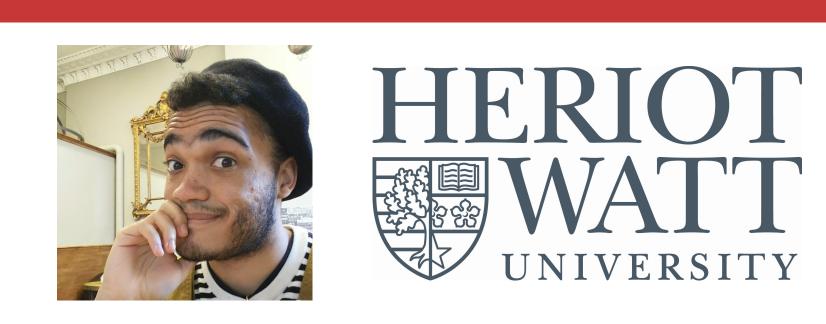
Early work looking at how tilting energy surfaces affects quantum transport in 1D and 2D.

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Abstract

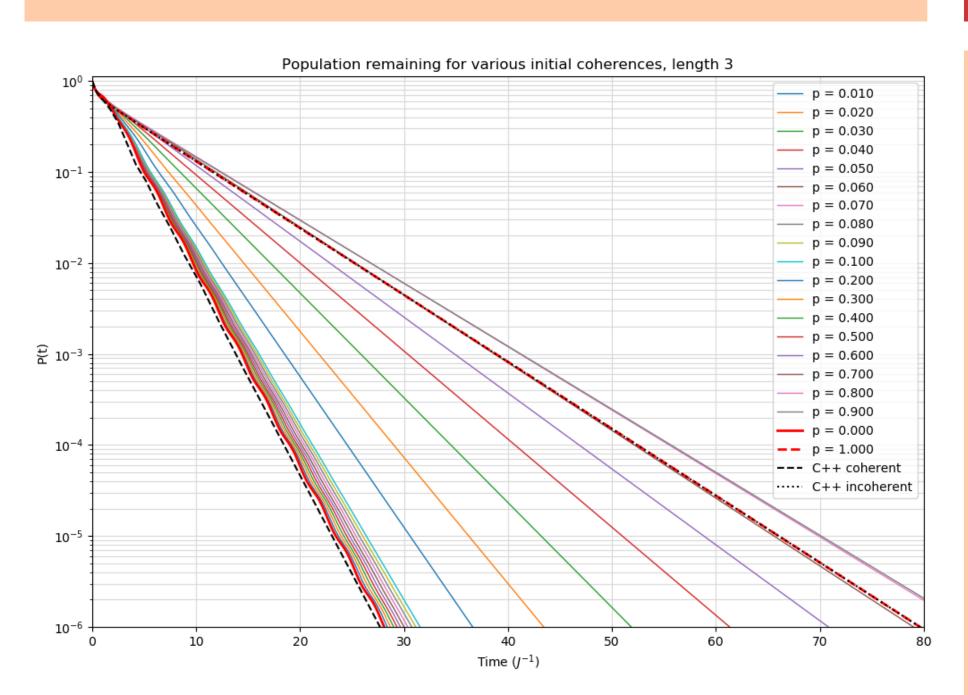
Looking at low dimensional systems coupled to an environment, and seeing how transport is affected by varying onsite energy.

This breaks degeneracy and system symmetry, meaning finite temperature dynamics become more complicated.

