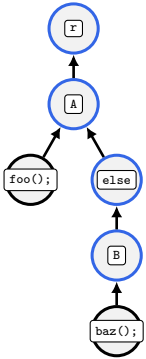
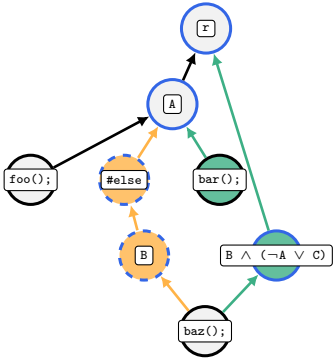
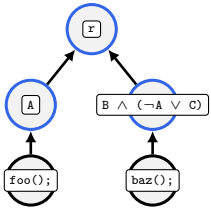






Classifying Edits to Variability in Source Code

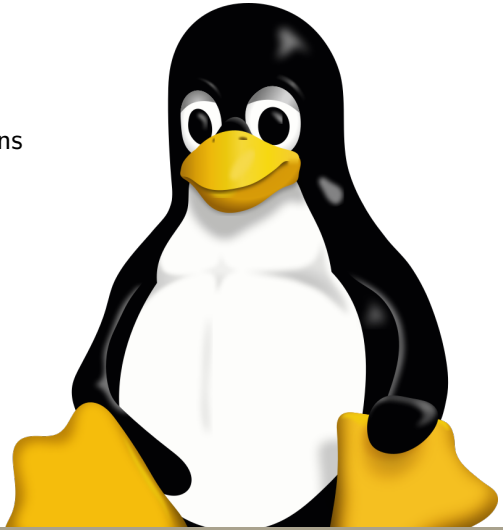
Paul Bittner, Christof Tinnes, Alexander Schultheiß, Sören Viegener, Timo Kehrer, and Thomas Thüm | Nov 14, 2022

Software Comprises Massive Evolving Variability

$\geq$ **4,000**
configuration options

$\geq$ $\mathbf{10^{725}}$
different variants

[2007]



Software Comprises Massive Evolving Variability

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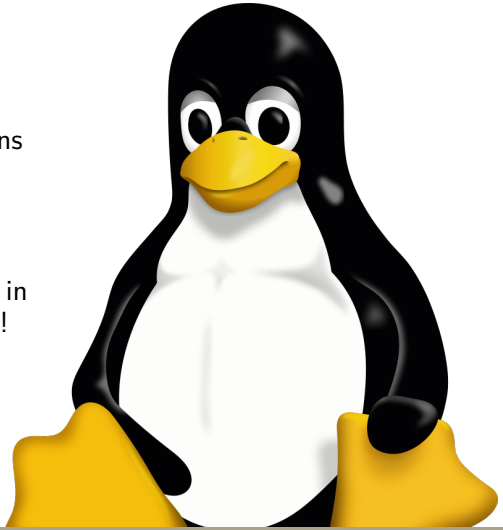
$\geq$ $\mathbf{10^{725}}$
different variants
Only $\sim\mathbf{10^{80}}$ atoms in observable universe!

[2007]



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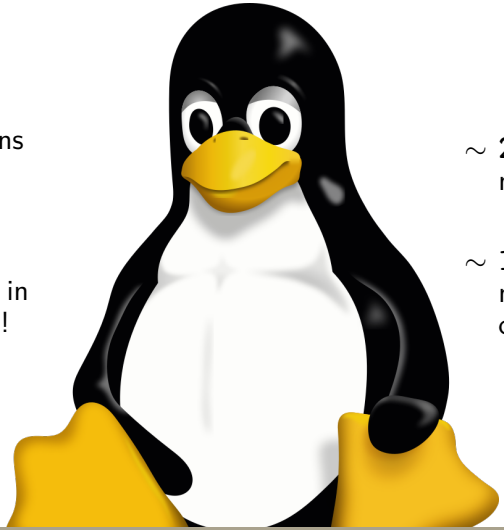

$\sim$ **21,000**
new LOC / week

$\sim$ **15**
new configuration options / week

Variability via C Preprocessor

```
   static void
f_foreground(/* params */)
{
#ifdef FEAT_GUI
   if (gui.in_use)
   gui_mch_set_foreground();
#else
# ifdef MSWIN
   win32_set_foreground();
# endif
#endif
}
```

Vim Commit ab4cece.

Variability via C Preprocessor

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f_foreground(/* params */)
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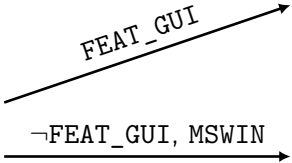


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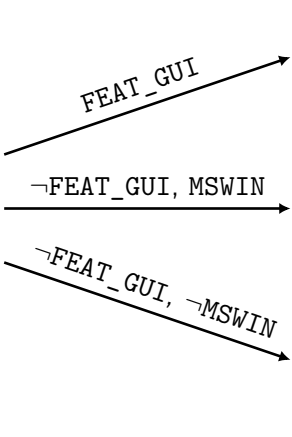
}
```




```
   static void
f_foreground(/* params */)
{
   if (gui.in_use)
   gui_mch_set_foreground();
}
```

```
   static void
f_foreground(/* params */)
{
   win32_set_foreground();
}
```

```
   static void
f_foreground(/* params */)
{
}
```

Vim Commit ab4cece.

Edits to Variability via C Preprocessor

```
#ifdef A
 foo();
#else
 #ifdef B
 baz();
 #endif
#endif
```

Example simplified from Vim commit afde13b.

Edits to Variability via C Preprocessor

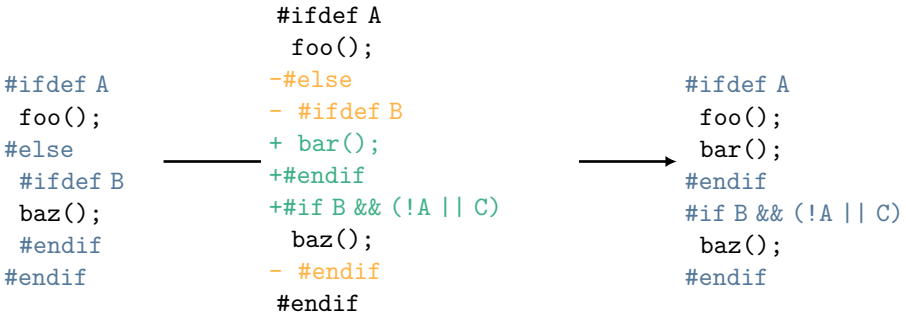
```
#ifdef A
 foo();
#else
 #ifdef B
 baz();
 #endif
#endif
```

Commit afde13b →

