

# Piscine datascience - 0 Creation of a DB

Summary: Today, you will discover the creation of a DB

Version: 1.00

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#### Chapter I

#### General rules

- You have to render your modules from a computer in the cluster either using a virtual machine:
  - You can choose the operating system to use for your virtual machine
  - Your virtual machine must have all the necessary software to realize your project. This software must be configured and installed.
- Or you can use the computer directly in case the tools are available.
  - Make sure you have the space on your session to install what you need for all the modules (use the goinfre if your campus has it)
  - You must have everything installed before the evaluations
- Your functions should not quit unexpectedly (segmentation fault, bus error, double free, etc) apart from undefined behaviors. If this happens, your project will be considered non functional and will receive a 0 during the evaluation.
- We encourage you to create test programs for your project even though this work won't have to be submitted and won't be graded. It will give you a chance to easily test your work and your peers' work. You will find those tests especially useful during your defence. Indeed, during defence, you are free to use your tests and/or the tests of the peer you are evaluating.
- Submit your work to your assigned git repository. Only the work in the git repository will be graded. If Deepthought is assigned to grade your work, it will be done after your peer-evaluations. If an error happens in any section of your work during Deepthought's grading, the evaluation will stop.
- By Odin, by Thor! Use your brain!!!

#### Chapter II

#### Introduction

In the next two modules, you will see the role of a data engineer.

This second step is important to understand. The data engineer "cleans" the data and transforms it in order to have data ready to be analyzed by analysts/data scientists.

The next module involves data cleansing. This second step is important to understand the data engineer "cleans" the data and transforms it. The objective is to have data ready to be analyzed by analysts/data scientists.

We are at the end of February 2022, it's your first day in a company selling items on the Internet. Before leaving on a trip your boss gives you the sales of the last 4 months. You will have to exploit them and propose solutions to increase the turnover of the company.



Be careful with this "piscine". Even if you manage to validate a module, you may be stuck later if you haven't cleaned up or stored your data properly.

## Chapter III

## Exercise 00

	Exercise 00	
/	Exercice 00 : Create postgres DB	
Turn-in directory : $ex00/$		
Files to turn in : None		
Allowed functions: All		

For this exercise you can use directly postgres if installed in your campus or if you go through a VM, otherwise you have to use docker compose.

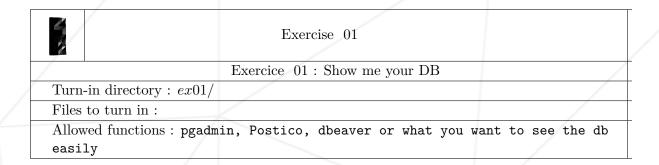
- $\bullet\,$  The username is your student login
- The name of the DB is piscineds
- $\bullet$  The password is "mysecret password"

We must be able to connect to your posgress database with this command:

psql -U your\_login -d piscineds -h localhost -W mysecretpassword piscineds=<mark>#</mark>

## Chapter IV

#### Exercise 01

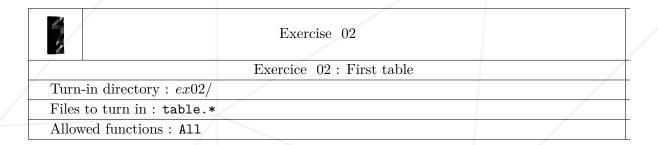


- Find a way to visualize the db easily with a software
- $\bullet\,$  The chosen software must help you to easily find and manipulate data using its own corresponding ID



## Chapter V

#### Exercise 02



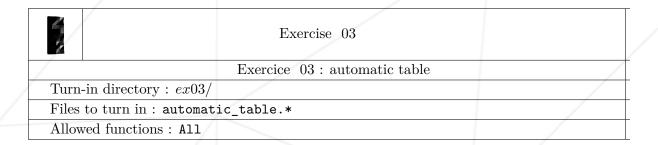
- Create a postgres table using the data from a CSV from the 'customer' folder. Name the tables according to the CSV's name but without the file extension, for example: "data 2022 oct"
- The name of the columns must be the same as the one in the CSV files and have the appropriate type, beware you should have at least 6 different data types
- A DATETIME as the first column is mandatory



Be careful, the typings are not quite the same as under Maria DB

#### Chapter VI

#### Exercise 03



- We are at the end of February 2022, you should be able to create tables with data extracted from a CSV.
- Now, in addition, retrieve all the CSV from the 'customer' folder automatically and name the tables according to the CSV's name but without the file extension, for example: "data\_2022\_oct"

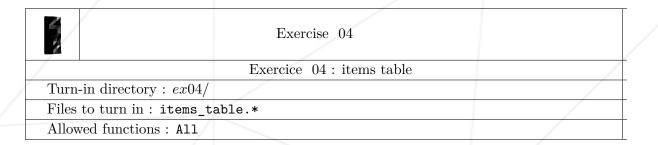
Below is an example of the expected directory structure:

```
$> ls -alR
total XX
drwxrwxr-x 2 eagle eagle 4096 Fev 42 20:42 .
drwxrwxr-x 5 eagle eagle 4096 Fev 42 20:42 ..
drwxrwxr-x 2 eagle eagle 4096 Jan 42 20:42 customer
drwxrwxr-x 2 eagle eagle 4096 Jan 42 20:42 items

./customer:
total XX
drwxrwxr-x 2 eagle eagle 4096 Fev 42 20:42 .
drwxrwxr-x 5 eagle eagle 4096 Fev 42 20:42 ..
-rw-rw-r-- 1 eagle eagle XXXX Mar 42 20:42 data_2022_dec.csv
-rw-rw-rr- 1 eagle eagle XXXX Mar 42 20:42 data_2022_nov.csv
-rw-rw-rr- 1 eagle eagle XXXX Mar 42 20:42 data_2023_jan.csv
./items:
...
```

## Chapter VII

#### Exercise 04



- You have to create the table "items" with the same columns as in the "item.csv" file
- You have to create at least 3 data types in the table

Below is an example of the expected directory structure:

```
$> 1s -a1R
total XX
drwxrwxr-x 2 eagle eagle 4096 Fev 42 20:42 .
drwxrwxr-x 5 eagle eagle 4096 Fev 42 20:42 ..
drwxrwxr-x 2 eagle eagle 4096 Jan 42 20:42 customer
drwxrwxr-x 2 eagle eagle 4096 Jan 42 20:42 items
./customer:
...
./items:
total XX
drwxrwxr-x 2 eagle eagle 4096 Fev 42 20:42 .
drwxrwxr-x 5 eagle eagle 4096 Fev 42 20:42 .
-rw-rw-r-- 1 eagle eagle XXXX Mar 42 20:42 items.csv
```

# Chapter VIII

## Submission and peer-evaluation

Turn in your assignment in your Git repository as usual. Only the work inside your repository will be evaluated during the defense. Don't hesitate to double check the names of your folders and files to ensure they are correct.



The evaluation process will happen on the computer of the evaluated group.