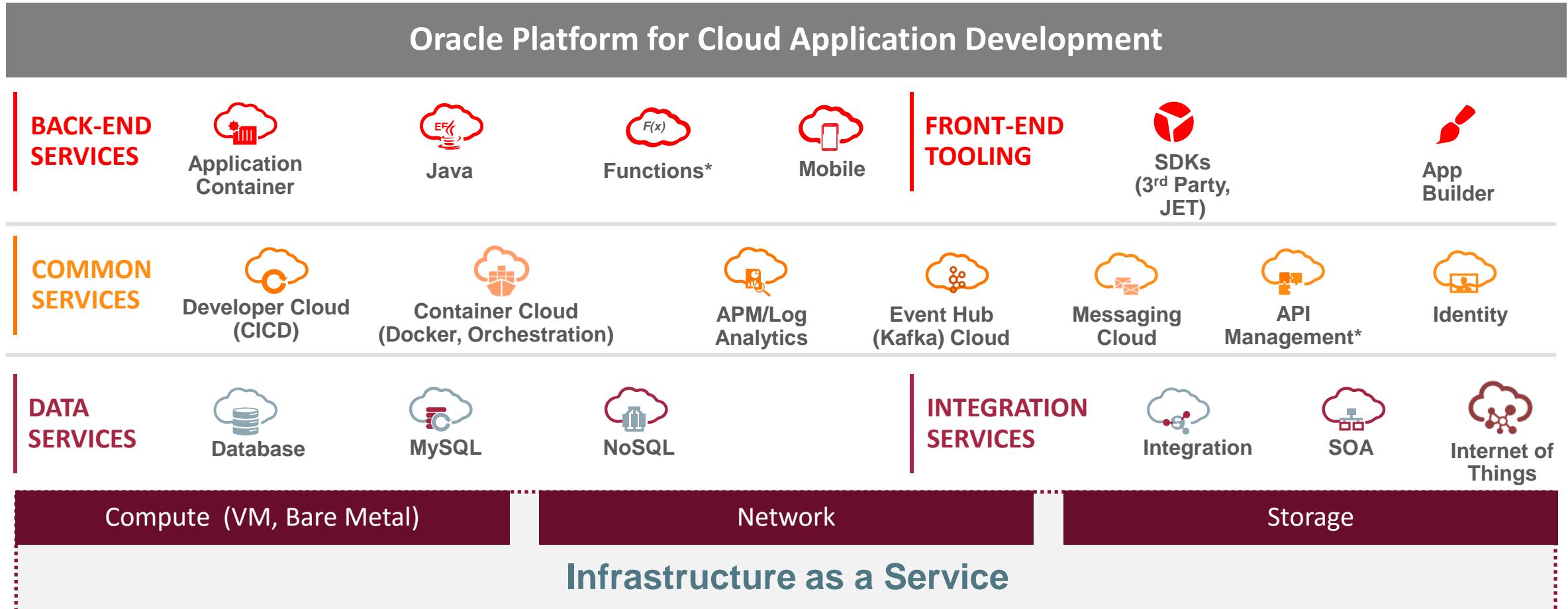
# Oracle's Platform for Cloud Native Development



- For all application types
- Cloud native developer infrastructure, DevOps built-in
- Managed platform (patching, scaling, backups, ...)
  - Cloud management tools built-in
  - Cloud and on-Premise app management

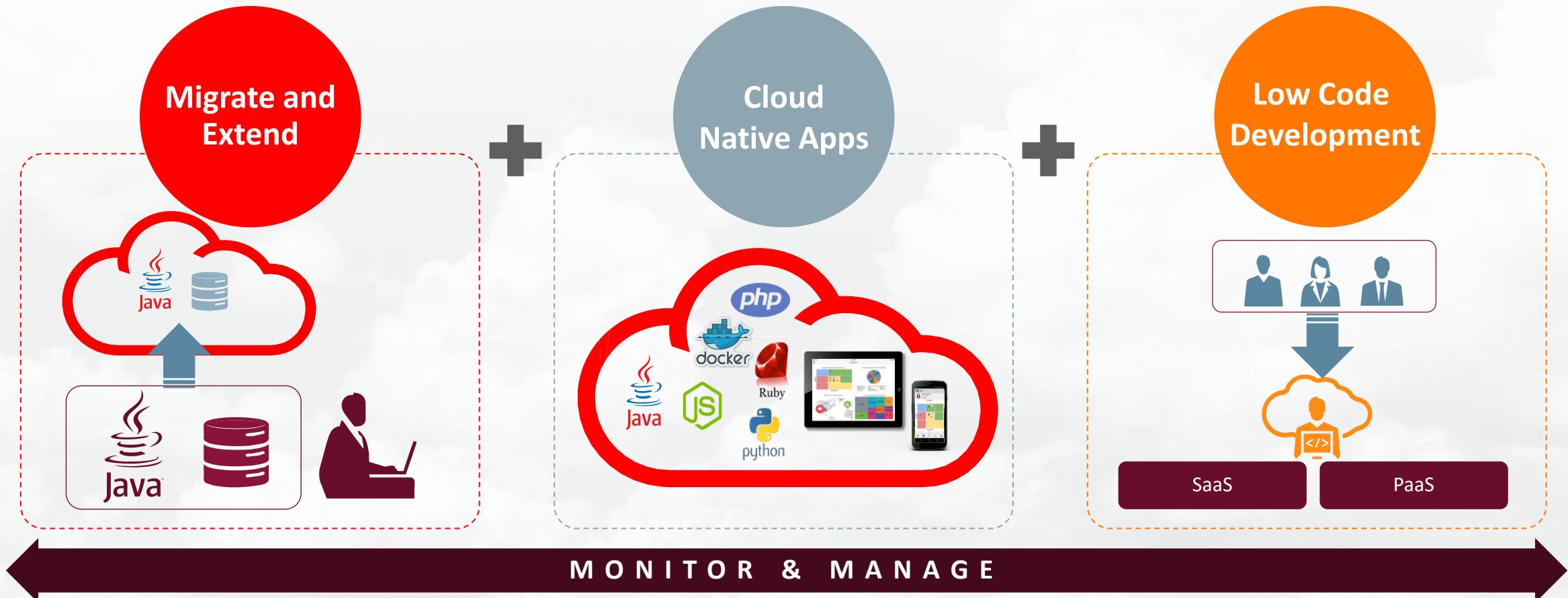
# Oracle Cloud Platform: Application Development Services

Unique in Blending Traditional, Cloud Native and Low Code with End to End PaaS



# Why is Oracle Different and Better at AppDev?

One Solution that Solves Migrate & Extend, Cloud Native and Low Code



# Two Key Development Approaches

## Build Modern, Cloud-Native Apps



App Container, App Builder, Mobile

More capabilities, faster  
Speed to market

Increased rate of innovation  
Easier experimentation

## Modernize Existing Workloads



Java, Database, IaaS

Offloading operations/IT  
Faster dev/test

Access to PaaS services  
Pre-integration

# Requirements for Cloud Native Development

**Scalable Elastic  
Polyglot  
Microservices**



**Automated  
DevOps for Agility**



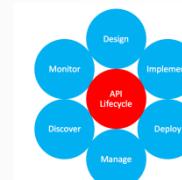
**Instrument for  
APM and Diagnostics**



**Containers  
For Simplicity &  
Extensibility**



**API First  
for Service  
Consumption**



**Mobile First and  
Modern Web UX**



# What is Oracle's Cloud Native AppDev Solution?



Developer Cloud

Continuous  
Integration/Continuous  
Delivery



Container Cloud

Docker Container  
Management &  
Orchestration



Application  
Container Cloud

Polyglot Lightweight  
Applications



API Platform Cloud

Publish/Manage Service  
APIs



Management  
Cloud

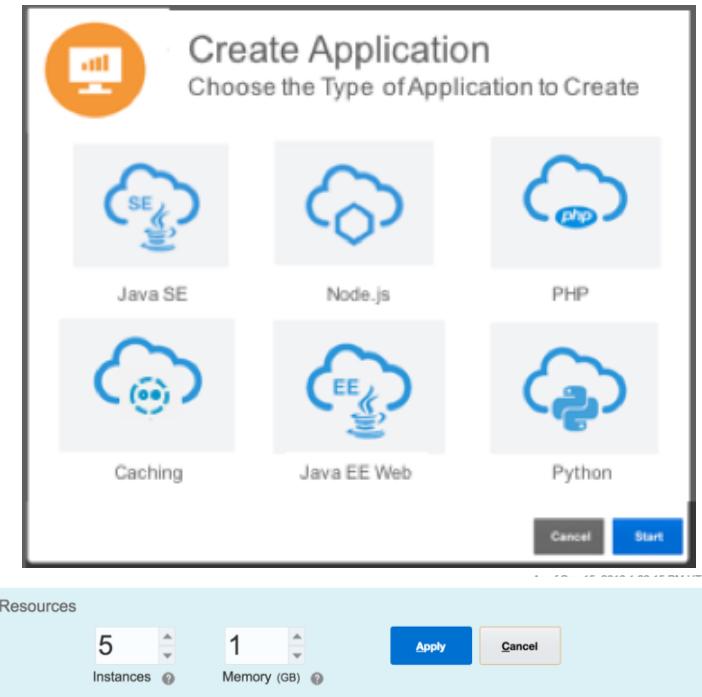
APM, Security and Log  
Analytics

# Application Container Cloud – Polyglot Cloud Native Apps

Java SE, Java EE, Node, PHP, Caching ...

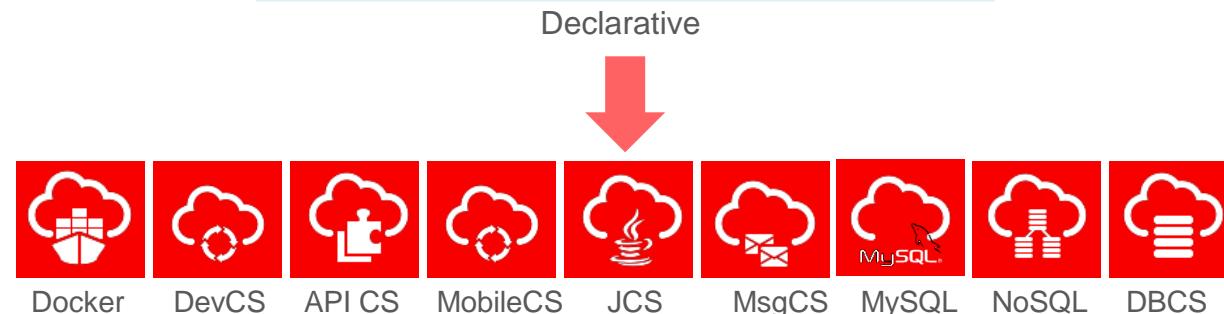
**Cloud native, polyglot Applications**

**Integrated Cloud Native PaaS Services**



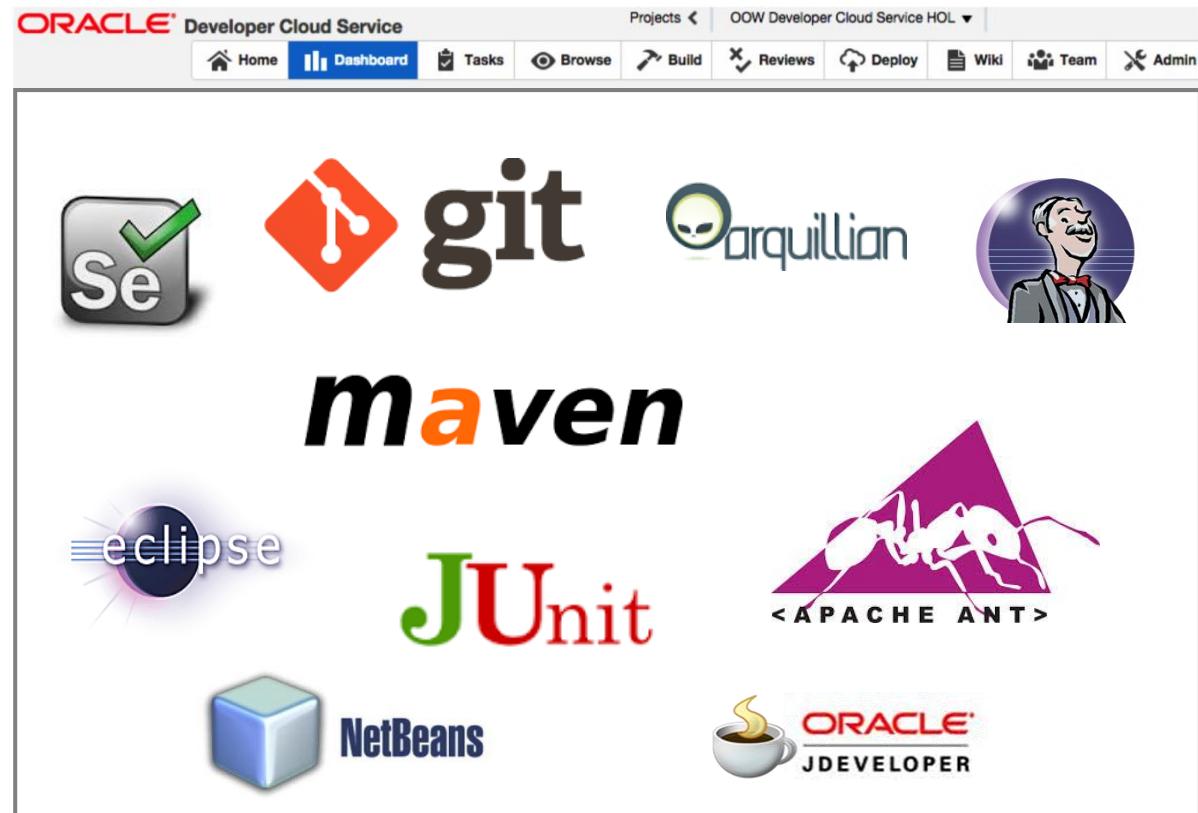
**Built on Docker with Autoscaling/Elasticity**

**Integrates to Existing Oracle Workloads**



# Developer Cloud Service – Continuous Integration/Delivery and Agile Development for Cloud Native Apps

- Standards Based
  - Hosted Git, GitHub, Maven, Hudson
- Built-in IDE Integration
  - Eclipse, NetBeans, JDeveloper
- Testing Designed in
  - Selenium, Arquillian
- Built in Collaboration
  - Scrum/Agile, Wikis, Issue Tracking
- Choice of Deployment Target
  - Java Cloud, Java SE or Node Cloud, SOA Cloud, Mobile Cloud





# Container Cloud Service for Full Control Docker

The image displays four screenshots of the Oracle Container Cloud Service interface, connected by blue arrows:

- Resource Pools:** Shows a list of host pools: default (1 active, 0 inactive), Dev-1 Server (1 active, 0 inactive), Development (4 active, 0 inactive), Production (3 active, 0 inactive), and QA (4 active, 0 inactive).
- Stacks > Edit ELK Stack:** Shows the ELK Stack configuration with components: logstash, elasticsearch, and kibana.
- Deployments > MR-HAP-nginx-wCks:** Shows deployment details for MR-HAP-nginx-wCks, including a table of containers and a HAProxy load balancer status.
- Dashboard:** A unified dashboard showing 6 deployments, 11 hosts, 5 resource pools, and various service metrics like CPU usage and health checks.

