

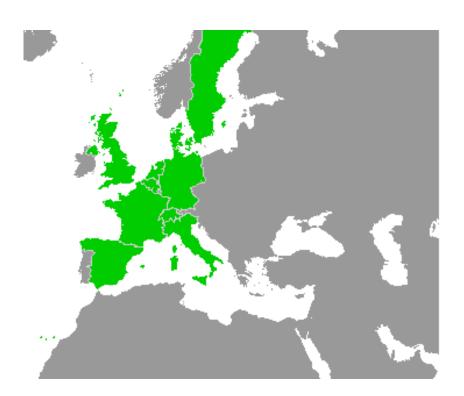
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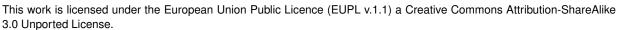
Work-Package 7: "Primary tool chain"

# Evaluation of the models against the WP2 requirements

List of criteria on means and models and results on the benchmark

Marielle Petit-Doche April 2013







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OETCS/WP7/O7.1.3 - 00/01

Work-Package 7: "Primary tool chain"

OETCS/WP7/O7.1.3 - 00/01 April 2013

# Evaluation of the models against the WP2 requirements

List of criteria on means and models and results on the benchmark

Marielle Petit-Doche

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#### Definition

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Prepared for ITEA2 openETCS consortium Europa

**Abstract:** This document gives elements to evaluate the means of modeling according WP2 requirements. Evaluation on the models of benchmark is also described.

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### Introduction

The aim of this document is to report the results of the evaluation of the means of description to model the requirements of SUBSET-026 concerning the on-board unit.

This evaluation task is part on work package WP7, task 1 "Primary tool Chain analyses and recommendations". According to the results of WP2, especially the OpenETCS process and the requirements on language, the aim of this task is to determine the best candidates to produce models of the on-board units, following the OpenETCS process

This process is described in détail in D2.3 " Description of the openETCS process" and is summed up in the figure 1.

Yellow elements are inputs, blue elements are part of the design process, red elements are verification and validation activities, green elements are safety activities. Each line (between dash or full blue lines) is a phase of the process, with a name on the right.

The second section of this document provides a template to describe the means and a list of criteria according WP2 requirements on language and models. The objectives of this description and criteria are to allow to determine the best means of description for a given activities.

The third section resumes the results of the evaluation at the end of the benchmark activities.

In Appendix, a section is dedicated to each models produced during the benchmark activities :

- CORE
- GOPRR
- ERTMSFormalSpecs
- SysML with Papyrus
- SysML with Entreprise Architect
- SCADE
- EventB
- Classical B
- Petri Nets
- System C
- GNATprove

For each approach, the initial author of the evaluation is the partner in charge of the modelling. Two assessors, for each approaches, are in charge of the review of the evaluation and can correct it or add comments.

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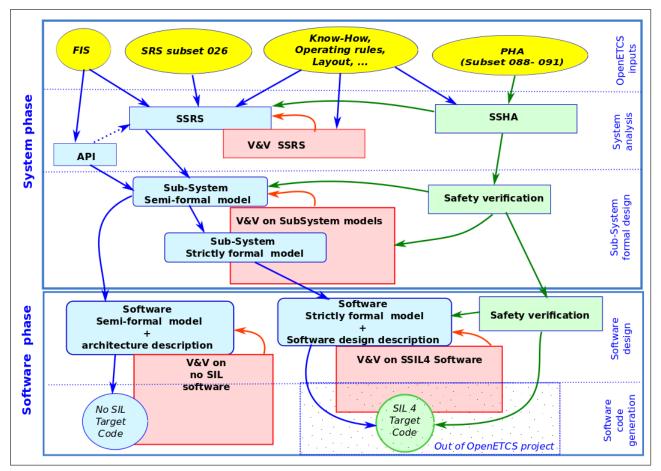


Figure 1. Main OpenETCS process

Tools and tool platform are not covered by this document but in other outputs of WP7: O7.1.7 "Evaluation of the tools against the WP2 requirements" and O7.1.9 "Evaluation of each tool platform against WP2 requirements, independent of target tools". Besides, Task 7.1 is focussing on design activities: despite that some means can provide verification artefacts for example, tools and means for validation, verification, test generation,... are in the scope of task 2 and will be analysed later.

