### **Data Acquisition Tutorial**

### **Election Data Science**

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## What we'll be covering

- 1. How to read-in a csv
- 2. How to read-in a tsv
- 3. How to read-in a xlsx
- 4. How to acquire data from the census
- 5. How to download data from site directly
- 6. How to read-in data from a web (REST) API
- 7. How to scrape a table from Wikipedia

### Set up

You can get the data for today at the class GitHub site. (Don't forget to set your working directory!)

```
library(tidyverse)
library(readxl)
library(httr)
library(rvest)
## Warning: package 'rvest' was built under R version 3.6.3
## Loading required package: xml2
##
## Attaching package: 'rvest'
  The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       pluck
  The following object is masked from 'package:readr':
##
       guess_encoding
##
```

## Reading in a csv

The Code Output

```
#Make sure you have readr and/or tidyverse active!
Pres_Cands_2020 <- read_csv("fec_cands_july.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
     .default = col character(),
##
     district_number = col_double(),
##
     load_date = col_datetime(format = ""),
##
     first_file_date = col_date(format = ""),
##
    last file date = col date(format = "").
##
    last f2 date = col date(format = ""),
##
     active_through = col_double(),
##
     candidate_inactive = col_logical(),
##
     inactive_election_years = col_logical()
##
## )
## See spec(...) for full column specifications.
```

### Reading in a tsv

The Code Output

```
#Remember, sometimes TSVs (and CSVs--and PSVs for that matter) are write
Tyyrell_history <- read_tsv("voterhistory.txt")</pre>
```

Both read\_csv and read\_tsv are special implementations of the more general read\_delim (meaning read delimited). With this function, you can specify the delimiter with the delim option allowing you to read in other kinds of delimited data.

### How to read-in a xlsx

Code Output

```
#Remember, sometimes TSVs (and CSVs--and PSVs for that matter) are write
gainesville_contributions <- read_xlsx("gainesville_pacs.xlsx")</pre>
```

# How to get Census data

CPS Other Data



### **Data directly**

```
#File URL
url1 <- "https://s3.amazonaws.com/dl.ncsbe.gov/data/ncvoter89.zip"

#Downloads file from url1 and pastes it in the current directory as vote
download.file(url1, destfile = paste0(getwd(),"/voterfile.zip"))

#Unzips the file
unzip("voterfile.zip")

#Renames (not needed, but useful for clarity)
file.rename(from = "ncvoter89.txt", to = "voterregistration.txt")</pre>
```

### Scraping from an API

Code How it works Output

#### Let's

```
#API web address
abs_voting <- "https://api.gdeltproject.org/api/v2/tv/tv?query=%22absent

data_raw <- httr::GET(abs_voting)
abs_mentions <- httr::content(data_raw)

#Renaming columns; filtering to just get CNN, MSNBC, and FOX
abs_mentions <- abs_mentions %>%
    rename("time" = 1, "channel" = 2) %>%
    filter(channel %in% c("CNN", "MSNBC", "FOXNEWS"))
```

### Scrape a table from wikipedia

Initial Scrape

Raw Results Cleaning

Results

```
url <- "https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2018_United_States_House_of_Repres</pre>
fl_web_raw <- url %>%
  read_html() %>%
  html_node(xpath = '/html/body/div[3]/div[3]/div[5]/div[1]/table[3]') 9
  html table(fill=TRUE)
```