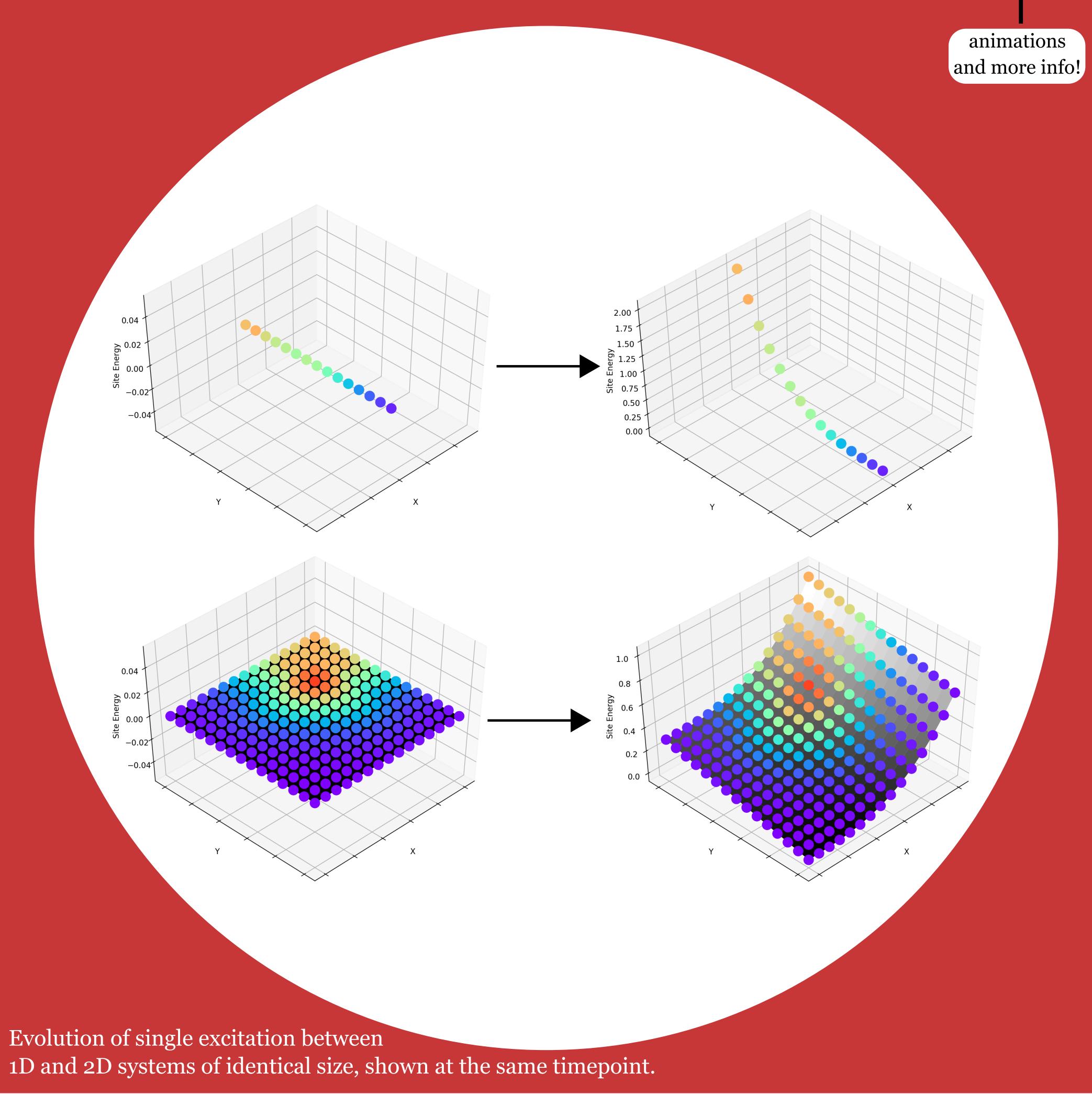
The goal is to see if any new behaviour emerges, and under what regime biasing a system may improve transport.

Method

- Single Excitation assumption
- Tight-binding Hamiltonian
- Incoherent noise via on-site
 dephasing or classical hopping
- Weak coupling to environment
- So far exclusively using Lindblad master equation
- Work done using QuTiP package



Comparison between new code and published code for length 3 chain.



Results

Current simple approach with 2 level systems shows robust noise-assisted transport.

Results were checked against published results for transport in a degenerate system for rigour.

Currently limited by simplistic dephasing which only functions in zero- or infinite temperature limit for a non degenerate system.

Future work

- Adding in a more rigorous environment for finite temperature behaviour
- Try porting to Julia for a speed boost
- Strong coupling regime
- Adding noise to test robustness of transport
- Add in support for Bloch-Redfield master equation
- Investigate 'momentum rejuvenation' noise-assisted transport in biased systems





Comparison paper: Li, Y. et al. (2015). 'Momentum rejuvenation' underlies the phenomenon of noise assisted quantum energy flow. *New Journal of Physics*