



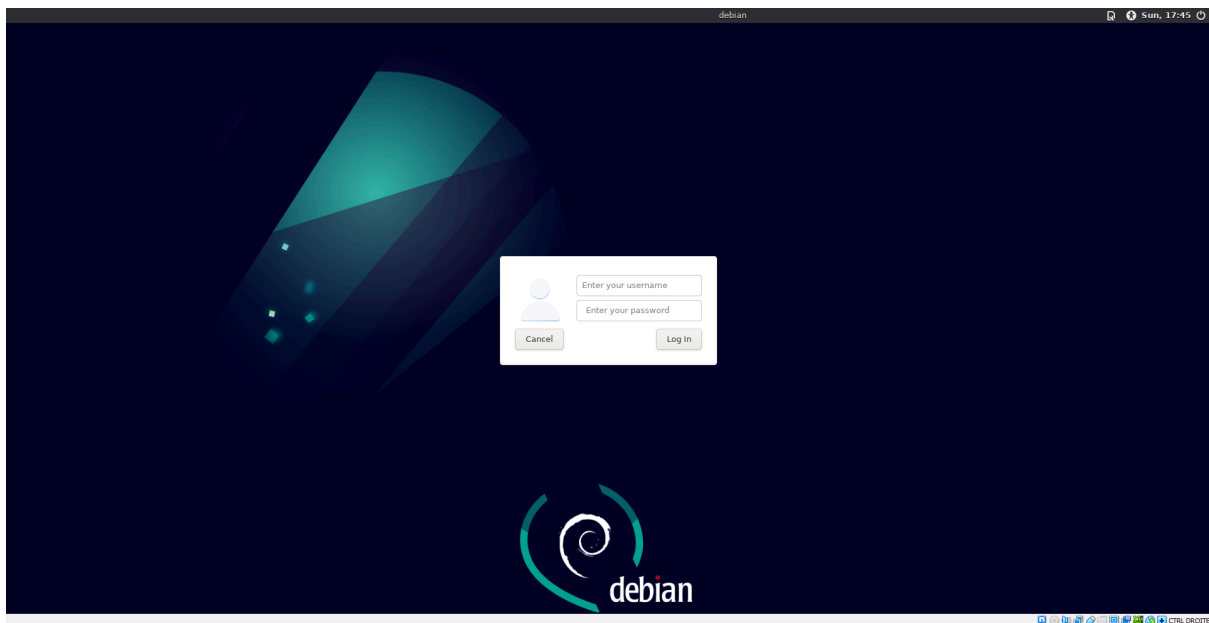
Instructions for new Debian users

If you're a new user on Debian, this guide is designed to help you get started and make the most of your Debian experience. In this review, we'll walk you through the process of logging into Debian and using it effectively.

Logging into Debian:

The first step is to log in to your Debian session. You'll need to enter your username and password. If you don't have your login credentials, reach out to your network administrator for assistance.

Once you've successfully logged in, you'll find yourself on your desktop, ready to explore Debian.



Connecting to the Internet:

Ensure that your computer is connected to the Internet. Locate the double-screen icon in the taskbar, and if it says "Wired connection," you're connected to the Internet.



Getting Acquainted with Your Desktop:

Your desktop is the central hub for your Debian session. Here, you can launch applications, access session settings, manage your files, and log out.

- To open your file browser, use the shortcut Alt-E. The file browser is where you can create files and folders, helping you maintain an organized personal workspace.
- To create a new file or folder, right-click on a folder and choose the appropriate option.
- Launch applications by clicking on the "Applications" button in the top right corner, then select the application you want to use.
- To adjust settings, click on the "System" button at the top, then select "Preferences." Here, you can customize various parameters such as screen settings and the appearance of your session.

