```
Pg. 92 # 1 - 6, 8
1. a) if (grade >= 90)
            System.out.print ("Great job!");
    b) if ( number < 20 || number > 50)
            System.out.print ("Error");
    c) if ( y<100)
       {
            y = y + 2;
       }
2. if ( num1 > num2 )
            System.out.println("First number is larger.");
    else if ( num2 > num1 )
            System.out.println("Second number is larger");
    }
    else
    {
            System.out.print("Numbers are equal");
    }
3. a) If = even
       Else = odd
    b) switch (num % 2) {
      case 0:
            System.out.print("Even Number");
            break;
      default:
            System.out.print("Odd Number");
            break;
4. a) int num = rand.nextInt(50) + 1;
    b) int num = rand.nextInt(81) + 20;
    c) int num = rand.nextInt(11) + 10;
```

5. Doesn't take into account the ages 18 and 65

- 6. a) True
 - b) False
 - c)True
 - d)True
 - e)True
 - f)True
 - g)True
- 8. a)True
 - b)False Integers don't have decimals
 - c) False A nested statement has another statement within the existing if statement.
 - d)False It must evaluate to an int
 - e)True
 - f)False The same sequence of numbers will run
 - g)True
 - h)True
 - i)False ! is evaluated first
 - j)True
 - k)True
 - I)True