## Test for "Numerical Linear Algebra" course Fall 2018

- 1. What is complexity of matrix-by-matrix product in general case? Can it be reduced? If yes, describe the algorithm. What is the main issue in speeding up matrix by matrix multiplication?
- 2. Are unitary matrices diagonalizable and why? Is any matrix diagonalizable? Why?
- 3. Compute LU decomposition of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 5 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ . Does LU decomposition always exist? What criterion of its existence? How does it help in solving linear systems?
- 4. Find the condition number of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$  in  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  norms.
- 5. What is complexity of matrix-by-vector product in general case? Can this complexity be reduced for the matrix  $A = [a_{ij}]$ , where  $a_{ij} = a_{i-j}$ ? If yes, describe the algorithm.
- 6. List the main properties that a good preconditioner must have. Give some examples of preconditioners for dense and sparse matrices and describe how they can be used.
- 7. Estimate complexity of solving linear system (A + UV)x = b, where  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ ,  $U \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times k}$  and  $V \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times n}$ . In what cases this complexity will be significantly smaller than in general case?
- 8. Estimate the location of eigenvalues of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 3 & 5-i \\ 4 & i & 2-i \\ 2i & 10 & -i \end{bmatrix}$  without direct computations.
- 9. Assume you have overdetermined linear system. How will you solve it?
- 10. What is QR algorithm? How and where does it converge?
- 11. Assume you want to find the largest eigenvalue of a large sparse matrix A. What method will you use? How does it converge?
- 12. What is Krylov subspace of k-th order? Why Krylov subspaces are useful for solving linear systems? Describe the algorithm of choosing method based on the Krylov subspaces to solve a given linear system.
- 13. What is Skeleton decomposition of the matrix  $A = [a_{ij}]$ , where  $a_{ij} = \frac{i}{j} + \frac{j}{i}$ ?
- 14. Describe the method for graph partitioning based on the partial eigenvalue problem. Write the algorithm that you will use.
- 15. Compute  $\det(I + uv^{\top})$ .
- 16. How matrix function can help in solving an ODE system  $\frac{dy}{dt} = Ay$ ,  $y(0) = y_0$ ? How this matrix function can be computed efficiently? What decomposition can help here? Describe the decomposition and the method to use it
- 17. What property has upper Hessenberg form of the symmetric matrix? Why is it important for constructing iterative methods?