## Sixurei a seriei de functa

a) 
$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} |[0,1] \to |R|$$
  $\int_{\mathbb{R}} |m(x)| = \frac{x^{2m}}{1+x^{m}}$ ,  $\forall x \in [0,1]$ ,  $\forall m \ge 1$ 

b) 
$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} (0,1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$
,  $\int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} (1+x^{2m}) dx \in (0,1)$ ,  $\forall m \in \mathbb{N}$ 

Fix 
$$x \in D = \{0, 1\}$$
 for limité  $x \in partit co o cl si m ca voir se calculează lim  $f_m(x) = \frac{x^2m}{1+x^m} = \begin{cases} 0, x \in (0, 1) \end{cases}$$ 

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} \int_{\infty} \int_$$

$$H = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{N} \mid \lim_{m \to \infty} \int_{\mathbb{R}} m(x) \in \mathbb{R} \right\} = \left\{ 0, 1 \right\} = \left\{ \int_{\mathbb{R}} \frac{3}{A} \right\}$$
 $\lim_{m \to \infty} \int_{\mathbb{R}} m(x) = \lim_{m \to \infty} \int_{\mathbb{R}} m(x) = \left\{ 0, 1 \right\}$ 
 $\lim_{m \to \infty} \int_{\mathbb{R}} m(x) = \lim_{m \to \infty} \int_{\mathbb{R}} m(x) = \left\{ 0, 1 \right\}$ 

In continue pe 
$$\{0,1\}$$
  $\forall m \geq 1$  (f. elem.) =>  $\int_{m} \frac{u}{u} \int_{0}^{\infty} (mu \ conv. um'f.)$ 

Se calculeoza 
$$\lim_{m\to\infty} \int_{m} (x) = \lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{x^m}{n+x^{2m}} = 0$$

$$A = \begin{cases} x \in (0,1) \mid \lim_{m \to \infty} \int_{m} (x) \in dR \end{cases} = (0,1) \Rightarrow \int_{m} \frac{s}{n} \int_{m} ds$$

und 
$$J:A \rightarrow IR$$
,  $J(x) = 0$ 

Studiați convergența simplă și uniformă a scientui de fet 
$$\int_{m} \{0, +\infty\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$
,  $\int_{m} (x) = \sqrt{x^{2} + \frac{1}{m}}$ ,  $\forall x \in \{0, +\infty\}$ ,  $\forall m \geq 1$ 

Fie 
$$x \in \{0, +\infty\}$$

$$\lim_{m\to\infty} \int_{m} f(x) = \lim_{m\to\infty} \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{m}} = |x| = x \quad \text{pt } \text{ ca } x \in [0, +\infty)$$

$$A = \{o, +\infty\}$$
,  $f: A \rightarrow IR$ ,  $f(x) = x \rightarrow f$ 

$$\frac{8\pi b}{8\pi b} \left| \frac{1}{8\pi b} (x) - \frac{1}{8\pi b} (x) \right| = \frac{8\pi b}{8\pi b} \left| \frac{1}{8\pi b} - \frac{1}{8\pi b} \right| = \frac{8\pi b}{8\pi b} \left| \frac{1}{8\pi b} - \frac{1}{8\pi b} \right|$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{m}} \leq \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}}} \left| -x \right| < -380 \operatorname{g}(x) \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \operatorname{f}(x \in \mathbb{R}^{1} + \infty) = 0$$

$$= ) 0 \leq \sup_{x \geq 0} |\int_{\mathbb{R}^{m}} (x) - \int_{\mathbb{R}^{m}} (x) | \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}}$$

$$\lim_{m\to\infty} \sup | \int_{\mathcal{U}}(x) - \int_{\mathcal{U}}(x) | = 0 = 0$$
 
$$\lim_{t\to\infty} \int_{\mathcal{U}} \frac{u}{t^{2}} \int_{\mathcal{U}} \frac{$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} (0, +\infty) \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} , \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} (x) = \frac{mx^{2}}{m+x} \quad \forall x \in (0, \infty), \forall m \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\lim_{m\to\infty} \int_{m} (x) = \lim_{m\to\infty} \frac{mx^{2}}{m+x} = x^{2}$$

$$A = (0, +\infty)$$
,  $f: A \rightarrow IR$ ,  $f(x) = x^2 \Rightarrow fm \xrightarrow{S} f$ 

$$\sup_{x>0} \left| \int_{m} (x) - \int_{x>0} (x) \right| = \sup_{x>0} \left| \frac{m + x}{m + x} - x^{2} \right| = \sup_{x>0} \left| \frac{-x^{3}}{m + x} \right| = \sup_{x>0} \frac{x^{3}}{m + x}$$

$$g(t) = \frac{1}{m+1} = \frac{1}{m} \quad (mu \quad couvinu)$$

$$g(m) = \frac{m^3}{2m} = \frac{m^2}{2} \Rightarrow \sup_{x>0} g(x) \geq \frac{m^2}{2m} \langle = \rangle \sup_{x>0} |\int_{m(x)} f(x)| \geq \frac{m^2}{2m} |\lim_{m \to \infty} f(x)| \leq \frac{m^2}{2m} |\lim_{m \to \infty} f(x)| = \frac{m^2}{2m} |\lim_{m \to \infty} f(x)| = \frac{m^2}{2m} |\lim_{m \to \infty} f(x)| = \frac{m^$$

$$\lim_{m\to\infty} \sup \left| \int_{\mathbb{R}^m} |x| - \int_{\mathbb{R}^m} |x| \right| \ge \lim_{m\to\infty} \frac{m^2}{d} \iff \lim_{m\to\infty} \sup \left| \int_{\mathbb{R}^m} |x| - \int_{\mathbb{R}^m} |x| \right| \ge \infty \implies$$