

VariantInc: Automatically Pruning and Integrating Versioned Software Variants

Sebastian Krieter, Jacob Krüger, Thomas Leich, Gunter Saake | August 30, 2023 — SPLC'23

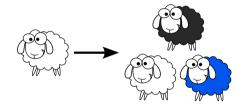




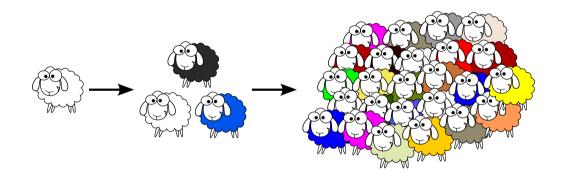
Fork-based Clone-And-Own



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VariantInc – Envisioned Use Cases

- What features are developed in forks?
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- Can we migrate a fork-based SPL towards a variational control system?
 - 5. Migrate towards variation control

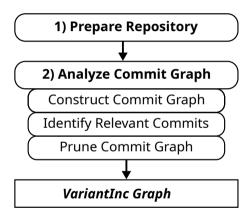
1) Prepare Repository

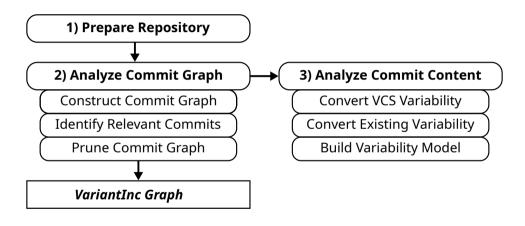
- 1) Prepare Repository
- 2) Analyze Commit Graph

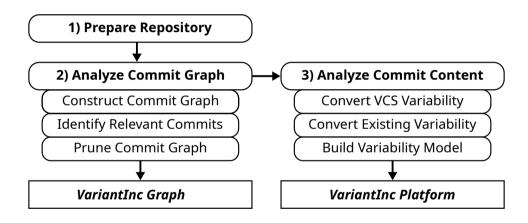
Construct Commit Graph

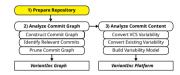
Identify Relevant Commits

Prune Commit Graph

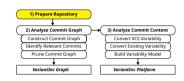








- Prepare repository
 - 1. Search for publicly available forks on Github
 - 2. Clone main repository
 - 3. Fetch all commits from all available fork

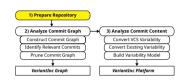


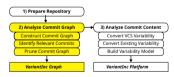
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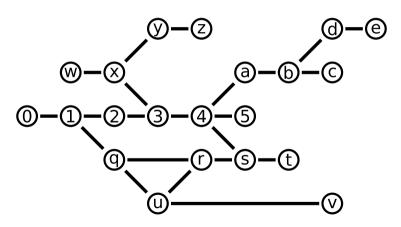
• Analyze commit graph

- 1. Find a common root for all variants
- 2. remove states that do not contribute variability

