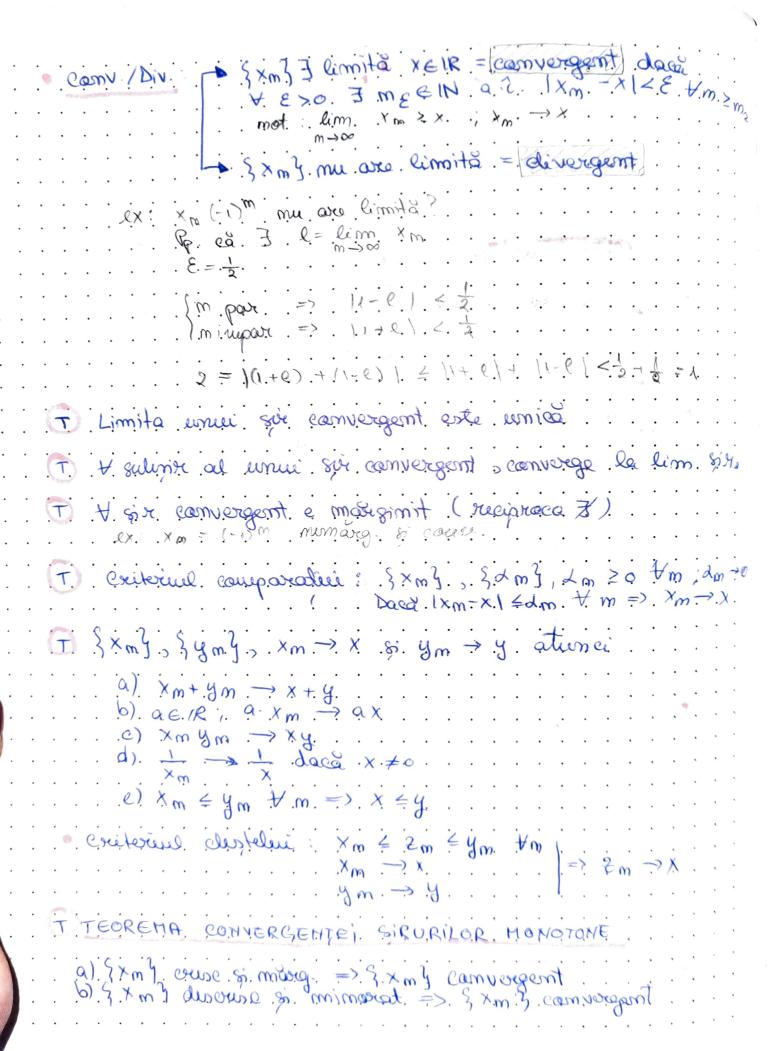
CURSI
cale dif-2 int ec. diferentiale => calcul mumerie => calcul mumerie => sel grax.
girurei de me reale
Not: S.xm3 mell i S.xm3 m i S.xm3 m i S.xm3 i xm
bef: a) sixul 9 xm3 sm. (majorat (mimorat) daça mult. elementelor sale este mojorats (mimorato)
b) sixul 2 xm3 s.m. marginit daca 3 M20 eu 3 xm3 & M > + me/N
c) girul 3 xm y s.m. mermarginit dacă penteu t imternal real marginit, z cel putin un termen. al girului in afara acustui interval
ex: $\times_m = -m$ este majoral, mu mimarant
Monatanie: - 5 x m.) cource lote oure daca  × m = × m+1 + m
57m3 dispuere / obt. des excese das
3xm. 3. manotan /str. manotan daca est.
$2x: x_m = (-1)^m$ $x_m = (-1)^m$ $x_m = (-1)^m$ $x_m = (-1)^m$
Jxm3 sp. Sm kg k e in um sur veux de noi mad:



Lema eui Cesara
y six marginit admite un sulvin convergent
Six Cauchy (fundamental) daca: # E>0 = m E EIN a.E. 1xm-xm 1. < E; +m, m, ≥ m. E. m = m+p
$m = m + b$ $(x = 1) \times (x = 1) \times (x$
J gxm g can vergent => gxmg este cauchy
ex : Xm = . Sim x + . Sim 2x
$[x^{m+b}] = \frac{3m}{3m} \left[ \frac{3m}{3m} \frac{3m}{3m} + \frac{3m}{3m} \frac{3m}{3m} \right]$
5 mes 3 mps
$\frac{2m+1}{2m+2} + \frac{2m}{2m+2} $
ex : Xm=
Pt E=1 . 12m - 7m.1 21
X 3W - X W   =   \frac{12w}{1} + \frac{15w}{1} = \frac{15w}{
Sixurci cu limità ±00.
R = 10 (2 S + 2)
Fxm3 are lim = + 00 daca + E>0 ] me EIN at Xm = E + m2m
?xm} ore lem = -∞ doca ∀ε>0. I mε∈IN a -0. ×m∈€+ m≥ me
$\exists Sx_2 S : S : S$
> gdaca xm > + 00 => gm > +00
Sxm3, 3ym3 (=> chaca xm > + 00 => ym > +00 xm \(\chi \)ym \(\chi m) \(\chi \) daca ym \(\chi - \chi m) \(\chi m) \)
the two days of the state of th
b) xm -> -00 1 um -> u e TR /3+003 => xm+ym ->0

