# **TECHNICAL DATA**

## **MQ-135 GAS SENSOR**

## **FEATURES**

Wide detecting scope Fast response and High sensitivity
Stable and long life Simple drive circuit

## **APPLICATION**

They are used in air quality control equipments for buildings/offices, are suitable for detecting of NH3,NOx, alcohol, Benzene, smoke,CO<sub>2</sub>,etc.

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### A. Standard work condition

Symbol	Parameter name	Technical condition	Remarks
Vc	Circuit voltage	5V±0.1	AC OR DC
$V_{\mathrm{H}}$	Heating voltage	5V±0.1	ACOR DC
$R_{\rm L}$	Load resistance	can adjust	
R <sub>H</sub>	Heater resistance	33Ω±5%	Room Tem
P <sub>H</sub>	Heating consumption	less than 800mw	

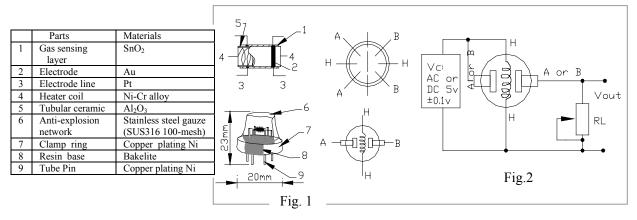
#### B. Environment condition

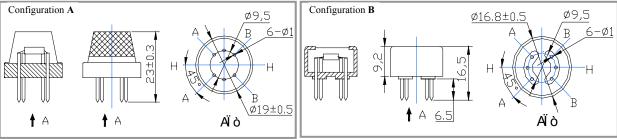
Symbol	Parameter name	Technical condition	Remarks
Tao	Using Tem	-10□-45□	
Tas	Storage Tem	-20□-70□	
$R_{H}$	Related humidity	less than 95%Rh	
$O_2$	Oxygen concentration	21%(standard condition)Oxygen	minimum value is
		concentration can affect sensitivity	over 2%

## C. Sensitivity characteristic

Symbol	Parameter name	Technical parameter	Ramark 2
Rs	Sensing	30ΚΩ-200ΚΩ	Detecting concentration
	Resistance	(100ppm NH <sub>3</sub> )	scopel
			10ppm-300ppm NH <sub>3</sub>
α	Concentration		10ppm-1000ppm
(200/50)	Slope rate	≤0.65	Benzene
$NH_3$			10ppm-300ppm
Standard	Temp: 20□±2□ Vc:5V±0.1		Alcohol
Detecting	Humidity: 65%±5% Vh: 5V±0.1		
Condition			
Preheat time	Over 24 ho		

## D. Structure and configuration, basic measuring circuit





Structure and configuration of MQ-135 gas sensor is shown as Fig. 1 (Configuration A or B), sensor composed by micro AL<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> ceramic tube, Tin Dioxide (SnO<sub>2</sub>) sensitive layer, measuring electrode and heater are fixed into a crust made by plastic and stainless steel net. The heater provides necessary work conditions for work of sensitive

components. The enveloped MQ-135 have 6 pin ,4 of them are used to fetch signals, and other 2 are used for providing heating current.

Electric parameter measurement circuit is shown as Fig.2

E. Sensitivity characteristic curve

Fig.2 sensitivity characteristics of the MQ-135

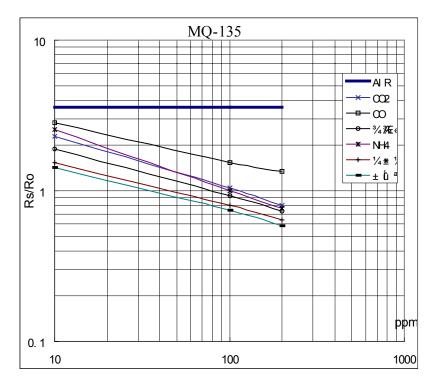


Fig.3 is shows the typical sensitivity characteristics of the MQ-135 for several gases. in their: Temp:  $20\mathbb{I}$  Humidity:  $65\%\mathbb{I}$  O<sub>2</sub> concentration 21% RL= $20k\Omega$  Ro: sensor resistance at 100ppm of NH<sub>3</sub> in the clean air. Rs:sensor resistance at various concentrations of gases.

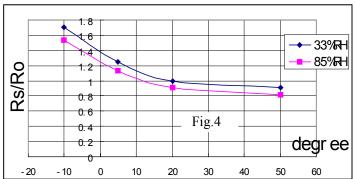


Fig.4 is shows the typical dependence of the MQ-135 on temperature and humidity. Ro: sensor resistance at 100ppm of NH<sub>3</sub> in air at 33%RH and 20 degree.

Rs: sensor resistance at 100ppm of NH<sub>3</sub> at different temperatures and humidities.

## **SENSITVITY ADJUSTMENT**

Resistance value of MQ-135 is difference to various kinds and various concentration gases. So,When using this components, sensitivity adjustment is very necessary. we recommend that you calibrate the detector for 100ppm NH<sub>3</sub> or 50ppm Alcohol concentration in air and use value of Load resistancethat(  $R_L$ ) about 20 K $\Omega$ (10K $\Omega$  to 47 K $\Omega$ ).

When accurately measuring, the proper alarm point for the gas detector should be determined after considering the temperature and humidity influence.



