

SUMMARY



- 1. Benchmark
- 2. Modeling in SysML with Papyrus
- 3. Mode Switching case
- 4. Model Based Testing and SysML
- 5. Conclusion



1 - Benchmark

- Chapter 5.9 : Procedure On-Sight :
 - Present Mode Switching
 - Use a timer
- Our model only consider transitions from FS to OS, and from OS to FS for an easier understanding
- Use a simplified system context for benchmark purpose
- Ongoing work with the CEA
- Transitions are fully described, but not yet implemented (mainly text)

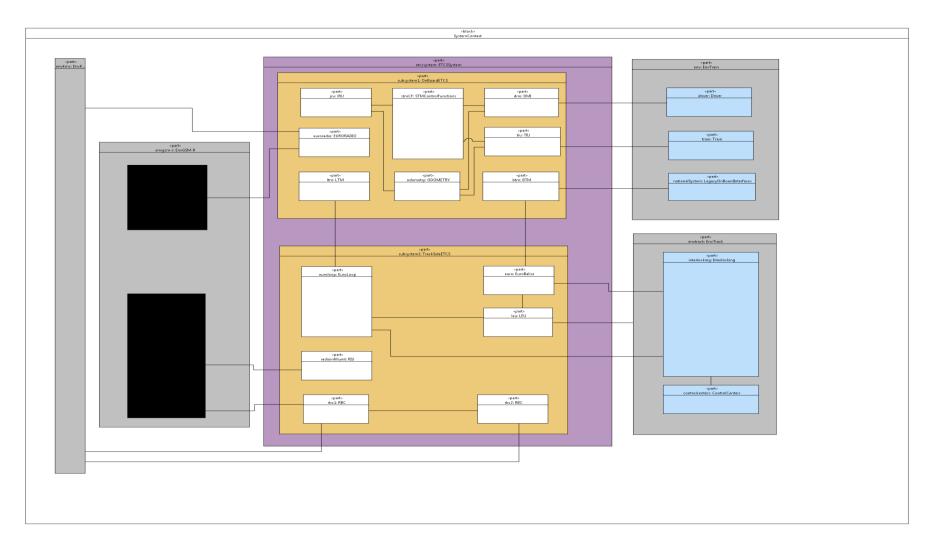


2 – Modeling in SysML with Papyrus

- Use of IBD, StateMachines and Activity diagrams
- Plan to set up requirements traceability and sequence diagrams
- Can be extended to model the whole transitions, using statemachines
- Many solutions to model mode switching (see part 3)