## Configuration Management

- Create Instances as Needed
- Define Resource Pools
- Add Private Registries

## Application Deployment

- Edit Create New Services
- Compose Application Stacks
- Deploy Stacks with 1 Click

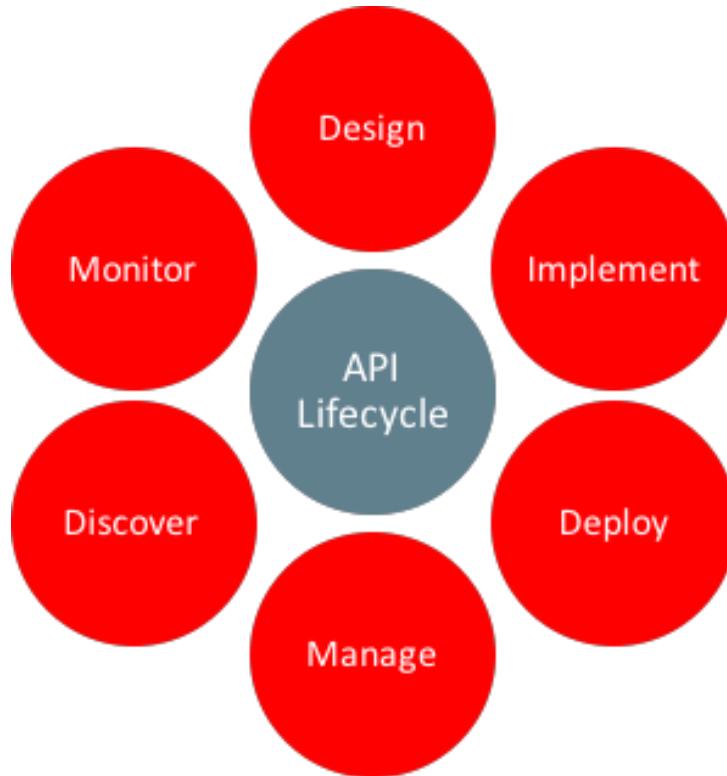
## Container Orchestration

- Automated Deployment
- Multi-Host, Easy Scale Out
- Built in Service Discovery

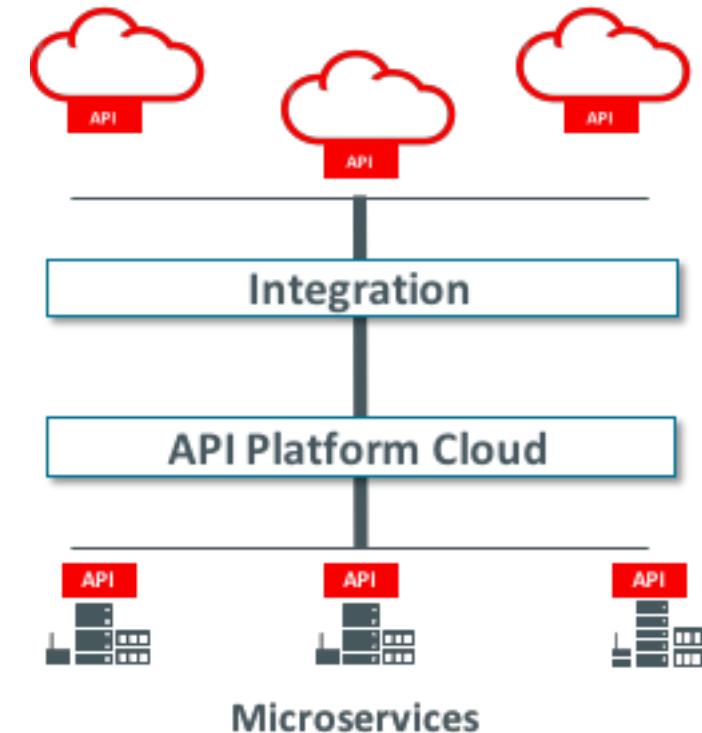
## Operations Management

- Integrated Health Checks
- Unified Dashboard
- Monitoring and Auditing

# API Platform Cloud – Design, Implement, Deploy, Secure and Manage Cloud Native Application APIs

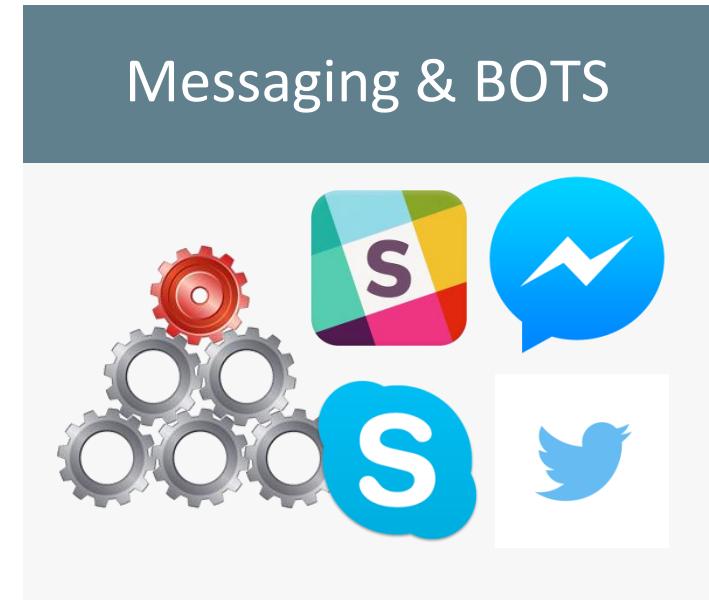
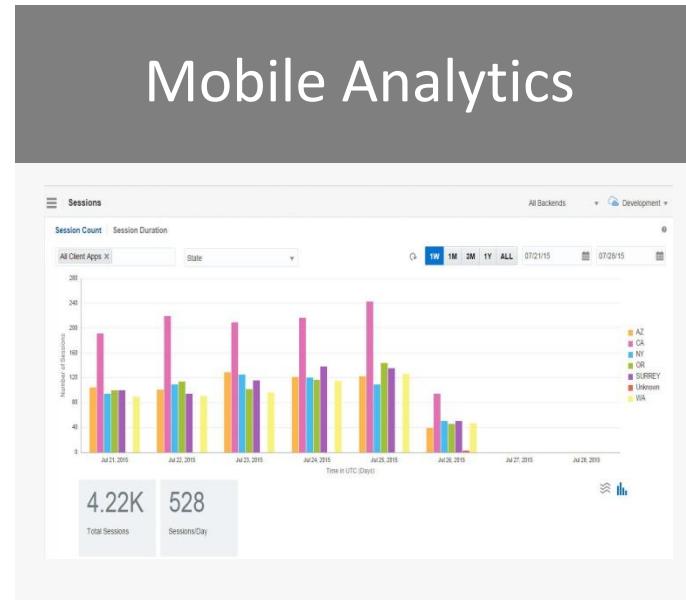


End to End Platform for Managing APIs



Bringing Unified Model Connecting Microservices to PaaS & SaaS Services

# Mobile Cloud Service – Deliver Cloud Native Applications through Multiple Channels



# Oracle Management Cloud Services: Monitor, Analyze and Diagnose Cloud Native Applications



## Application Performance Monitoring

Improve End-User Experience and System Performance; Diagnose Performance Issues Faster



## Log Analytics

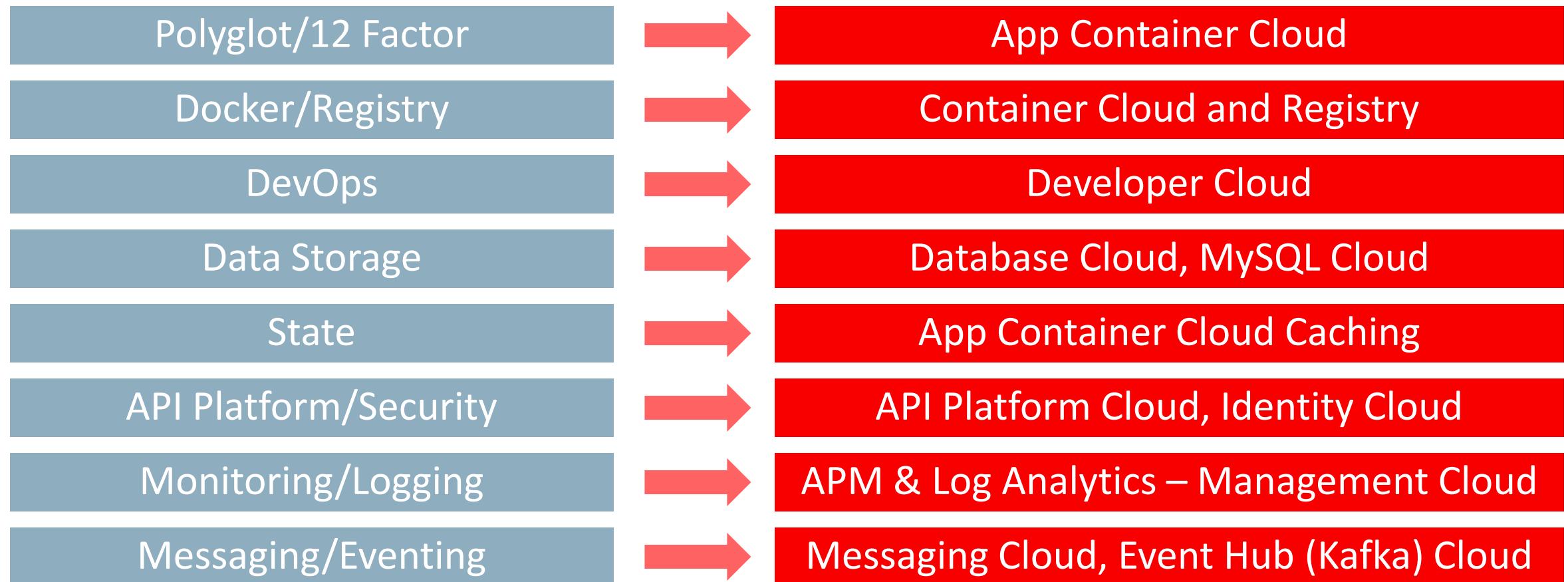
Extract Value from Logs by Collecting, Correlating, and Searching Any Kind of Log Data; Quickly Discover Anomalies



## IT Analytics

Make Critical Decisions About Your IT Estate; Plan For Growth, Run What-If Analyses, Compare Resource Usage

# End to End Cloud Native Capability Mapping



# Summary: Why is Oracle Better at Cloud Native?

## First Class Cloud Native Platform

- Polyglot microservices on Application Container Cloud built on Docker foundation – Full Lifecycle Support

## Integrated DevOps Foundation

- Continuous integration and delivery pipeline with Developer Cloud Service

## API Management for Application APIs

- API Platform Cloud Service – Secure, Version, Analyze APIs

## Complete Visibility and Diagnostics

- Application Performance Monitoring and Log Analytics with Oracle Management Cloud

## PaaS Ecosystem to Integrate and Extend Apps

- Integration Cloud Service, Java Cloud Service, Database Cloud Service, Mobile Cloud Service ...

# Two Key Development Approaches

## Build Modern, Cloud-Native Apps



App Container, App Builder, Mobile

More capabilities, faster  
Speed to market  
Increased rate of innovation  
Easier experimentation

## Modernize Existing Workloads



Java, Database, IaaS  
Offloading operations/IT  
Faster dev/test  
Access to PaaS services  
Pre-integration

# Requirements for Modernizing Existing Workloads

Migrate Existing Workloads without Change



Automate Development with DevOps



Instrument for APM and Diagnostics



Automate Ongoing Maintenance/ Lifecycle



Extend with Microservices



Modernize with Mobile and Modern Web UX



# What is Oracle's Java and Database Modernization Solution?

## Onboarding Workloads to Automated DevOps, Maintenance, Elasticity, DR and More



AppToCloud  
Migration



DB Backup/Restore  
DB Clone  
DB Multitenant  
Data Pump



DevOps Enabled

Elasticity and  
Autoscaling

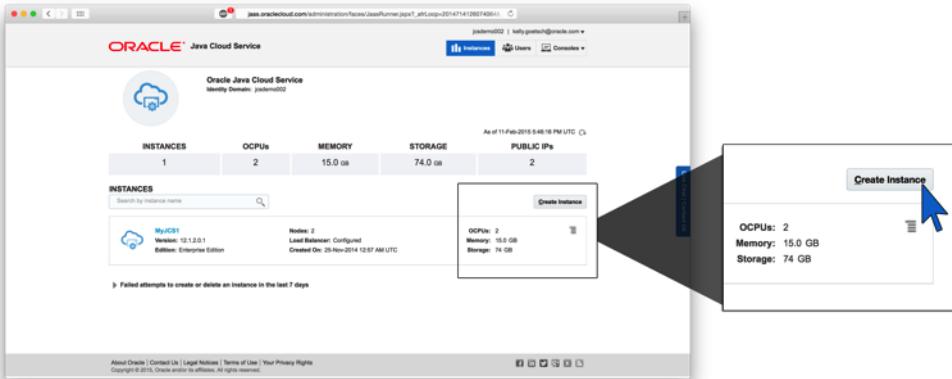
Automated Patching

Automated  
Backup/Restore

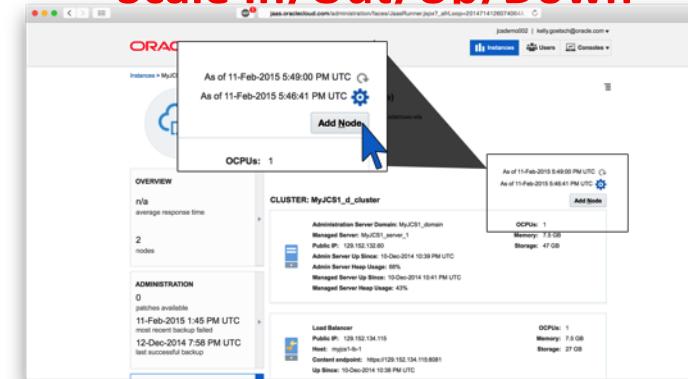
Automated Disaster  
Recovery

# Lifecycle Automation with Java Cloud and Database Cloud

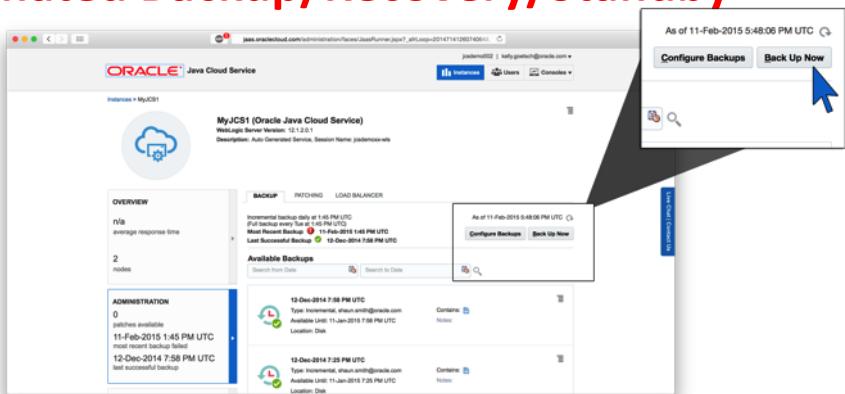
## Instant Provisioning



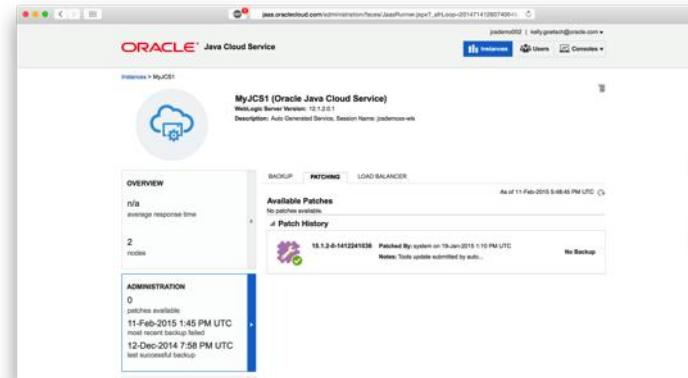
## Automated Elasticity/Autoscaling Scale In/Out/Up/Down



## Automated Backup/Recovery/Standby



## Integrated, Automated Patching



Driven via API, CLI and Web UI

# Seamlessly Integrated into Existing DevOps Pipelines

## Automation Tools



## DevOps Pipelines



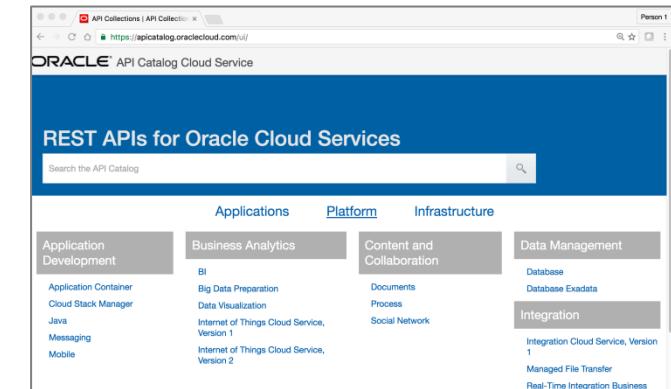
## Command Line tools or curl

```
>psm setup  
>psm list services  
>psm push app ...
```

```
>curl -i -X GET -H  
"Authorization:joe  
@example.com:joePa  
ssword" \ -H ...
```



## Service API Catalog



## Service APIs

### REST APIs for IaaS

- Docker, VMs, Storage, Network

### REST API for PaaS

- AppDev, Integration, Mobile, BI, DB...

### REST APIs for SaaS

- ERP, Service, Sales, Support ...

