

Alex Clanton

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Prof.Long

CSE13S

### Pseudocode/DESIGN.pdf Final

Rundown:

Make an RSA encryption program, have 3 programs where a public and private key pair is generated. An encryption program where a file is encrypted, and a decrypt program where a file is decrypted using the RSA keys you made. To facilitate the use of some of the math behind RSA, a GNU multiple-precision library will be used, in this case, GMP and PKG.

#### **Files-**

Decrypt.c

Encrypt.c

Keygen.c

Numtheory.c

Randstad.c

Rsa.c

#### **Keygen-**

Use getopt() for -b for the bits public modulus from GMP

Create input and output file pointers

Use a boolean array and optarg to store values of the selected input

-c number of iterations for Miller-Rabin prime number test

-n store the public key file

-d store private key file

-s give random seed from user

-v verbose print

-h help message

Open the files given by the user using `fopen()` or using the default of `rsa.pub` and `rsa.priv`

Get the int values from `filno()` and set permissions of 0600 so the user can only modify using `fchmod()`

Set seed from user -i value or default of time null

Get the user name from the environment using `getenv` of `USER`

Translate the name into a `mpz_t` using `mpz_set_str` of base 62

Call `rsa_make_pub()` and `rsa_make_priv()` passing `mpz_t` values

Then call `rsa_sign()` giving the `usr mpz_t` and `n` to create signature `s`

Write the public information calling `rsa_write_pub()` pass `n,e,s` and `username`, and file

Write the private information calling `rsa_write_priv()` pass `n,d`, and `outfile`

If the bool array for the selected input is true for -v print the values in base 2 for bits and the `mpz_t` itself

Close files and clear `mpz_t`

### **Encryptor-**

Create a boolean array for the selected choices and the file variables for input file and output file

Use `getopt()` for -i input file, -o output of encrypted file

-n where the public key is, -v verbose, -h help message

If the user did not give default values use `stdin` and `stdout` and default to `rsa.pub`

Create a character array for the username

Read in the data from the given file, using `rsa_read_pub()` passing `mpz_t` values to get `n`, `e`, `s`, and username

Remove the newline from the username using `strcspn()`

Change the username into base 62 `mpz_t` using `mpz_set_str()`

Verify the signature by using `rsa_verify()`

If the bool array for the selected input is true for `-v` print the values in base 2 for bits and the `mpz_t` itself

Fclose the 3 files and clear the `mpz_t`'s

### **decryptor-**

Create a boolean array for the selected choices and the file variables for input file and output file

Use `getopt()` for `-i` input file, `-o` output of encrypted file

`-n` where the public key is, `-v` verbose, `-h` help message

Create `mpz_t`'s for `n` and `d`

If the user did not give default values use `stdin` and `stdout` and default to `rsa.priv`

Read in the private `n` and `d` using `rsa_read_priv()`

Pass those values and the given input to `rsa_decrypt_file()`

Close the files and clear the `mpz_t`s

### **numtheory-**

**`void pow_mod(mpz_t out, mpz_t base, mpz_t exponent, mpz_t modulus)`**

Create `mpz_t`'s of `v`, `p`, `val`, `dhold`

`V` gets 1

`P` gets base

While exponent is greater than 0

    If its odd exponent

        then v gets  $(v * p) \bmod \text{modulus}$

    P gets p times itself mod modulus n

    D gets  $d/2$  (floor)

Mpz\_t out gets the value

**void is\_prime(mpz\_t n, uint64\_t iters)**

Create mpz\_t's holding variables of s,r,temp variables

Using while loops of n-1 while mod 2 is 0

    divide of r by 2

    Add s until mod 2 is not 0

You have your r and s now

If 0-3 is the n had code for true and false and return

Create mpz\_t's of j,y,a,s hold, and temp

For x=1, to k

    Random value from 2 to n-2

$y = \text{powmod}(\text{random\_val}, r, n)$

    If y does not equal 1 and y does not equal n-1

        J gets 1

        While j is less than equal to s-1 and y does not equal n-1

        Y gets  $\text{powmod}(y, 2, n)$

        If y equals 1

            Return false

Y does not equal n-1

Return false

Return true

**void make\_prime(mpz\_t p, uint64\_t bits, uint64\_t iters)**

Make mpz\_t of prime and a bool value

Call mpz\_urandomb giving its bit size+1 and the global state

While the number is not found prime

Check if its 2, then return

Otherwise, check if its odd then call is\_prime()

If is\_prime() returns false then call mpz\_urandomb again do the while loop

Pass the prime number into mpz\_t p

**void gcd(mpz\_t d, mpz\_t a, mpz\_t b)**

Create an mpz\_t t

While b is not 0

T gets b

B gets a mod b

A gets t

Set the value to d

**void mod\_inverse(mpz\_t i, mpz\_t a, mpz\_t n)**

Create the mpz\_t's of r,r',t,t',q1,temp and temp2

R and r1 get n and a

T and t1 get 0 and 1

While r1 is not 0

Q gets  $r/r_1$  (floor)

