



Science Journal Progect

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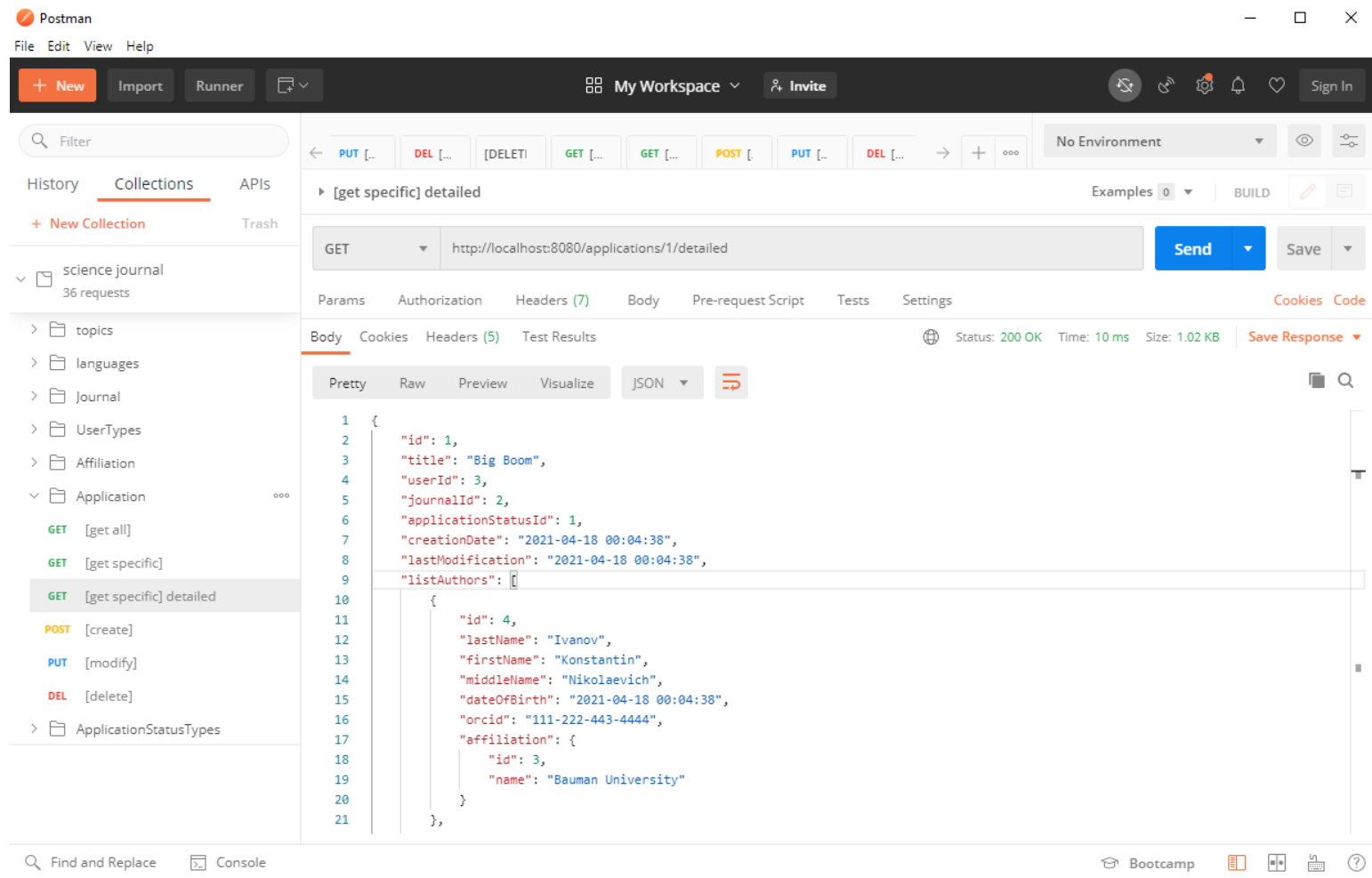
GitHub: <https://github.com/AlexanderKuznetsov13/sciencejournal>



Used technologies

- Java 11
- Apache Maven (project build)
- Spring Boot 2 (for MVC and dependency injection)
- Spring AOP (use aspects for logging)
- PostgreSQL 13 (data storage)
- Liquibase (database migration & deployment)
- Postman (for testing of REST endpoints)

Postman (for testing of REST endpoints)



Liquibase

The screenshot displays an IDE window with the following components:

- Project Structure (Left):** Shows the project hierarchy. The 'resources/db/changelog' folder is expanded, listing numerous XML files. The file '202104162200_create_application_table_for_sciencejournal.xml' is selected.
- Main Editor:** Displays the XML content of the selected file. The XML is a Liquibase changelog entry for PostgreSQL, defining a sequence and a table.