# Enabling Modernization and Cloud Native Extensions

Strangle/Extend the Monolith by Taking Advantage of Cloud Native Services

Enterprise Java, FMW  
Database Workloads on Cloud



Ecosystem to  
Extend and  
Modernize

Integration  
(Integration Cloud)

Cloud Native  
(Polyglot Microservices)

Mobile and IoT  
(Mobile and IoT Cloud Service)

Low Code UX  
(AppBuilder Cloud)

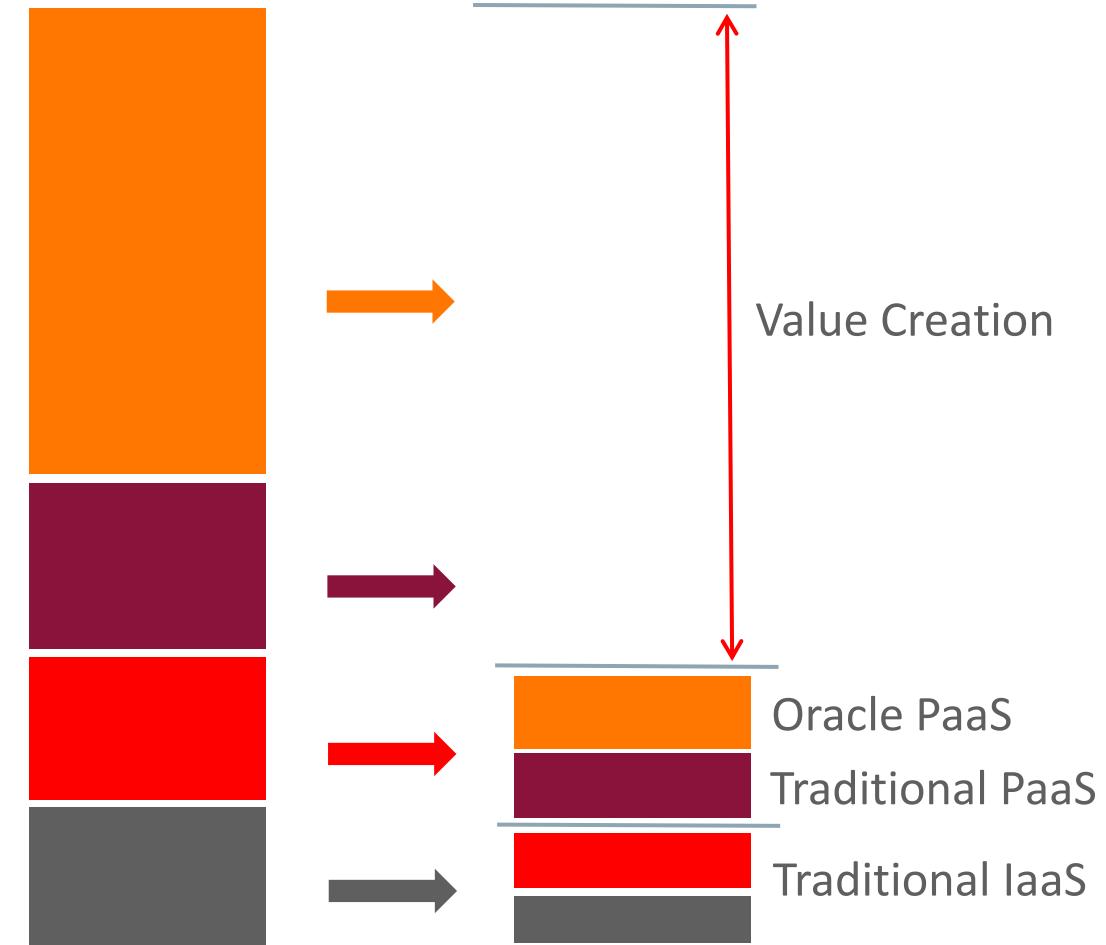
# Value Creation with Cloud Automation for Enterprise Workloads

**Ongoing Maintenance Cost:** Backup, Patching, Hardware Upgrade, OS Upgrade, Firmware Upgrade, Software Upgrade, Test-Dev Synchronization, Cloning, Data Masking, Security Configuration Checks, Security Auditing, ...

**Software Cost:** License, Installation, Configuration, Security Setup, DR Setup, ...

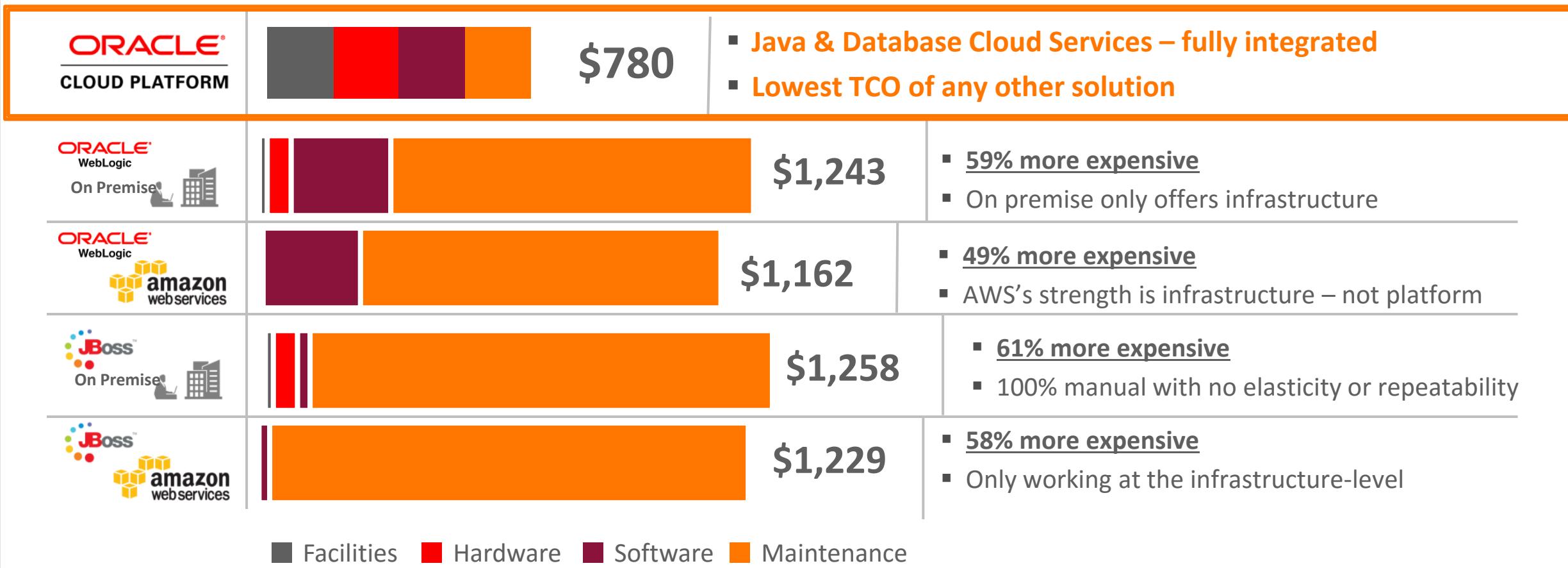
**Hardware Cost:** Servers, Storage, Network, ...

**Facilities Cost:** Data Center, ISP, CDN, DNS, ...



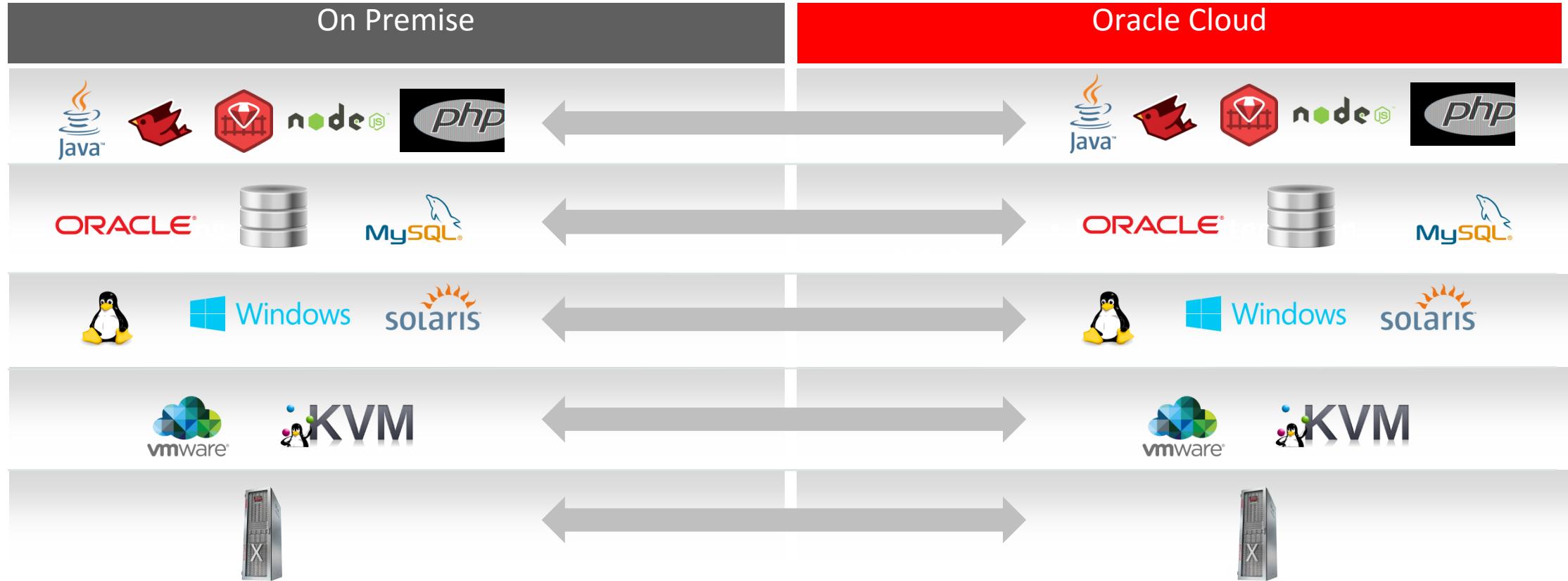
# Java and Database Workload TCO Results with Oracle Cloud

## Cost/core/month over 4 years for 1,000 cores



# Part of a Full Solution for Modernizing Existing Workloads

Transparently Move **All** Application and Database Workloads to Cloud



# Summary: Why is Oracle Better at Java and DB Modernization

Automated Tools to Migrate Workloads

- AppToCloud, Multitenant DB and WLS, Full support for OS/Virtualization - Windows, Solaris, Linux, VMWare, KVM ...

Complete Support for Oracle Workloads:  
Java, Fusion Middleware and Database

- First class services - Java Cloud, SOA Cloud, Database Cloud with Full Enterprise Capabilities

Not Just Oracle Workloads – Open  
Source, 3<sup>rd</sup> Party, Custom

- Over 120 Prepackaged OSS Images; 100's of Apps on Cloud Marketplace

Lowest Cost through Ongoing  
Maintenance Automation

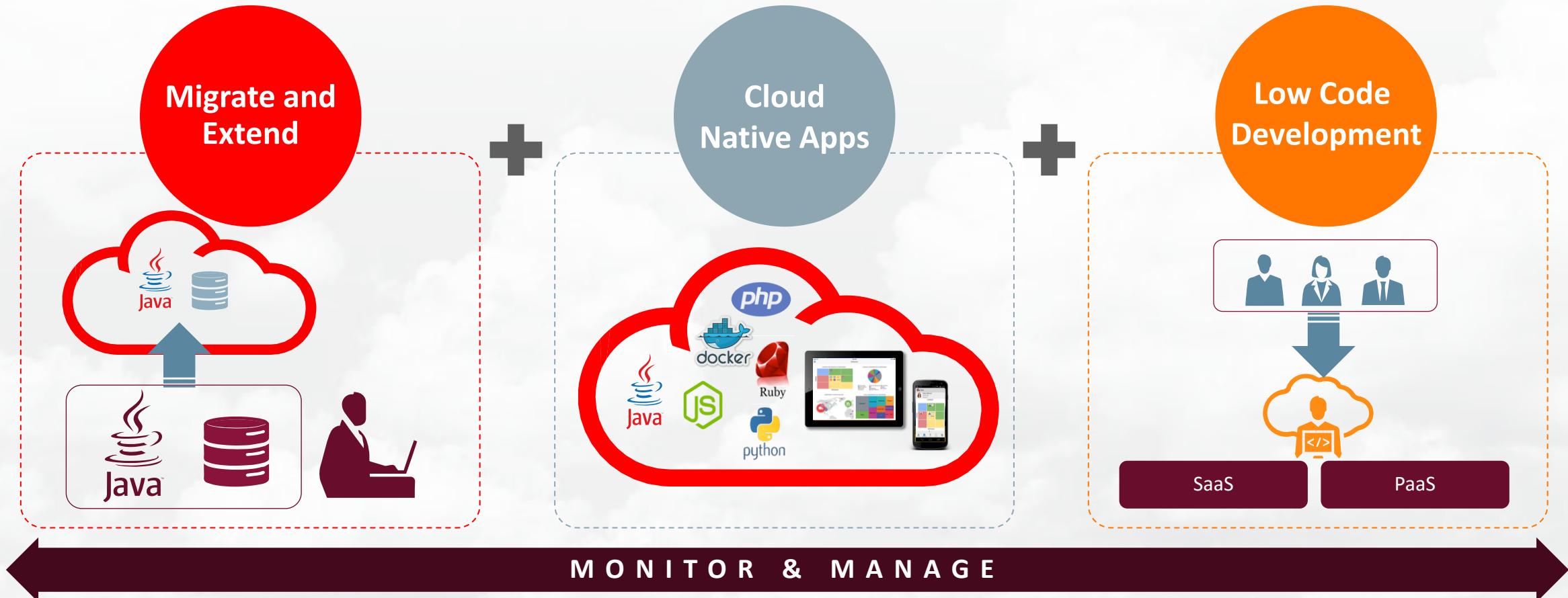
- Backup, Restore, Elasticity, DR, Patching ...

Extensive Ecosystem to Modernize

- Integration, Mobility, Internet of Things, Line of Business, Cloud Native, Big Data