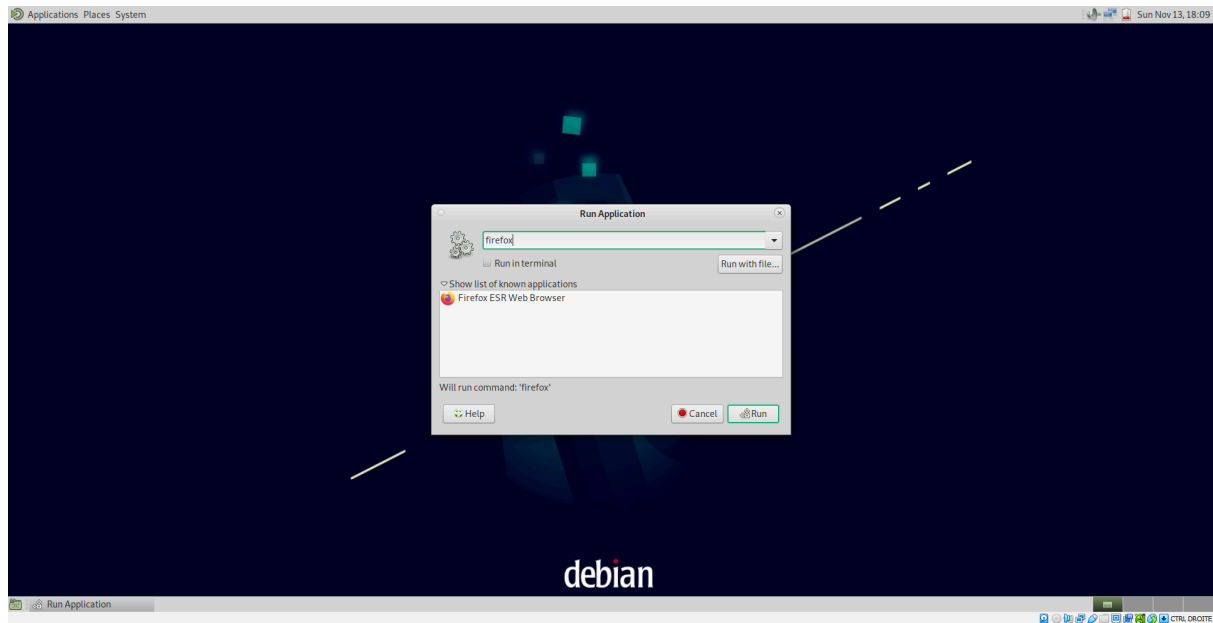
Exploring the Internet with Mozilla Firefox:

To access the internet and use Mozilla Firefox, you have two options:

- Click on the "Applications" button, navigate to "Internet," and select Mozilla Firefox.

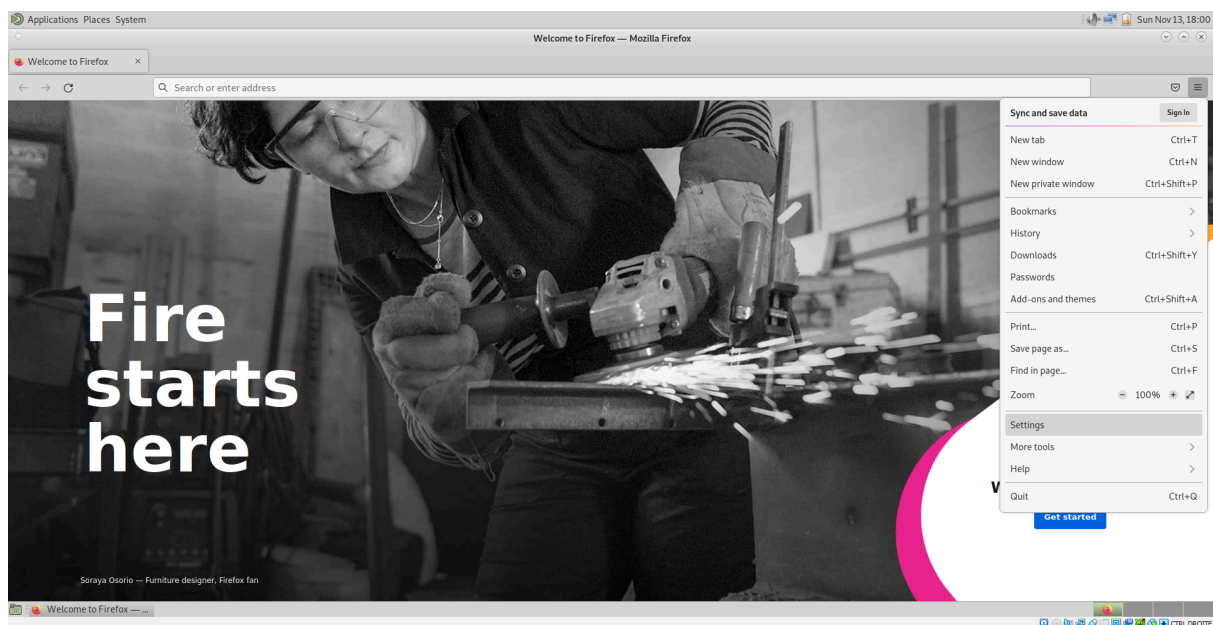
- Use the shortcut Alt-F2, type "Firefox" in the bar, and click "Run."