```
#ifdef A
 foo();
 bar();
#endif
#if B && (!A || C)
 baz();
#endif
```

Example simplified from Vim commit afde13b.

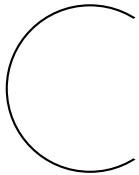
Edits to Variability via C Preprocessor



Example simplified from Vim commit afde13b.

Related Work on Edit Classification is . . .

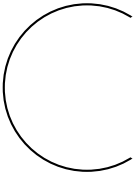
incomplete



[Stănciulescu et al., 2016]
[Borba et al., 2012]
[Al-Hajjaji et al., 2016]
[Passos et al., 2016]

Related Work on Edit Classification is . . .

incomplete **or** **ambiguous**



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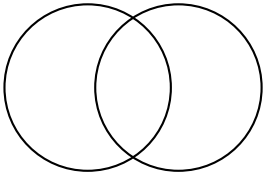
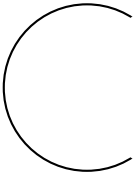


[Ji et al., 2015]
[Stănciulescu et al., 2016]

Related Work on Edit Classification is . . .

incomplete **or** **ambiguous** **or** **not automatable**



[Stănciulescu et al., 2016]
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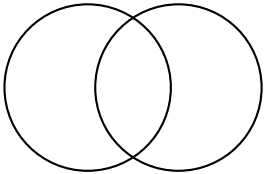

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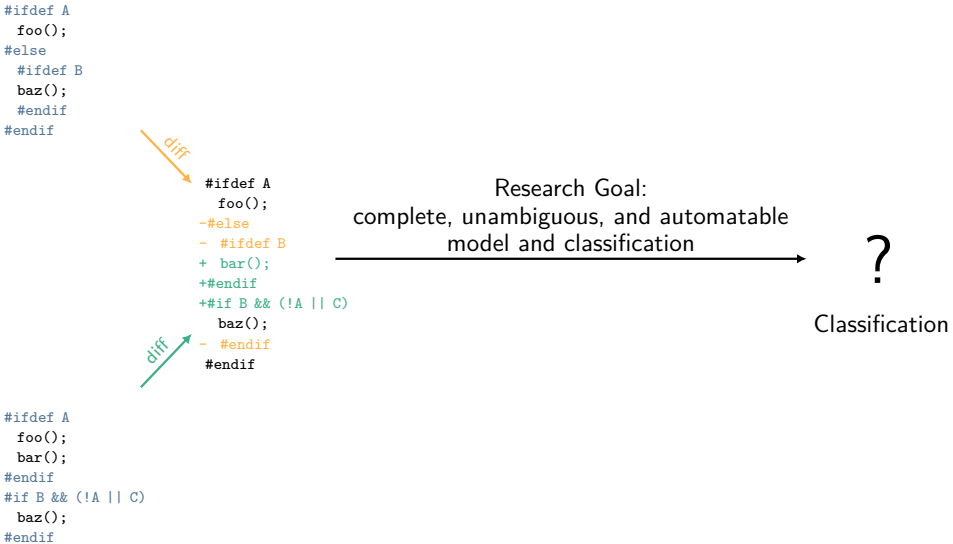
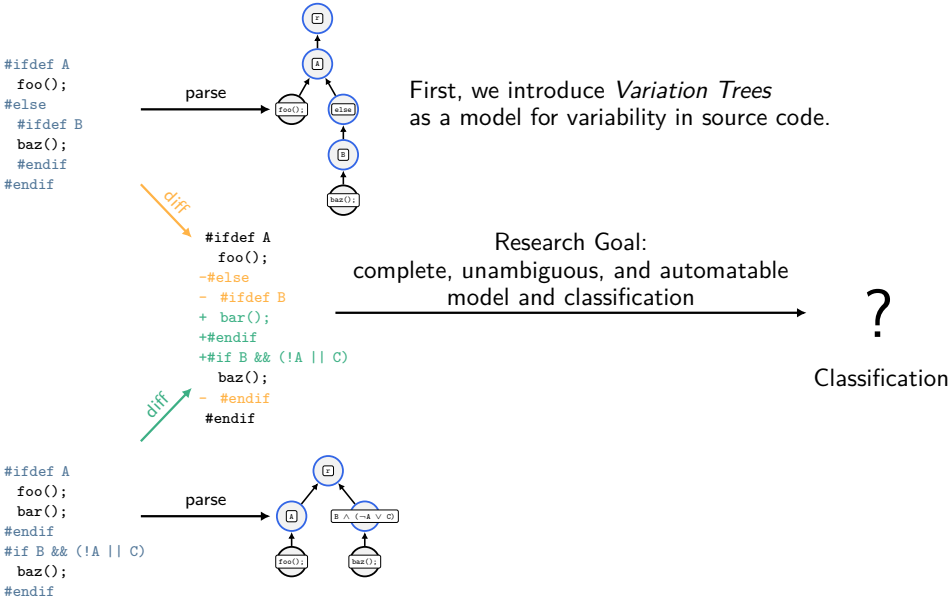
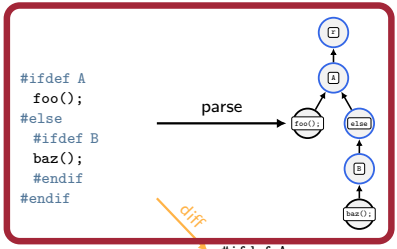

#ifdef A
foo();
#else
#ifdef B
baz();
#endif
#endif
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
-#else
- #ifdef B
+ bar();
+#endif
+#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
- #endif
#endif
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
bar();
#endif
#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
#endif
Research Goal:
complete, unambiguous, and automatable
model and classification
?
Classification


#ifdef A
foo();
#else
#ifdef B
baz();
#endif
#endif
parse
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
-#else
- #ifdef B
+ bar();
+#endif
+#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
- #endif
#endif
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
bar();
#endif
#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
#endif
parse
First, we introduce *Variation Trees*
as a model for variability in source code.
Research Goal:
complete, unambiguous, and automatable
model and classification
?
Classification



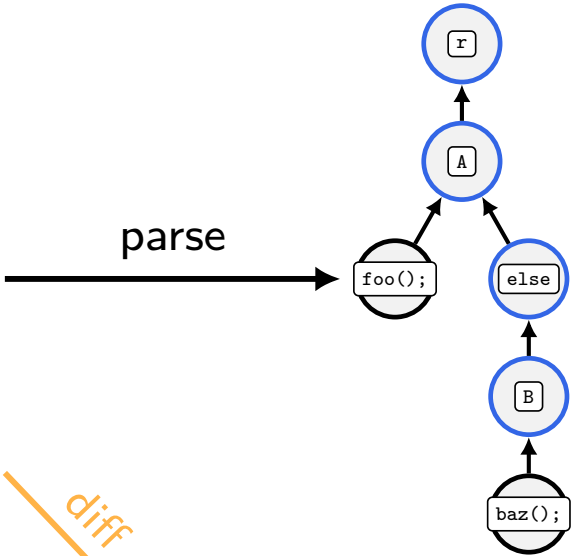
First, we introduce *Variation Trees* as a model for variability in source code.

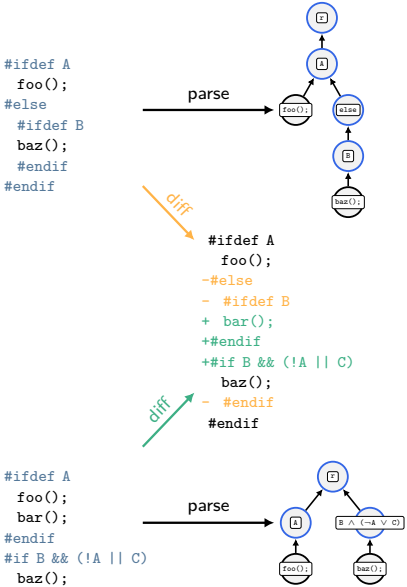
Research Goal:
complete, unambiguous, and automatable model and classification

?

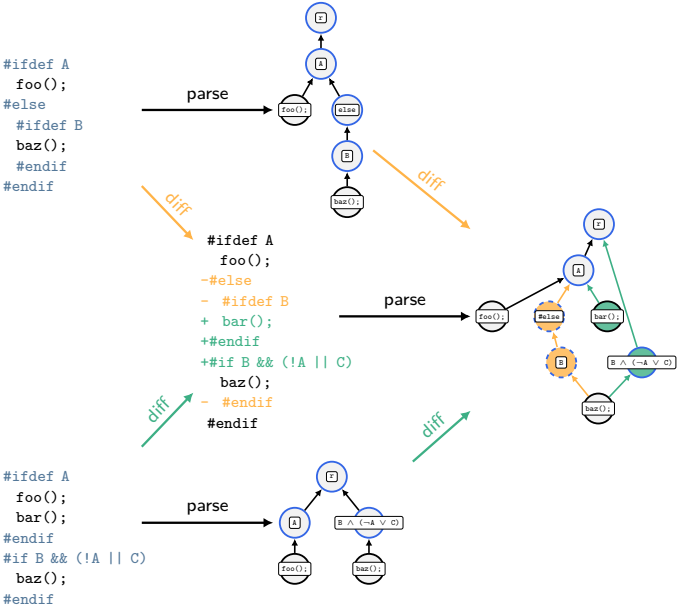
Classification

