

# Using Rodin with Projects on github

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## Abstract

This document explains how Rodin projects on github can be imported into the Rodin platform. This is illustrated using the `model-evaluation` sub-project of `openETCS`.

## 1 Prerequisites

This section shortly describes the basic prerequisites to use Rodin projects on github. First the installation of the Rodin platform itself, then the basic plugins required to use the provided models and finally additional plugins which facilitate usage and extension of the provided models.

### 1.1 Rodin Platform

This illustration uses the Rodin platform 2.7 <sup>1</sup>, for general information on Event-B, Rodin, various plugins etc. see the Event-B Wiki <sup>2</sup>. More details on the installation on Rodin can be found at <http://www.event-b.org/install.html>.

### 1.2 Basic Plugins

For plugin installations, it is recommended to tick the “Contact all update sites during install to find required software” (see Figure 1). This will install all necessary dependencies for each plugin, in case these are not yet installed.

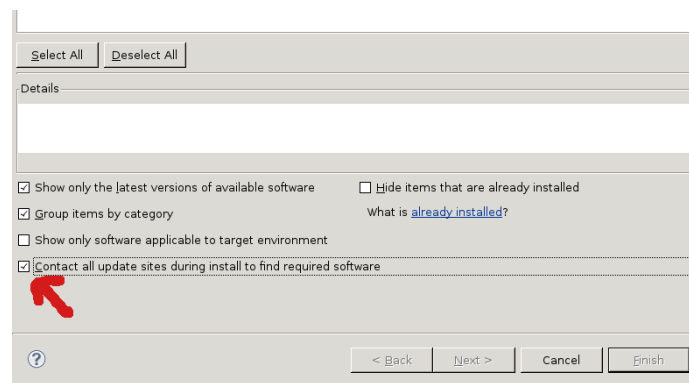


Figure 1: Plugin Installation

<sup>1</sup><http://www.event-b.org/>

<sup>2</sup>[http://wiki.event-b.org/index.php/Main\\_Page](http://wiki.event-b.org/index.php/Main_Page)

**Atelier-B Provers** The Atelier-B provers facilitate the construction of the proof trees for Rodin proof obligations, by automatically discharging may proof obligations. Their repository is available under Rodin as “Atelier B Provers”.

**ProR Integration** The integration with ProR allows for the traceability of requirements in the provided ReqIf files. The repository is available under Rodin as “ProR”, where the “ProR Rodin integration feature” must be installed.

**EGit** The integration with github is done via the EGit plugin. This plugin allows to collaborate on Rodin models and to push/pull changes to github. The repository is available under the official Eclipse repositories as “Indigo Update Site” where the “Eclipse EGit” must be installed.

### 1.3 Additional Plugins

The additional plugins are not strictly necessary to analyze and inspect the model. Nevertheless, it is suggested to install them if an extension of the model is intended.

**ProB** The ProB plugin provides means for model-checking and animation of Event-B models. This requires finite instantiation of carrier sets and selection of an initial state. In this situation, the plugin can verify deadlock freeness and LTL formulas or can animate a system run. It is available from the ProB repository under “ProB for Rodin 2”.

**SMT Solver Plugin** The SMT solver plugin will in general lead to a higher degree of automation for the formal proofs. Experiments with industrial cases studies reduced the number of non-automatically discharged proof obligations to one fourth. The plugin comes bundled with two different solvers (CVC3 and veriT) and it can be extended with various other, e.g., z3 from Microsoft or MathSAT5 from FBK. It is available from the Rodin repository under “SMT Solvers Integration”.

**iUML-B State Machines** The “iUML-B State-Machines” plugin allows for graphical modeling of state-machines in an Event-B model. The state machines can be transformed into Event-B code. It has a good integration with the ProB plugin which allows for graphical animation of the machines.

**Project Diagram** The project diagram plugin allows for visualization of the structure of a model. In particular it visualizes the refinement relations between the machines, the extension relation between the contexts and the sees relation between machines and contexts. It is available from the Rodin repository under “Event-B Project Diagram Plugin”.

## 2 Importing Rodin Projects from github

After the installation of Rodin and the necessary plugins, projects can be imported from github into the local Rodin workspace. In the following, this is explained using the Eclipse project creation wizard.

