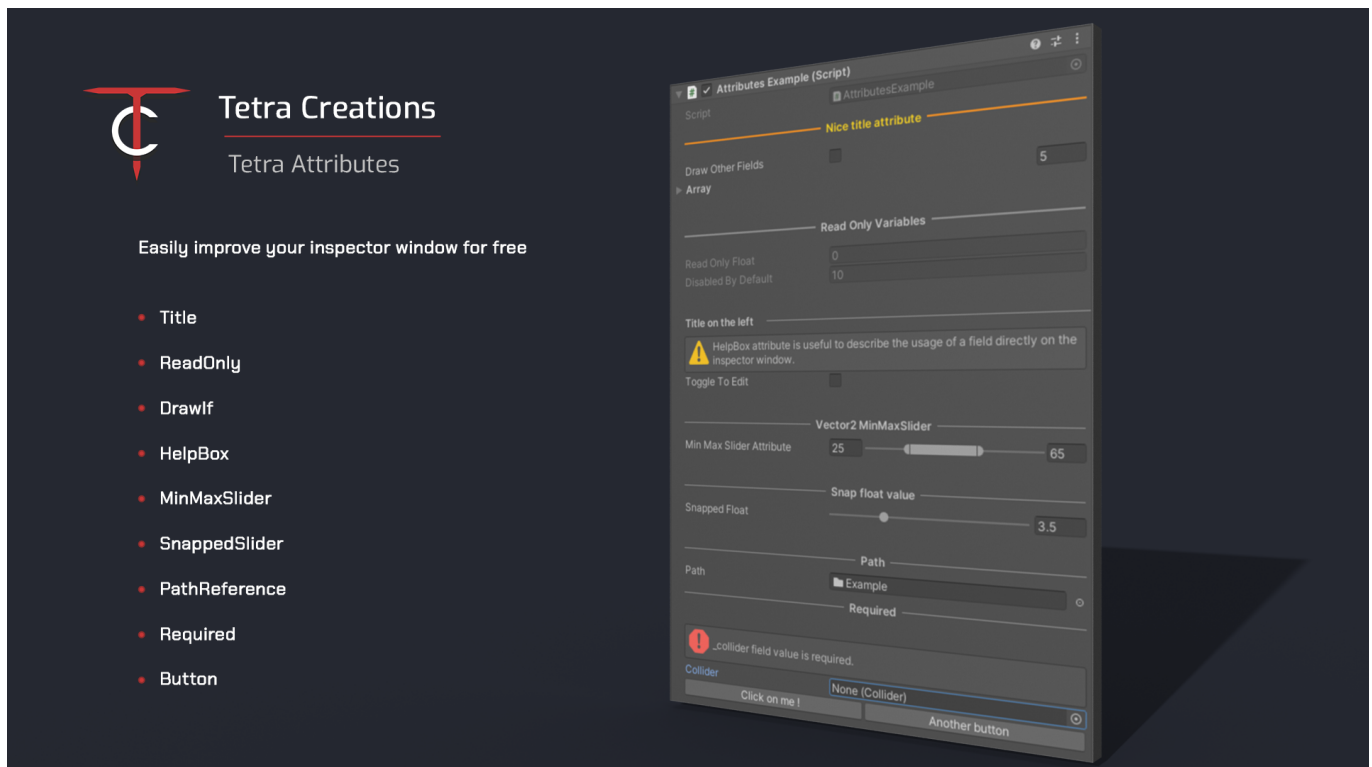


Tetra Attributes 1.0.6 : Documentation



Importing the Asset

If you not familiar on how to install an asset, once you have purchased it, click on **Window** → **Package Manager** to reveal a window with all your available assets.

Type in the search field **Tetra Attributes** to download and install the last version. Follow the steps and wait till Unity finishes compiling your project.

Introduction

This is a collection of C# attributes for the Unity editor that I use in most of my projects. Some are essential, like `ReadOnly`, which I've been using for several years. While others like `Title` are more for keeping the inspector window organised and clear.

Changelog

1.0.6

- Fixed a build compilation error caused by using Unity Editor API inside `PathUtility`. Now methods are wrapped inside `#if UNITY_EDITOR`.

1.0.5

- `DrawIf` : Fixed a bug where enum values were compared as flags by default. The Type of the enum need to be passed as the fourth parameter of the `DrawIf` constructor to know if the enum has the `[Flags]` attribute, to compare values using bit shifting only if that the case.