If you encounter issues with internet search functionality, you may need to adjust your proxy settings within Mozilla Firefox.

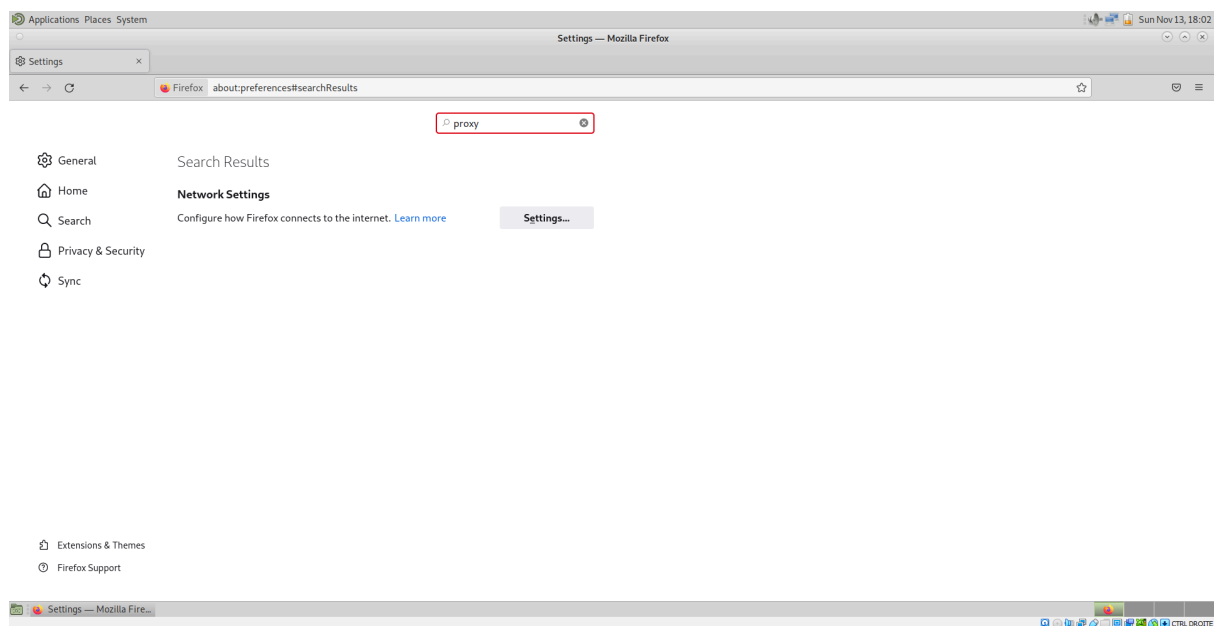


Managing Proxy Settings:

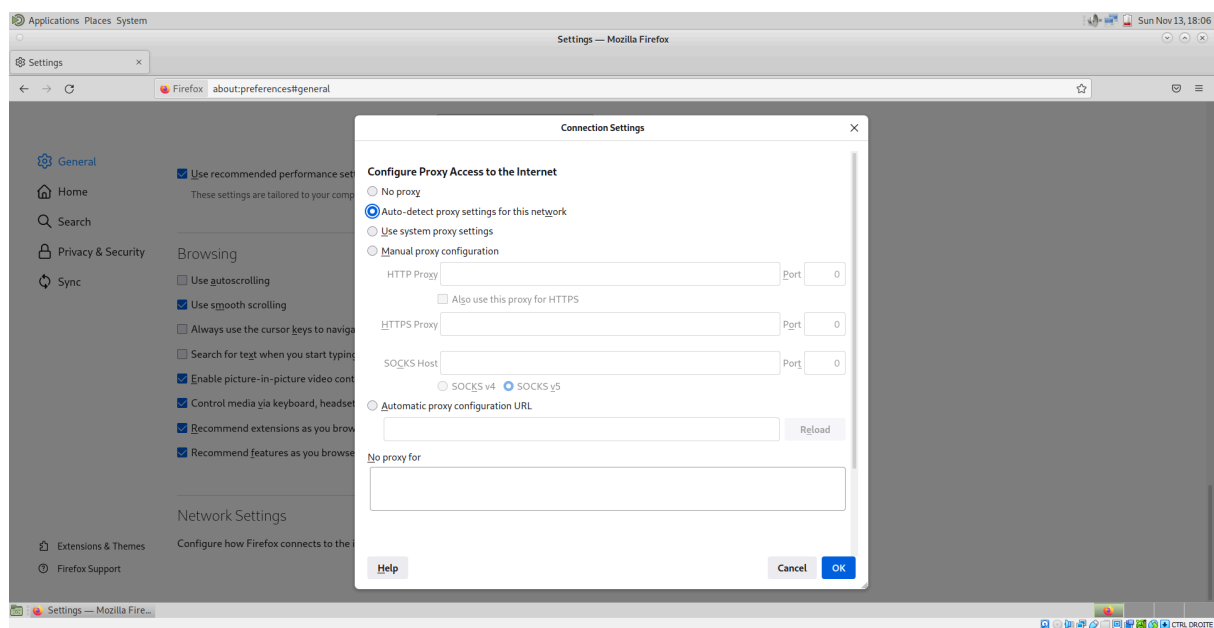
You are now on Mozilla but it is possible that the internet search does not work so you have to change your proxy. To change that go to the settings of mozilla and.