(c) xm → +00 / ym → y; y>0 => xm - ym → +00 dixm > -o jym > y; y > o = xm ym > - a (b)  $\times_m \rightarrow -\infty \Rightarrow 1/x_m \rightarrow 0$ Dxm -o, xm 50 +m => 1/xm -> ±00 T an {xm } owne spi memory. => xm -> + 00 b) {xm & diseruse & memorg. => xm -> - 00 Limita superioaxa/im guicaxa A SIR A mojorata = Sup A - e.m. mie. Angiorand a lui A. A minorata => Img A - c.m. mare mimorant a lut 2m= ing gxk; k≥m4 Def: Limita sup. a 3×m3: y = lim ym. motatu limi sup xm sau limi Def: Limità inf. a sxm3: 2 := lim 2m: = lim ing sxx k = n3 motolie lim. inf xm. som lim. xm . i. lim T Sxmq ave lim XEIR (=> lim.

To 3 xm 3 pt un sulvive manoton care converge la tim xm	
3 - Lim ×m	
A = mult luturor Rim. ale tuturor sulchimica & xm?	
A dim = img. A. i lim xm = sup A.	
Xm convergent (=> A are un singur element	
av: Y- sin na II	
$A = \begin{cases} -\sqrt{3}/2 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{3}/2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \lim_{m \to \infty} x_m = -\sqrt{3}/2  \text{so $\lim x_m = \sqrt{3}/2$}$	
$ex: G + S \times m + m \in IN$ $A = IR = S \text{ lim in } S = -\infty$ $S \text{ lim sup} = +\infty$	
1 linu sup = + 0	
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$\exists \ \ \  \   \  \   \  \   \  \   \  \ $	_
$\leq \lim_{m \to \infty} \sup_{x \to \infty} \frac{x_{m+1}}{x_m}$	
Corolare: $3 \times m^{\frac{1}{2}} \times m > 0$ $2 \times m \in N$ .  Dacă $3 \cdot \lim_{m \to \infty} \frac{\times m+1}{\times m}$ $1 \cdot \lim_{m \to \infty} \frac{\times m+1}{\times m}$ $1 \cdot \lim_{m \to \infty} \frac{\times m+1}{\times m}$ $1 \cdot \lim_{m \to \infty} \frac{\times m+1}{\times m}$	
Corolare $\begin{cases} \times m \end{cases}$ $\times m > 0$ $\Rightarrow \forall m \in N$ .  Dacă $\exists \lim_{m \to \infty} \frac{\times m + 1}{\times m}$ , le $[0, \infty] \Rightarrow 0$ $\Rightarrow \lim_{m \to \infty} \frac{\times m + 1}{\times m} \Rightarrow 0$ Solii de mr. realo	
Corolare: $\frac{1}{3} \times m^{\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{1}{3} \times m^{\frac{1}{$	
Corolare: $3 \times m^{\frac{1}{2}} \times m > 0$ $2 \times m \in N$ .  Dacă $3 \cdot \lim_{m \to \infty} \frac{\times m+1}{\times m}$ $1 \cdot \lim_{m \to \infty} \frac{\times m+1}{\times m}$ $1 \cdot \lim_{m \to \infty} \frac{\times m+1}{\times m}$ $1 \cdot \lim_{m \to \infty} \frac{\times m+1}{\times m}$	

, ·

· Socia com vorgenta = 38 m 4 e con vorgenta
<ul> <li>Socia alisalut comvergentà = ∑ 1×m1 e convergentà</li> </ul>
· Soria divergenta = mu este conv.
Daca seria => xm convergenta => 3 ×m3 converge Q o
· Condar:
Dacai sirue 5 x m j mu converge la 0 => ₹ xm diveyent
· Laça intr-o sein se inlocuise un mr. finit de term,
Daçà îmbr-o seus se în locuise un mr. finit de term, cu alte volori => seria altimeto are acecará materia. ca seria imitiale
ex: seria geamétrica \$ 2 m
$5m = 1+g^1+g^2+\ldots+g^m = 1+g^m = 1+g^m$
$S_m - conv = 19/21$
$\xi X : \sum_{i=1}^{m \neq 0} \frac{w(w+i)}{i}.$
$S_{m} = 1 - \frac{m+1}{2}$
ex: 50 (-0" div. = Sm >1 80 Semts ->0
ex. socia armanica $\frac{1}{m \geq 0}$ $\frac{1}{m}$ $\frac$
S. $m = 1, \pm, \frac{1}{2}, \pm, \dots, \pm, \frac{1}{m}$ mu e comi
· Coulevant de convergents.
The Contour less Cauchy
Source Xm comv. <=> HE70 3 mge/N ail.
1× m+e + ×m+2+ + ×m+p < E + m ≥ mE