1.0.4

- `PathReference` : Removed default parameters from the constructor so it's properly serialized with its default values. Before that it was display as a read only field. Added public properties instead to change 'Editable', 'AutoUpdate' and 'EnableDebug'.

1.0.3

- Added `Tags` attribute to display a dropdown list of all available tags.

1.0.2

- `PathReference` : Path is now cached. Added methods to update the GUID or/and the Path using `AssetDatabase.AssetPathToGUID` and `AssetDatabase.GUIDToAssetPath`. Retrieveing the path using the property getter will always check if the path is still valid.
- Added `PathUtility` static class to verify if a selected path is valid. It also provides methods to automatically import folder that exist on disk in the `AssetDatabase`, from the 'Assets' folder.

1.0.1

- Added `SpritePreview` attribute to display the texture below a `Sprite` field.
- `PathReference` : Fixed console error "InvalidOperationException: Stack empty". After closing the folder selection dialog window without selecting anything.
- `PathReference` : Added the possibility to delete the folder reference when pressing the delete key while hovering the field.
- Renamed `TitleColor` enum to `CustomColor` because it's now used in `SpritePreview`.

Important : You will have to replace all `Title` references using **`TitleColor`** in you project with **`CustomColor`**.

Usage

Once imported simply add this line to your file header to use any attributes :

```
using TetraCreations.Attributes;
```

All Property, Decorator drawers and Editor scripts are inside the namespace :

```
TetraCreations.Attributes.Editor
```

An example scene with the AttributesExample script using every attributes is available in :

```
Assets/Tetra Creations/Attributes/Example/Example.unity
```

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Normal Attributes

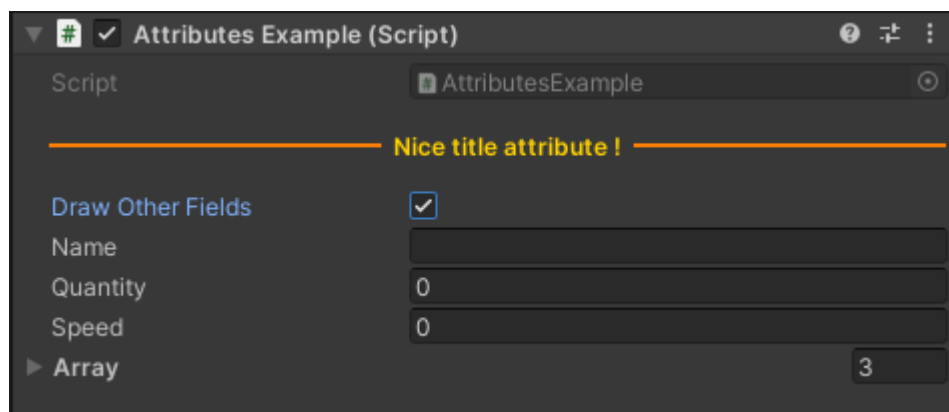
[Tile]

Alternative to **Header** attribute but with a line to separate the title from other fields.

Usage

```
public class AttributesExample : MonoBehaviour
{
    [Title("Nice title attribute !",
    CustomColor.Yellow, CustomColor.Orange, 2f, 20f)]
    public bool DrawOtherFields
}
```

Result



Constructor

```
public TitleAttribute(string title = "",
    CustomColor CustomColor = DefaultCustomColor,
    CustomColor lineColor = DefaultLineColor,
    float lineHeight = DefaultLineHeight,
    float spacing = 14f,
    bool alignTitleLeft = false)
{
    Title = title;
    CustomColor = CustomColor;
    LineColor = lineColor;
    CustomColorString = ColorUtility.ToHtmlStringRGB(CustomColor.GetColor());
    LineColorString = ColorUtility.ToHtmlStringRGB(LineColor.GetColor());
    LineHeight = Mathf.Max(1f, lineHeight);
    Spacing = spacing;
    AlignTitleLeft = alignTitleLeft;
}
```

Constants

```
public const float DefaultLineHeight = 1f;  
public const CustomColor DefaultLineColor = CustomColor.LightGray;  
public const CustomColor DefaultCustomColor = CustomColor.Bright;
```

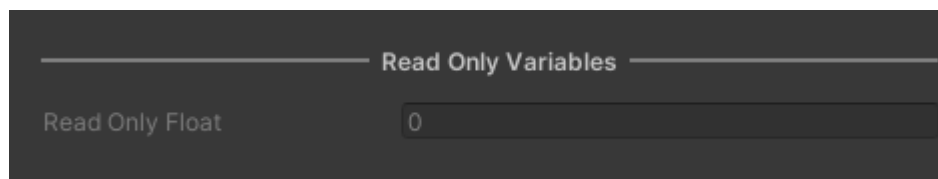
[ReadOnly]

Used to disable modifications to a serialized field.