Find the proxy category, and click on this



Tick the auto-detect box and you will be able to browse on the internet.



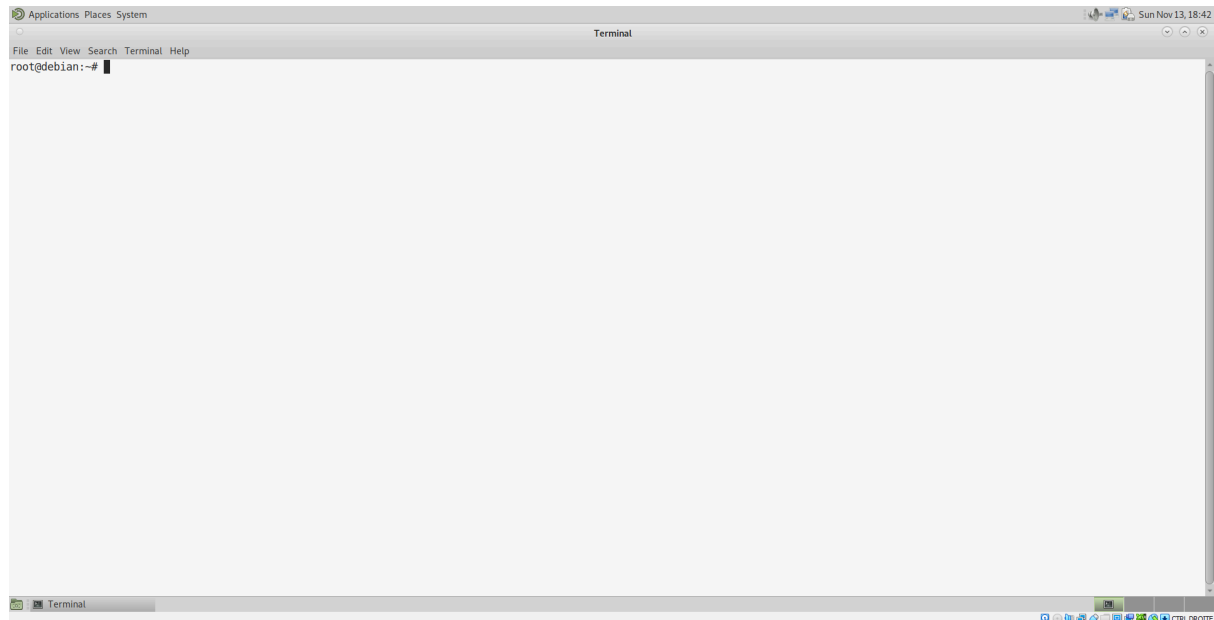
Harnessing the Power of the Terminal:

Now we will show you how to use the Terminal.

The terminal is a powerful tool, primarily used by experienced users. It allows you to perform tasks more efficiently by entering commands instead of using a mouse.

Here are some essential commands:

- ls: List all files and folders in the current directory.
- pwd: Show the current file path.
- cd: Change to a different directory.
- touch: Create a new file.
- mkdir: Create a new folder.
- rmdir: Remove a folder.
- nano: Edit a file.



Installing Applications:

If you need to install other applications, you can go to 'System', 'Administration' and 'Synaptic Package Manager'.



Software Updates and Security:

It's essential to keep your Debian system up to date to ensure the latest features and security enhancements. Periodically, you should check for software updates and apply them. To do this, go to the "System" menu and select "Software Updates." This will help you keep your system running smoothly and protect it from potential security vulnerabilities. Remember that a well-maintained system is a secure and efficient system.

Logging Out:

If you want to leave your session, you can use the top button 'System' and 'Log Out', and you automatically return on the login page



We hope that review helped you. If you have other problems, reach out to your technical administrator.

Nombre de mots : 588