

# Android Programing

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## Administrative

Final grade for the Python course is computed using Gauss over the total points accumulated.

One can accumulate a maximum of 100 of points:

- Maximum 60 points from the laboratory examination
- Maximum 40 points at the final examination (course)

The laboratory examination consists in 3 test:

- 30 points → lab activity over the first 7 weeks
- $\circ$  30 points  $\rightarrow$  lab project

The minimum number of points that one needs to pass this exam:

- Minimum 30 points accumulated from the laboratory examination
- Minimum 15 points from the final examination (course)
- Course page: <u>https://sites.google.com/site/fiiandroidprogramming/home</u>



- 2003 October Android Inc, is founded
- 2005 August Google Inc. buys Android Inc for 50.000.000 USD
- 2007 Android becomes an open-source project under Apache license
- 2008 October first device with Android OS is release

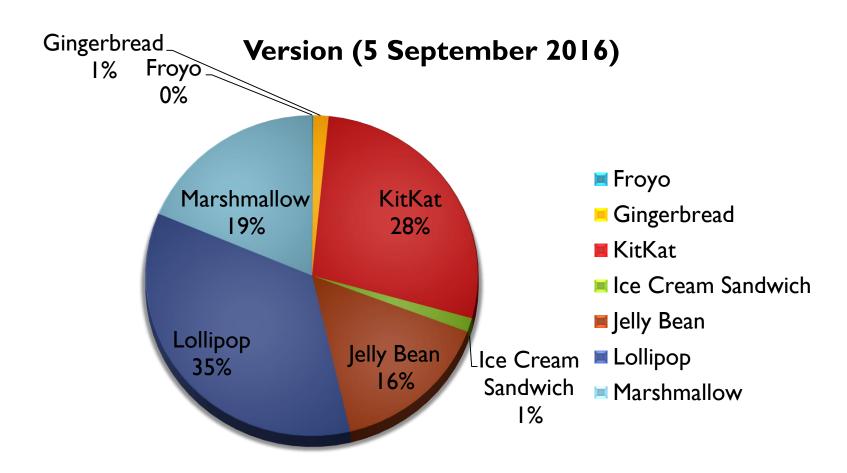
# Android versions

Release date	Version	Code Name	API Level
2008.Sep	1.0	-	I
2009.Feb	1.3	Petite Four	2
2009.Apr	1.5	Cupcake	3
2009.Sep	1.6	Donut	4
2009.Oct	2.0	Eclair	5
2009.Dec	2.0.1	Eclair	6
2010.lan	2.1	Eclair	7
2010.May	2.2	Froyo	8
2010.Dec	2.3 – 2.3.2	Gingerbread	9
2011.Feb	2.3.3 – 2.3.7	Gingerbread	10
2011.Feb	3.0	Honeycomb	П
2011.May	3.1	Honeycomb	12

# Android versions

Release date	Version	Code Name	API Level
2011.July	3.2	Honeycomb	13
2011.Oct	4.0-4.0.2	Ice Cream Sandwich	14
2011.Dec	4.0.3 – 4.0.4	Ice Cream Sandwich	15
2012.Jul	4.1	Jelly Bean	16
2012.Nov	4.2	Jelly Bean	17
2013.Jul	4.3	Jelly Bean	18
2013.Sep	4.4	Kit Kat	19
2014.July	4.4W	Kit Kat	20
2014.Nov	5.0	Lollipop	21
2015.Mar	5.1	Lollipop	22
2015.Oct	6.0	Marshmallow	23
2016.Aug	7.0	Nougat	24

#### Android Distribution



http://developer.android.com/about/dashboards/index.html

## Android architecture

#### **Applications**

Contacts, Browser, Phone, Games, ...

#### **Application Framework**

Activity Manager, Views, Telephony Manager, Package Manager, Resource Manager, ....

#### Libraries

Surface manager, Media, SQL, OpenGL, WebKit,

Android Runtime Dalvik VM

#### **Linux Kernel**

Display drivers, Camera drivers, WiFi drivers, Audio Drivers, Power management drivers, ...

