

tree.h

```
#ifndef _TREE_H_
```

```
#define _TREE_H_
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include "lexer.h"
```

```
typedef struct tree_node *Tree;
```

```
struct tree_node {
```

```
    Token node;
```

```
    Tree left;
```

```
    Tree right;
```

```
};
```

```
Tree tree_create(Token tokens[], int idx_left, int idx_right);
```

```
void tree_print(Tree t, size_t depth);
```

```
void tree_infix(Tree t);
```

```
#endif
```

tree.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <stdbool.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
#include "tree.h"
```

```
int get_priority(char c)
```

```
{
```

```
    switch (c) {
```

```
        case '+': case '-': return 1;
```

```

        case '*': case '/': return 2;

        case '^': return 3;
    }

    return 100;
}

```

```

Tree tree_create(Token tokens[], int idx_left, int idx_right)

```

```

{
    Tree t = (Tree) malloc(sizeof(struct tree_node));

    if (idx_left > idx_right) {
        return NULL;
    }

```

```

    if (idx_left == idx_right) {
        t->node = tokens[idx_left];
        t->left = NULL;
        t->right = NULL;
        return t;
    }

```

```

    int priority;

    int priority_min = get_priority('a');

    int brackets = 0;

    int op_pos;

```

```

    for (int i = idx_left; i <= idx_right; ++i) {
        if ((tokens[i].type == BRACKET) && (tokens[i].data.is_left_bracket)) {
            ++brackets;
            continue;
        }

        if ((tokens[i].type == BRACKET) && !(tokens[i].data.is_left_bracket)) {

```

```

        --brackets;

        continue;
    }

transform.h
#ifndef __TRANSFORM_H__
#define __TRANSFORM_H__

#include "tree.h"

void tree_transform(Tree *t);

#endif

transform.c
#include "tree.h"
#include "transform.h"

int conditional_test(Tree *t)
{
    if (((*t) == NULL) || ((*t)->node.type != OPERATOR)
        || ((*t)->node.data.operator_name != '/')) {
        return 0;
    }

    if ((((*t)->right->node.type == INTEGER) && ((*t)->right->node.data.value_int == 1)) ||
        ((*t)->right->node.type == FLOATING) && ((*t)->right->node.data.value_float == 1.0))) {
        return 1;
    }

    return 0;
}

```

```
void transform_power(Tree *t)
```

```
{
```

```
    Tree tmp;
```

```
    if (conditional_test(t) == 1) {
```

```
        tmp = (*t)->left;
```

```
        (*t)->left = NULL;
```

```
    }
```

```
    //tree_delete(t);
```

```
    *t = tmp;
```

```
}
```

```
void tree_transform(Tree *t)
```

```
{
```

```
    if ((*t) != NULL) {
```

```
        tree_transform(&((*t)->left));
```

```
        tree_transform(&((*t)->right));
```

```
        if (conditional_test(t)) {
```

```
            transform_power(t);
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
main.c
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include "lexer.h"
```

```
#include "tree.h"
```

```
#include "transform.h"
```

```

int main(void)
{
    printf("Enter expression and \'!\', then programme will print tree and will print transformed tree\n");

    printf("^D - for exit\n");

    size_t tokens_qty = 0;
    Token tokens_1[256];
    Token token;

    Token tokens[256];
    token_next(&token);
    while (token.type != FINAL) {
        tokens[tokens_qty++] = token;
        token_next(&token);
    }

    Tree tree = tree_create(tokens, 0, tokens_qty - 1);

    printf("\nExpression tree:\n");
    tree_print(tree, 0);

    tree_transform(&tree);

    printf("\nSemitransformed expression tree:\n");
    tree_print(tree, 0);

    printf("\nTree's infix linearization:\n");
    tree_infix(tree);
    printf("\n");

    return 0;
}

```

```
}
```

```
C:\Users\Бондский\Desktop\24 лаба она моя> gcc main.c transform.c tree.c lexer.c
```

```
C:\Users\Бондский\Desktop\24 лаба она моя> a.exe
```

Enter expression and '!' ,then programme will print tree and will print transformed tree

^D - for exit

(6/1*3)!

Expression tree:

```
      3
     *
    /  \
   1    /
  /     \
 6        3
```

Semitransformed expression tree:

```
      3
     *
    /  \
   6    3
```

Tree's infix linearization:

(6*3)