The first step is to select “File → New → Event-B Project” from the Eclipse menu and then to select “Git → Projects from Git” as import source (see Figure 2).

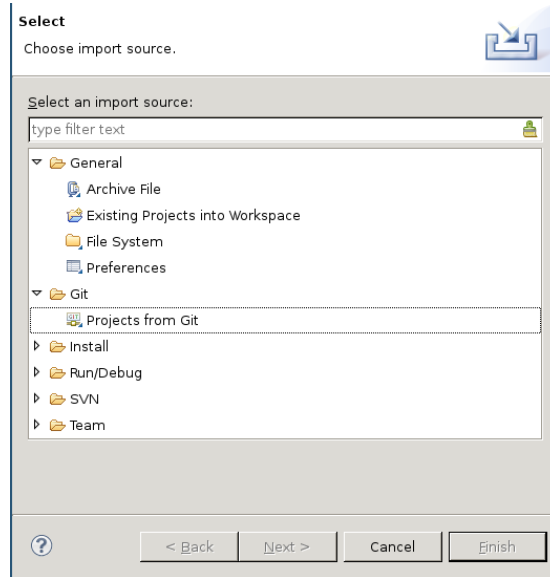


Figure 2: Creating a New Project

The next step is to specify where to find the git repository. For this, one has to select the URI option as shown in Figure 3.

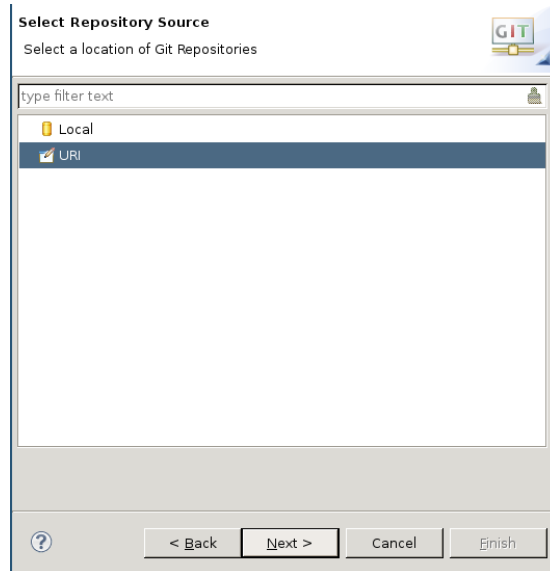


Figure 3: Selection of Repository Source

The next step is to specify the URI of the repository on github. For the model

evaluation project, this is `https://github.com/openETCS/model-evaluation.git`. This step also requires the specification of the authentication data, i.e., the username and password for github (see Figure 4).

**Source Git Repository**  
Enter the location of the source repository.

Location

URI:  Local File...

Host:

Repository path:

Connection

Protocol:

Port:

Authentication

User:

Password:

Store in Secure Store ☐

Figure 4: Specify github Repository

The next step is to select the desired branch of the repository. If in doubt and there is more than one branch, selecting the “master” branch, as shown in Figure 5 should be ok.

**Branch Selection**  
Select branches to clone from remote repository. Remote tracking branches will be created to track updates for these branches in the

Branches of https://github.com/openETCS/model-evaluation.git:

type filter text

☒ master

Select All Deselect All

Figure 5: Select Branch of Repository

For a local copy of the repository on github, an empty directory on the local machine must be selected (or created) and a name of the remote repository can be specified, the default is “origin” (see Figure 6).

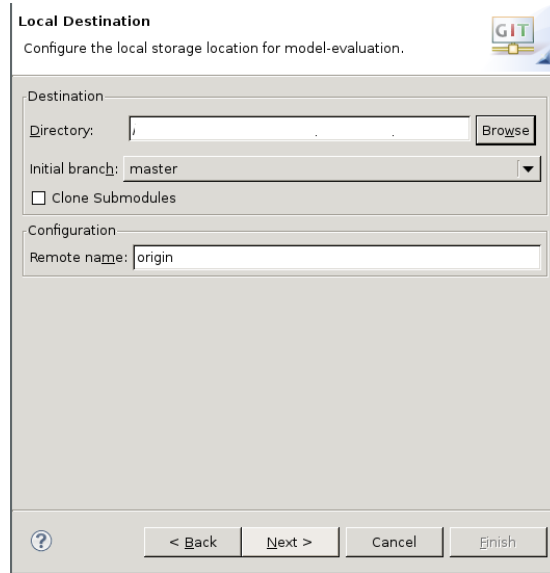


Figure 6: Local Repository Copy

As there can be multiple projects in a repository, e.g., from different tools as for the model-evaluation project, the correct one must be selected. To achieve this, the collapsed directory tree as shown in Figure 7 must be expanded<sup>3</sup>.