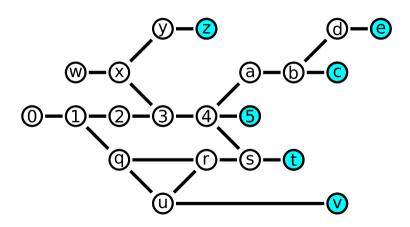




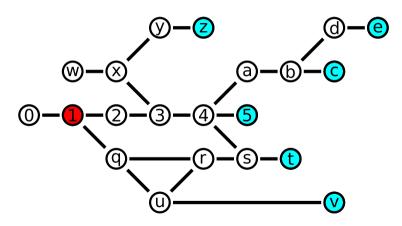
Initial graph



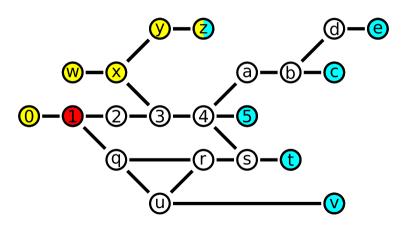
Mark leaf nodes



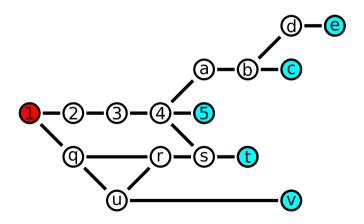
Compute most common ancestor



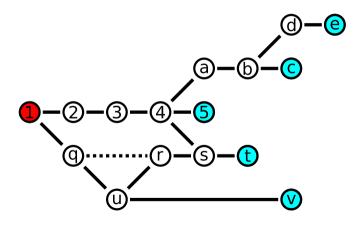
Mark orphans



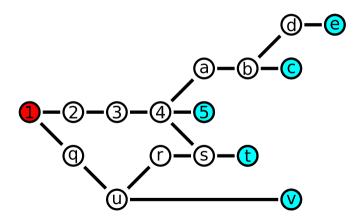
Remove orphans



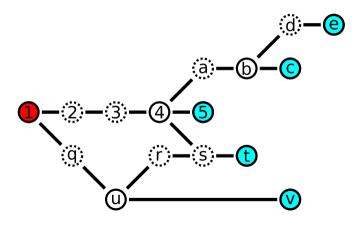
Mark transitive edges



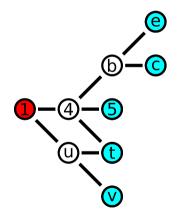
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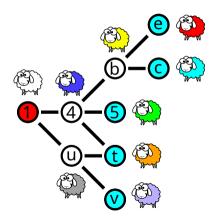


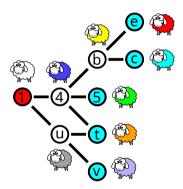
Mark commits with a single child

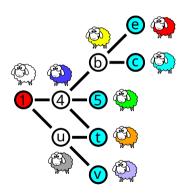


Remove commits

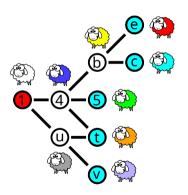








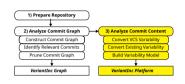
Offering means to analyze and compare co-evolving variants



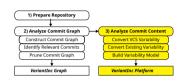
- Offering means to analyze and compare co-evolving variants
- Provides support for developers to decide which forks are relevant for a platform

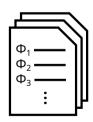


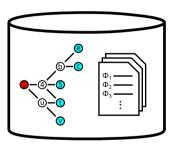
- Analyze commit content
 - Start with common ancestor and perform a breadth-first search
 - For each commit:
 - Compute commit presence condition for every line
 - Compute variability presence condition for every line
 - Combine both presence conditions
 - ⇒ Ordered list of lines with presence conditions

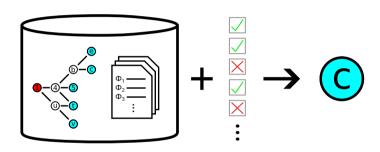


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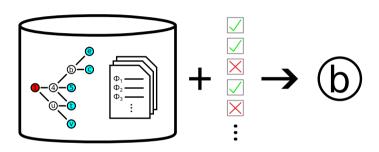




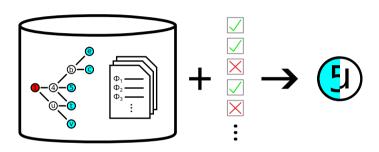




- Configure variant from platform
 - Evaluate presence conditions for each line



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Evaluation Setup

Data

• 160 repositories from Github

#Forks: 2 - 3,944
#Branches: 1 - 3,592
#Commits: 27 - 150,562

• #LOC: 2,228 - 21,562,320

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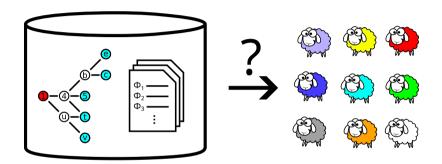
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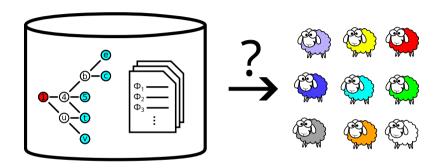
Process

- 1. Build VariantInc Graph and Platform
- 2. Analyze graph
- 3. Test platform correctness

