## CIS 607 Project 1

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## Exercise 3

(a)

Did it.

(b)

For a > 0, the spatial discretization is given by

$$U_j^{n+1} = U_j^n - \frac{ak}{2h} \left( 3U_j^n - 4U_{j-1}^n + U_{j-2}^n \right) + \frac{a^2k^2}{2h^2} \left( U_j^n - 2U_{j-1}^n + U_{j-2}^n \right)$$

let v = ak/h, the stability condition is given by  $0 \le v \le 2$ 

(c)

For advection function, there is asymmetry in the equations because the equation models translation at speed a. If a > 0, the solution moves rightward. If a < 0, the solution moves leftward. For this reason, we would like to use the upwind method which can capture this asymmetry from the equation.

(d)

I modified the "FE\_MOL\_BS.jl" file for this exercise. The core code that I modified is given by

$$\begin{array}{lll} A = zeros \, (N-1, N-1) \\ A1 = zeros \, (N-1, N-1) \\ \textbf{for } j & \textbf{in } 1 \colon N-1 \\ & A1 \, [j \, , j \, ] = 1 \\ end \\ A2 = zeros \, (N-1, N-1) \end{array}$$

for j in 2:N-1

$$\begin{array}{c} A2\,[\,\mathrm{j}\,\,,\,\mathrm{j}\,-1]\,=\,-4\\ \mathrm{end}\\ \\ A3\,=\,\,\mathrm{zeros}\,(\mathrm{N}-1,\!\mathrm{N}\!-\!1)\\ \\ \textbf{for}\,\,\,\,\mathbf{j}\,\,\,\mathbf{in}\,\,\,1\!:\!\mathrm{N}\!-\!1\\ \\ A3\,[\,\mathrm{j}\,\,,\,\mathrm{j}\,\,]\,\,=\,1\\ \mathrm{end}\\ \\ \textbf{for}\,\,\,\,\mathbf{j}\,\,\,\mathbf{in}\,\,\,1\!:\!\mathrm{N}\!-\!2\\ \\ A3\,[\,\mathrm{j}\,\,,\,\mathrm{j}\,\,]\,\,=\,1\\ \mathrm{end}\\ \\ \textbf{for}\,\,\,\,\,\mathbf{j}\,\,\,\mathbf{in}\,\,\,\,2\!:\!\mathrm{N}\!-\!1\\ \\ A3\,[\,\mathrm{j}\,\,,\,\mathrm{j}\,-1]\,\,=\,-2\\ \mathrm{end} \end{array}$$

$$A = A1 + (-a*k/(2h))*A2 + (a^2*k^2/(2*h^2))*A3$$

Given our parameter,  $a=0.5, h=0.05, \lambda=k/h$ , the theoretical stable result for  $\lambda$  given by (b) should be  $0 \le \lambda \le 4$ . My tests show that for  $\lambda=0.5,2$ , the numerical results are good. At time t=1,t=2, the graph plotted is just a sine wave translated along x direction without distortion. But for  $\lambda=4$ , the numerical result is not good. Starting from t=1, the graph has been distorted. See Figure 1 below.

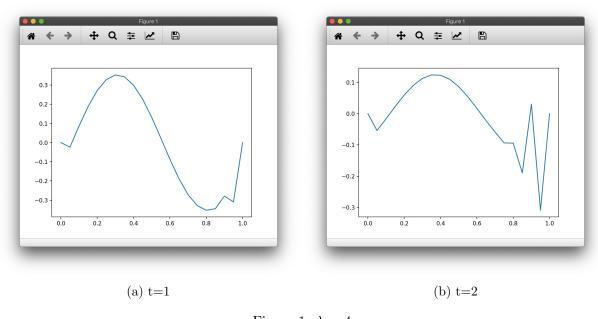


Figure 1:  $\lambda = 4$ 

The stability result is obtained given infinitesimal grid width. We are using a rather coarse grid size, this could be the reason why we don't have stable numerical result at  $\lambda = 4$ . I tested h = 0.01, and with this grid size, we can obtain stable numerical result at  $\lambda = 4$