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<changeSet id="create_sequence_application_seq" author="alexander.kuznetsov" dbms="postgresql">
  <preConditions onFail="MARK_RAN">
    <sqlCheck expectedResult="f">
      select dbu_sequence_exists('application_seq', 'sciencejournal')
    </sqlCheck>
  </preConditions>
  <sql>
    CREATE SEQUENCE sciencejournal.application_seq;
  </sql>
</changeSet>

<changeSet id="create_table_application_for_sciencejournal" author="alexander.kuznetsov" dbms="postgresql">
  <preConditions onFail="MARK_RAN">
    <not>
      <tableExists tableName="application" schemaName="sciencejournal"/>
    </not>
    <sqlCheck expectedResult="t">select dbu_sequence_exists('application_seq', 'sciencejournal')</sqlCheck>
  </preConditions>
  <sql>
    CREATE TABLE sciencejournal.application (
      id          INTEGER          NOT NULL DEFAULT nextval('sciencejournal.application_seq'),
      title       VARCHAR(500)     NOT NULL,
      user_id     INTEGER          NOT NULL,
      journal_id  INTEGER          NOT NULL,
      application_status_id  INTEGER          NOT NULL,
      creation_date  TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
      last_modification  TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,

      CONSTRAINT application_id_pk PRIMARY KEY (id),
      CONSTRAINT application_user_id_fk FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES sciencejournal.users (id),
      CONSTRAINT application_journal_id_fk FOREIGN KEY (journal_id) REFERENCES sciencejournal.journals (id)
    );

    COMMENT ON TABLE sciencejournal.application IS 'List of application';
    COMMENT ON COLUMN sciencejournal.application.id IS 'ID';
    COMMENT ON COLUMN sciencejournal.application.title IS 'title of application';
  </sql>
</changeSet>
```

PostgreSQL 13/pgAdmin

```
--
select j.id, j.name, t.name, l.name from sciencejournal.journals j
inner join sciencejournal.topics t on j.topic_id = t.id
inner join sciencejournal.languages l on j.language_id = l.id;

--
select * from sciencejournal.usersbyjournal t1
inner join sciencejournal.users t2 on t1.user_id = t2.id ;

--
select t1.id, t4.name, t4.surname, t3.name, t2.name from sciencejournal.usersbyjournal t1
inner join sciencejournal.journals t2 on t1.journal_id = t2.id
inner join sciencejournal.usertypes t3 on t1.user_type_id = t3.id
inner join sciencejournal.users t4 on t1.user_id = t4.id;

-- list of all affiliations
select *
from sciencejournal.affiliation;

CREATE SEQUENCE topics_seq;

