

Seminar 4

- ① $\{\varphi, \neg\varphi\} \vdash \neg(\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)$ de ded. (Seminar 3)
- $\{\varphi, \neg\varphi, \neg\neg(\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)\} \vdash \neg\neg(\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)$ P2.54(ii)
- $\{\varphi, \neg\varphi, \neg\neg(\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)\} \vdash \neg\neg(\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)$ S3.4(iv)
- $\{\varphi, \neg\varphi, \neg\neg(\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)\} \vdash \varphi \rightarrow \varphi$ MP (1) et (2)
- $\{\varphi, \neg\varphi, \neg\neg(\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)\} \vdash \varphi$ P2.54(ii)
- $\vdash \varphi$ MP (3) et (4)
- $\vdash \neg\varphi$ P2.54(ii)
- $\{\varphi, \neg\varphi\} \vdash (\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)$ S3.4(iii)

- ② $\vdash (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi)$ (Seminar 3) Thd $\vdash a \rightarrow b \Leftrightarrow \vdash a \rightarrow b$
- $\{\varphi \rightarrow \psi\} \vdash \neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi$
- $\{\neg\psi, \varphi \rightarrow \psi\} \vdash \neg\varphi$ ce am get eu $A3: (\neg b \rightarrow \neg a) \rightarrow (a \rightarrow b)$
- $\{\varphi \rightarrow \psi, \neg\psi, \neg\neg\varphi\} \vdash \perp$ (prin reductio ad absurdum)
- (1) $\{\varphi \rightarrow \psi, \neg\psi, \neg\neg\varphi\} \vdash \varphi \rightarrow \psi$ P2.54(ii)
- (2) $\{\varphi \rightarrow \psi, \neg\psi, \neg\neg\varphi\} \vdash \neg\neg\varphi \rightarrow \psi$ S3.4(iv) + P2.55(ii)
- (3) $\{\varphi \rightarrow \psi, \neg\psi, \neg\neg\varphi\} \vdash \neg\neg\varphi$ P2.54(ii)
- (4) $\{\varphi \rightarrow \psi, \neg\psi, \neg\neg\varphi\} \vdash \varphi$ MP (2) et (3)
- (5) $\{\varphi \rightarrow \psi, \neg\psi, \neg\neg\varphi\} \vdash \psi$ MP (4) et (1)
- (6) $\{\varphi \rightarrow \psi, \neg\psi, \neg\neg\varphi\} \vdash \neg\psi$ P2.54(ii)
- (7) $\{\varphi \rightarrow \psi, \neg\psi\} \vdash \neg\varphi$ S3.4(iii)
- (8) $\{\varphi \rightarrow \psi\} \vdash \neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi$ Th. ded.
- (9) $\vdash (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi)$ Th. ded.

① a) $\Gamma = \{v_m \rightarrow v_{m+1} \mid m \in \mathbb{N}\}$

Fie $e: V \rightarrow \{0,1\}$ a.î. $e \models v_m \rightarrow v_{m+1}$ pt $\forall m \in \mathbb{N} \Leftrightarrow$
 $\Leftrightarrow e^+(v_m \rightarrow v_{m+1}) = 1 \quad \forall m \in \mathbb{N} \Leftrightarrow e^+(v_m) \rightarrow e^+(v_{m+1}) = 1 \quad \forall m \in \mathbb{N} \Leftrightarrow$
 $\Leftrightarrow e(v_m) \rightarrow e(v_{m+1}) = 1 \quad \forall m \in \mathbb{N} \Leftrightarrow e(v_m) \leq e(v_{m+1}) \quad \forall m \in \mathbb{N}$

Fie $e_k: V \rightarrow \{0,1\}$ unde $e_k = \begin{cases} 0, & m < k \\ 1, & m \geq k \end{cases} \quad m \in \mathbb{N}$

	v_0	v_1	v_2	v_3	v_4	...
e_0	1	1	1	1	1	...
e_1	0	1	1	1	1	...
e_2	0	0	1	1	1	...