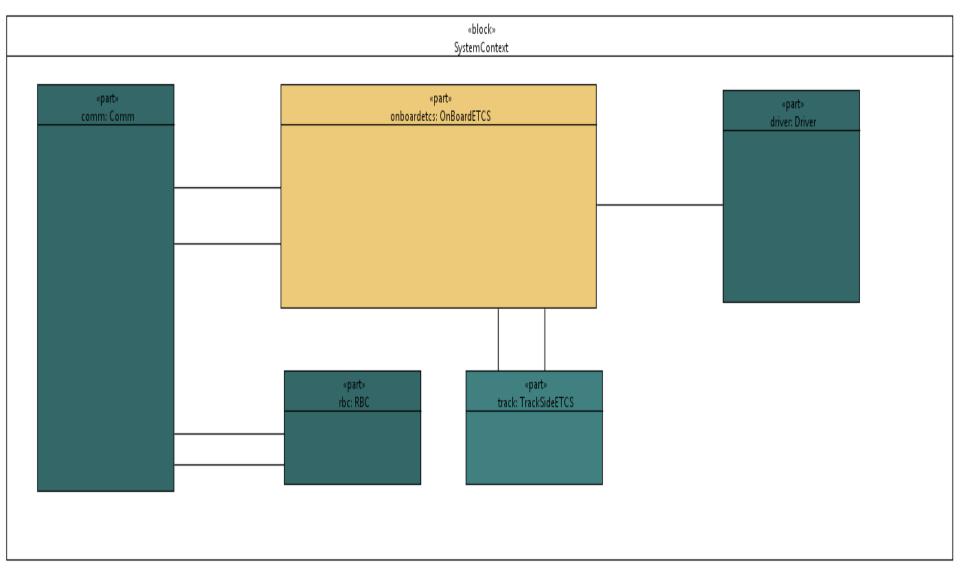


Full system context



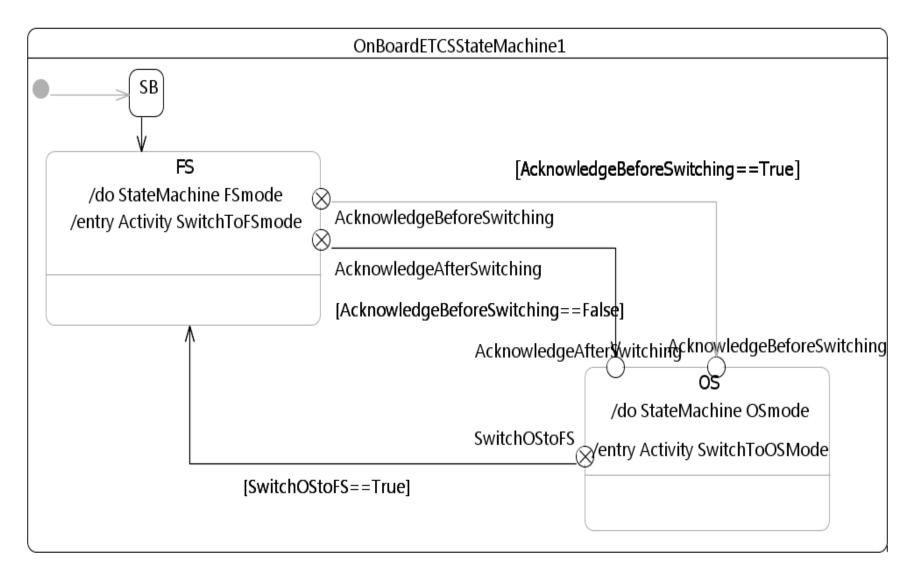


Simplified system context



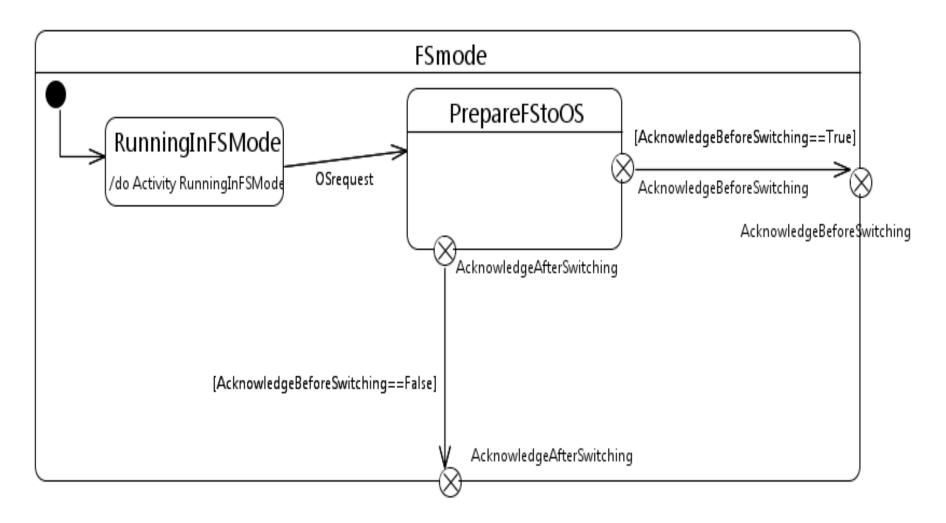


OnBoard State Machine



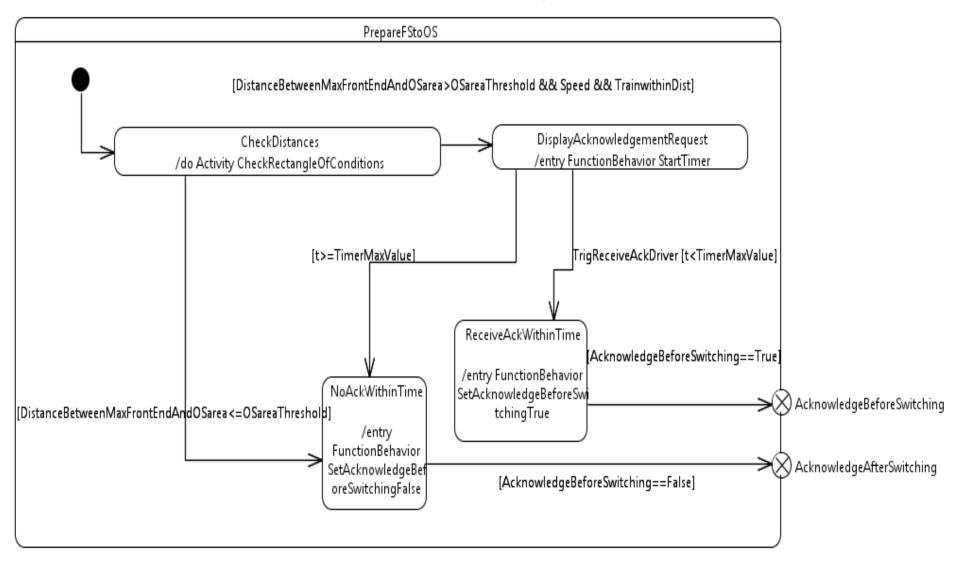


Beginning of the procedure



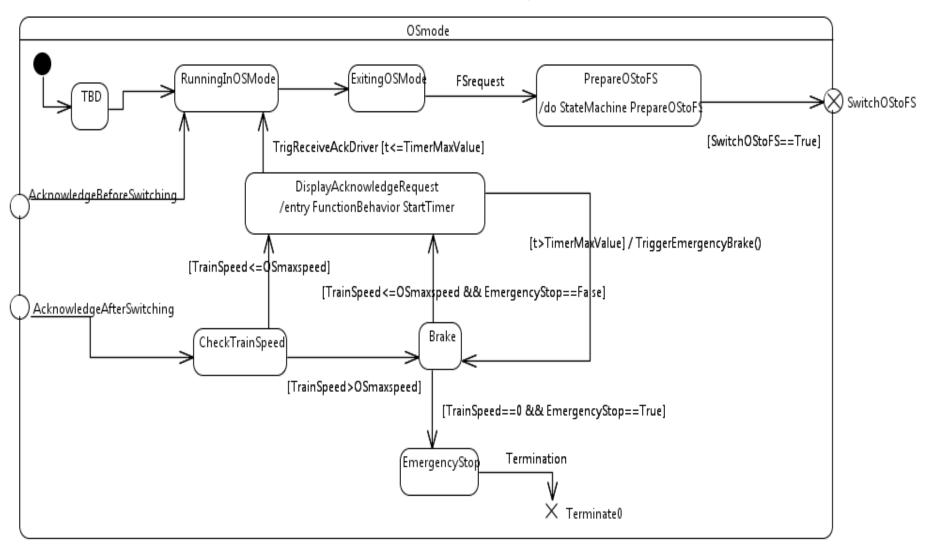


Inside the procedure – FS side





Inside the procedure – OS side



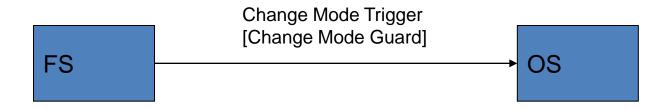


3 – Mode Switching case

- Validation of the norm trough studies of scenarios:
 - Critical because dangerous
 - And/or lightly/bad defined configurations in the norm
- Definitions scattered through the norm :
 - Mode definitions: § 4.4.9, § 4.4.12 and § 5.9
 - Mode transition: § 4.6
 - Condition of transition: § 4.6, § 4.8 and § 5.9
 - Acceptation of information: § 4.8
- Specification model should help designer precise their thought



First model proposed



Pros:

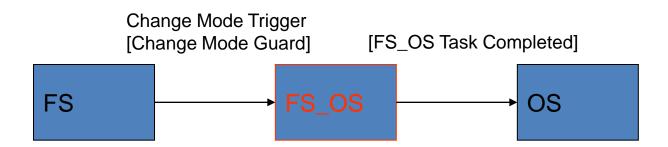
Readable in term of Mode-switching

Cons:

Do not explicit the tests and activities related to the mode switch