R and  $r_1$  get  $r_1$  and  $r-q*r_1$

T and  $t_1$  get  $t_1$  and  $t-q*t_1$

If  $r$  is greater than 1

Set I to 0, no inverse

If  $t$  is less than 0

Increase  $t$  by  $n$

Pass the  $t$  back through  $i$

## **Rsa library**

### **Bool logz2 and uint64\_t logz22**

User made function that computes  $\log_2$  of a `mpz_t`

While  $n$  is greater than 0

Floor division of  $n$  by 2

Increase count by 1

If it matches  $\text{nbits}$  then return true, otherwise false

If `uint64_t` one return count

**`void rsa_make_pub(mpz_t p, mpz_t q, mpz_t n, mpz_t e, uint64_t nbits, uint64_t iters)`**

Create the lower and upper bounds of  $\text{nbits}$  by  $n/4$  for lower and  $3n/4$  for upper

Call `srand()` for a random value, and mod it by  $(\text{upper-lower}+1) + \text{lower}$

Store the values for  $p$  and  $q$  bits that add up to  $\text{nbits}$

In a while, loop check if  $\log n$  is greater than  $\text{nbits}$

Inside the while loop call `make_prime()` passing  $p$  and then call it again for  $q$

Multiply them together for n

Then find the totient by doing p-1 and q-1, multiple together

Do

Then to find public exponent take nbits and find an e calling `mpz_urandomb()`

Then call `gcd()` and see if e and the totients gcd is 1, exit while loop if it is

**`void rsa_write_pub(mpz_t n, mpz_t e, mpz_t s, char username[], FILE *pbfile)`**

Use `gmp_fprintf()` for the file stream of pbfile, printing n,e,s. Adding a new line each time

Then use `fwrite()` for the username string

**`void rsa_read_pub(mpz_t n, mpz_t e, mpz_t s, char username[], FILE *pbfile)`**

Create a holding array of characters for the user name

Use `gmp_fscanf()` to read in n,e,s.

Then use `fread()` for a sized 256 char for the username

Copy that and remove the newline

**`void rsa_write_priv(mpz_t n, mpz_t d, FILE *pvfile)`**

Use `gmp_fprintf()` for n and d and a newline each time

**`void rsa_read_priv(mpz_t n, mpz_t d, FILE *pvfile)`**

Use `gmp_fscanf()` for n and d mpz\_t's values

**`void rsa_encrypt(mpz_t c, mpz_t m, mpz_t e, mpz_t n)`**

Every value in a given ciphertext c is encoded via  $E(m)=m^e \pmod n$ . Use `pow_mod()`

**void rsa\_encrypt\_file(FILE \*infile, FILE \*outfile, mpz\_t n, mpz\_t e)**

Use the n sized data and find the block size by  $k = \text{floor}(\log_2(n)-1)/9$

Use that size for a heap dynamic array size k

At 0th array element set 0 0xFF

While loop( of j receives the total bytes of fread() where the buffer arr+1 gets the data from infile)

Use mpz\_import() convert read bytes with the parameters of 1 for first 1 for endian, 0 for nails. The mpz\_t m takes the chunk from the array buffer.

rsa\_encrypt() the imported m value

Then gmp\_printf() the returned ciphertext c to outfile

Free the dynamic array and clear the mpz's

**void rsa\_make\_priv(mpz\_t d, mpz\_t e, mpz\_t p, mpz\_t q)**

Create holding mpz\_t's of hold,hold2,hold3

Find the totient of given p and q

Then multiple those (pq) and use mod\_inverse() of that value and d,e

Set d to the out value of mod\_inverse()

Clear the mpz\_t's

**void rsa\_decrypt(mpz\_t m, mpz\_t c, mpz\_t d, mpz\_t n)**

Take the message block, and run through  $m=c^d \pmod n$ . Use pow\_mod()



**void rsa\_decrypt\_file(FILE \*infile, FILE \*outfile, mpz\_t n, mpz\_t d)**

Create mpz\_t's

Create a dynamic uint64\_t for the size of exported

Use the n sized data and find the block size by  $k = \text{floor}(\log_2(n)-1)/9$

Use that size for a heap dynamic array size k

At 0th array element set 0 0xFF

Use a while loop while gmp\_fscanf() has not reached EOF

Call rsa\_decrypt() passing the crypted c into it

mpz\_export() passing the buffer and decrypted text m, the size is kept by j

fwrite() the array+1 and characters of j-1 size to the outfile

Free the buffer and j

Clear the mpz\_t's

**void rsa\_sign(mpz\_t s, mpz\_t m, mpz\_t d, mpz\_t n)**

Sign s by using  $s = m^d \pmod n$ . Use pow\_mod()

S is set to that value

**bool rsa\_verify(mpz\_t m, mpz\_t s, mpz\_t e, mpz\_t n)**

Create the mpz\_t hold

T gets  $s^e \pmod n$ . Use pow\_mod()

If t is equal to m then return true

Otherwise return false