# Oracle Cloud Application Development

One Solution that Solves Migrate & Extend, Cloud Native and Low Code

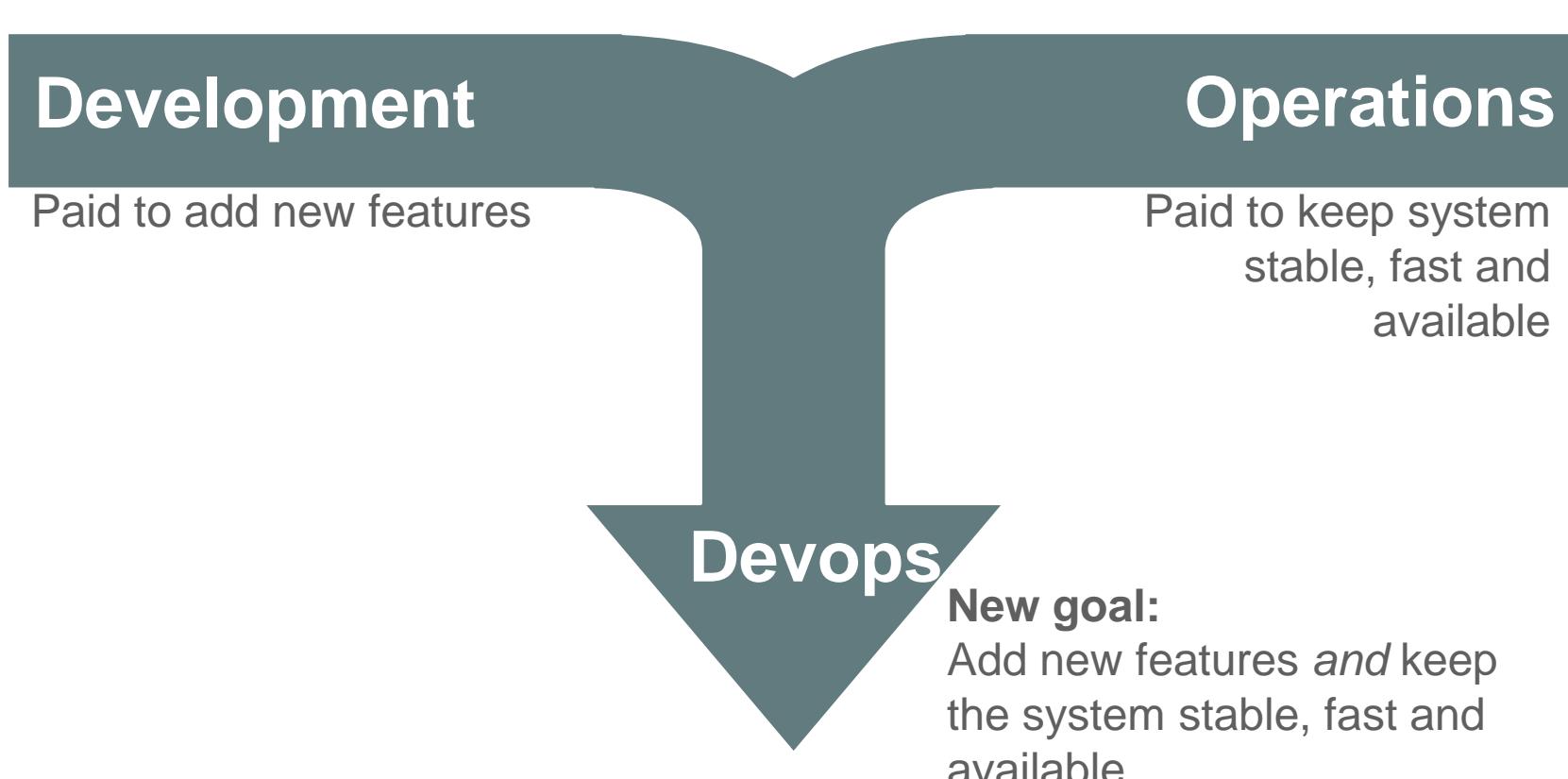


# DevOps

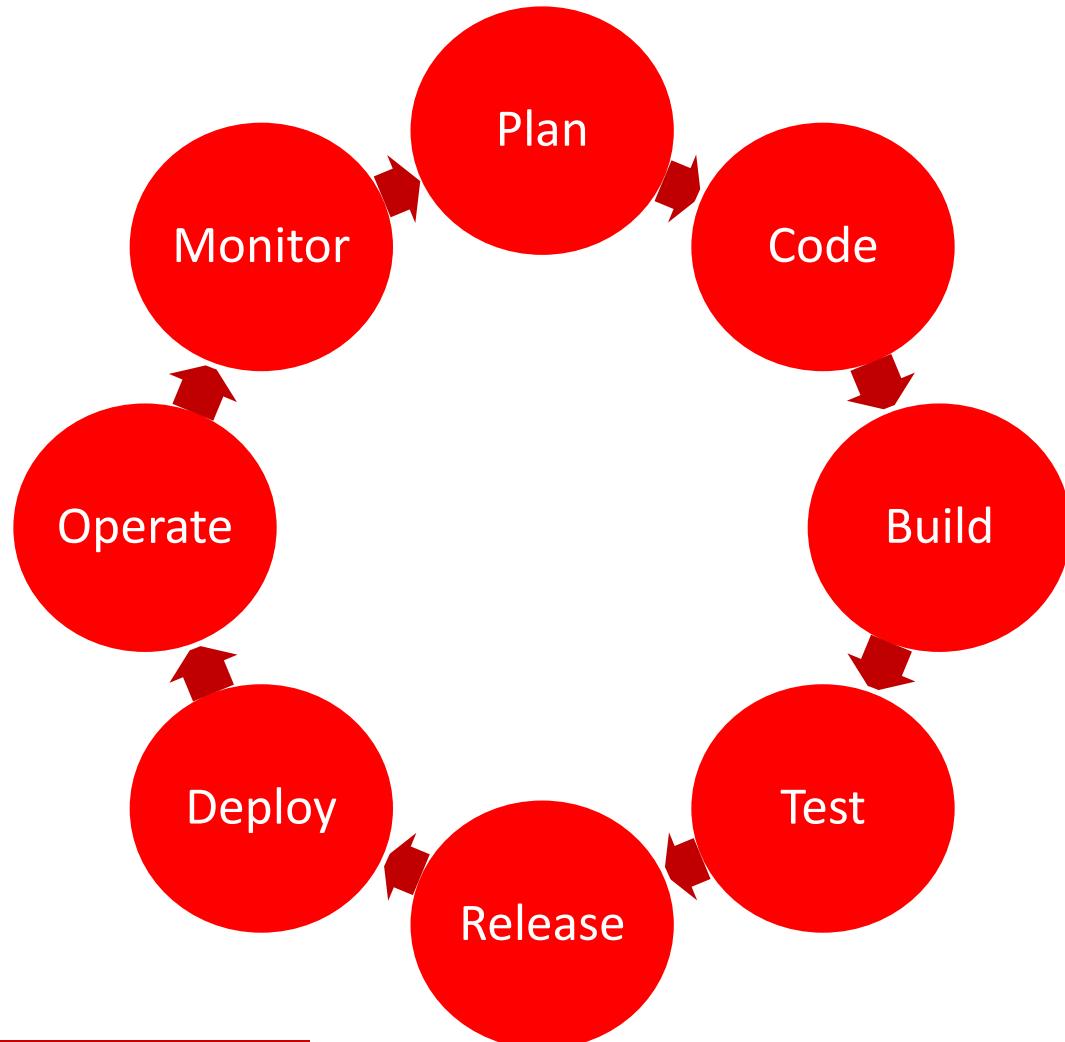


# DevOps Principles

Cultural movement enabled by technology

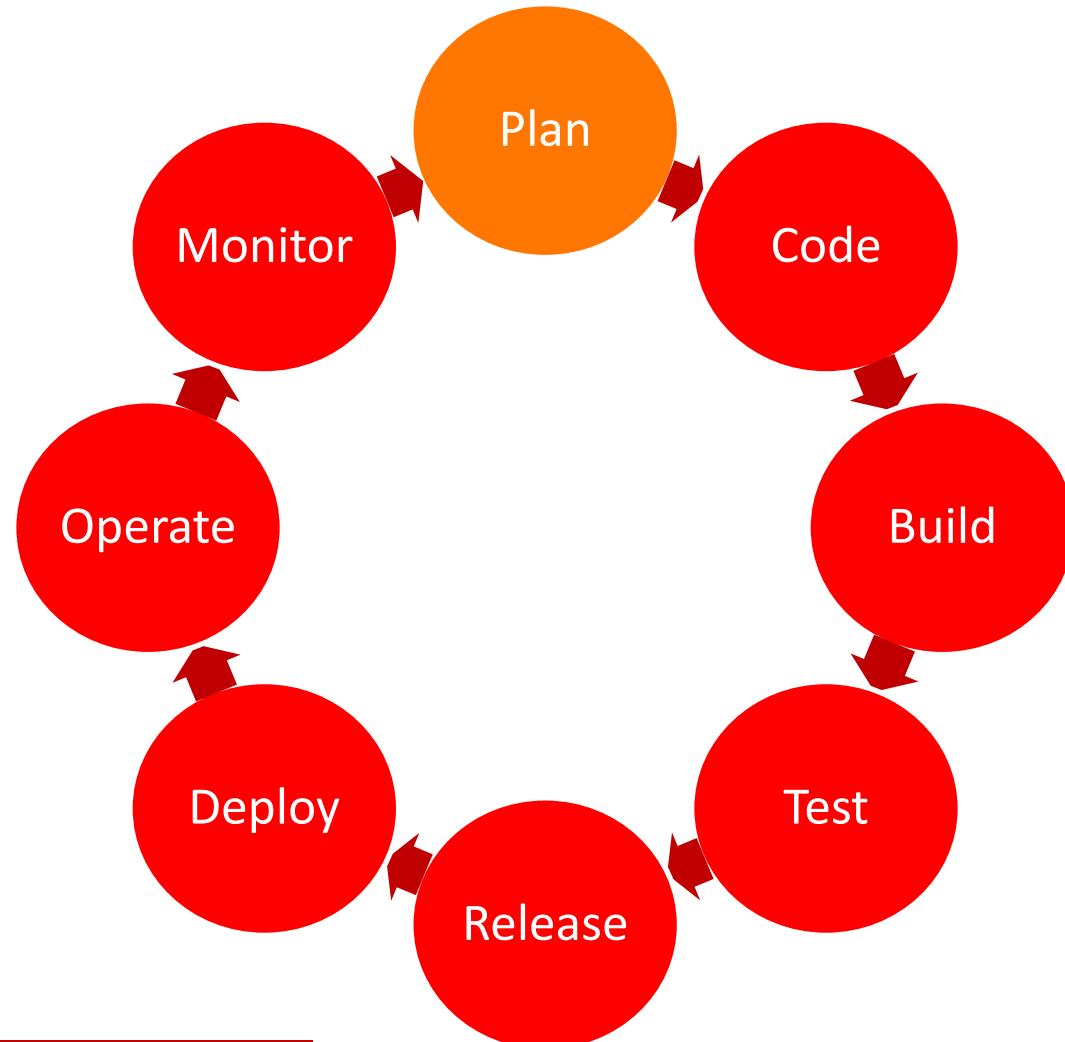


# DevOps



- DevOps is a culture, movement or practice that emphasizes the collaboration and communication of both software developers and other information-technology (IT) professionals while automating the process of software delivery and infrastructure changes. It aims at establishing a **culture** and **environment** where **building, testing, and releasing software, can happen rapidly, frequently, and more reliably.**  
— Wikipedia

# Developer Cloud Service



- Track Issues
- Agile Project Management
- Wikis

# Issue Tracking

The screenshot shows the Oracle Developer Cloud Service Agile interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for Home, Code, Snippets, Merge Requests, Issues, Agile (which is selected), Build, Deploy, Wiki, and Administration. Below the navigation bar, there's a search bar labeled "Search Not Available". The main area is titled "EmployeeACCS" and shows a "Rel13Sprint" with 3 issues. The sprint details are: "10/6/2016 2:32 PM • 10/20/2016 2:32 PM". The backlog summary shows "Backlog 0 issues" with the note "The backlog contains no issues." There are buttons for "New Issue" and "Edit sprint...". The sprint details table includes columns for priority, status, type, title, assignee, and points.

Priority	Status	Type	Title	Assignee	Points
Low	Open	Defect 3	Add UI test for value validation on Salaries	Shay Shmeltzer	5
High	Open	Task 2	Column Title on Employee Table not matching	Shay Shmeltzer	2
Low	Open	Defect 1	REST API for Employees only returns 20 rows	Dana Singletary	8

# Agile and Sprint Planning

The screenshot shows the Oracle Developer Cloud Service interface for the EmployeeACCS project. The top navigation bar includes links for Home, Code, Snippets, Merge Requests, Issues, Agile, Build, Deploy, Wiki, and Administration. The Agile tab is selected. Below the navigation is a search bar and a 'Team' dropdown. A banner indicates a 'Complete Sprint' from Rel13Sprint (10/6/2016 - 10/20/2016). The main area displays a sprint backlog with three columns: To Do (13), In Progress (1), and Completed (0). The 'In Progress' column has one item assigned to user dana.singleterry@oracle.com. The 'To Do' column has one item assigned to user shay.shmeltzer@oracle.com.

ORACLE® Developer Cloud Service

shay.shmeltzer@oracle.com ?

EmployeeACCS

Search Not Available

Home Code Snippets Merge Requests Issues Agile Build Deploy Wiki Administration

Team ▾ Backlog Active Sprints Reports Board ▾

Sprint: Rel13Sprint -- 10/6/2016 2:32 PM • 10/20/2016 2:32 PM Complete Sprint

Swimlanes Columns

Sort Issues by: Priority Sort Swimlanes by: User Name

To Do ( 13 ) In Progress ( 1 ) Completed ( 0 )

dana.singleterry@oracle.com

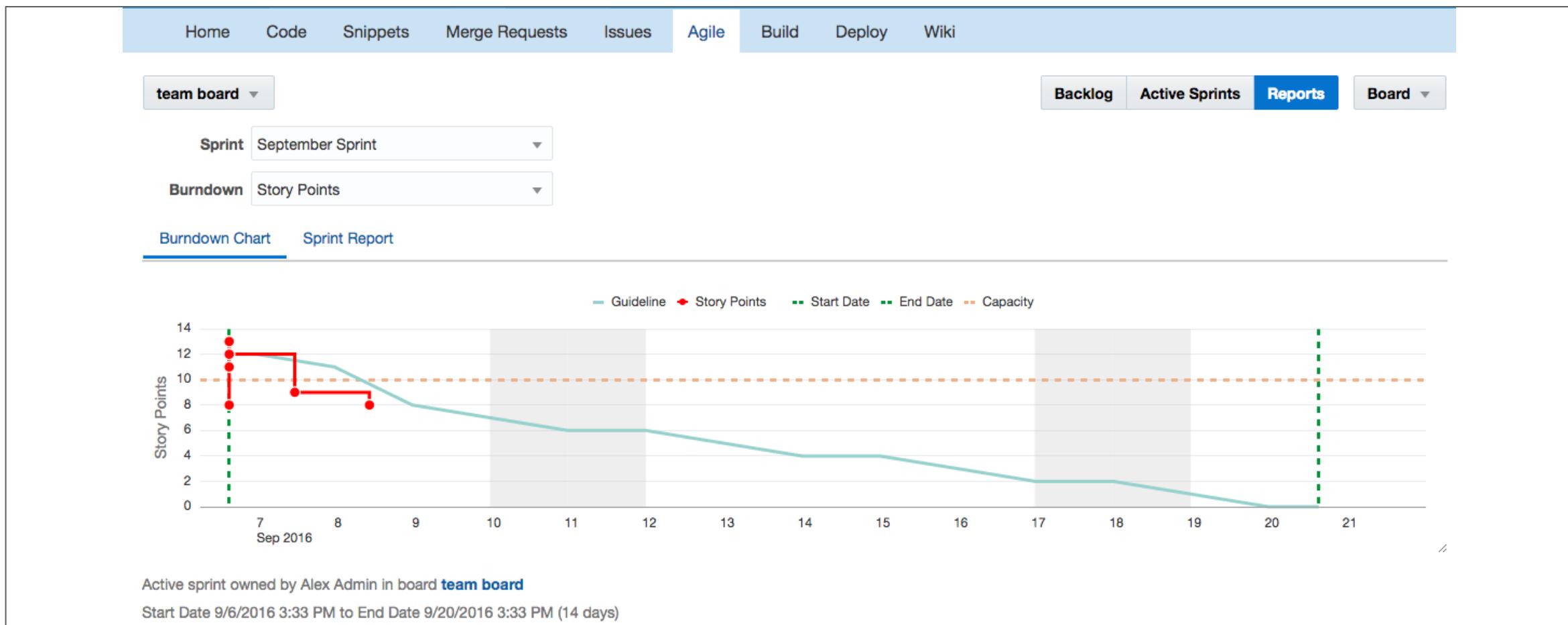
Defect 1 REST API for Employees only returns 20 rows UNCONFIRMED

shay.shmeltzer@oracle.com

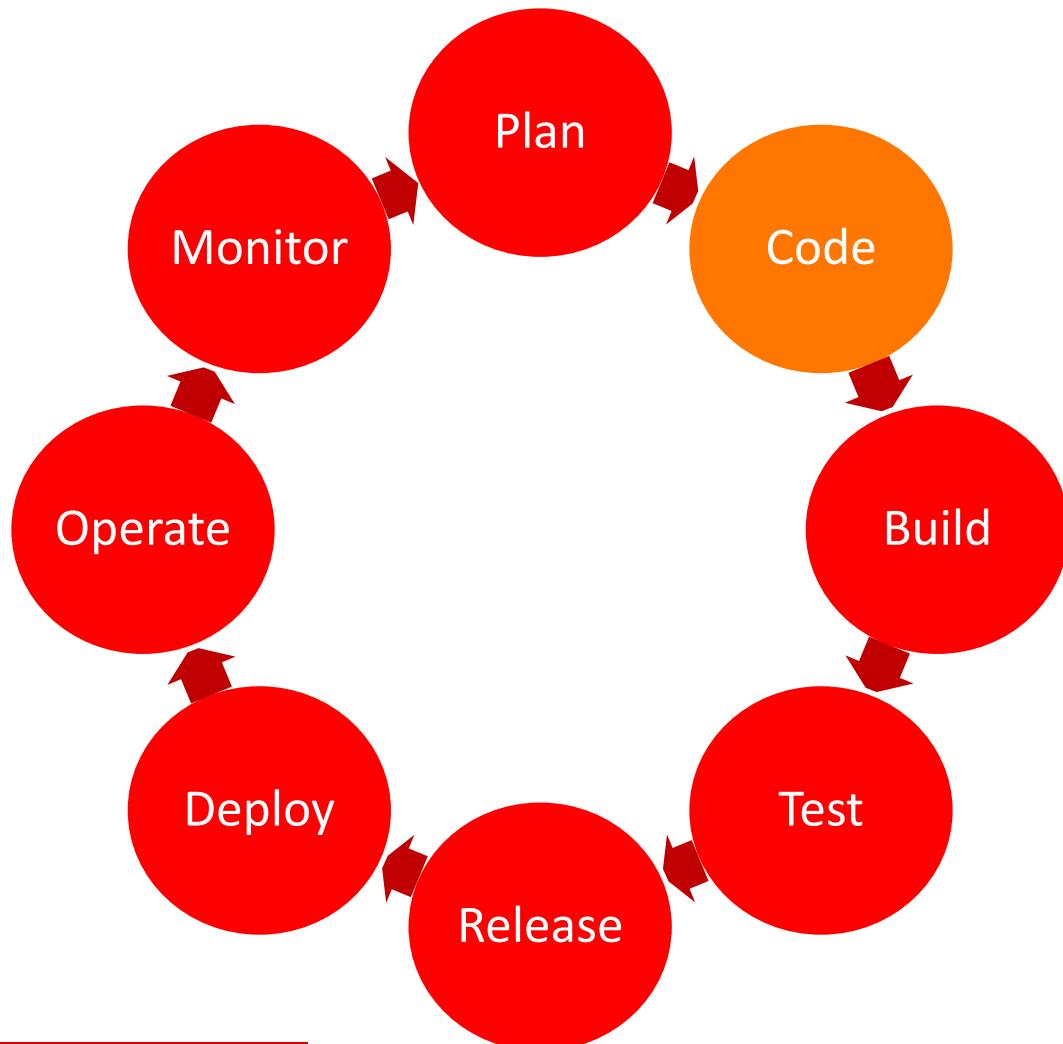
Defect 3 Add UI test for value validation on Salaries UNCONFIRMED

Task 2 Column Title on Employee Table not matching ASSIGNED

# Agile Reports for Progress Tracking



# Developer Cloud Service



- Git Repositories
- Coding in the Cloud
- Code Review
- IDE Integration



# Manage Code Repositories

The screenshot shows the Oracle Developer Cloud Service interface for managing code repositories. The top navigation bar includes the Oracle logo, the service name, and a user dropdown. Below the header, the application name "summitADFApp" is displayed with a checkmark icon. A search bar labeled "Search Code" is on the right.

The main menu bar contains links for Home, Code (which is selected), Merge Requests, Issues, Build, Deploy, Wiki, and Administration. The "Code" section shows a repository named "summitadfapp.git" under the "master" branch. A tooltip indicates "Click to add description of this repository." The repository listing shows the following files and their details:

File	Description	Author	Date
.adf / META-INF	first check-in of project	shay.shmeltzer	April 21 2015 3:34 PM -0700
Model	first check-in of project	shay.shmeltzer	April 21 2015 3:34 PM -0700
src / META-INF	first check-in of project	shay.shmeltzer	April 21 2015 3:34 PM -0700
ViewController	updated welcome message to hello	shay.shmeltzer	April 21 2015 3:37 PM -0700
build.properties	just checking in	shay.shmeltzer	April 22 2015 4:12 PM -0700
build.xml	Adding build files	shay.shmeltzer	April 22 2015 4:04 PM -0700
SummitADF.jws	first check-in of project	shay.shmeltzer	April 21 2015 3:34 PM -0700

A context menu is open over the commit for "ViewController", showing options to "Create Branch" and "Create Tag". It also displays the repository URL: <https://shay.shmeltzer%40oracle.com@dev>.