Add an intermediate state



Pros:

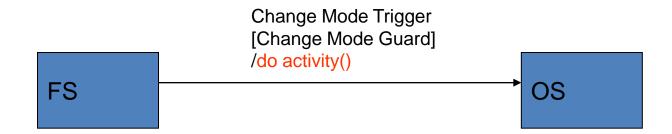
- Mode switching state is explicitly shown in diagram
- Tests and specific behavior may be directly described in the newly created state

Cons:

- Added states may be unstable for some mode switching
- If generalized, need to add a lot of state that will probably mess up the mode diagram



Insert tests and activities in transitions activity



Pros:

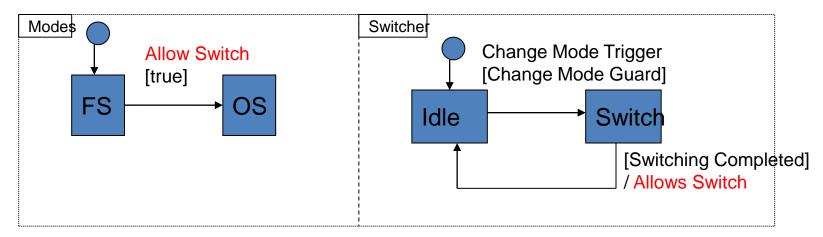
- Few modifications
- Keep a good readability of the mode diagram

Cons:

- This design can lead to serious safety issues when the activity failed
- Complex or network-related activities may lead to heavy time consumption during which the mode diagram cannot react to mode change requests



Make a « switch mode » statemachine



Pros:

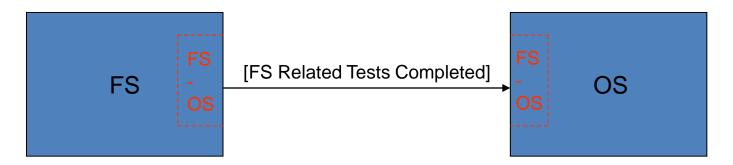
- Few modifications and clear division between modes and mode-switching
- Coherent with the mode transition table described in the norm
- Can be extended to statemachines such as train behavior (brake/accelerate, etc..)

