Property		Formulation
$\left(\frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial \varrho^2}\right)_T$	=	$\frac{TR}{\varrho} \left[ 2\delta\alpha_{\delta}^{\mathrm{r}} + 4\delta^{2}\alpha_{\delta\delta}^{\mathrm{r}} + \delta^{3}\alpha_{\delta\delta\delta}^{\mathrm{r}} \right]$
(σ – ) ρ		$\frac{\varrho R}{T} \left[ \tau^2 \delta \alpha^{\rm r}_{\tau\tau\delta} \right]$
$\left(\frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial \varrho  \partial T}\right)$	=	$R\left[1 + 2\delta\alpha_{\delta}^{\mathrm{r}} + \delta^{2}\alpha_{\delta\delta}^{\mathrm{r}} - 2\tau\delta\alpha_{\tau\delta}^{\mathrm{r}} - \tau\delta^{2}\alpha_{\tau\delta\delta}^{\mathrm{r}}\right]$
$\left(\frac{\partial^2 s}{\partial \varrho^2}\right)_T$	=	$\frac{R}{\varrho^2} \left[ 1 - \delta^2 \alpha_{\delta\delta}^{\rm r} + \tau \delta^2 \alpha_{\tau\delta\delta}^{\rm r} \right]$
$\left(\frac{\partial^2 s}{\partial T^2}\right)_{\varrho}$	=	$\frac{R}{T^2} \left[ \tau^3 (\alpha_{\tau\tau\tau}^0 + \alpha_{\tau\tau\tau}^r) + 3\tau^2 (\alpha_{\tau\tau}^0 + \alpha_{\tau\tau}^r) \right]$
$\left(\frac{\partial^2 s}{\partial \varrho  \partial T}\right)$	=	$\frac{R}{T\varrho} \left[ -\tau^2 \delta \alpha_{\tau\tau\delta}^{\rm r} \right]$
$\left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \varrho^2}\right)_T$	=	$\frac{TR}{\varrho^2} \left[ \tau \delta^2 \alpha^{\rm r}_{\tau\delta\delta} \right]$
$\left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial T^2}\right)_{a}$	=	$\frac{R}{T} \left[ \tau^3 (\alpha^0_{\tau\tau\tau} + \alpha^{\rm r}_{\tau\tau\tau}) + 2\tau^2 (\alpha^0_{\tau\tau} + \alpha^{\rm r}_{\tau\tau}) \right]$
$\left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \varrho  \partial T}\right)$	=	$\frac{R}{\varrho} \left[ -\tau^2 \delta \alpha_{\tau\tau\delta}^{\rm r} \right]$
$\left(\frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial \varrho^2}\right)_T$	=	$\frac{TR}{\varrho^2} \left[ \tau \delta^2 \alpha^{\rm r}_{\tau\delta\delta} + 2\delta^2 \alpha^{\rm r}_{\delta\delta} + \delta^3 \alpha^{\rm r}_{\delta\delta\delta} \right]$
$\left(\frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial T^2}\right)_{a}$	=	$\frac{R}{T} \left[ \tau^3 (\alpha^0_{\tau\tau\tau} + \alpha^{\rm r}_{\tau\tau\tau}) + 2\tau^2 (\alpha^0_{\tau\tau} + \alpha^{\rm r}_{\tau\tau}) + \tau^2 \delta \alpha^{\rm r}_{\tau\tau\delta} \right]$
$\left(\frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial \varrho  \partial T}\right)$	=	$\frac{R}{\varrho} \left[ \delta^2 \alpha^{\rm r}_{\delta\delta} - \tau^2 \delta \alpha^{\rm r}_{\tau\tau\delta} + \delta \alpha^{\rm r}_{\delta} - \tau \delta^2 \alpha^{\rm r}_{\tau\delta\delta} - \tau \delta \alpha^{\rm r}_{\tau\delta} \right]$
$\left(\frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial \varrho^2}\right)_T$	=	$\frac{TR}{\varrho^2} \left[ -1 + 3\delta^2 \alpha^{\rm r}_{\delta\delta} + \delta^3 \alpha^{\rm r}_{\delta\delta\delta} \right]$
$\left(\frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial T^2}\right)_o$	=	$\frac{R}{T} \left[ \tau^2 (\alpha_{\tau\tau}^0 + \alpha_{\tau\tau}^{\rm r}) + \tau^2 \delta \alpha_{\tau\tau\delta}^{\rm r} \right]$
_		$\frac{R}{\varrho} \left[ 1 + 2\delta\alpha_{\delta}^{\mathrm{r}} - 2\tau\delta\alpha_{\tau\delta}^{\mathrm{r}} + \delta^{2}\alpha_{\delta\delta}^{\mathrm{r}} - \tau\delta^{2}\alpha_{\tau\delta\delta}^{\mathrm{r}} \right]$