# Track Code Changes

The screenshot shows the summitADFAApp interface with the following details:

- Header:** summitADFAApp with a checkmark icon.
- Search Bar:** Search Code with a magnifying glass icon.
- Navigation:** Home, Code (selected), Merge Requests, Issues, Build, Deploy, Wiki, Administration.
- Code History:** Two commits are listed:
  - Commit 1: Author: shay.shmeltzer, Date: April 21 2015 3:34 PM -0700, Message: first check-in of project. Diff: +1 -1 index.jspf ViewController/public\_html.
  - Commit 2: Author: shay.shmeltzer, Date: April 21 2015 3:37 PM -0700, Message: updated welcome message to hello. Diff: +1 -1 index.jspf ViewController/public\_html.
- Diff View:** A detailed view of the code differences between the two commits, specifically for the file index.jspf at line 10. The changes are:

```
@@ -7,7 +7,7 @@
          id="pt1">
          <f:facet name="center">
            <af:panelTabbed id="pt2">
              <af:showDetailItem text="Welcome" id="sdi1"/>
              <af:showDetailItem text="Hello" id="sdi1"/>
              <af:showDetailItem text="Summit Management" id="sdi2" disclosed="true"
                stretchChildren="first">
```

# Conduct Peer Code Review and Merge Requests

The screenshot shows a Git commit history for a project named "summitadapp". The commit "2b46258" by "shay.shmeltzer" was made on April 21 2015 at 3:37 PM -0700. The commit message is "updated welcome message to hello". Below the commit, there are two diff entries for "index.jspf" in the "ViewController/public\_html" directory.

**Diff 1:** +1 -1 index.jspf ViewController/public\_html

**Diff 2:** +1 -1 index.jspf ViewController/public\_html

The second diff entry shows a change from line 10:

```
@@ -7,7 +7,7 @@
          id="pt1">
      <f:facet name="center">
          <af:panelTabbed id="pt2">
@@ -10 +10 @@
          <af:showDetailItem text="Welcome" id="sdi1"/>
          <af:showDetailItem text="Hello" id="sdi1"/>
@@ -11 +11 @@
          <af:showDetailItem text="Summit Management" id="sdi2" disclosed="true"
```

A modal dialog titled "Add Comment" is open over the diff view, containing the text "Need to use meaningful names for variable". The "OK" button is visible at the bottom of the dialog.

# Code in the Browser\*

The screenshot shows the Oracle Developer Cloud Service IDE interface. The left sidebar displays the project structure for 'PartsFinder' with files like .git, server.js, web.js, node\_modules, .gitignore, .project, accsnode.zip, Gruntfile.js, package.json, partsfinderapi.zip, and README.md. The right pane shows the 'server.js' file content:

```
function addTopic(tTitle, tText) {
    console.log("addTopic(" + tTitle + "," + tText + ")");
    var topicId = ++currentId;
    topicList.push({title: tTitle, id: topicId});
    topicDetail[topicId] = {title: tTitle, text: tText, comments: []};
    return topicId;
}
function addComment(topicId, text) {
    console.log("addComment(" + topicId + "," + text + ")");
    topicDetail[topicId].comments.push(text);
}

var id1 = addTopic("Topic 1","Topic 1 content");
var id2 = addTopic("Topic 2","Topic 2 content");
addComment(id1, "Good topic");
addComment(id2, "This is a comment");
addComment(id2, "This is another comment");

var server = http.createServer(function (request, response) {
    response.
```

A code completion tooltip is open over the 'response.' part of the code, listing various properties and methods:

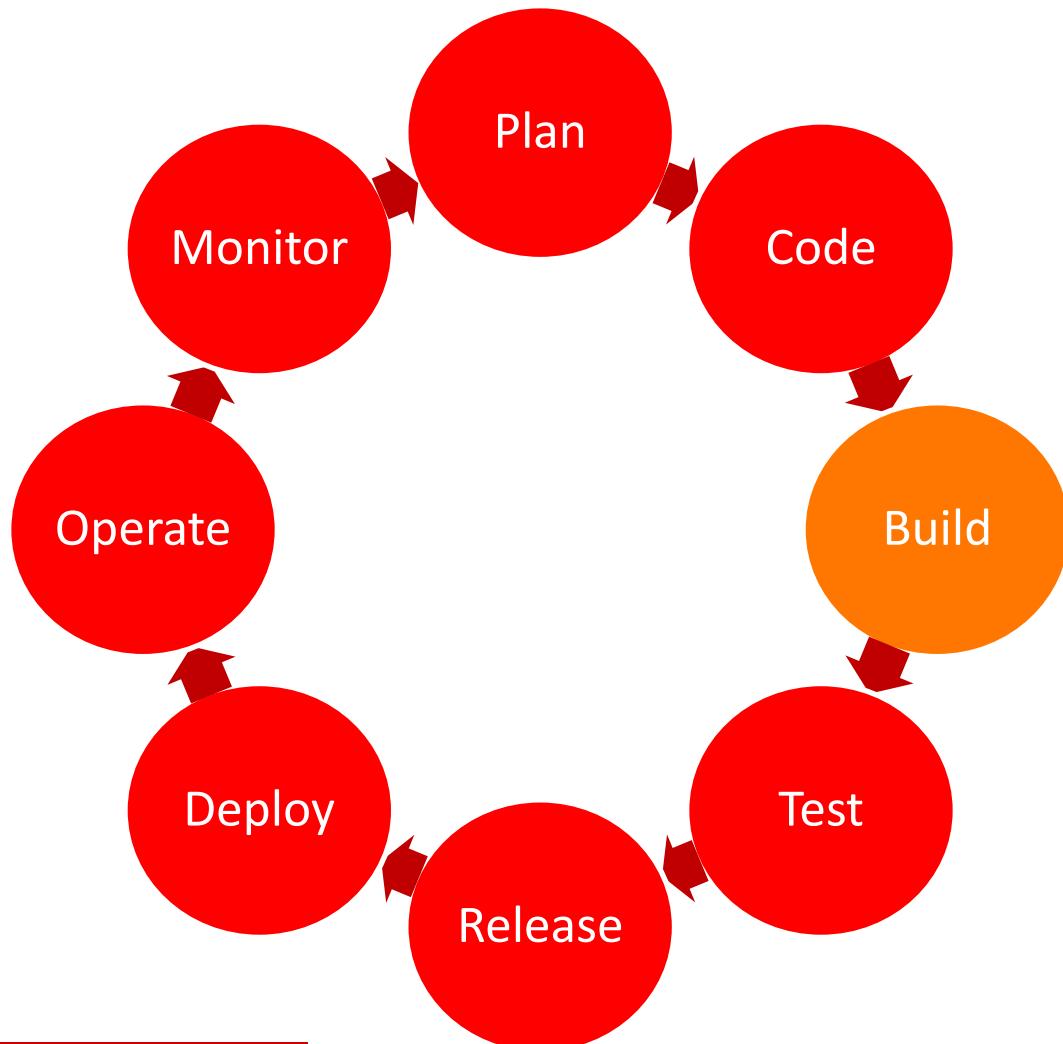
Property/Method	Type
_getResourcesString(key) : String	jet
_ROW_STATUSES : String	jet
addr : String	browser
abort() : undefined	Node.js
console.log()	browser
abs(x) : Number	core
accept : String	browser
acceptCharset : String	browser
acceptNode(n) : Integer	browser
accepts(types) : String	ExpressJS
acceptsCharsets(charset) : String	ExpressJS
handleRequest(request, response, requestInfo):	ExpressJS

The 'acceptNode' method is highlighted in the tooltip's description area, which states: 'Test whether a specified node is visible in the logical view of a TreeWalker or Nodewriter. This function will be called by the implementation of TreeWalker and Nodewriter; it is not normally called directly from user code. (Though you could do so if you wanted to use the same filter to guide your own application logic.)'

At the bottom, there are tabs for 'Find in Files', 'Working Set', 'Search For', 'Search', and 'Options'.

**\*Coming soon**

# Developer Cloud Service



- Support Popular Build Frameworks
- Orchestration and Dependencies
- Build Reports and Notifications



# Build Dashboard

ORACLE® Developer Cloud Service shay.shmeltzer@oracle.com ?

EmployeeACCS ✓ Search Not Available

Home Code Snippets Merge Requests Issues Agile Build Deploy Wiki Administration

◀ Jobs Overview employees-app-build Build Now Configure Disable Delete

Description

Simple build job to compile the employee webapp, package the jar dependencies, and zip up the manifest.json descriptor.

Console Changes Git Logs Audit

Permalinks

Last | Successful | Completed | Stable

Notifications On Off CC Me

Build History New Build 63% ↗

Status	Build	Time	Duration	Console
⌚	#3	Just now	N/A	↗
✓	#2	16 minutes ago	58 s 780 ms	↗

Artifacts of Last Successful Build

- employees-app
- (all files in zip)

Build Trend

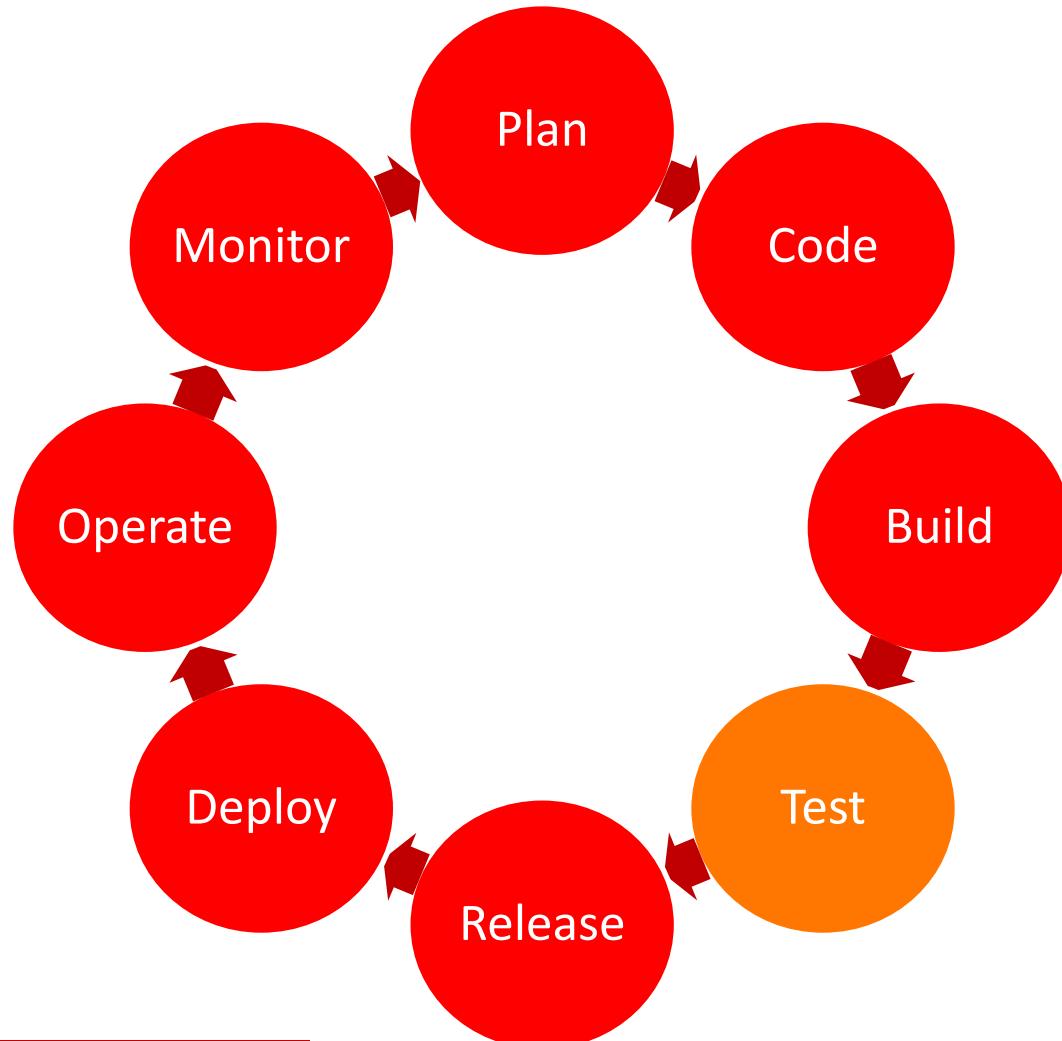
Duration in seconds

Success

# Multiple Build Steps Orchestrations

The screenshot shows the Oracle Developer Cloud Service interface for configuring a build job named "employees-app-build". The "Build Steps" tab is selected. A dropdown menu titled "Add Build Step" is open, listing various options: Execute shell, Invoke Ant, Invoke Maven 2 (Legacy), Invoke Maven 3, Invoke Gradle, Invoke NodeJS, and Copy Artifacts. The "Invoke Maven 3" step is currently configured with "Maven 3 (Bundled)" selected, goals set to "clean install package", and a POM file of "employees-app/pom.xml".