```
#ifdef A
  foo();
#else
  #ifdef B
  baz();
  #endif
#endif
```

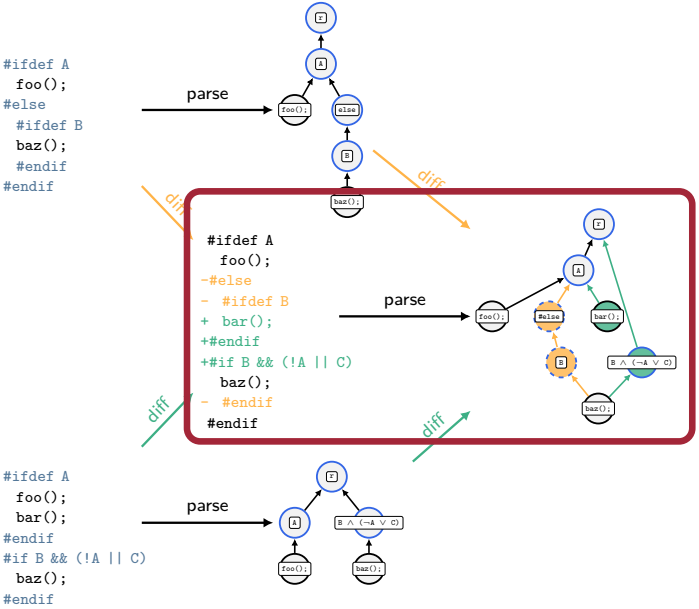




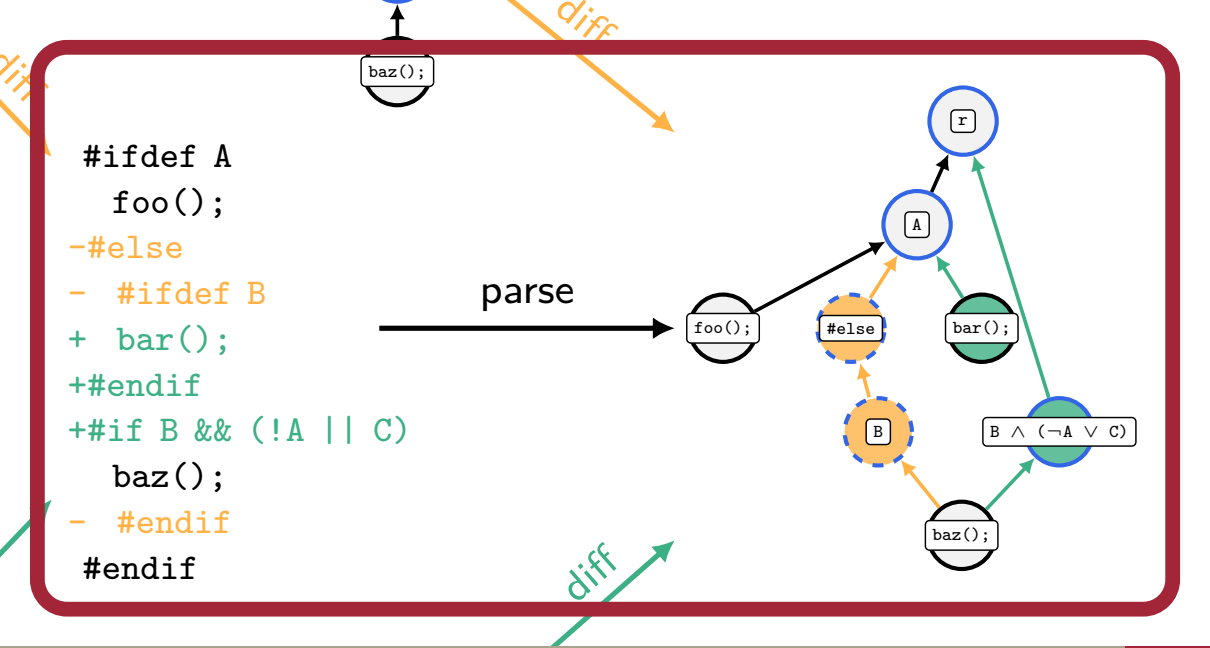
Edits to variability become edits to Variation Trees

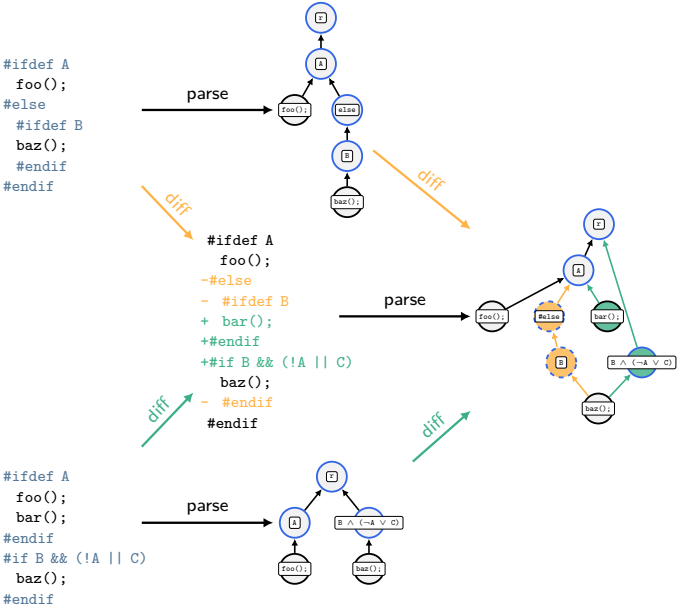


Edits to variability become edits to Variation Trees, for which we introduce *Variation Diffs*.



Edits to variability become edits to Variation Trees, for which we introduce *Variation Diffs*.


baz();
diff
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
-#else
- #ifdef B
+ bar();
+#endif
+#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
- #endif
#endif
parse
r
A
foo();
#else
bar();
B
B ∧ (¬A ∨ C)
baz();
diff


#ifdef A
foo();
#else
#ifdef B
baz();
#endif
#endif
parse
diff
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
-#else
- #ifdef B
+ bar();
+#endif
+#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
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diff
diff
#ifdef A
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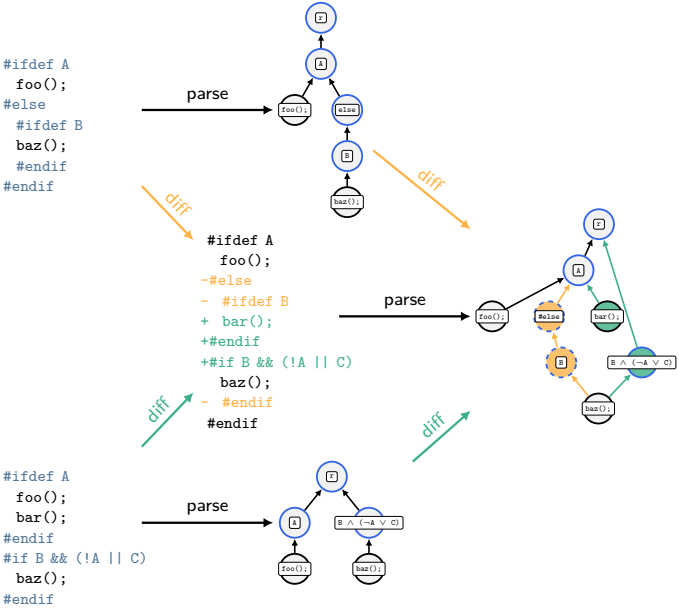
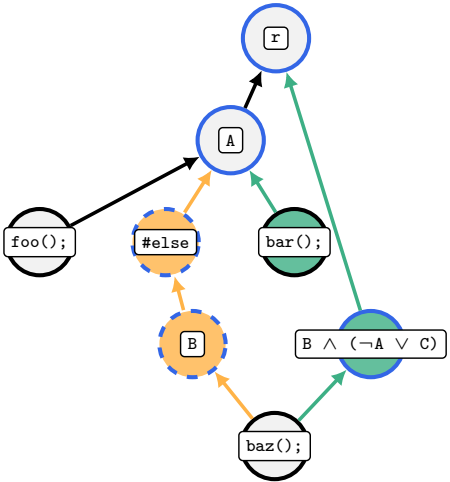
bar();
#endif
#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
#endif
parse



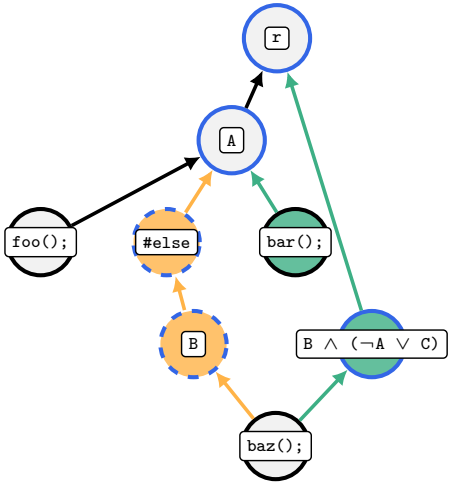
Classifying Edits to Variability in Source Code

reduces to

Classifying Structures in Variation Diffs

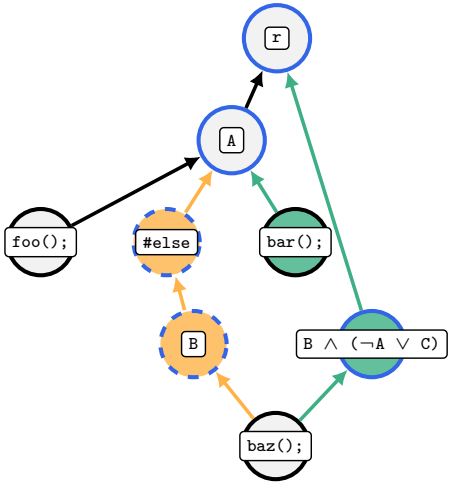


is unchanged



is unchanged

is added to feature A



is unchanged

is added to feature A

is moved
from $B \wedge \neg A$
to $B \wedge (\neg A \vee C)$

Classification $:=$ Set of Classes

Classification $:=$ Set of Classes

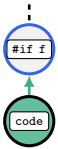
$class : \boxed{\text{code}} \rightarrow \{true, false\}$

Classification := Set of Classes

$class : \boxed{\texttt{code}} \rightarrow \{true, false\}$

Example:

$$AddToPC(\boxed{\texttt{code}}) := \text{added}(\boxed{\texttt{code}}) \wedge \neg\, \text{added}(p_a(\boxed{\texttt{code}}))$$



We define 9 classes.

AddWithMapping(*c*) :=
added(*c*) ∧ added(M_a(*c*))

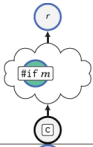
```
+ #if m
+   c
+ #endif
```

AddToPC(*c*) :=
added(*c*) ∧ ¬ added(M_a(*c*))