Usage

```
public class AttributesExample : MonoBehaviour  
{  
    [ReadOnly]  
    public float ReadOnlyFloat;  
}
```

Result



Constructor

There are no parameters for this attribute.

[DrawIf]

Draw a property field if the condition is true. (Only for Boolean and Enum)

In the example below, we are hiding the field **Name** until the **DrawOtherFields** field value is set to true.

Usage

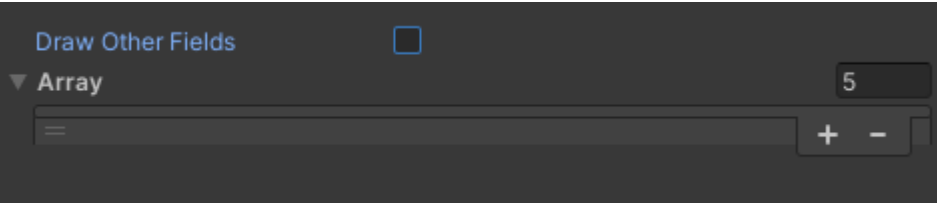
```
public class AttributesExample : MonoBehaviour
{
    public bool DrawOtherFields = false;

    [DrawIf(nameof(DrawOtherFields), true)]
    public string Name;

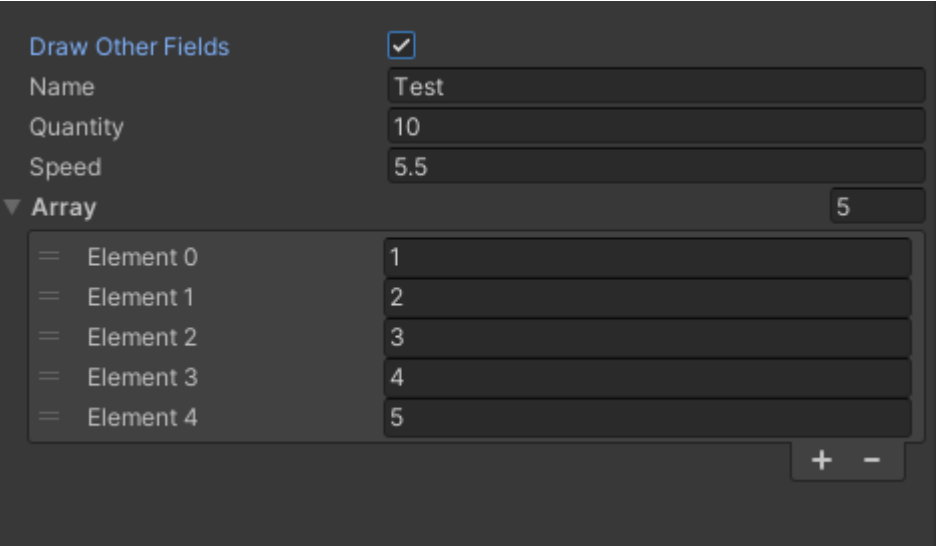
    // Draw if using an Enum flags, NorthWest will be only visible if
    // DirectionsExample.North and DirectionsExample.West are selected
    public DirectionsExample SelectionDirections;
    [DrawIf(nameof(SelectionDirections), DirectionsExample.North |
DirectionsExample.West, type: typeof(DirectionsExample))]
    public string NorthWest;
}
```

Result

False



True



With Enum Flags

Selected Directions	North, West
North West	Test

Constructor

```
/// <summary>
/// Only draws the field if the condition is true.<br></br>
/// Supports Boolean and Enum.
/// </summary>
/// <param name="comparedPropertyName">The name of the property that is being
compared (case sensitive).</param>
/// <param name="comparedValue">The value the property is being compared to.
</param>
/// <param name="disablingType">Determine if it will hide the field or make it
read only if the condition is NOT met.
/// <param name="type">The type of the ComparedValue object to determine if it's
an enum with the [Flags] attribute or not.
/// Defaulted to DisablingType.DontDraw.</param>

public DrawIfAttribute(string comparedPropertyName,
    object comparedValue,
    DisablingType disablingType = DisablingType.DontDraw)
{
    ComparedPropertyName = comparedPropertyName;
    ComparedValue = comparedValue;
    DisablingType = disablingType;
    IsEnumWithFlags = HasFlagsAttribute(type);
}
```