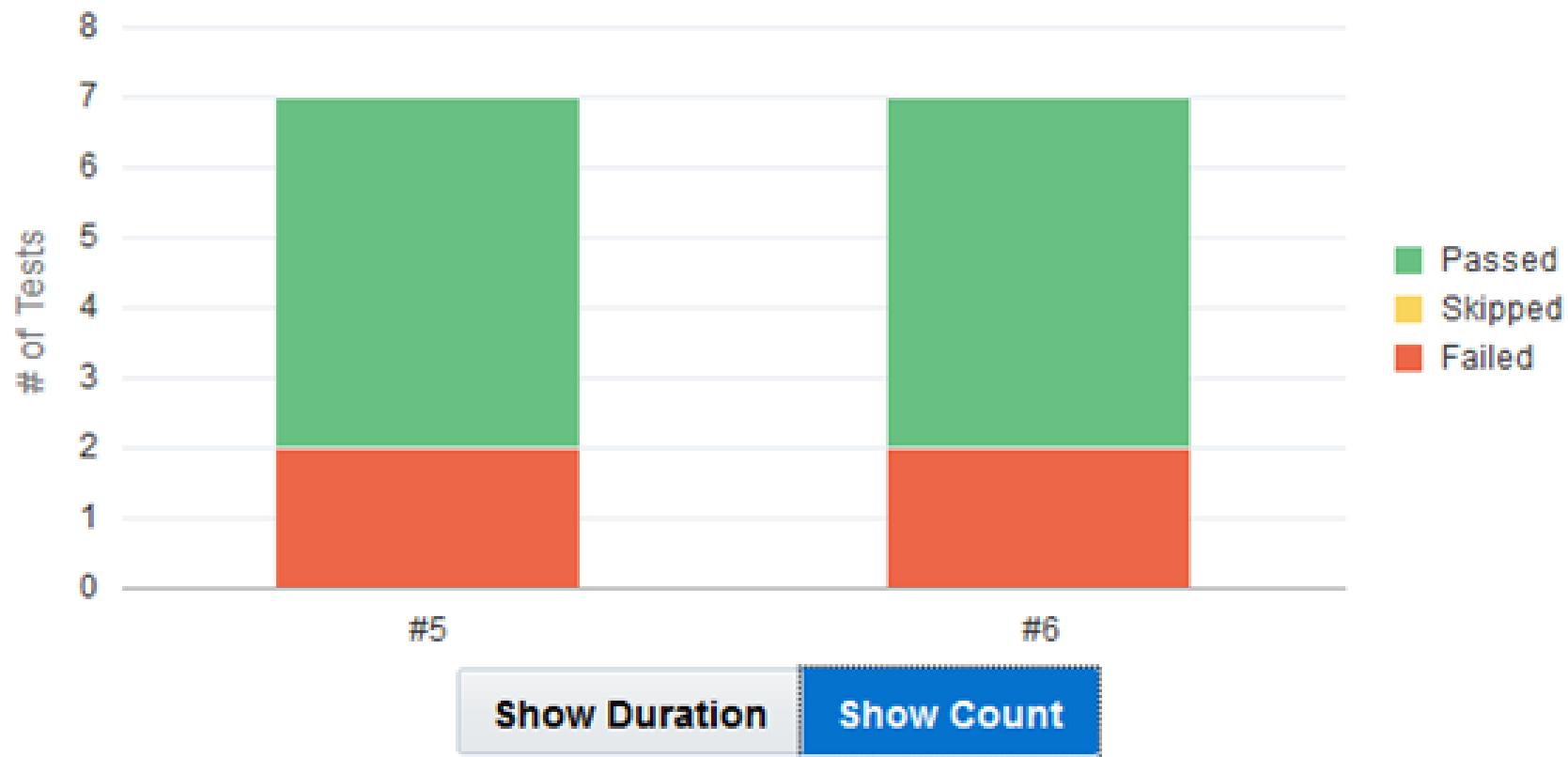
# Developer Cloud Service



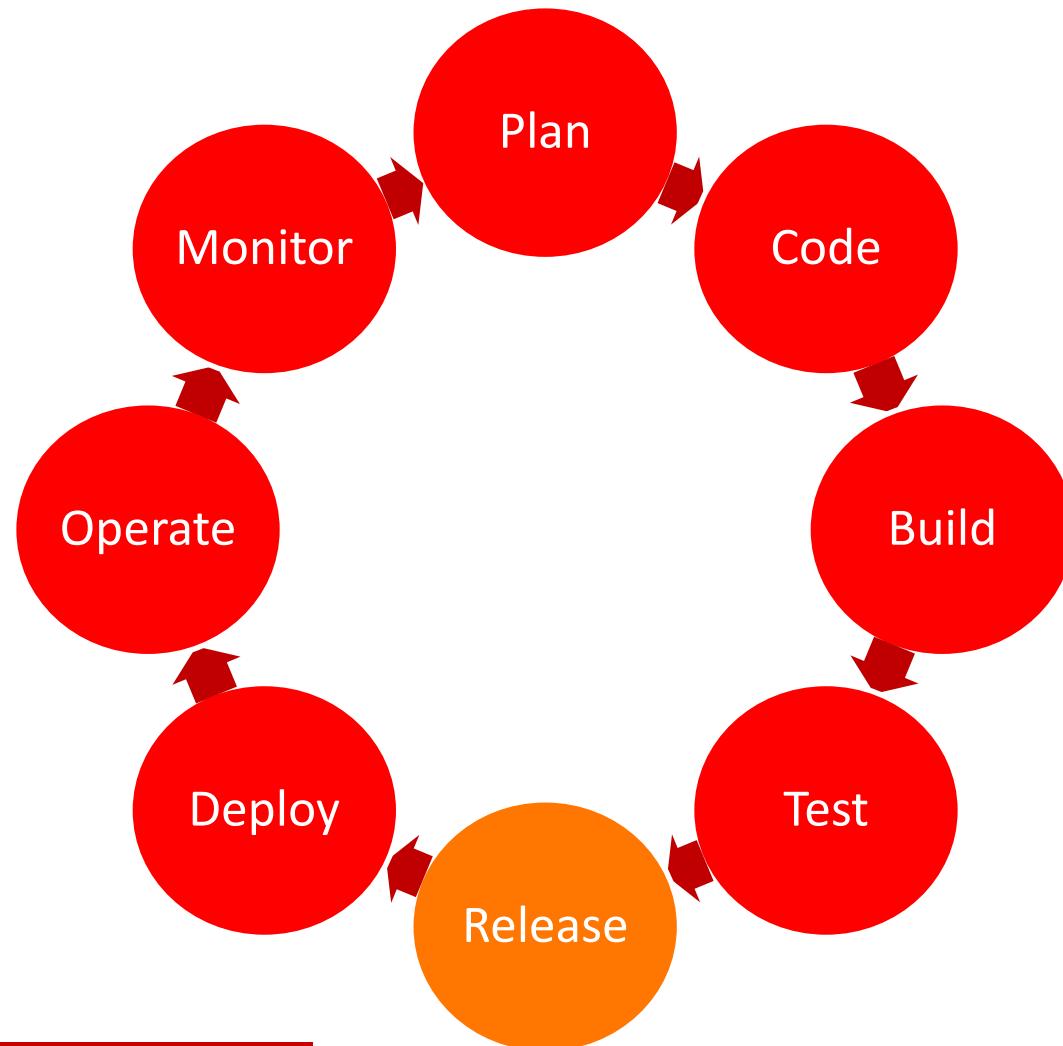
- JUnit
- Selenium
- FindBugs
- QA Deployments



# Test Results Dashboard



# Developer Cloud Service



- Create packages
- Direct deployment

# Deployment Configuration

ORACLE® Developer Cloud Service [shay.shmeltzer@oracle.com](#) [?](#)

EmployeeACCS [▼](#) [Search Not Available](#)

Home Code Snippets Merge Requests Issues Agile Build Deploy Wiki Administration

Edit Configuration [Save](#) [Cancel](#)

**Application Name** EmployeePortal

**Deployment Target** em2 / paas124 / greg.stachnick@oracle.com

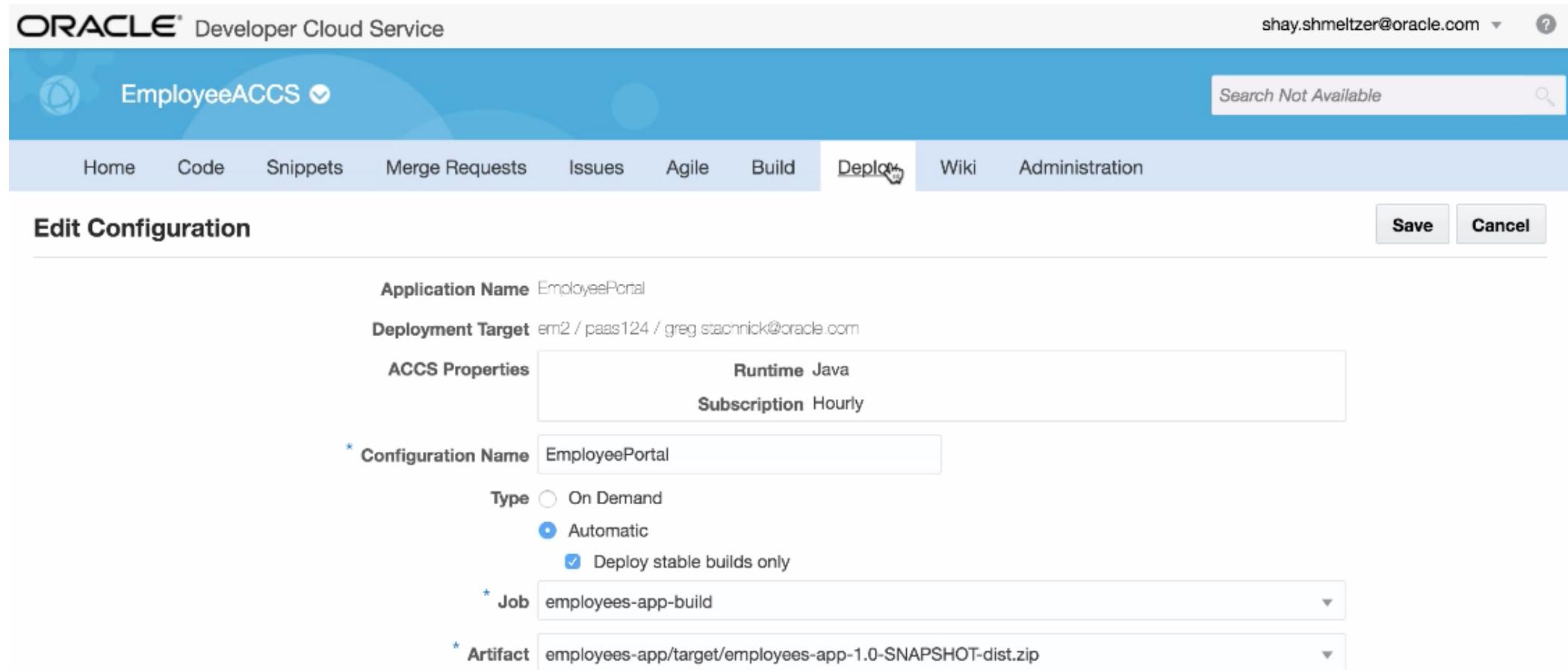
ACCS Properties	Runtime Java
	Subscription Hourly

**\* Configuration Name** EmployeePortal

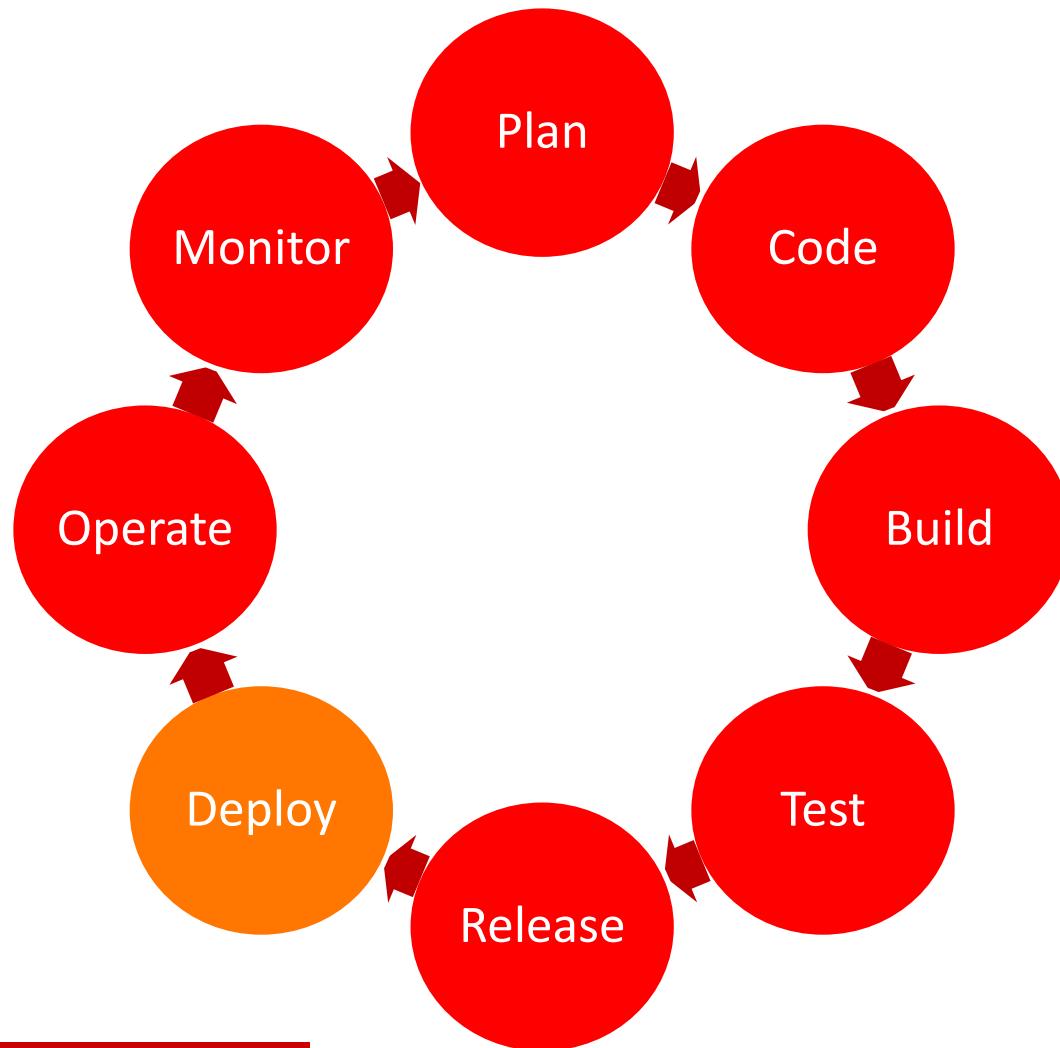
**Type**  On Demand  Automatic  
 Deploy stable builds only

**\* Job** employees-app-build

**\* Artifact** employees-app/target/employees-app-1.0-SNAPSHOT-dist.zip

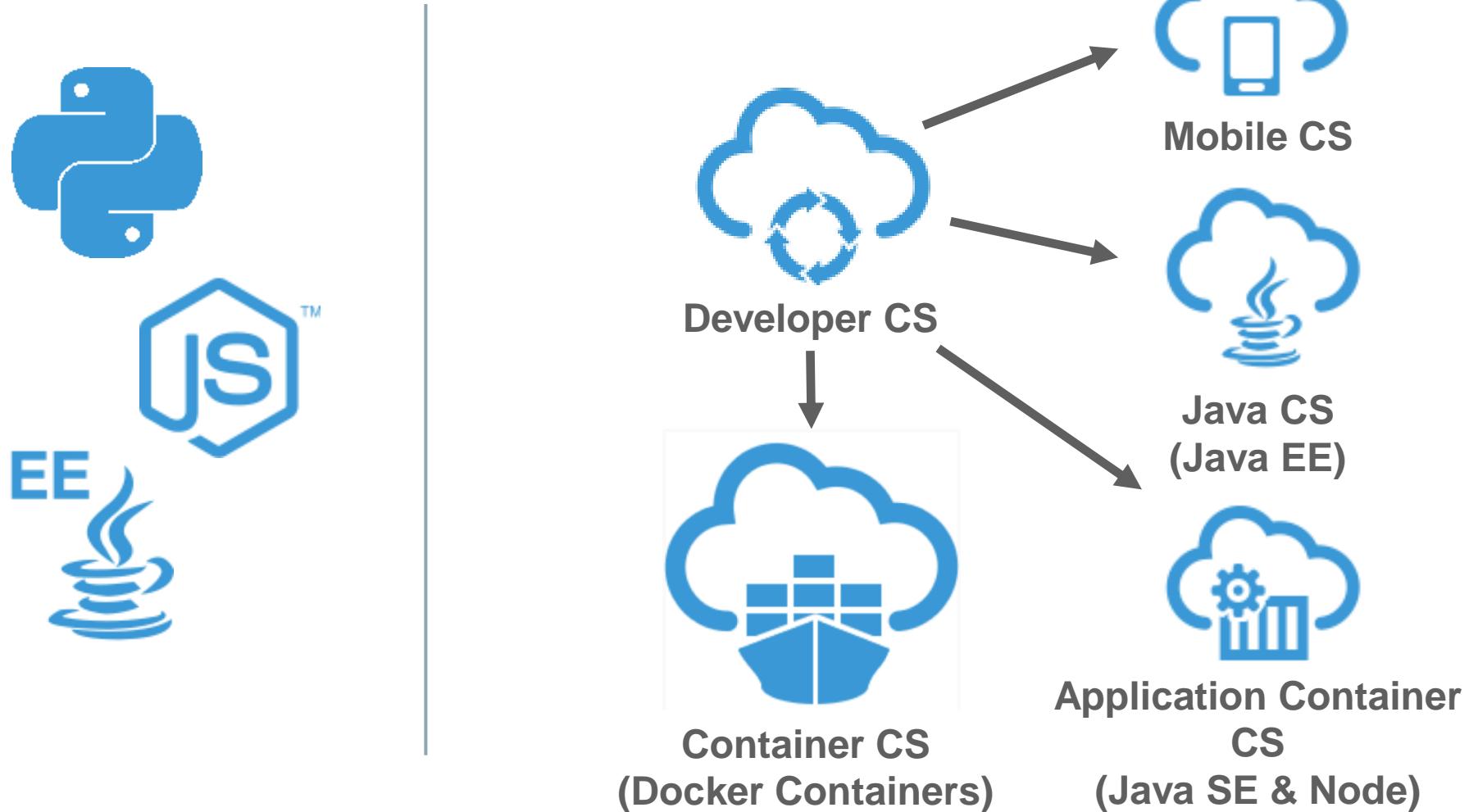


# Oracle Cloud Services



- Easily provision deployment platforms
- Java Cloud Service
  - Java EE in the Cloud
- Application Container Cloud
  - Java SE, NodeJS, PHP, Ruby\*, Python\*
- Mobile Cloud Service
  - Mobile Services
- Container Cloud Service
  - Docker Containers

# Polyglot Platform for Running any Workload



# Easy Configuration – Fast Provisioning

The screenshot shows the Oracle Cloud My Services interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the Oracle logo, 'CLOUD My Services', 'Dashboard', 'Users', and 'Notifications'. Below the navigation bar, on the left, is a sidebar titled 'Oracle Application Container' with a green icon. It has sections for 'Applications' and 'Cloud Functions'. A message says 'You don't have any applications. Use Create Application to start.' Below this is a link 'Application Create and Delete API'. At the bottom of the sidebar, a note states '\*Node.js is a trademark of Joyent, Inc. and is used with permission.'

The main content area is a 'Create Application' dialog. It has two tabs: 'Application' (selected) and 'Instance'. The 'Application' tab contains fields for 'Name' (set to 'CorporateDirectory'), 'Subscription' (set to 'Monthly'), 'Application Archive' (set to 'Upload application archive' with file 'corporatedirectory-dist.zip' chosen), and a 'Notes' text area. The 'Instance' tab contains fields for 'Instances' (set to 1), 'Memory (GB)' (set to 1), and 'Version' (set to 'Java SE 8'). At the bottom right of the dialog are 'Create' and 'Cancel' buttons.

# Cloud Native Completely Automated with DevOps

## Plugging into Existing DevOps Pipelines Seamlessly

### Automation Tools



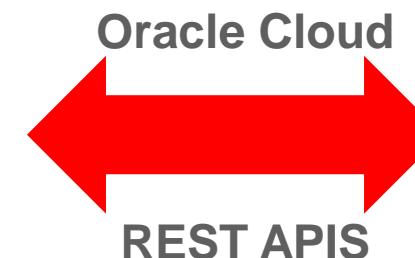
### DevOps Pipelines



### Command Line tools or curl

```
>psm setup  
>psm list services  
>psm push app ...
```

```
>curl -i -X GET -H  
"Authorization:joe  
@example.com:joePa  
ssword" \ -H ...
```



### Service API Catalog

A screenshot of a web browser displaying the Oracle API Catalog Cloud Service. The page title is "ORACLE API Catalog Cloud Service". The main header says "REST APIs for Oracle Cloud Services". Below it are tabs for "Applications", "Platform", and "Infrastructure". Under "Applications", there are sections for "Application Development", "Business Analytics", "Content and Collaboration", and "Data Management". Each section lists specific services like Application Container, Big Data Preparation, etc.