```
#if m
+ c
#endif
```

Specialization(*c*) := unchanged(*c*)
∧¬(PC$_b$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_a$(*c*))
∧ (PC$_a$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_b$(*c*))

```
+ #if m
    c
+ #endif
```



RemWithMapping(*c*) :=
removed(*c*) ∧ removed(M_b(*c*))

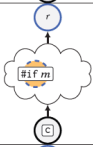
```
- #if m
-   c
- #endif
```

RemFromPC(*c*) :=
removed(*c*) ∧ ¬ removed(M_b(*c*))

```
#if m
- c
#endif
```

Generalization(*c*) := unchanged(*c*)
∧ (PC$_b$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_a$(*c*))
∧¬(PC$_a$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_b$(*c*))

```
- #if m
    c
- #endif
```



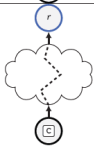
Reconfiguration(*c*) := unchanged(*c*)
∧¬(PC$_b$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_a$(*c*))
∧¬(PC$_a$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_b$(*c*))

```
- #if m
+ #if m'
    c
#endif
```

Refactoring(*c*) := unchanged(*c*)
∧(PC$_b$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_a$(*c*))
∧(PC$_a$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_b$(*c*))
∧(*path*$_b$(*c*) ≠ *path*$_a$(*c*))

```
- #if A || (B && !A)
+ #if A || B
    c
#endif
```

Untouched(*c*) := unchanged(*c*)
∧(PC$_b$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_a$(*c*))
∧(PC$_a$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_b$(*c*))
∧(*path*$_b$(*c*) = *path*$_a$(*c*))



We define 9 classes.

AddWithMapping(*c*) :=
added(*c*) ∧ added(M_a(*c*))

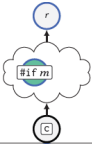
```
+ #if m
+   c
+ #endif
```

AddToPC(*c*) :=
added(*c*) ∧ ¬ added(M_a(*c*))

```
#if m
+   c
#endif
```

Specialization(*c*) := unchanged(*c*)
∧¬(PC$_b$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_a$(*c*))
∧ (PC$_a$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_b$(*c*))

```
+ #if m
    c
+ #endif
```



RemWithMapping(*c*) :=
removed(*c*) ∧ removed(M_b(*c*))

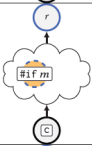
```
- #if m
-   c
- #endif
```

RemFromPC(*c*) :=
removed(*c*) ∧ ¬ removed(M_b(*c*))

```
#if m
-   c
#endif
```

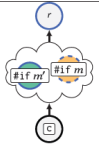
Generalization(*c*) := unchanged(*c*)
∧ (PC$_b$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_a$(*c*))
∧¬(PC$_a$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_b$(*c*))

```
- #if m
    c
- #endif
```



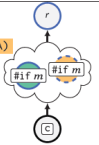
Reconfiguration(*c*) := unchanged(*c*)
∧¬(PC$_b$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_a$(*c*))
∧¬(PC$_a$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_b$(*c*))