Cons:

(VERY) Complex statemachine to build



Distribute test and activities between source and target modes



Pros:

- Mode remains unchanged until configuration to switch is safe
- Behavior "related" to each mods are within their modes

Cons:

- Need heavy modifications of modes
- Define behavior "relation" to modes may be handy
- Initial request to change mode may not appear

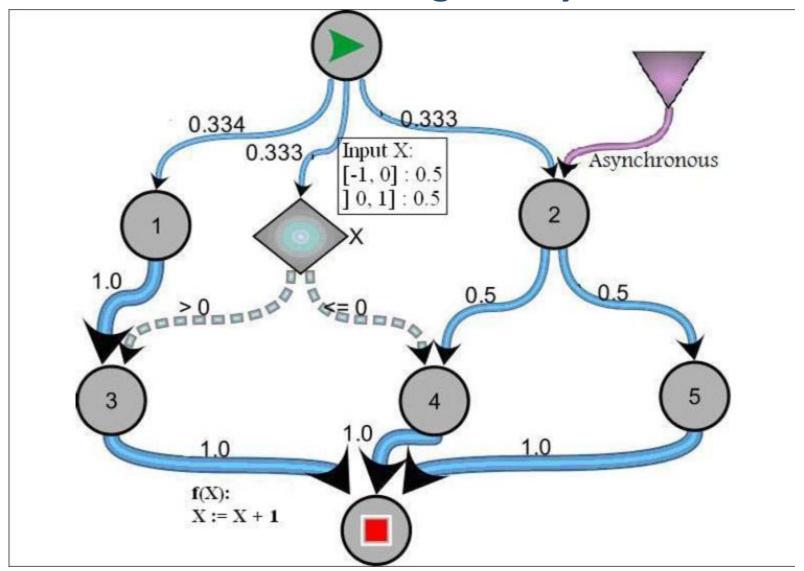


4 – Model Based Testing and SysML

- Purpose : Generate sequence of inputs to stimulate SUT
- Scenarios can be described as sequence diagrams in SysML
- Currently, another model specially designed for testing is needed, and other tools are needed.
- Within our partnership with CEA, we can use 2 tools to insure MBT (Diversity for symbolic execution, and MaTeLo for black-box testing)

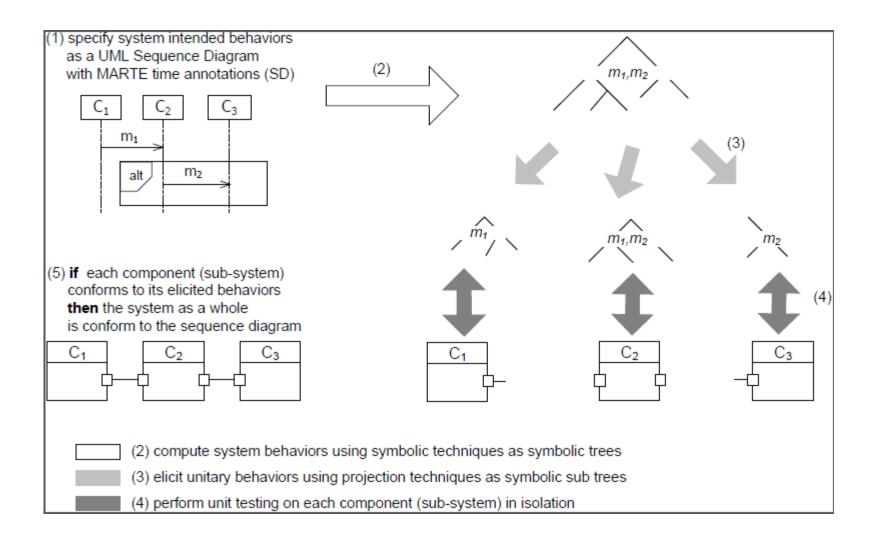


4 - Model Based Testing and SysML - MaTeLo





4 - Model Based Testing and SysML - Diversity





5 - Conclusion

- Papyrus is an open-source tool, supported by the CEA, and often updated
- This methodology of modeling can be used with any tool, and need to be discussed within SysML modelers group
- SysML with Papyrus can be a good mean to facilitate MBT or safety analysis because of its good synergy with other existing tools
- But its HMI is a little difficult to use at this moment



5 - Questions

Thank you for your attention

Feel free to ask some questions