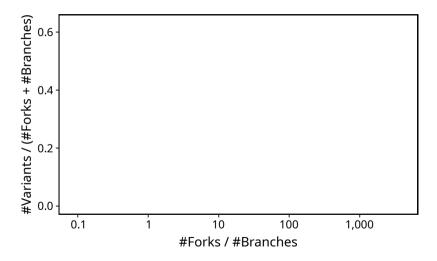
Insights – Correctness

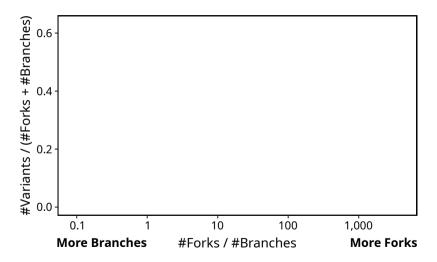


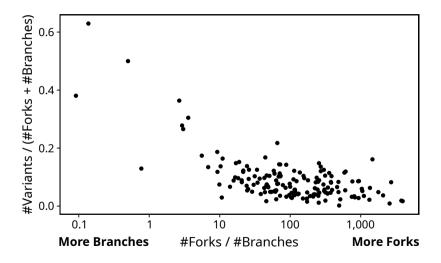
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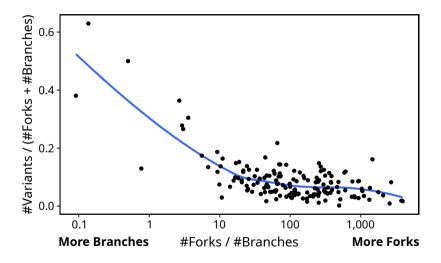


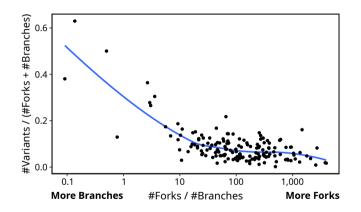
⇒ All commits could be correctly configured using the platform



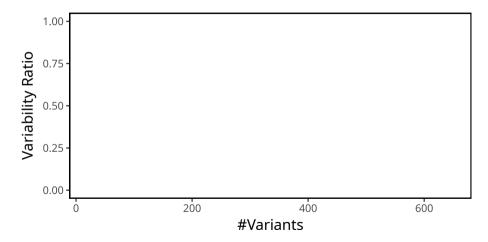


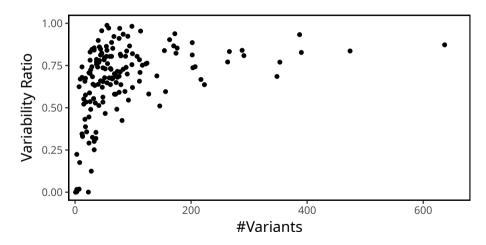


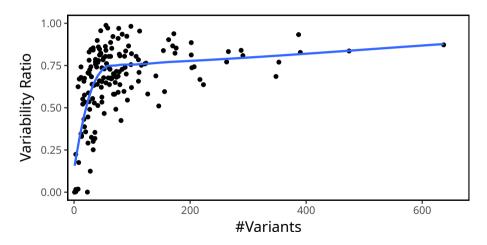


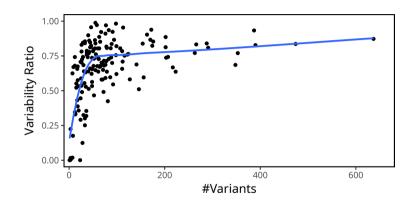


⇒ Branches seem to cause more variants then than forks







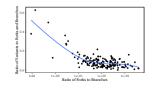


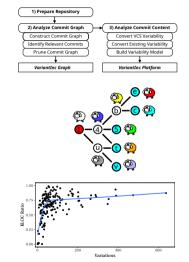
⇒ Integrating more forks does not necessarily add more variability

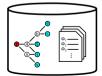
Conclusion

• Introduction of VariantInc

- Enable novel analyses of revision histories
- Facilitate the identification of unique variants in forks
- Allows initial configuration of variants from revisions and existing variability

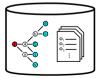


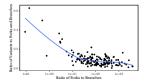


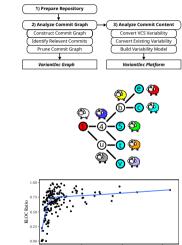


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 - Allows initial configuration of variants from revisions and existing variability
- Future combination with other tools for identifying features is desirable







Variations