```
- #if m
+ #if m'
    c
#endif
```

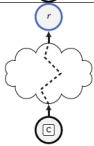


Refactoring(*c*) := unchanged(*c*)
∧(PC$_b$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_a$(*c*))
∧(PC$_a$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_b$(*c*))
∧(*path*$_b$(*c*) ≠ *path*$_a$(*c*))

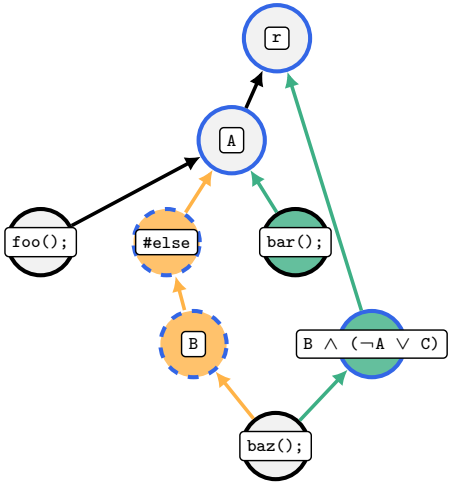
```
- #if A || (B && !A)
+ #if A || B
    c
#endif
```



Untouched(*c*) := unchanged(*c*)
∧(PC$_b$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_a$(*c*))
∧(PC$_a$(*c*) ⊨ PC$_b$(*c*))
∧(*path*$_b$(*c*) = *path*$_a$(*c*))



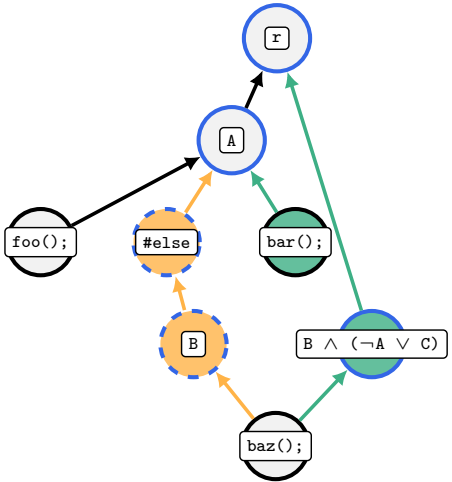
Custom classifications possible.



is unchanged

is added to feature A

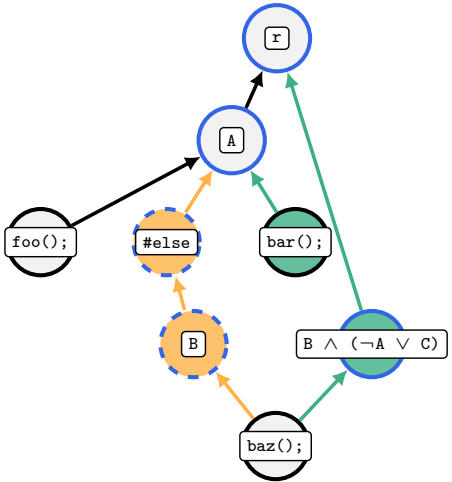
is moved
from $B \wedge \neg A$
to $B \wedge (\neg A \vee C)$



foo(); is unchanged

$AddToPC($ bar(); $) = true$

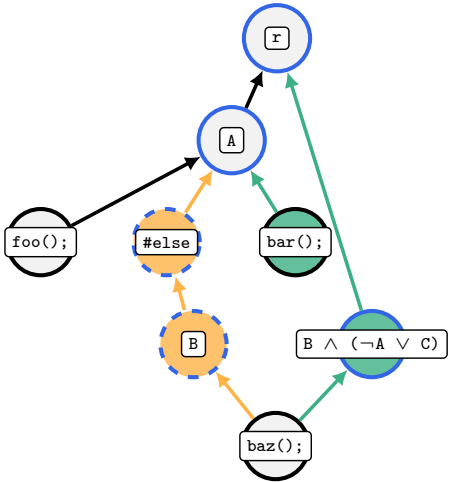
baz(); is moved
from $B \wedge \neg A$
to $B \wedge (\neg A \vee C)$



$Untouched($ foo(); $) = true$

$AddToPC($ bar(); $) = true$

baz(); is moved
from $B \wedge \neg A$
to $B \wedge (\neg A \vee C)$

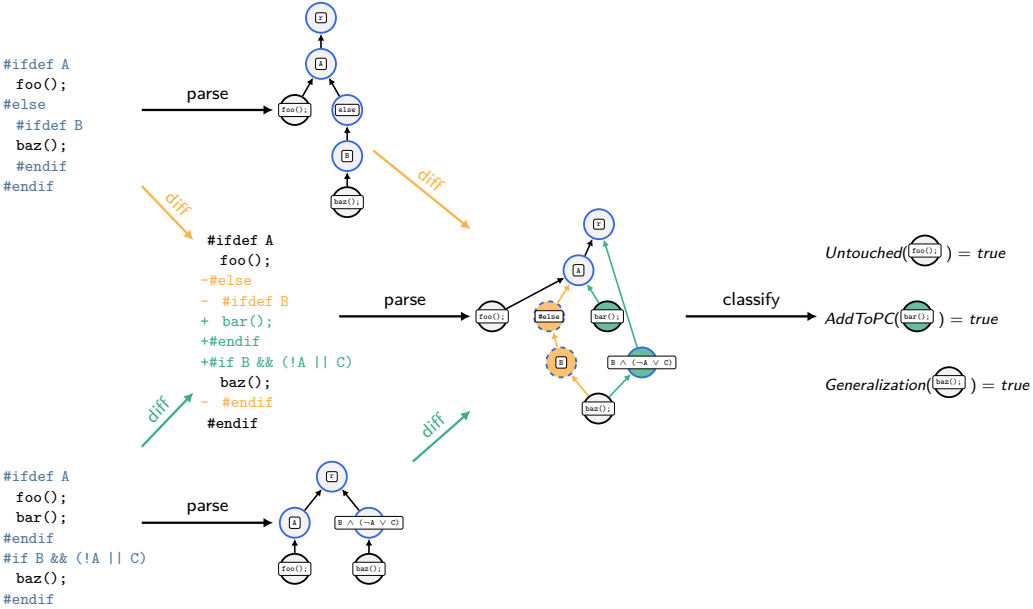


$Untouched($ foo(); $) = true$

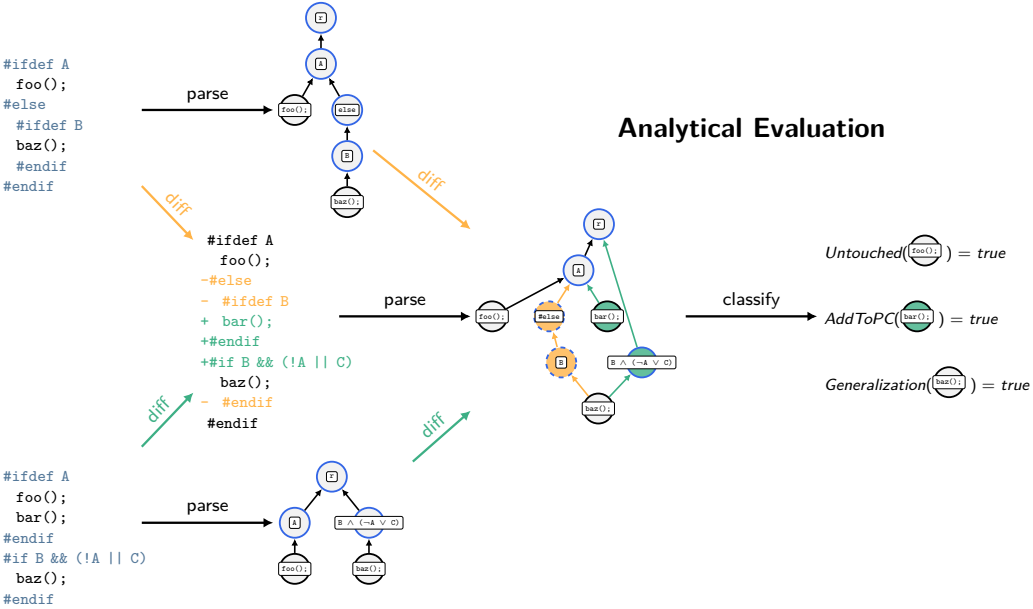
$AddToPC($ bar(); $) = true$

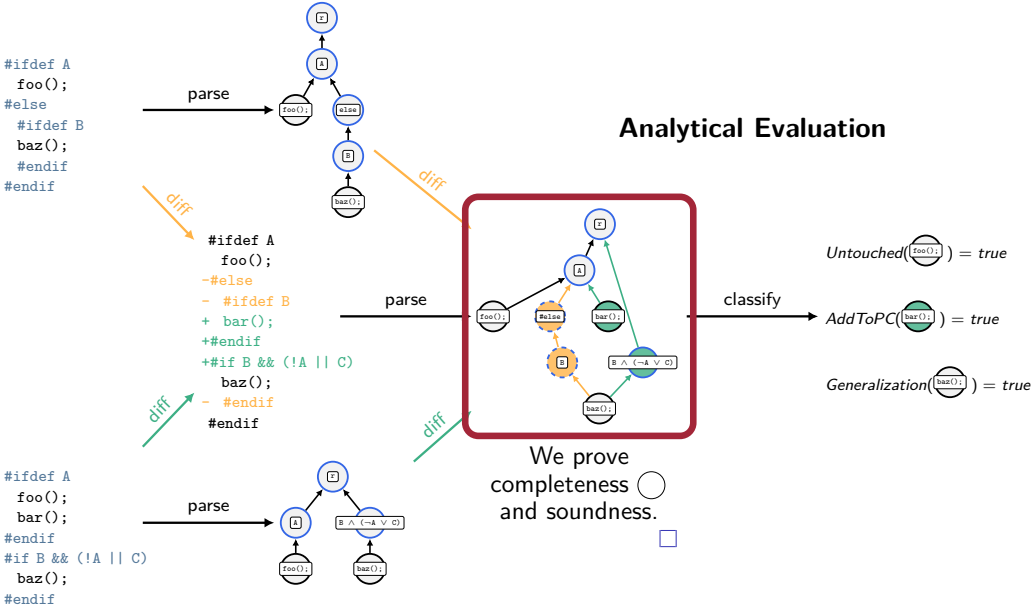
$Generalization($ baz(); $) = true$

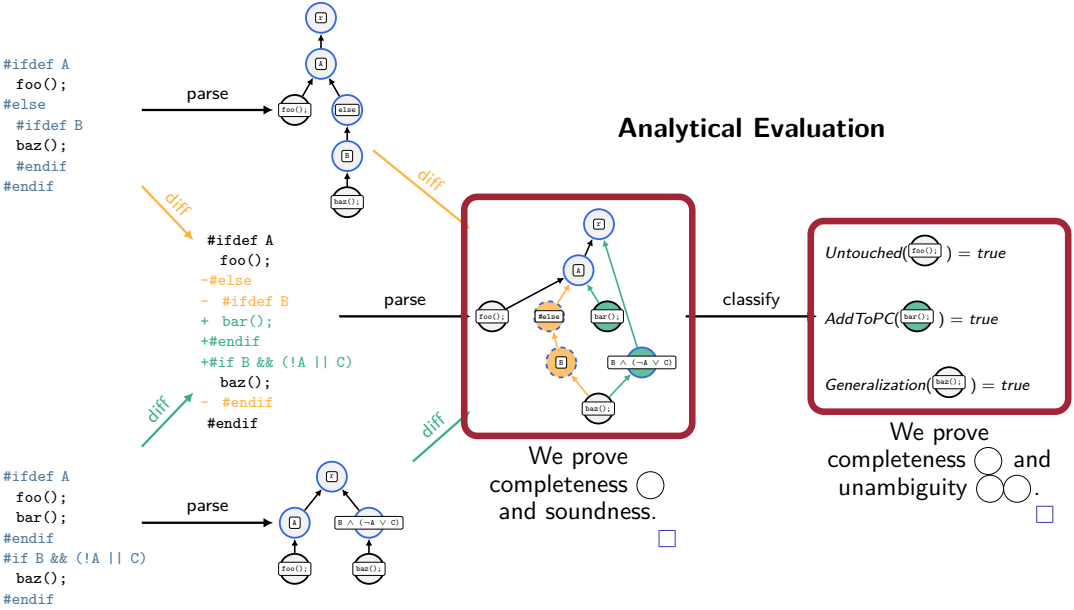
because $B \wedge \neg A \models B \wedge (\neg A \vee C)$


#ifdef A
foo();
#else
#ifdef B
baz();
#endif
#endif
parse
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
-#else
- #ifdef B
+ bar();
+#endif
+#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
- #endif
#endif
parse
classify
Untouched( ) = true
AddToPC( ) = true
Generalization( ) = true
diff
diff
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
bar();
#endif
#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
#endif
parse

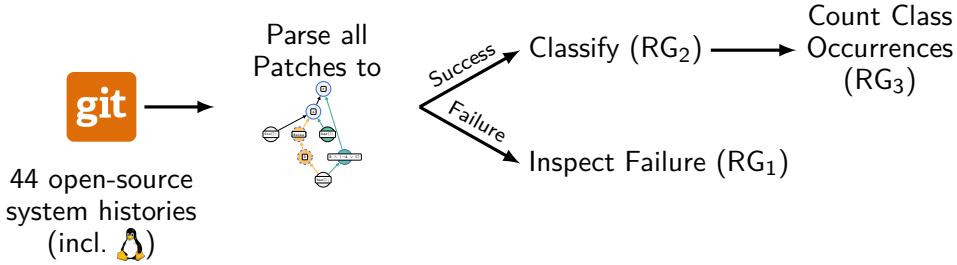
Analytical Evaluation




#ifdef A
foo();
#else
#ifdef B
baz();
#endif
#endif
parse
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
-#else
- #ifdef B
+ bar();
+#endif
+#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
- #endif
#endif
parse
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
bar();
#endif