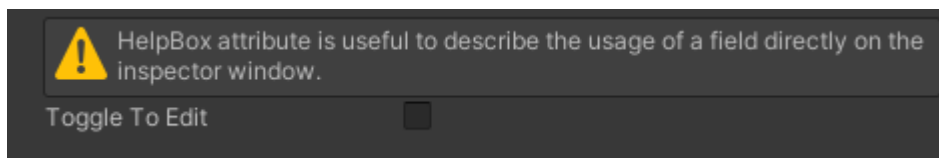

[HelpBox]

Display a help box in the inspector with a message and a type (None, Info, Warning, Error)

Usage

```
public class AttributesExample : MonoBehaviour
{
    [HelpBox("HelpBox attribute is useful to describe the usage of a field directly on the inspector window.", HelpBoxMessageType.Warning)]
    public bool ToggleToEdit = false;
}
```

Result



Constructor

```
public HelpBoxAttribute(string text,
    HelpBoxMessageType messageType = HelpBoxMessageType.None,
    float minimumHeight = 20,
    int fontSize = 12)
{
    Text = text;
    MessageType = messageType;
    MinimumHeight = minimumHeight;
    FontSize = fontSize;
}
```

[MinMaxSlider]

Show a slider with minimum and maximum values for a Vector2.

Usage

```
public class AttributesExample : MonoBehaviour
{
    [MinMaxSlider(0, 100)]
    public Vector2 MinMaxSliderAttribute;
}
```

Result



Constructor

```
public MinMaxSliderAttribute(float min, float max)
{
    Min = min;
    Max = max;
}
```

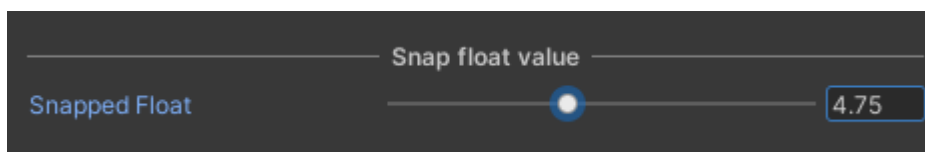
[SnappedSlider]

Draw a slider to increase an integer or a float value by a certain amount (step) and clamped by a minimum and a maximum value. (Only for Integer and Float)

Usage

```
public class AttributesExample : MonoBehaviour
{
    [SnappedSlider(0.25f, 1f, 10f)]
    Public float SnappedFloat;
}
```

Result



Constructors

```
/// <summary>
/// Increase a float value in step<br></br>
/// Value is clamped by min and max parameters
/// </summary>
/// <param name="step">Value to add</param>
/// <param name="min"></param>
/// <param name="max"></param>
public SnappedSliderAttribute(float step, float min, float max)
{
    Step = step;
    Min = min;
    Max = max;
    Precision = MathExtensions.CountFloatDigits(step);
}

/// <summary>
/// Increase an int value in step<br></br>
/// Value is clamped by min and max parameters
/// </summary>
/// <param name="step">Value to add</param>
/// <param name="min"></param>
/// <param name="max"></param>
/// <param name="allowNonStepReach"></param>
public SnappedSliderAttribute(int step, int min, int max, bool allowNonStepReach =
true)
{
    Min = min;
    Max = max;
    Step = step;
    AllowNonStepReach = allowNonStepReach;
    IsInt = true;
}
```

[Required]

Draw an Help Box (Error Type) if a field value is empty or null.

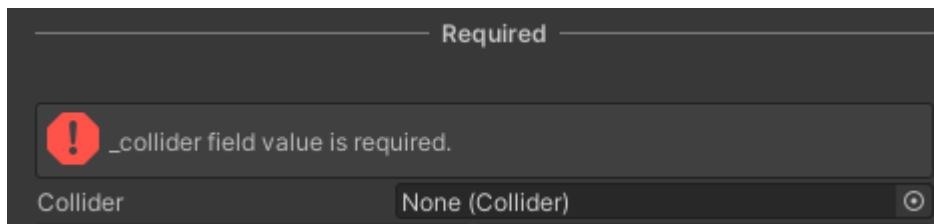
Supported SerializedPropertyType

- String
- ObjectReference
- ExposedReference
- ManagedReference

Usage

```
public class AttributesExample : MonoBehaviour
{
    [Required]
    public Collider Collider;
}
```

Result



Constructor

There are no parameters for this attribute.

