IMPORTANT LIGHTING DEVELOPMENTS

The first electric light bulbs 1879 are invented

Some cities around the world 1880 | have began to install

Moontowers are used to brighten up cities at night

1897 Lights have begun to be used for public outdoor displays

1930 Increased sky glow in Rome makes their observatores unusable

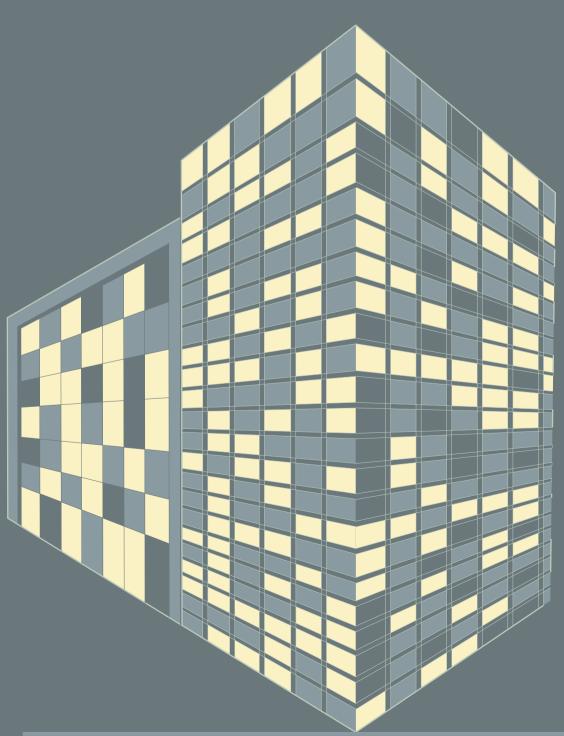
preserve dark skies

The first white and blue LEDs are invented. LEDs become commonly used

Light Pollution

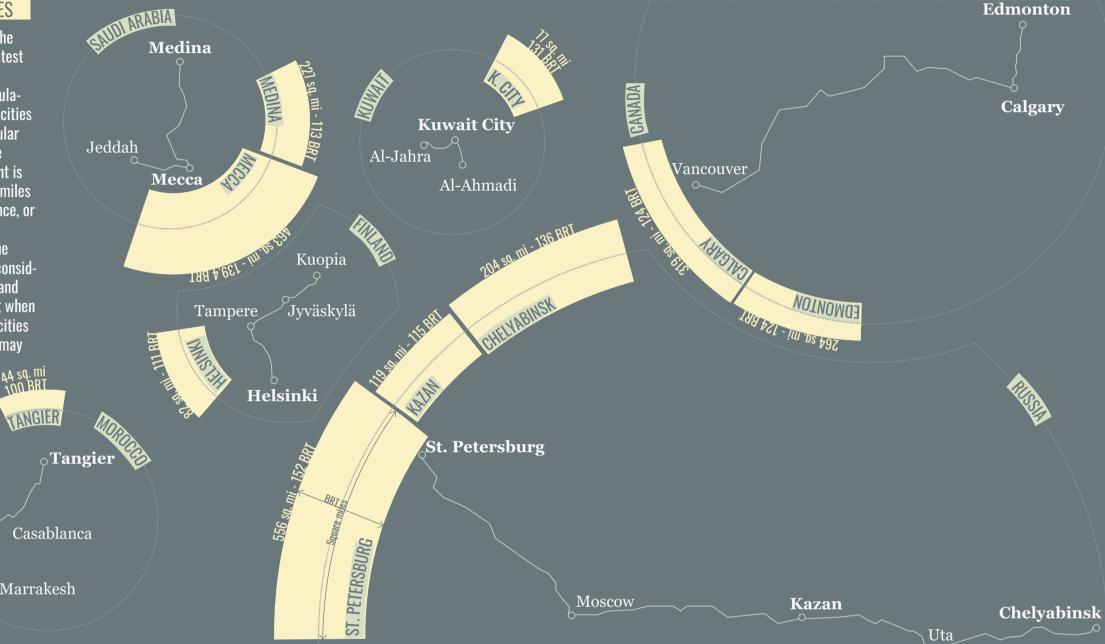
Light pollution is excessive, misdirected, or obtrusive artificial (usually outdoor) light. Too much light pollution has consequences: it washes out starlight in the night sky, interferes with astronomical research, disrupts ecosystems, has adverse health effects and wastes energy.

- From Globe at Night



THE 10 BRIGHTEST CITIES

The map to the right shows the countries where the 10 brightest cities (based on the average brightness for the urban popula-tion) are located. The top 10 cities are bolded while nearby popular locations are also shown. The length of each yellow segment is how big the city is in square miles while the height is the radiance, or brightness of the city. When looking at which cities are the brightest, it is important to consider other factors like culture and temperature, that may affect when people are more active. Hot cities and cities with less daylight may be more active at night.



CHOICE OF BULB MAKES A DIFFERENCE CFL HALOGEN INCANDESCENT LED Lifespan (Years) 4.2 1.4 15 Wattage (Watts) 43 12 Lumens 25 15 1.2 **Annual** Cost 3.5

IGHT POLLUTION SIDE EFFECTS

Light Pollution can affect the way humans and in health while it can cause animals to be less aware of their senses and surroundings. The three main types of light pollution are glare, skyglow, and light tresspass. They are caused by the different **light sources** people use. Side effects are close to similar side effects. They are also close to the light source they are most caused by, while some are in the middle if they are affected by more than one light pollution type.

Effect on Animals

When light enters into a room or space unwanted. This can occur when a car's light beams enter a sleeping person's room or lighting from other buildings leaks into other rooms or nearby buildings

Too much light

A combination of unshielded and reflected lights in a city or town. Causes a glow, similar to a viel, that can extend beyond the direct area. Typically looks like an orange glow during the night

Because of the chang-ing interactions with animals and the environment (changed migration), animals can change over time to adapt

Due to changed migra-

tory patterns, animals may migrate during times they are not

used to, putting them in more dangerous

Glare from lights can spread across the eye.
This damages aged
eyes, and causes eyes
to age. It can also make dark areas after light

> The excess light coming from unprotected lighting, for example, the headlights from cars. This can hit a person's eyes harder since there is more of a spread when this light hits

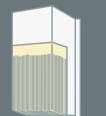
REDUCING LIGHT POLLUTION: LIGHT SHIELDING

One big step in lighting that can either reduce or contribute to light pollution is the amount of shielding, by determining the amount of excess light. Below are some examples of shielding.



FLOOD LIGHT Discouraged

> **COLONIAL TYPE Full Cutof**



WALLPACK Discouraged

> LIGHT FIXTURE **Full Cutof**



STREET LIGHT Full Cutoff Acceptable

animals function. In humans, it can cause changes

Effect on Humans

ders and anxiety

prevents the production of melatonin which is needed for sleep, affecting our biological clock. This leads to sleep disor-

Excessive levels of electrical light have been linked to certain types of cancer. The temperature (color) of light can also have an affect on these diseases

Since migratory oatterns and active ours may change for animals, they may come across new prey or predators

was emulated from the infographic "Piu Veloce Dell'aereo" by Francesco Franchi https://www.flickr.com/photos/ffranchi/3199102299/

The visual language and typography of this infographic

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