#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
#endif
parse
diff
diff
parse
classify
Analytical Evaluation
Untouched( ) = true
AddToPC( ) = true
Generalization( ) = true
We prove completeness and soundness.


#ifdef A
foo();
#else
#ifdef B
baz();
#endif
#endif
parse
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
-#else
- #ifdef B
+ bar();
+#endif
+#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
- #endif
#endif
parse
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
bar();
#endif
#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
#endif
parse
diff
diff
Analytical Evaluation
parse
classify
Untouched(foo();) = true
AddToPC(bar();) = true
Generalization(baz();) = true
We prove completeness and soundness.
We prove completeness and unambiguity.

From Theory to Practice

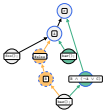


From Theory to Practice

44 open-source system histories (incl. 🐧)

1.7 million commits
45 million edits

Parse all Patches to



Success

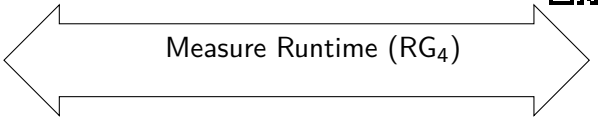
Failure

Classify (RG_2)

Count Class Occurrences (RG_3)

Inspect Failure (RG_1)

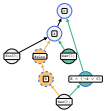
From Theory to Practice



44 open-source system histories (incl.)

1.7 million commits
45 million edits

Parse all Patches to



Success

Failure

Classify (RG_2)

Count Class Occurrences (RG_3)

Inspect Failure (RG_1)

From Theory to Practice

RG_1 Variation Diffs Validate completeness of variation diffs.

From Theory to Practice

RG_1 Variation Diffs

Result

Validate completeness of variation diffs.

All patches with syntactically correct variability annotations can be parsed (99.82%). ✓ ⇒ ◯

From Theory to Practice

RG_1 Variation Diffs Result

Validate completeness of variation diffs.
All patches with syntactically correct variability annotations can be parsed (99.82%). ✓ ⇒ ◯

RG_2 Classification

Validate completeness and unambiguity of classification.

From Theory to Practice

RG_1	**Variation Diffs**	Validate completeness of variation diffs.
	Result	All patches with syntactically correct variability annotations can be parsed (99.82%). ✓ ⇒ ◯
RG_2	**Classification**	Validate completeness and unambiguity of classification.
	Result	All edits were assigned exactly one class. ✓ ⇒ ◯ ∧ ◯◯

