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$$f(x, y, z) = x\bar{y} \vee \bar{y}\bar{z} \vee x y z \vee \bar{x} y z.$$

$$x\bar{y} = x\bar{y}\bar{z} \vee x\bar{y}z$$

$$\bar{y}\bar{z} = x\bar{y}\bar{z} \vee \bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z}$$

$$f(x, y, z) = x\bar{y}\bar{z} \vee x\bar{y}z \vee x y z \vee \bar{x} y z \vee \bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z}$$

x	y	z	f
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1

$$DCF(f) = x\bar{y}\bar{z} \vee x\bar{y}z \vee x y z \vee \bar{x} y z \vee \bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z} =$$

$$CCF(f) = (x^0 \vee y^0 \vee z^1) \wedge (x^0 \vee y^1 \vee z^0) \wedge (x^1 \vee y^1 \vee z^0)$$

$$CCF(f) = (x \vee y \vee \bar{z}) \wedge (x \vee \bar{y} \vee z) \wedge (\bar{x} \vee \bar{y} \vee z) =$$

$$DCF = m_0 \vee m_5 \vee m_4 \vee m_3 \vee m_0$$

x \ yz	00	01	11	10
0	m ₀		m ₃	
1	m ₄	m ₅	m ₇	

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The DCF is build by using the minterns corresponding to the values ± 1 of the function.

The CCF is build by using the maxterms corresponding to the values 0 of the function.

$$\max_1 = m_0 \vee m_4 = \bar{y}\bar{z} \rightarrow \text{simple factorization}$$

$$\max_2 = m_4 \vee m_5 = x\bar{y} \rightarrow \text{simple factorization}$$

$$\max_3 = m_5 \vee m_7 = xz \rightarrow -11 \text{ —————}$$

$$\max_4 = m_3 \vee m_7 = yz \rightarrow -11 \text{ —————}$$

$$M(f) = \{\max_1, \max_2, \max_3, \max_4\} \rightarrow \text{maximal minterms}$$

$$CC(f) = \{\max_1, \max_4\} \rightarrow \text{central minterms}$$

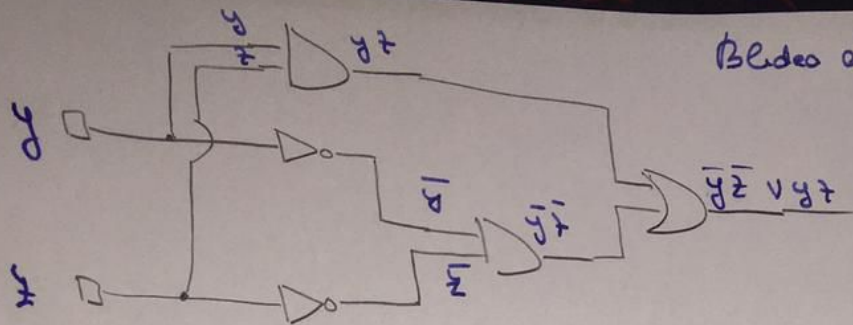
$$CC(f) \neq M(f) \text{ and } CC(f) \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ case of simplification algorithm}$$

$$g = \max_1 \vee \max_4$$

All the minterms are covered by the central minterms

\Rightarrow We have a unique simplified form

$$f(x, y, z) = \max_1 \vee \max_4 = \bar{y}\bar{z} \vee yz$$



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$$CCf(g) = M_1 \wedge M_2 \wedge M_6$$

X \ yz	00	01	11	10
0		M_1		M_2
1				M_6

$$\max_1 = M_2 \vee M_6$$

$$\max_2 = M_1$$

$$M(g) = \{ \max_1, \max_2 \}$$

$$CC(g) = \{ \max_1, \max_2 \}$$