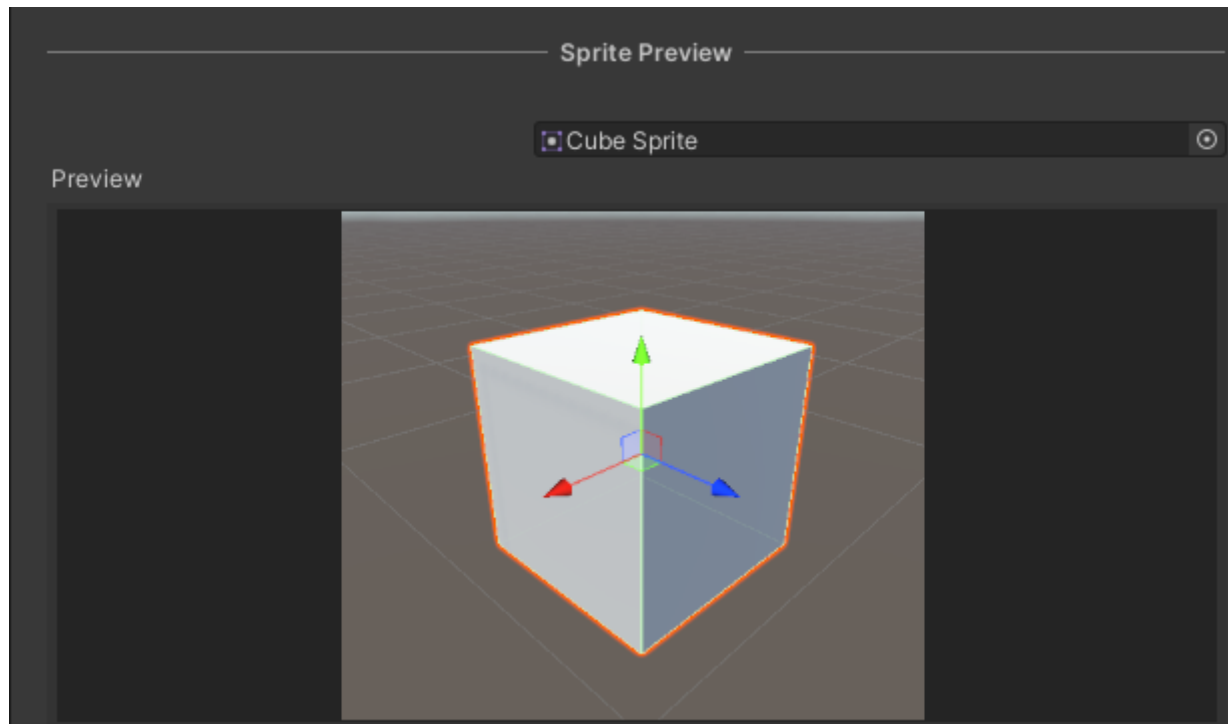
[SpritePreview]

Draw the texture below a sprite field.

Usage

```
public class AttributesExample : MonoBehaviour
{
    [SpritePreview]
    public Sprite Sprite;
}
```

Result



Constructor

```
/// <summary>
/// Dispaly the texture below a sprite field.
/// </summary>
/// <param name="maximumHeight">Maximum height of the preview (With
useAssetPreview set to false)</param>
/// <param name="backgroundColor">The color behind the texture</param>
/// <param name="useAssetPreview">If true it will use AssetPreview.GetAssetPreview
to draw the texture, the maximumHeight doesn't change anyting</param>
public SpritePreviewAttribute(float maximumHeight = 256f, CustomColor
backgroundColor = DefaultBackgroundColor, bool useAssetPreview = false)
{
    UseAssetPreview = useAssetPreview;
    MaximumHeight = maximumHeight;
    BackgroundColor = backgroundColor;
    BackgroundColorString =
ColorUtility.ToHtmlStringRGB(BackgroundColor.ToColor());
}
```