From Theory to Practice

RG_1 Variation Diffs	Validate completeness of variation diffs.
Result	All patches with syntactically correct variability annotations can be parsed (99.82%). ✓ ⇒ 
RG_2 Classification	Validate completeness and unambiguity of classification.
Result	All edits were assigned exactly one class. ✓ ⇒ 
RG_3 Relevancy	Validate that our edit classes are relevant (i.e., all classes occur in practice).

From Theory to Practice

RG_1	**Variation Diffs**	Validate completeness of variation diffs.
	Result	All patches with syntactically correct variability annotations can be parsed (99.82%). ✓ ⇒ ◯
RG_2	**Classification**	Validate completeness and unambiguity of classification.
	Result	All edits were assigned exactly one class. ✓ ⇒ ◯ ∧ ◯◯
RG_3	**Relevancy**	Validate that our edit classes are relevant (i.e., all classes occur in practice).
	Result	All classes occur in practice (91,000 to 22 million occurrences). ✓

From Theory to Practice

RG_1 Variation Diffs Validate completeness of variation diffs.

Result All patches with syntactically correct variability annotations can be parsed (99.82%). ✓ ⇒ ◯

RG_2 Classification Validate completeness and unambiguity of classification.

Result All edits were assigned exactly one class. ✓ ⇒ ◯ ∧ ◯◯

RG_3 Relevancy Validate that our edit classes are relevant (i.e., all classes occur in practice).

Result All classes occur in practice (91,000 to 22 million occurrences). ✓

RG_4 Scalability Validate that edit classification can be automated and scales.

From Theory to Practice

RG_1	**Variation Diffs**	Validate completeness of variation diffs.
	Result	All patches with syntactically correct variability annotations can be parsed (99.82%). ✓ ⇒ ◯
RG_2	**Classification**	Validate completeness and unambiguity of classification.
	Result	All edits were assigned exactly one class. ✓ ⇒ ◯ ∧ ◯◯
RG_3	**Relevancy**	Validate that our edit classes are relevant (i.e., all classes occur in practice).
	Result	All classes occur in practice (91,000 to 22 million occurrences). ✓
RG_4	**Scalability**	Validate that edit classification can be automated and scales.
	Result	99.89% of commits processed in < 1s with 7ms/commit as median. ✓ ⇒ 