## Android architecture

- Hardware platform
  - ARM
  - X86 (Google TV, ...)
  - i.MX
  - Intel

## Mobile architecture

- Touch Screens
- SMS & Phone
- GPS
- Flash Drives
- NFC
- WiFi
- DLNA
- •



- Google vs Oracle
  - Java structure
- Apple vs Samsung
  - Design
- Apple & Microsoft vs HTC & Samsung
- Google buys Motorola

# File Hierarchy

- Different file systems (YAFFS, EXTx, proprietary (Samsung RFS), F2FS, F2FS, JFFS2, ...)
- Partitions:
  - /cache
  - /system
  - /sdcard
  - /mnt
  - /sys
  - /data
  - /root
  - /dev
  - • •

# File Hierarchy

- /cache
  - Cached files and data
- /sdcard
  - Contains application data, pictures, etc
  - Some applications use this partition as a way to record different data regarding their installation (install date, etc)
- /system
  - Includes Android OS files (except for kernel) such as libraries, fonts, default applications (email, browser, phone, ...), system sounds, linux executables for different commands (ls, rm, su, ...), ...

# File Hierarchy

- /data
  - User specific data (contacts, messages, settings, ...)
  - Private data and libraries for every application installed (by package)
  - Installed applications

#### **APK** format

- APK = <u>Application</u> <u>Package</u> <u>File</u>
- ZIP archive
  - \META-INF
    - MANIFEST.MF
    - CERT.RSA
    - CERT.SF (SHA-1 digest for MANIFEST.MF)
  - \lib
    - \armeabi
    - \armeabi-v7a
    - \x86
    - \mips
  - · \res
    - drawable-{xxx}
    - raw-{xxx}
    - layout –{xxx}
    - menu
  - \assets
  - classes.dex
  - resources.arsc
  - AndroidManifest.xml



- Register-based VM
- Sandbox
- A DEX file contains all the information required for the Dalvik VM to execute the code (libraries, endianess, ...)
- Can run native code.
- "Every Android application runs in its own process, with its own instance of the Dalvik virtual machine."

#### **DEX** files

- Header (CheckSum, SHA, ...)
- String Indexes
- Type Indexes
- Prototype Indexes
- Field Indexes
- Method Indexes
- Class Definitions
- Data (dex code, strings, classes, ...)

# Zygote process

- Use to increase the start time of a dalvik VM process
- Shares constant data (libraries) between instances of VM processes

 Uses "copy-on-write" to copy modified memory to a spawn child



- Each Android Application runs as a linux process
- Each Android Application has multiple components:
  - Activities
  - Services
  - Content Providers
  - Broadcast Receivers
- Each Android Application can start another Android Application components (use an activity from email application to send email). This can be done using Intent object.

## **Aplications**

- Each Android Application has its own process. Each process has a rank (importance) in Android. The more important a process is, the less is the chance that it will be killed by the system.
- There are 5 ranks for processes:
  - I. Forenground process
    - · Has an Activity that users interacts with
    - Has a Service that interacts with a Forenground process
    - Has a Service that runs in forenground
    - Has an active Broadcast Receiver
  - 2. Visible process
    - Has an Activity that is in background (paused)
    - Has a Service that is linked to an background activity
  - 3. Service process
    - Has a Service
  - 4. Background process
    - Has an Activity with a process that was stopped
  - 5. Empty process
    - Does not have any components. It is maintain for caching purposes.

# **Aplications**

- To execute an Android Application the system checks
   AndroidManifest.xml file
- AndroidManifest file contains:
  - Permissions
  - List of activities
  - List of services
  - List of receivers
  - List of providers

# **Aplications**

```
<application android:allowTaskReparenting=["true" | "false"]</pre>
       android:description="string resource"
       android:hasCode=["true" | "false"]
       android:hardwareAccelerated=["true" | "false"]
       android:icon="drawable resource"
       android:label="string resource"
       android:name="string"
       android:permission="string"
       android:process="string"
       android: theme="resource or theme"
</application>
```

