## Lab<sub>1</sub>

## Lab results

- 1. **GitHub**: https://github.com/FilipPaul/Digital-Electronics-2
- 2. Blink example.
  - Meaning of | is logical OR, in blink example is this operator used for writing right value to DDRB register (here you can set if GPIO is output or input).

```
3. DDRB = DDRB | (1 << LED GREEN);</pre>
```

Meaning of & is logical AND, in blink example is this operator used together with ~
 (logical NOT) and with <<(operator for shifting bits left) for setting 5th LSB bit in register PORTB to zero without changing other bits in register PORTB.</li>

```
4. PORTB = PORTB & ~(1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
```

o Meaning of ^ is logical XOR, in sketch is used for toggling only 1 bit in register

```
5. PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
```

- 6. Morse code. Submit:
  - o C code (main.c). also can be found in GITHUB repository with firmware.hex!!

```
7. #include <Arduino.h>
8.
9. /* Defines -----
10.#define LED_GREEN PB5 // AVR pin where green LED is connected
11.#define SHORT_DELAY 300 // Delay in miliseconds
12.#define LONG DELAY 600
13.#define BETWEEN DELAY 300
14.#ifndef F_CPU
15.#define F CPU 16000000 // CPU frequency in Hz required for delay func
16.#endif
17.
18./* Includes -----
19.#include <util/delay.h> // Functions for busy-wait delay loops
20.#include <avr/io.h> // AVR device-specific IO definitions
21.void morse(String letter)
22.{
23. if (letter == "D")
24. {
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);
25.
26.
      _delay_ms(LONG_DELAY);
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);
27.
28.
      _delay_ms(LONG_DELAY);
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
29.
```

Digital Electronics 2 Filip Paul 24.09.2020

```
30.
       _delay_ms(SHORT_DELAY);
31.
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
32.
      _delay_ms(SHORT_DELAY);
33.
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
      _delay_ms(SHORT_DELAY);
34.
35.
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
      _delay_ms(SHORT_DELAY);
36.
37. }
38.
    else if (letter == "E")
39. {
40.
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);
41.
      _delay_ms(SHORT_DELAY);
42.
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
     _delay_ms(SHORT_DELAY);
43.
44. }
45. else if (letter == "2")
46. {
47.
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
48.
      _delay_ms(SHORT_DELAY);
49.
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
50.
       _delay_ms(SHORT_DELAY);
51.
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
52.
       _delay_ms(SHORT_DELAY);
53.
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);
54.
      _delay_ms(SHORT_DELAY);
55.
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
56.
      _delay_ms(LONG_DELAY);
57.
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
58.
      delay ms(LONG DELAY);
59.
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);
60.
      _delay_ms(LONG_DELAY);
61.
      PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
62.
      delay ms(LONG DELAY);
63.
       PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);
64.
      delay ms(LONG DELAY);
65.
       PORTB = PORTB ^ (1 << LED_GREEN);
66.
       _delay_ms(LONG_DELAY);
67.
68.}
69.
70./* Variables ------
72./* Function prototypes ------
73.
74./* Functions -----
75./**
76. * Toggle one LED and use the function from the delay library.
78.int main(void)
```

Digital Electronics 2 Filip Paul 24.09.2020

```
79.{
80. // Set pin as output in Data Direction Register
81. // DDRB = DDRB or 0010 0000
82. DDRB = DDRB | (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
83.
84. // Set pin LOW in Data Register (LED off)
85. // PORTB = PORTB and 1101 1111
86. PORTB = PORTB & ~(1 << LED_GREEN);
87.
88. // Infinite loop
89. while (1)
90. {
91. morse("D");
92. _delay_ms(BETWEEN_DELAY);
93. morse("E");
94.
     _delay_ms(BETWEEN_DELAY);
     morse("2");
95.
96.
      _delay_ms(BETWEEN_DELAY);
97. }
98.
99. // Will never reach this
100.
         return 0;
101.
102.
103.
         /* Interrupt routines -----
104.
```