### Service APIs

#### REST APIs for IaaS

- Docker, VMs, Storage, Network

#### REST API for PaaS

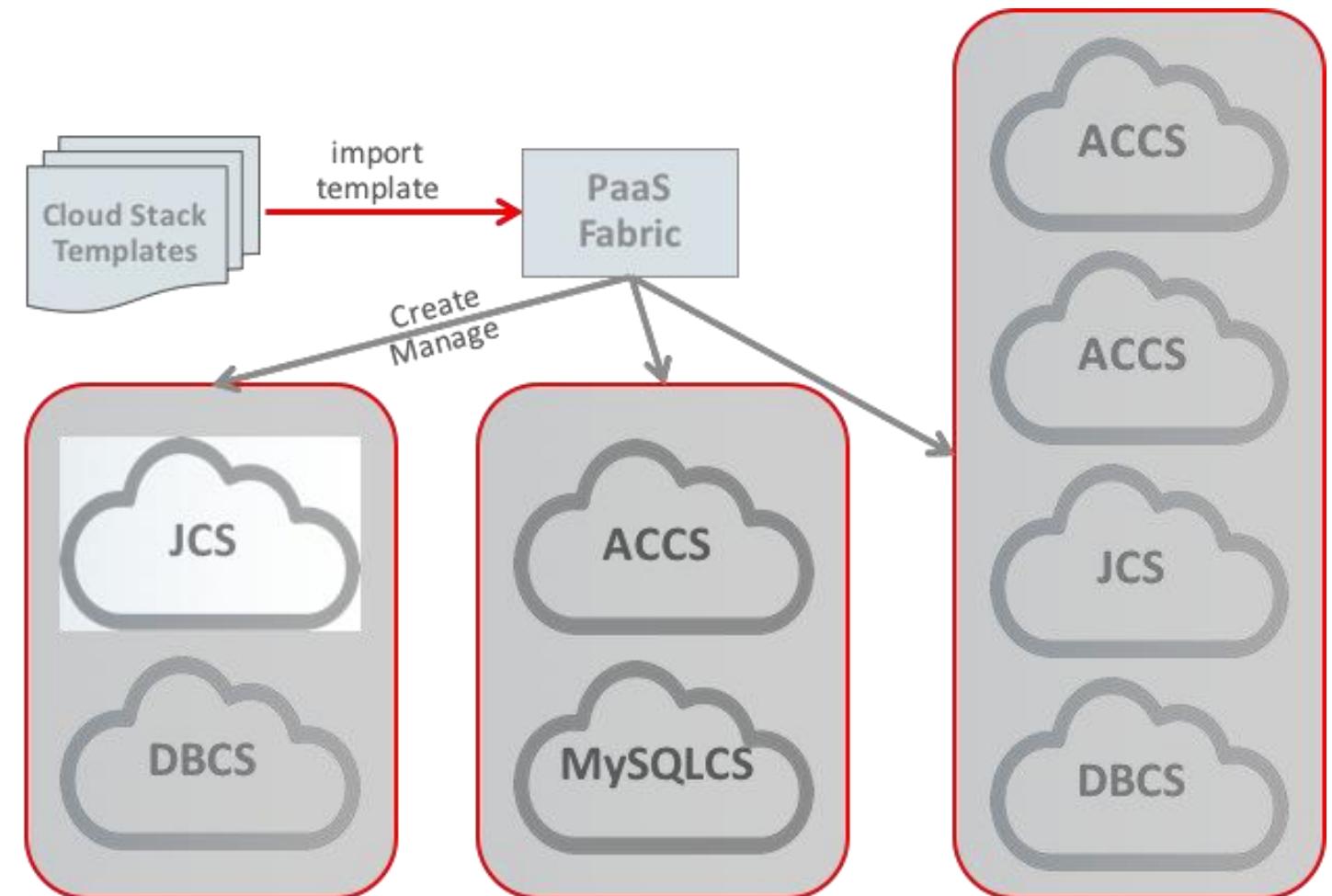
- AppDev, Integration, Mobile, BI, DB...

#### REST APIs for SaaS

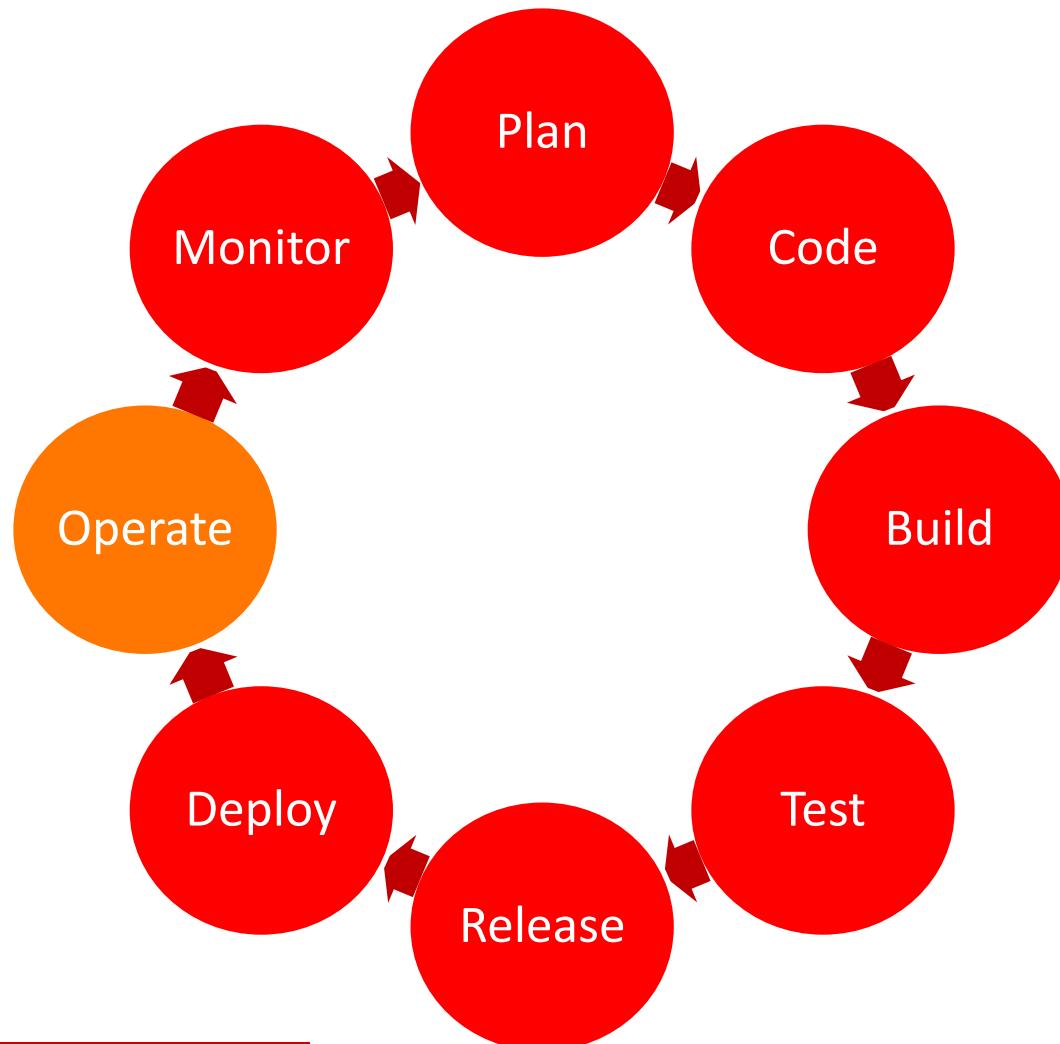
- ERP, Service, Sales, Support ...

# Cloud Stack Manager: Manage Many PaaS Services as One

- Manage group of cloud services as a single atomic unit called a Cloud Stack
- Template driven approach to maximize reuse and sharing
- Eliminate manual tasks to create a cloud environment
- Automatically manages dependencies
- True Infrastructure-as-Code for your DevOps needs



# Oracle Cloud Services



- Automatic Scaling
- Easy Patching/Upgrade
- Live Reporting

# Scale Out & Scale Up

The screenshot shows the Oracle Cloud My Services interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the Oracle logo, 'CLOUD My Services', and links for 'Dashboard', 'Notifications', and 'Users'. Below the navigation is a sidebar with a green circular icon containing a cloud and a gear, labeled 'Applications / CorporateDirectory'. The main content area has a blue header bar with 'Overview' and 'Resources' tabs. The 'Overview' tab is selected, showing '1 Instances'. The 'Resources' tab shows 'Instances' set to 2 and 'Memory (GB)' set to 1, with 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons. The 'Instances' section below shows one instance named 'web.1' with 1GB of memory. On the left, a sidebar also lists 'Deployments' (0), 'Service Bindings' (0), and 'Environment Variables' (0).

As of Feb 1, 2016 7:54:03 PM UTC

**Overview**

1 Instances

**Resources**

Instances Memory (GB)

2 1

Apply Cancel

**Instances**

Name:	Memory:
web.1	1GB

**Deployments**

0 Service Bindings

0 Environment Variables

# Automatic Scaling Settings

The screenshot shows the Oracle Java Cloud Service interface for managing auto scaling rules. The main navigation bar at the top includes a cloud icon, the service name "Oracle Java Cloud Service / SJCSC321", and a "Auto Scaling" link. Below this, a sidebar on the left lists "Rules" and "Alert History". A central modal dialog titled "New Rule" is open, defining a scaling rule. The rule details are as follows:

- Perform:** Scale Out to Maximum Cluster Size of 5
- Scaling operation to be performed on this service.**
- whenever:** Average of CPU Utilization is  $\geq$  80 %
- for at least:** 1 consecutive period(s) of 5 minutes
- on:** All VM instances
- and wait for:** 30 minutes of cool down period.

At the bottom of the dialog are "Create" and "Cancel" buttons.

# One Click Upgrades

As of Jul 4, 2016 4:19:31 PM UTC 

**Overview**

2 Instances

**Deployments**

0 Service Bindings

0 User-defined Variables

**Administration**

2 Updates Available

**Updates** 

**Current Version:** Java SE 8u71

**Available Updates**

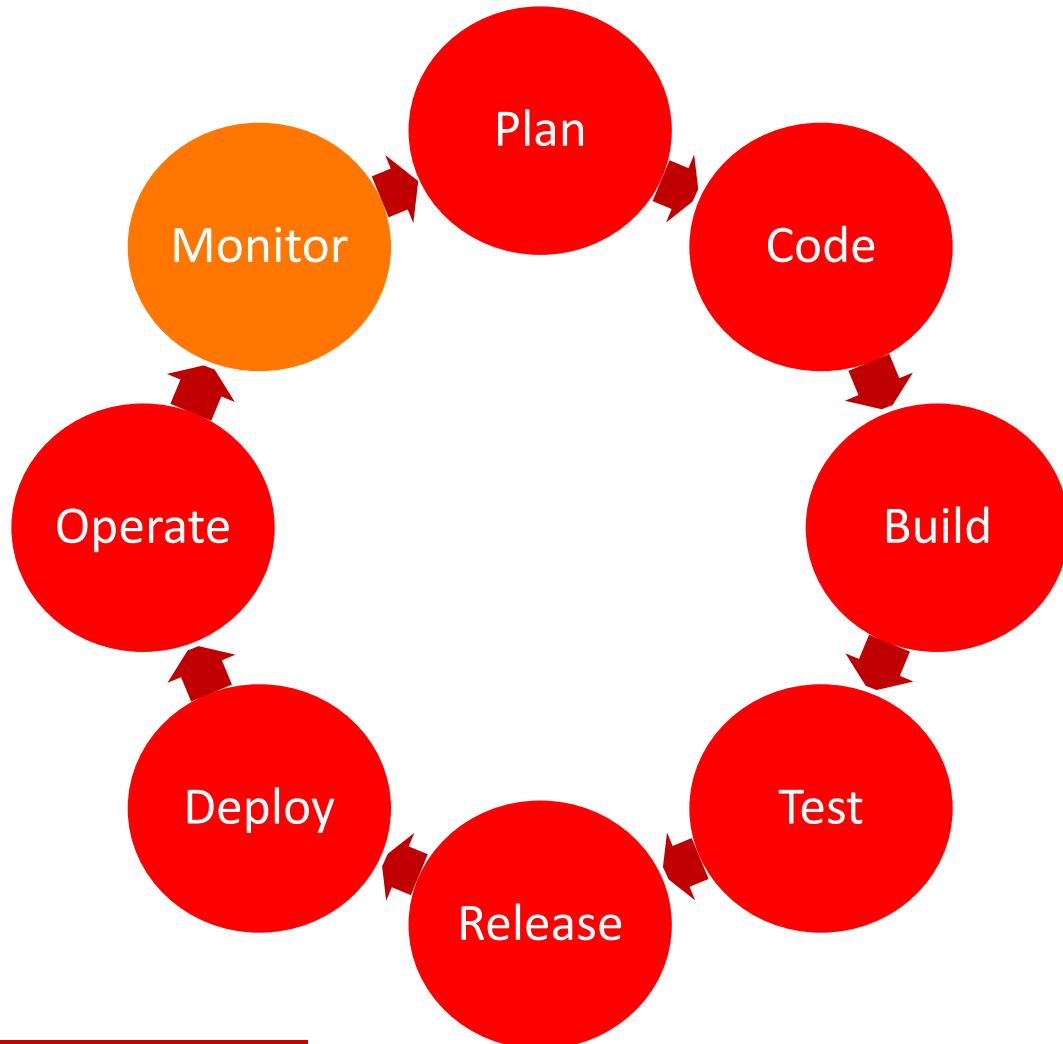
 **Runtime:** Java SE 8u91    **Release Date:** Jul 4, 2015 12:00:00 AM UTC    **Update**

**Description:** This update contains new features as well as fix for critical issues. Refer to the 'Release Notes' for more details

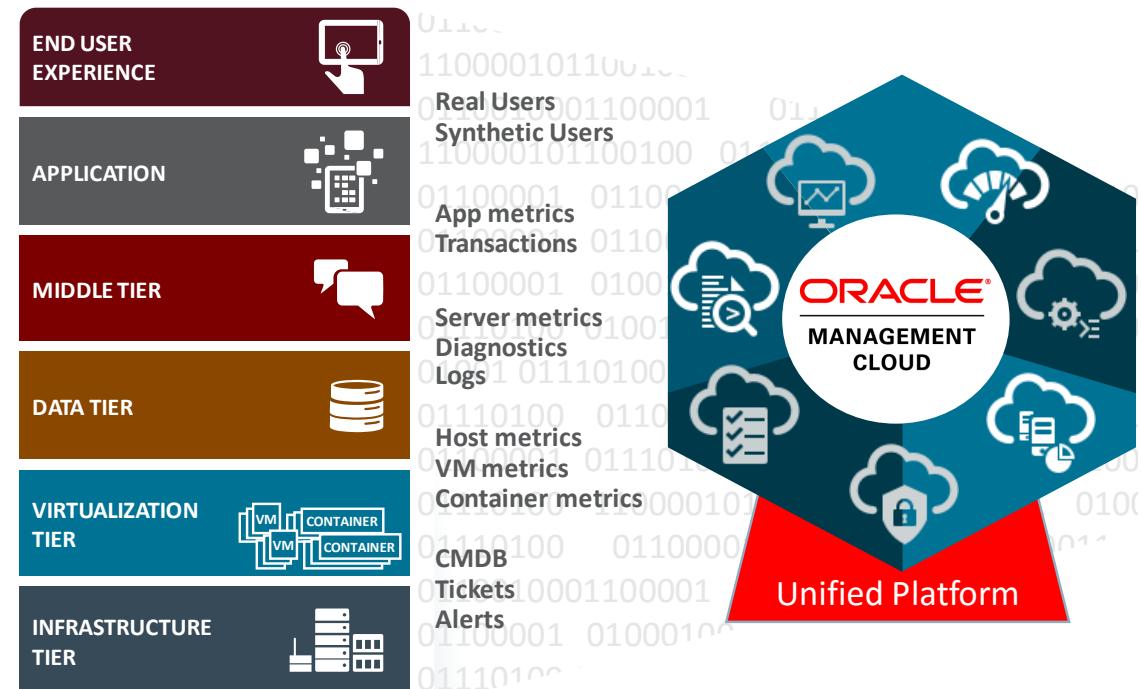
 An Application Container Cloud update is available. Your application will be automatically upgraded when you make a change that requires a restart, such as updates to the deployment environment or scaling up, or you can upgrade now by clicking the Restart button.    **Restart**

▶ **Update and rollback history**

# Oracle Management Cloud



- Intelligent management for heterogeneous environments
- Unified cross-stack operational data



# Rapid Troubleshooting Across The Stack

**ORACLE Management Cloud**  
Application Performance Monitoring

### Server Request

**/RideShare/checkout**

Type: AppServer  
Deployment: RideShareEar  
Servlet: oemwlssrv.oracleleads.com:9001

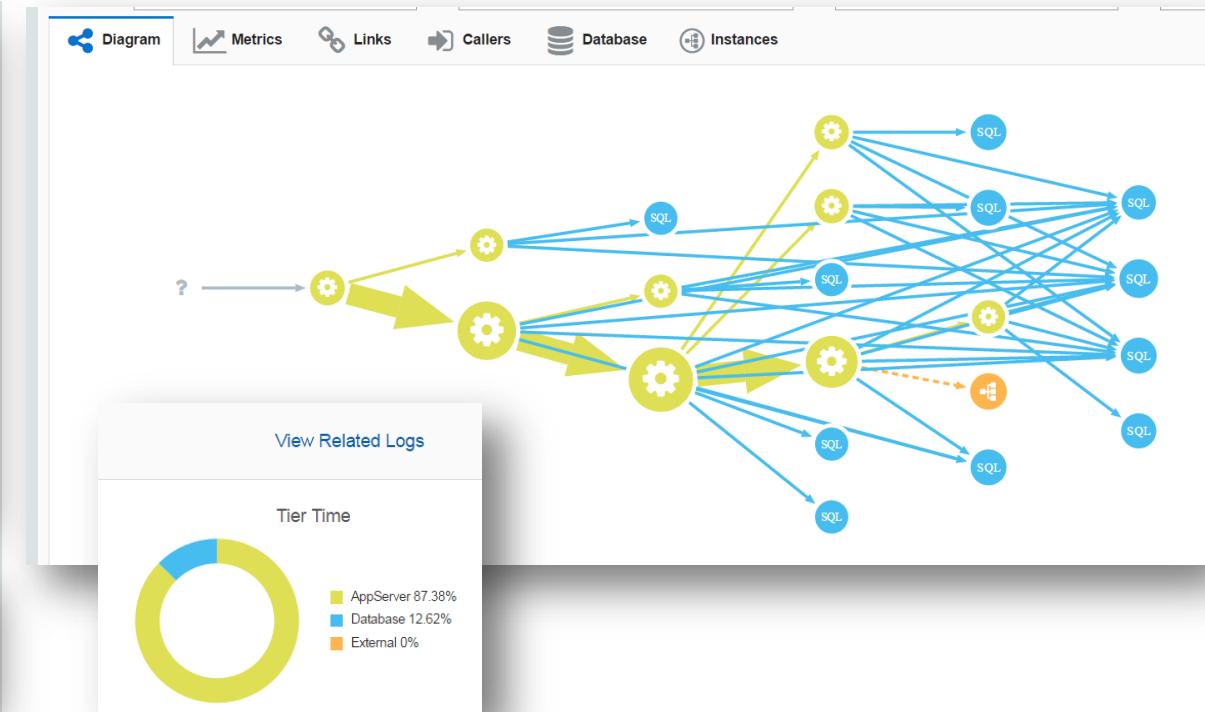
**REQUEST RESPONSE TIME**  
**463.81** ms avg  
↑<1% prior  
Max 923 ms  
Min 188 ms

**TIER AVERAGE RESPONSE**

Category	Percentage
External	1.88%
AppServer	85.7%
Database	12.42%

**Last Message**  
Ajax Call: checkout Page: Shopping Cart has an average response time (over last hour) of 2124.55 ms; it is greater than expected value of 20.0 ms.