$e^\infty(v_m) = 0 \quad \forall m \in \mathbb{N}$

$\text{Mod}(\Gamma) = \{e_k: V \rightarrow \{0,1\} \mid k \in \mathbb{N}\} \cup \{e^\infty\}$

b) $\Gamma = \{v_0\} \cup \{v_m \rightarrow v_{m+1} \mid 0 \leq m \leq 4\}$

$e(v_0) = 1$

$e(v_m) = 1, m \in \overline{0,8}$

$\text{Mod}(\Gamma) = \{e: V \rightarrow \{0,1\} \mid e(v_m) = 1 \text{ pt } m \in \overline{0,8}\}$

② Fie $\Gamma = \{v^f \mid v \in V\}$ unde $v^f = \begin{cases} v, & \text{dacă } f(v) = 1 \\ \neg v, & \text{dacă } f(v) = 0 \end{cases}$

$\text{Mod}(\Gamma) = \{f\}$

Fie $e: V \rightarrow \{0,1\}$ a.î. $e \in \text{Mod}(\Gamma) \Leftrightarrow$ pt $\forall v \in V, e \models v^f \Leftrightarrow$

$\Leftrightarrow \forall v \in V, e^+(v^f) = 1 \Leftrightarrow e = f$

" \Rightarrow " ştim că pt $\forall v \in V, e^+(v^f) = 1$. Vrem să dem că $e = f$.

Fie $v \in V$ $\begin{cases} \text{dacă } f(v) = 1 \Rightarrow v = v^f \Rightarrow \text{deci } e(v) = e^+(v) = e^+(v^f) = 1 = f(v) \\ \text{dacă } f(v) = 0 \Rightarrow v^f = \neg v \Rightarrow \text{deci } e(v) = e^+(v) = \neg e^+(\neg v) = \neg e^+(v^f) = \neg 1 = 0 = f(v) \end{cases} \Rightarrow$

$\Rightarrow e(v) = f(v) \Leftrightarrow e = f$

" \Leftarrow " ştim că $e = f$. Vrem să dem că pt $\forall v \in V, e^+(v^f) = 1$

Fie $v \in V$. Atunci $e^+(v^f) = f(v^f) \Leftrightarrow e(v) = f(v) = 1$

③ a) Fie Γ mulţime satisfabilă şi limită de formule
 Γ -limită \Rightarrow nr limit formule \Rightarrow nr. limit var. : $\bigcup_{\varphi \in \Gamma} \text{Var}(\varphi) \subseteq \{v_0, \dots, v_m\}$
 $m \in \mathbb{N}$

Γ - satisfiabilă $\Rightarrow \exists e: V \rightarrow \{0,1\}$ a. $\hat{e} \models \Gamma$

$$e_k: V \rightarrow \{0,1\}, e_k(x) = \begin{cases} e(x), & x \in \{v_0, \dots, v_m\} \\ 1, & x \in \{v_{m+1}, \dots, v_{m+k}\} \\ 0, & \text{altfel} \end{cases}$$

$$\underbrace{\{e_k \mid k \in \mathbb{N}\}}_{\hookrightarrow \text{imfinită}} \subseteq \text{Mod}(\Gamma) \quad \Bigg| \Rightarrow \text{Mod}(\Gamma)\text{-imfinită}$$

b) $\Gamma = V = \{v_m \mid m \in \mathbb{N}\}$

$$e \models \Gamma \Leftrightarrow e(v_m) = 1, m \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\text{Mod}(\Gamma) = \{e: V \rightarrow \{0,1\} \mid e(v) = 1 \ \forall v \in V\}$$

Fie Δ - mult. finită de formule

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Dacă } \Delta \text{ nesatisfiabilă} \Rightarrow \text{Mod}(\Delta) = \emptyset \neq \text{Mod}(\Gamma) \\ \text{Dacă } \Delta \text{ satisfiabilă} \Rightarrow \text{Mod}(\Delta) \text{ - m. imfinită} \end{array} \quad \Bigg| \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Mod}(\Delta) \neq \text{Mod}(\Gamma) \Leftrightarrow \Gamma \neq \Delta$$