CREATE TABLE topics
```

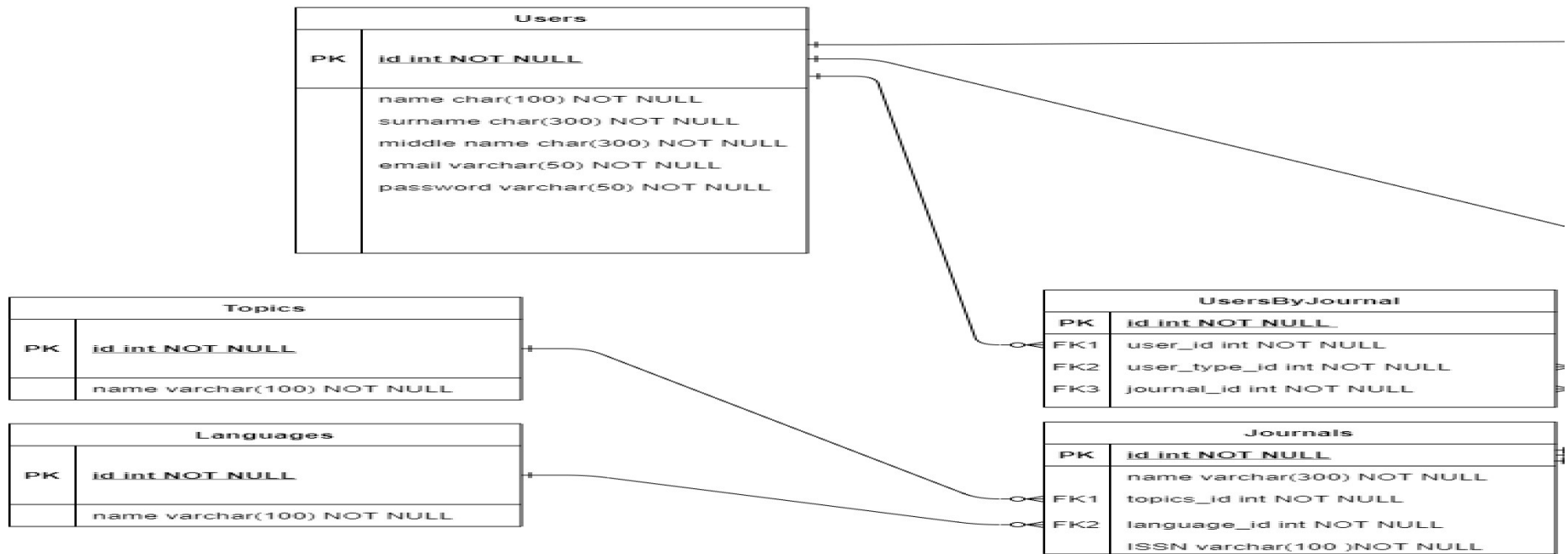
Output склейка столбцов из таблиц

	id	t4.name	surname	t3.name	name
1	1	Roman	Gosudarev	administrator	Journal of Business
2	2	Polina	Gaft	manager	Journal of Business

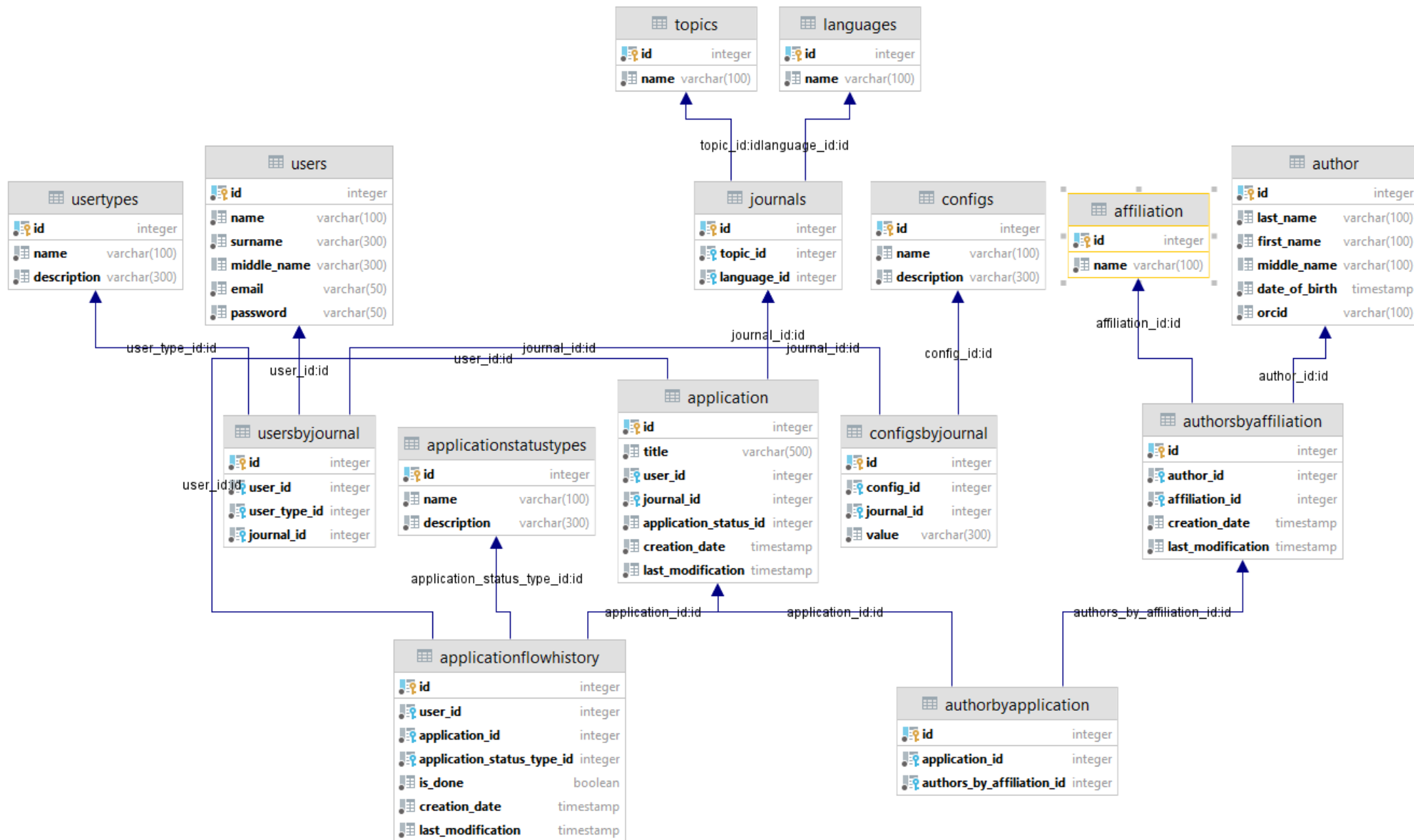
The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. On the left, a tree view displays the database structure, including tables like 'affiliation', 'application', 'applicationflowhistory', 'applicationstatustypes', 'author', 'authorbyapplication', 'authorsbyaffiliation', 'configs', 'configsbyjournal', 'journals', 'languages', 'topics', and 'users'. The 'Topics' table is selected. On the right, the 'Dependencies' tab is active, showing a table of dependencies.

Type	Name	Restriction
Function	nextval('sciencejournal.application_seq'::regclass)	auto
Foreign Key	sciencejournal.application.application_journal_i...	auto
Foreign Key	sciencejournal.application.application_user_id_fk	auto
Primary Key	sciencejournal.application_id_pk	auto
Foreign Key	sciencejournal.applicationflowhistory.applicatio...	normal
Foreign Key	sciencejournal.authorbyapplication.authorbyapp...	normal
1.3 Sequence	application_seq	auto

Database diagram (draw.io)



Database diagram (Exported from IntelliJ IDEA)



DAO for database tables

The screenshot displays an IDE with a Java project structure on the left and a code editor on the right. The project structure shows a package hierarchy: `main` > `java` > `ru` > `agk13145` > `sciencejournal` > `config` > `controller` > `dao` > `impl`. The code editor shows the implementation of the `AuthorByApplicationDaoImpl` class. It includes SQL queries for update, delete, and select operations, and implements the `find`, `create`, and `update` methods of the `AuthorByApplicationDao` interface.