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### **Templates**

**Author** Author of the approaches description %%Name - Company%%

Assessor 1 First assessor of the approaches %%Name - Company%%

Assessor 2 Second assessor of the approaches %%Name - Company%%

In the sequel, main text is under the responsibilities of the author.

Author. Author can add comments using this format

Assessor 1. First assessor can add comments using this format

Assessor 2. Second assessor can add comments using this format

When a note is required, please follow this list:

0 not recommended, not adapted, rejected

- 1 weakly recommended, adapted after major improvements, weakly rejected
- 2 recommended, adapted (with light improvements if necessary) weakly accepted
- 3 highly recommended, well adapted, strongly accepted

#### 0.1 Presentation

This section gives a quick presentation of the approach.

Name Name of the approach

Web site if available, how to find information

#### **Abstract**

Short abstract on the approach (5 lines max)

#### **Publications**

Short list of publications on the approach (5 max)

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#### 0.2 Main usage of the approach

This section discusses the main usage of the approach.

According to the figure 1, for which phases do you recommend the approach (give a note from 0 to 3):

	Author	Assessor 1	Assessor 2	Total
System Analysis				
Sub-system formal design				
Software design				
Software code generation				

According to the figure 1, for which type of activities do you recommend the approach (give a note from 0 to 3):

	Author	Assessor 1	Assessor 2	Total
Documentation				
Modeling				
Design				
Code generation				
Verification				
Validation				
Safety				

#### Known usages

Have you some examples of usage of this approach to compare with the OpenETCS objectives?

#### 0.3 Language

This section discusses the main element of the language.

According WP2 requirements, give a note for the characteristics of the language (from 0 to 3):

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	Author	Assessor 1	Assessor 2	Total
Informal language				
Semi-formal language				
Formal language				
Structured language				
Modular language				
Extensible language (D.2.6-01-28)				
Textual language				
Mathematical symbols or code				
Graphical language				
Easily understandable (D.2.6-X-26)				
Declarative and simple formalization of properties (D.2.6-X-27)				
Easily translatable to other languages (D.2.6-X-28)				
Executable				
Simulation, animation				
Expertise level needed (0 High level, 3 few level)				

#### **Documentation**

Describe how the language is documented, the existing guidelines,...

#### Language usage

Describe the possible restriction on the language

#### 0.4 System Analysis

This section discusses the usage of the approach for system analysis. It can be dropped depending the results of 0.2.

According WP2 requirements, how the approach can be involved for the sub-system requirement specification?

	Author	Assessor 1	Assessor 2	Total
Independent System functions definition (D.2.6-X-10.1.1)				
System architecture design (D.2.6-X-10.1.2)				
System data flow identification (D.2.6-X-10.1.3)				
Sub-system focus (D.2.6-X-10.1.4)				
System interfaces definition (D.2.6-X-10.1.5)				
System requirement allocation (D.2.6-X-10.2)				
Traceability with SRS (D.2.6-X-10.3)				
Traceability with Safety activities (D.2.6-X-11)				

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#### 0.5 Sub-System formal design

This section discusses the usage of the approach for sub-system formal design. It can be dropped depending the results of 0.2.

#### 0.5.1 Semi-formal model

Concerning semi-formal model, how the WP2 requirements are covered?