Normal application behavior and expected component and transaction performance are automatically learned by Oracle Management Cloud, ensuring intelligent alerting.



Application topologies and cross-tier dependencies are automatically learned and kept up to date by Oracle Management Cloud, ensuring rapid troubleshooting.

# Why Choose DevOps with Oracle?

1

## FAST

Provisioning end-to-end Continuous Integration and Continuous Deployment environments in minutes

2

## COMPREHENSIVE

Pluggable across customer stages and technology choices, and includes both development and deployment technologies.



# Developer Automation

Developer Cloud Service: Collaborative Agile Development & Continuous Delivery

## Oracle Advantage

- Complete – agile management, collaborative development, and CI/CD
- Standards Based
- IDE Integration
- Full development lifecycle

Less than

**1 min**

**TO PROVISION ENVIRONMENTS**

## Supported Technologies





# Cloud Deployment

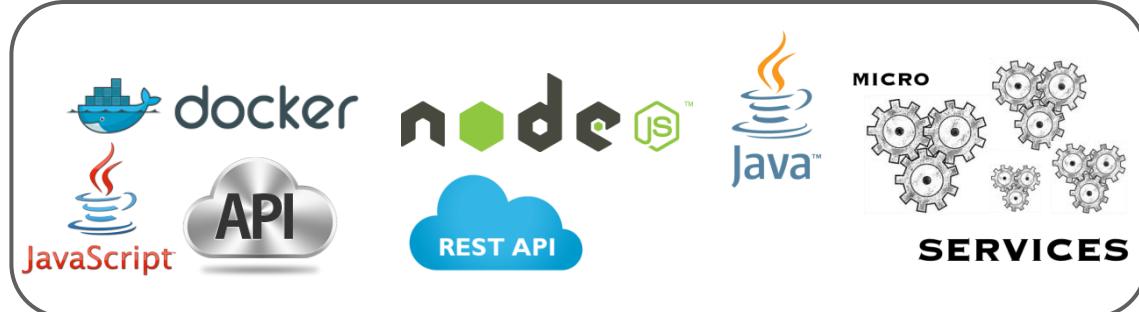
Java Cloud Service, Application Container Cloud Service , Container Cloud Service

## Oracle Advantage

- Offers a ready-built platform for deploying your applications to. You deploy your application - Oracle worries about provisioning and managing
- Same code powers both private and public versions; very easy portability
- Near instantaneous environments for Dev Test

Up to  
**59%**  
**LOWER COST  
THAN ON-PREM**

## Supported Technologies





# Cloud Management

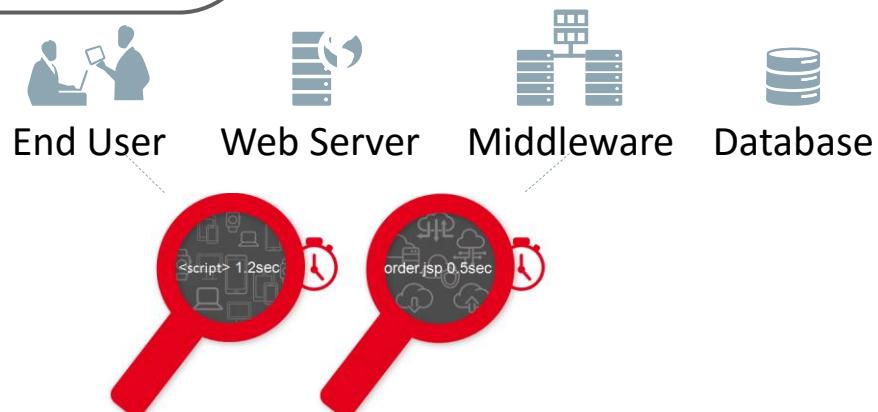
## Application Performance Management

### Oracle Advantage

- Triage Cross-Tier Issues from End-User to Code
- Unify Monitoring Visibility Across Dev and Ops
- Ensure Good User Experience

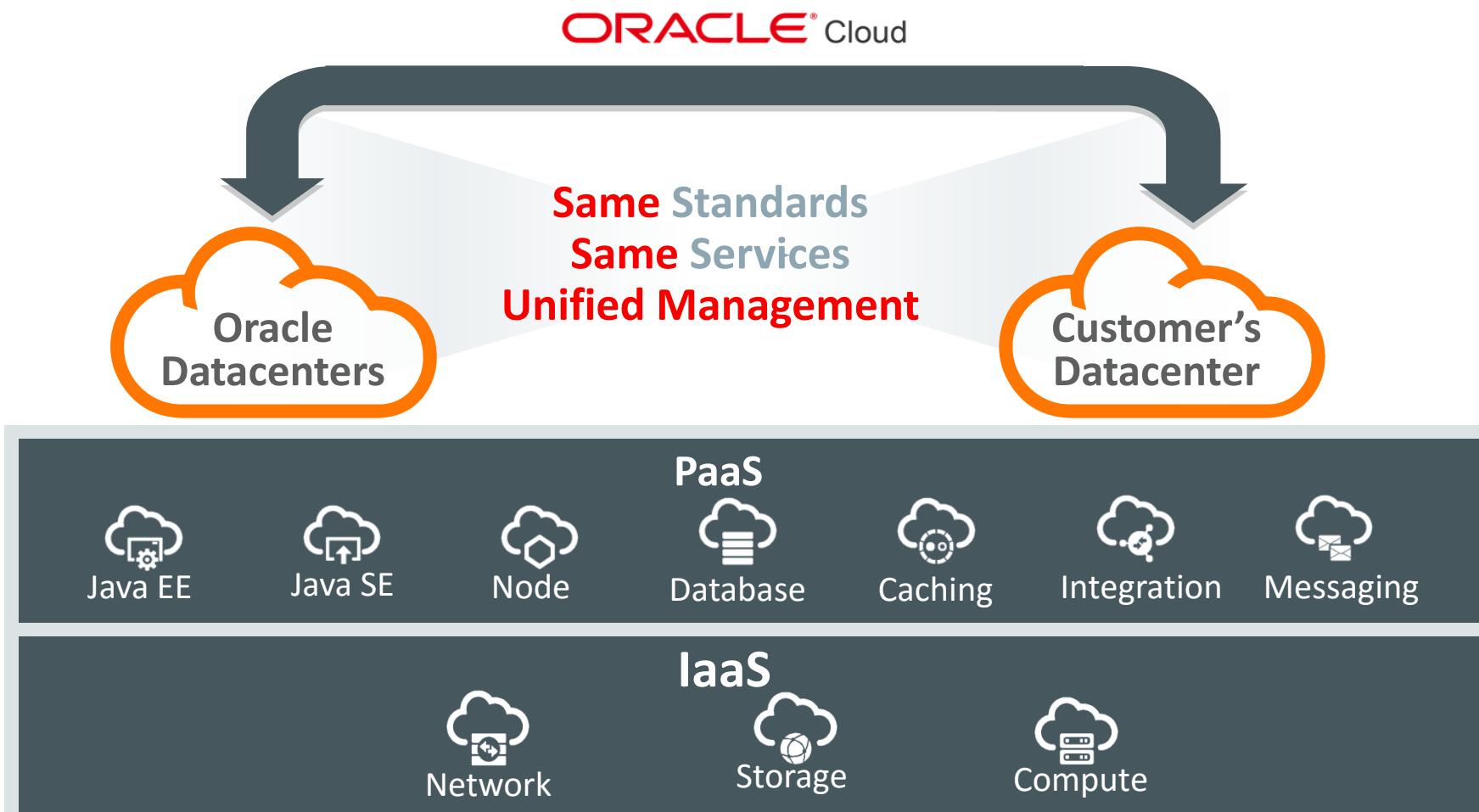
**QUICKLY  
DIAGNOSE  
Hundreds of  
lines of code**

***For faster  
trouble  
shooting***

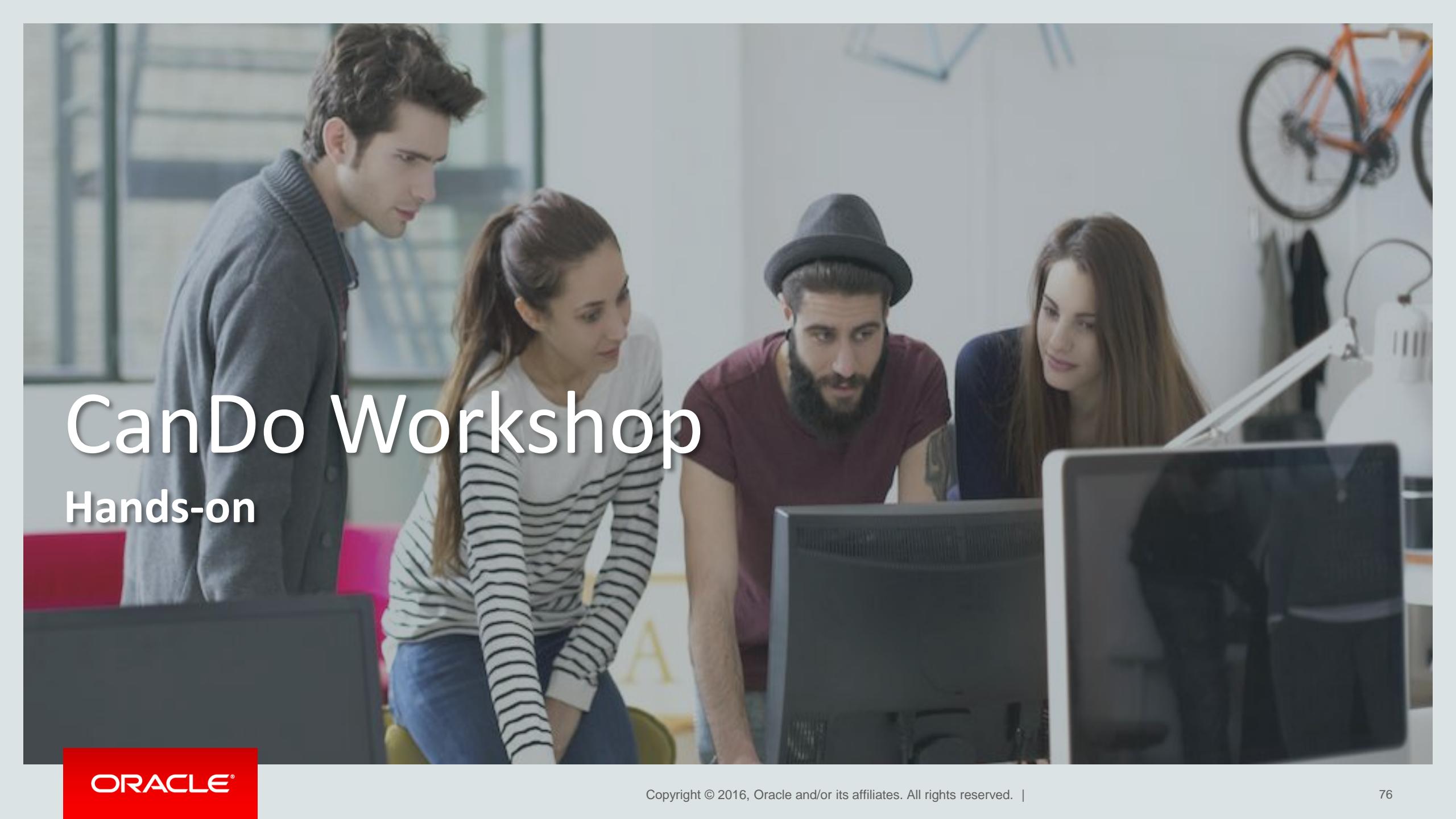


# Oracle Cloud Machine

## Complete deployment choice



- Oracle Cloud operated and **delivered as a service** behind your firewall
- **Same PaaS and IaaS** software, same updates as Oracle Cloud
- Same cost-effective **subscription** pricing model as Oracle Cloud
- Conforms to regulatory, privacy, legal, and **business requirements**

A photograph showing four people in a modern office environment. A man in a grey sweater is leaning over a desk, looking at a computer screen. A woman in a white and black striped shirt is seated next to him. In front of them, another man with a beard and a fedora hat is also looking at the screen. To his right, a woman with long brown hair is partially visible, also looking at the screen. They are all focused on the computer monitor. The background shows a window with horizontal blinds and a bicycle hanging on the wall.

# CanDo Workshop

## Hands-on

# Hands-on preparation

- You must have active Cloud Trial account (Trial Subscription for Oracle PaaS)
  - If your Cloud account is new -> Please set up **Replication Policy** on Storage Service!
  - See [Selecting a Replication Policy for Oracle Storage Cloud Service](#)
- You must have Oracle VirtualBox installed on your laptop
  - Import the given Oracle Virtual Machine (OVM) into VirtualBox
  - On the OVM Linux Desktop click on the icon **Update Demos** to get the latest content
- You must have active GitHub account
  - Login to <https://github.com> with your credential
  - Create your own Git repository as a **clone** from <https://github.com/gmoykin/oracle-cando-workshop>
  - Observe the *README.md* file located in the main folder in your own Git repo

# CI/CD and Microservices with DevCS, ACCS, Eclipse and Git

## Create and Deploy the SpringBoot Microservice with DevCS & ACCS

- In your Git repo follow the instruction in the **springboot-sample/README.md** file
- When configuring the ACCS deployment (New Deployment Configuration), in the **Deploy to Application Container Cloud** provide your ACCS details

# CI/CD and Microservices with DevCS, ACCS, Eclipse and Git

## Using Agile Methodology in DevCS

- Open your DevCS *springboot-sample* project
- In your Git repo follow the instruction in the **agile/README.md** file
- You can play and improvise with Agile instruction (names of issues, tasks etc.) to match your *springboot-sample* project

# CI/CD and Microservices with DevCS, ACCS, Eclipse and Git

## CI/CD using Eclipse with DevCS & ACCS

- In your Git repo follow the instruction in the **oepe/README.md** file
- You can play and improvise with Agile instruction (names of issues, tasks etc.) to match your *springboot-sample* project

# CI/CD and Microservices with DevCS, ACCS, Eclipse and Git

## CI/CD using Git client with DevCS & ACCS

- Prerequisites:
  - You have created the ***springboot-sample*** project in DevCS
  - You have configured a **Build** for the ***springboot-sample*** app based on *SCM polling schedule*
  - You have configured a **Deploy** configuration with Automatic deployment of ***springboot-sample*** app to ACCS
  - During the steps below you can play and improvise with Agile methodology to match your ***springboot-sample*** project
- Continuous build integration using Git with DevCS & ACCS
  - In your Git repo follow the instruction in the **gitclient/README.md** file
  - You can play and improvise with Agile instruction (names of issues, tasks etc.) to match your ***springboot-sample*** project

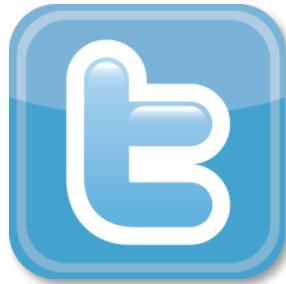
# Deploy Java EE application to Oracle Java Cloud Service

- In your Git repo open the main **README.md** file and follow the instruction of the topic **Deploy Java EE application to Oracle Java Cloud Service**

# Migrate WebLogic applications to Java Cloud Service

- In your Git repo follow the instruction in the **app-2-cloud/README.md** file

# Follow us on Social Media



<https://cloud.oracle.com>

<https://cloud.oracle.com/delevoper>

<http://oracle.com/cloud>

[www.youtube.com/user/oracle/](http://www.youtube.com/user/oracle/)

# Integrated Cloud Applications & Platform Services