```
#ifdef A
 foo();
#else
 #ifdef B
 baz();
 #endif
#endif
```

diff

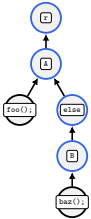
```
 #ifdef A
   foo();
-#else
-  #ifdef B
+  bar();
+#endif
+#if B && (!A || C)
   baz();
-  #endif
 #endif
```

diff

```
#ifdef A
 foo();
 bar();
#endif
#if B && (!A || C)
 baz();
#endif
```

```
#ifdef A
  foo();
#else
  #ifdef B
  baz();
  #endif
#endif
```

parse



diff

```
  #ifdef A
    foo();
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-  #ifdef B
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+#endif
+#if B && (!A || C)
    baz();
-  #endif
  #endif
```

diff

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#ifdef A
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```
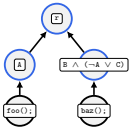
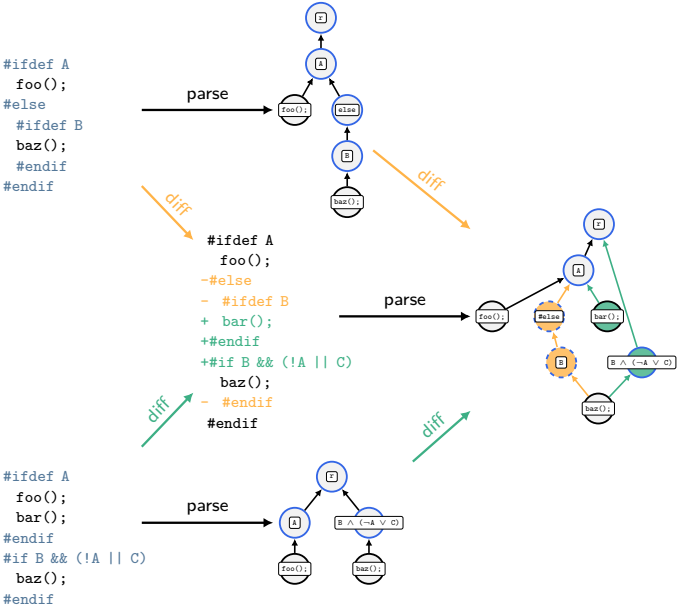

parse




#ifdef A
foo();
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baz();
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#endif
parse
diff
diff
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foo();
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diff
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#ifdef A
foo();
bar();
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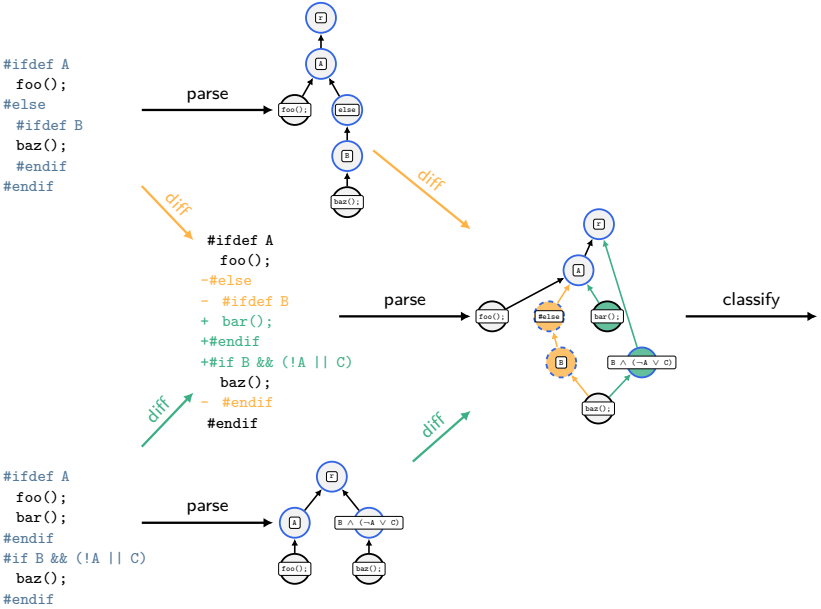
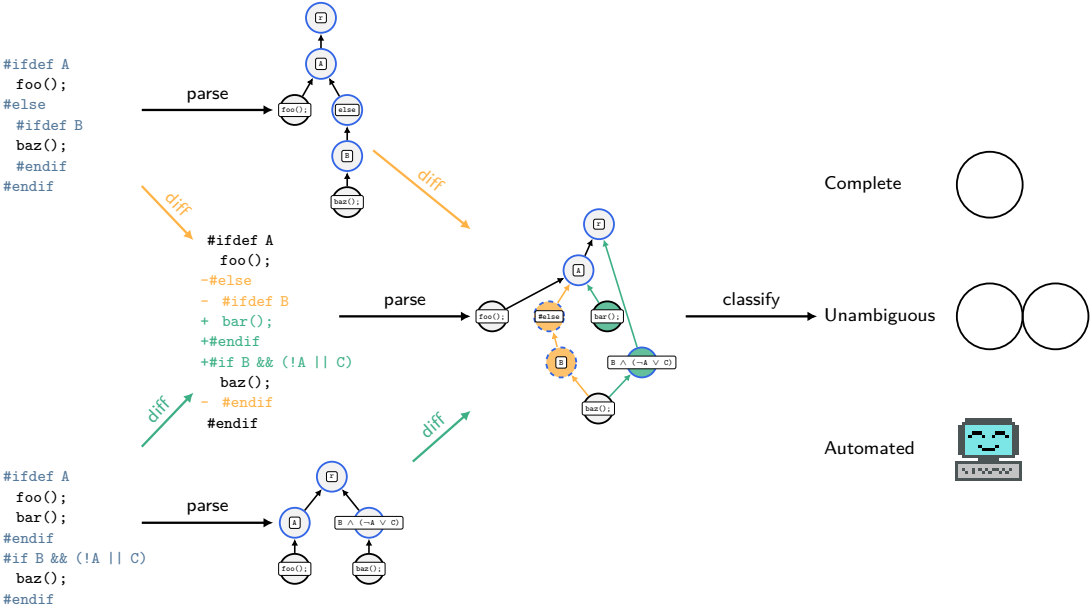
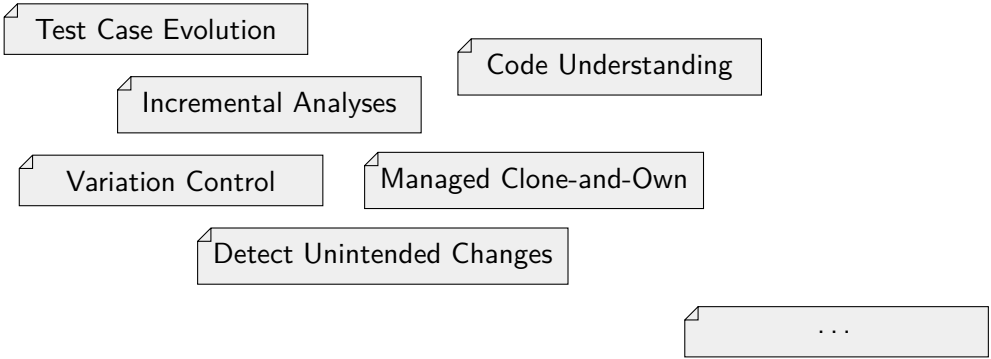
baz();
#endif
parse


#ifdef A
foo();
#else
#ifdef B
baz();
#endif
#endif
parse
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
-#else
- #ifdef B
+ bar();
+#endif
+#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
- #endif
#endif
parse
classify
diff
diff
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
bar();
#endif
#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
#endif
parse


#ifdef A
foo();
#else
#ifdef B
baz();
#endif
#endif
parse
diff
#ifdef A
foo();
-#else
- #ifdef B
+ bar();
+#endif
+#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
- #endif
#endif
parse
classify
Complete
Unambiguous
Automated
#ifdef A
foo();
bar();
#endif
#if B && (!A || C)
baz();
#endif
parse

Backup Slides

Use Cases


Test Case Evolution
Code Understanding
Incremental Analyses
Variation Control
Managed Clone-and-Own
Detect Unintended Changes
...

Software projects are heterogeneous

Source Code

Build Files

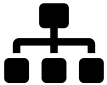
Other Resources

All identifiable *artifacts* within a software project might be subject to variability.

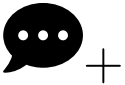
Variability comes in many forms

```
#ifdef A
  foo();
#else
  #ifdef B
  baz();
  #endif
#endif
```

Variability Annotations
(in different dialects)

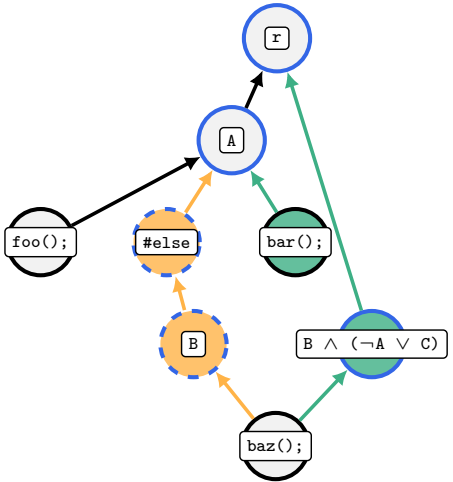


Frameworks



Language Extensions

Commonality: Each artifact is identified with its configuration options.



We prove that variation diffs are

complete (i.e., any edit to a variation tree can be described as a variation diff) and

sound (i.e., any variation diff describes an edit to a variation tree)

□

giving us a complete and sound model for edits to variability.


Al-Hajjaji, M., Benduhn, F., Thüm, T., Leich, T., and Saake, G. (2016).
Mutation Operators for Preprocessor-Based Variability.
In *Proc. Int'l Workshop on Variability Modelling of Software-Intensive Systems (VaMoS)*, pages 81–88. ACM.


Borba, P., Teixeira, L., and Gheyi, R. (2012).
A Theory of Software Product Line Refinement.
Theoretical Computer Science, 455(0):2–30.


Ji, W., Berger, T., Antkiewicz, M., and Czarnecki, K. (2015).
Maintaining Feature Traceability with Embedded Annotations.
In *Proc. Int'l Systems and Software Product Line Conf. (SPLC)*, pages 61–70. ACM.


Passos, L., Teixeira, L., Dintzner, N., Apel, S., Wąsowski, A., Czarnecki, K., Borba, P., and Guo, J. (2016).
Coevolution of Variability Models and Related Software Artifacts.
Empirical Software Engineering (EMSE), 21(4).


Stănciulescu, S., Berger, T., Walkingshaw, E., and Wąsowski, A. (2016).
Concepts, Operations, and Feasibility of a Projection-Based Variation Control System.
In *Proc. Int'l Conf. on Software Maintenance and Evolution (ICSME)*, pages 323–333. IEEE.