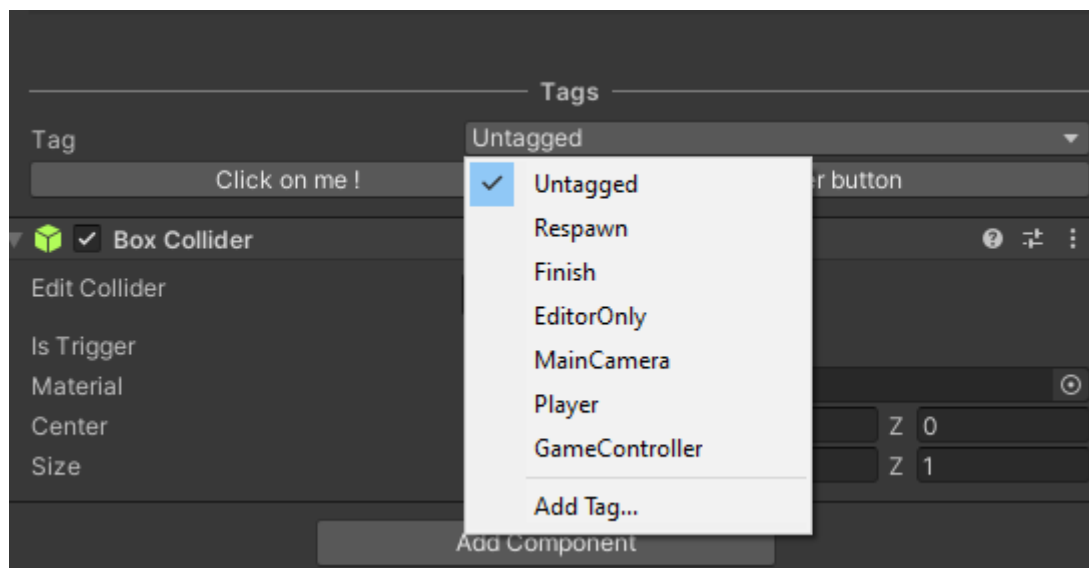
[Tags]

Display a dropdown list of all available tags.

Usage

```
public class AttributesExample : MonoBehaviour
{
    [Tags]
    public string Tag;
}
```

Result



Constructor

There are no parameters for this attribute.

Special Attributes

Theses are not working like usual attributes, PathReference is not even an attribute it's a serializable class.

[PathReference]

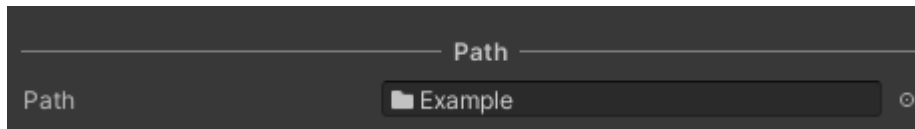
Allow to store the GUI and the Path of an asset folder.

You can either drag and drop a folder or select it by clicking on the icon on the right.

Usage

```
public class AttributesExample : MonoBehaviour
{
    Public PathReference Path;
}
```

Result



Constructor

```
```cs
/// <summary>
/// Default constructor to display a folder reference by it's GUID or/and path.
/// </summary>
public PathReference()
{
 _editable = true;
 _autoUpdate = true;
 _enableDebug = true;
}
```

### Limitations

- You cannot call PathReference.Path at Runtime, because it's using AssetDatabase class.
- You can only use the GUID Property.
- Folder must be inside 'Assets'

## [Button]

Draw button in the inspector. This works using several classes :

- ButtonAttribute
- Button
- ButtonDrawers
- EditorButtons

### Usage

```
public class AttributesExample : MonoBehaviour
{
 [Button(nameof(ButtonCallback), "Click on me !", 100f, row: "first")]
 public void ButtonCallback()
 {
 Debug.Log("You clicked on a button, congrats.");
 }

 [Button(nameof(Test), "Another button", 100f, row:"first")]
 public void Test()
 {
 Debug.Log("This method is incredibly useful.");
 }
}
```

### Result





## Constructors

```
public ButtonAttribute(string methodName,
 string label = "",
 float width = default,
 int space = default,
 string row = default)
{
 MethodName = methodName;
 Label = label;
 Space = space;
 Row = row;
 HasRow = !string.IsNullOrEmpty(Row);
}

public Button(MethodInfo method, ButtonAttribute buttonAttribute)
{
 ButtonAttribute = buttonAttribute;
 Label = string.IsNullOrEmpty(buttonAttribute.Label) ?
ObjectNames.NicifyVariableName(method.Name) : buttonAttribute.Label;
 Method = method;
}
```

## Limitations

By default this wont work inside your custom editor because you need them to inherit from EditorButtons.

---