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<sup>3</sup>Sometimes the information which directories are available is not shown directly (the collapse / expand symbol is lacking besides the “working directory”). In this case it helps to push the “back” button to the previous window and return with “next”.

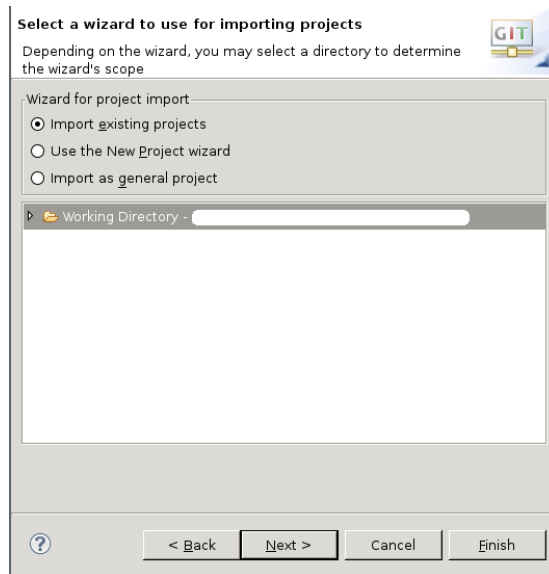


Figure 7: Select Project to Import

In the expanded tree, the project root directory of the project must be selected as shown in Figure 8.

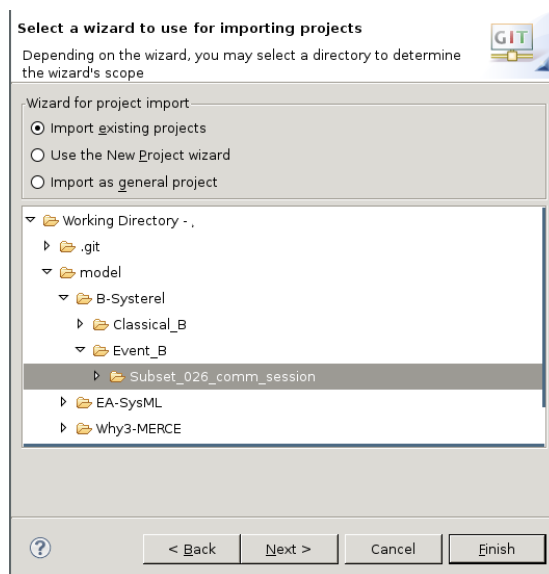


Figure 8: Expanded Directory Tree

Once the correct directory has been selected, the contained projects can be selected as shown in Figure 9 and imported into the local Rodin workspace.

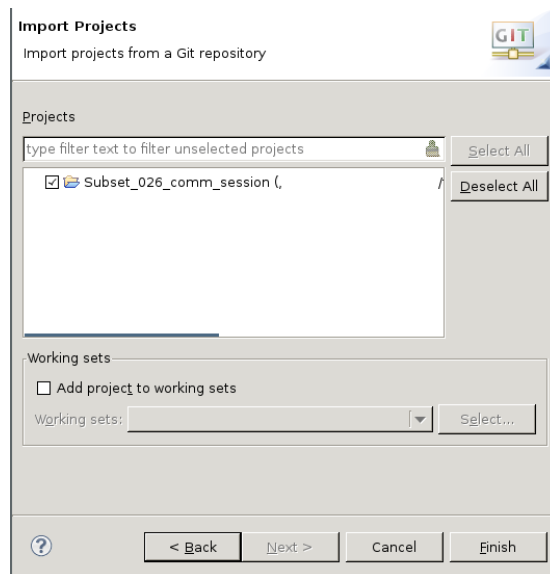


Figure 9: Import Project into Workspace