```

25 private final static String SQL_UPDATE_AUTHORBYAPPLICATION = "UPDATE sciencejournal.authorbyapplication " +
26     "SET application_id = :application_id, authors_by_affiliation_id=:authors_by_affiliation_id WHERE id = :id";
27
28
29 private final static String SQL_DELETE_AUTHORBYAPPLICATION = "DELETE FROM sciencejournal.authorbyapplication WHERE id = :id";
30
31 private final static String SQL_SELECT_ALL_AUTHORBYAPPLICATION = "SELECT ID, APPLICATION_ID, AUTHORS_BY_AFFILIATION_ID FROM sciencejournal.authorbyapplication";
32
33 private final static String SQL_SELECT_AUTHORBYAPPLICATION_BY_APPLICATION_ID = "SELECT ID, APPLICATION_ID, AUTHORS_BY_AFFILIATION_ID FROM sciencejournal.authorbyapplication " +
34     "WHERE application_id = :application_id";
35
36 @Autowired
37 private NamedParameterJdbcTemplate namedParameterJdbcTemplate;
38
39 @Override
40 public AuthorByApplication getAuthorByApplication(Integer authorByApplicationId) {
41     Map<String, Object> paramMap = new HashMap<>();
42     paramMap.put("id", authorByApplicationId);
43     return namedParameterJdbcTemplate.queryForObject(SQL_SELECT_AUTHORBYAPPLICATION, paramMap, new AuthorByApplicationMapper());
44 }
45
46 @Override
47 public List<AuthorByApplication> findByApplicationId(Integer applicationId) {
48     Map<String, Object> params = new HashMap<>();
49     params.put("application_id", applicationId);
50     return namedParameterJdbcTemplate.query(SQL_SELECT_AUTHORBYAPPLICATION_BY_APPLICATION_ID, params, new AuthorByApplicationMapper());
51 }
52
53 @Override
54 @Transactional
55 public Integer createAuthorByApplication(AuthorByApplication authorByApplication) {
56     GeneratedKeyHolder generatedKeyHolder = new GeneratedKeyHolder();
57     MapSqlParameterSource namedParameters = new MapSqlParameterSource();
58     namedParameters.addValue("application_id", authorByApplication.getApplicationId());
59     namedParameters.addValue("authors_by_affiliation_id", authorByApplication.getAuthorByAffiliationId());
60     namedParameterJdbcTemplate.update(SQL_CREATE_AUTHORBYAPPLICATION, namedParameters, generatedKeyHolder);
61     return (Integer) generatedKeyHolder.getKeys().get("id");
62 }
63
64 @Override
65 @Transactional
66 public void updateAuthorByApplication(AuthorByApplication authorByApplication) {

```




Live presentation



FUTURE

- create Review microservice + Notification microservice
- Add queue (RabbitMQ, Apache Kafka)
- Add Docker support (container runtime)
- Add tests



The End

Thanks for listening