	Author	Assessor 1	Assessor 2	Total
Consistency to SSRS (D.2.6-X-12.2)				
Coverage of SSRS (D.2.6-X-12.2.1)				
Traceability to SSRS (D.2.6-X-12.3)				
Simulation or animation (D.2.6-X-13 partial)				
Execution (D.2.6-X-13 partial)				
Extensible to strictly formal model (D.2.6-X-14.3)				
Easy to refine towards strictly formal model (D.2.6-X-14.4)				
Extensible and modular design (D.2.6-X-15)				
Extensible to software design (???)				
Safety properties formalisation (D.2.6-01-20)				
Safety properties validation (D.2.6-X-22 partial)				
Logical properties assertion (D.2.6-X-32)				
Check of assertions (D.2.6-X-32.1)				

Does the language allow to formalize (D.2.6-X-29):

	Author	Assessor 1	Assessor 2	Total
State machines				
Time-outs				
Truth tables				
Arithmetic				
Braking curves				
Logical statements				
Message and fields				

#### Additional comments on semi-formal model

Do you think your semi-formal model is sufficient to cover a safe design of the on-board unit until code generation? All comments on links to other models, validation and verification activities are welcomed.

#### 0.5.2 Strictly formal model

Concerning strictly formal model, how the WP2 requirements are covered?

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	Author	Assessor 1	Assessor 2	Total
Consistency to SFM (D.2.6-X-14.2)				
Coverage of SSRS (D.2.6-X-14.2)				
Traceability to SSRS (D.2.6-X-14.3)				
Extensible to software design (D.2.6-X-16)				
Safety properties formalisation (D.2.6-01-20)				
Safety properties validation (D.2.6-X-22 partial)				
Logical properties assertion (D.2.6-X-32)				
Check of assertions (D.2.6-X-32.2)				

Does the language allow to formalize (D.2.6-X-30):

	Author	Assessor 1	Assessor 2	Total
State machines				
Time-outs				
Truth tables				
Arithmetic				
Braking curves				
Logical statements				
Message and fields				

#### Additional comments on semi-formal model

Do you think your strictly formal model can be directly defined from the SSRS? All comments on links to other models, validation and verification activities are welcomed.

#### 0.6 Software design

This section discusses the usage of the approach for software design. It can be dropped depending the results of 0.2.

#### 0.6.1 Functional design

How the approach allows to produce a functional software model of the on-board unit?

	Author	Assessor 1	Assessor 2	Total
Derivation from system semi-formal model				
Software architecture description				
Software constraints				
Traceability				
Executable				

#### 0.6.2 SSIL4 design

How the approach allows to produce in safety a software model?

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	Author	Assessor 1	Assessor 2	Total
Derivation from system semi-formal or strictly formal model				
Software architecture description				
Software constraints				
Traceability				
Executable				
Conformance to EN50128 § 7.2				
Conformance to EN50128 § 7.3				
Conformance to EN50128 § 7.4				

Which criteria for software architecture are covered by the methodology (see EN50128 table A.3):

	Author	Assessor 1	Assessor 2	Total
Defensive programming				
Fault detection & diagnostic				
Error detecting code				
Failure assertion programming				
Diverse programming				
Memorising executed cases				
Software error effect analysis				
Fully defined interface				
Modelling				
Structured methodology				

#### 0.7 Software code generation

This section discusses the usage of the approach for software code generation. It can be dropped depending the results of 0.2.

Which criteria for software design and implementation are covered by the methodology (see EN50128 table A.4):

	Author	Assessor 1	Assessor 2	Total
Formal methods				
Modeling				
Modular approach (mandatory)				
Components				
Design and coding standards (mandatory)				
Strongly typed programming language				

#### 0.8 Other comments

Please to give free comments on the approach (less than a page).

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### Conclusion

- CORE
- GOPRR
- ERTMSFormalSpecs
- SysML with Papyrus
- SysML with Entreprise Architect
- SCADE
- EventB
- Classical B
- Petri Nets
- System C
- GNATprove

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# Appendix A: CORE

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# Appendix B: GOPRR

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# Appendix C: ERTMSFormalSpecs

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### Appendix D: SysML with Papyrus

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### Appendix E: SysML with Entreprise Architect

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# Appendix F: SCADE

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# Appendix G: EventB

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# Appendix H: Classical B

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# Appendix I: Petri Nets

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# Appendix J: System C

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# Appendix K: GNATprove