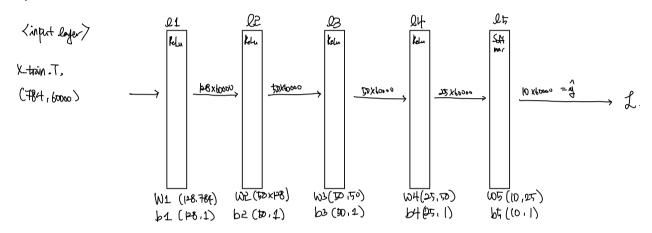
X-torin Shape (6000, 784)

X_test shape (10000, 784)

4- train shape (10 x 60000)

4- test shape (10 x 10000)



[2] • X-tran.T + b1

([43.76]) (784, 1000) + (140,2)
=> ([45, 6000) > 3.81.
184 (126, 6000) > 3.81.

$$\mathcal{O}^{\xi} = \mathcal{O}^{\xi} - \frac{\gamma \mathcal{O}^{\xi}}{\gamma \zeta} \cdot \varphi$$

$$\frac{dh}{d\omega_r} = \frac{dz_r}{d\omega_s} \times \frac{dA_s}{dz_r} \times \frac{dL}{dA_s}$$

$$L = - \qquad y \qquad l_n(A_s)$$

$$\frac{dAs}{dZ_{5}} = \begin{cases} a_{0}(1-a_{0}) - a_{0} a_{1} \cdots - a_{0} a_{5} \\ -a_{0} a_{1} & \vdots \\ a_{1} & \vdots \\ a_{2} a_{0} & \vdots \\ a_{n} & \vdots$$

$$\frac{d}{dw_{2}} \lambda = \frac{dZ_{3}}{dw_{3}} \times \frac{dA_{3}}{dZ_{3}} \times \frac{d}{dA_{3}} \lambda$$

$$\frac{d}{dA_{3}} \lambda = \frac{dZ_{4}}{dA_{3}} \lambda \times \frac{d}{dZ_{4}} \lambda \times \frac{d}{dZ_{5}} \lambda \times \frac{d}{dZ_{5$$

Bock propagation.

$$\frac{\partial Z_{5}}{\partial W_{5}} \times \frac{\partial}{\partial Z_{5}} L = \text{Np. dof} (A_{5} - 7, A_{4}^{7}) = dW_{5}, (10 \times 25).$$

$$L_{9} A_{5} - 7, (10 \times 6000) \qquad \text{Cache d} Z_{5} (10 \times 60000)$$

$$A_{11}^{T} (60000 \times 25)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z} d = \frac{\partial A_{4}}{\partial z_{4}} \times \frac{\partial Z_{5}}{\partial z_{4}} \times \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial z_{5}} dz_{5} \right] = \text{felulack (np. dot (W5T, dz5))}$$

$$\text{Let dZa, (25.6000)}$$

$$\text{Relubeck. Wet (10x60000) cache.}$$

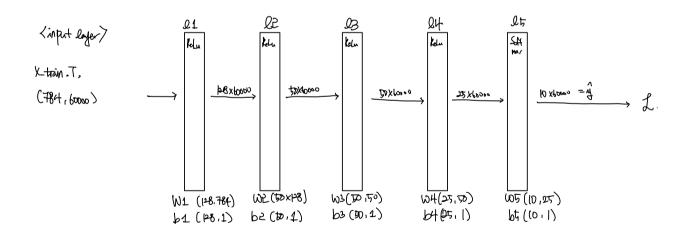
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z_{2}} f = \frac{\partial A_{2}}{\partial z_{1}} \times \frac{\partial Z_{3}}{\partial A_{2}} \times dZ_{7} = \text{Relubrok (np dot (WiT, dz_{7}))}$$

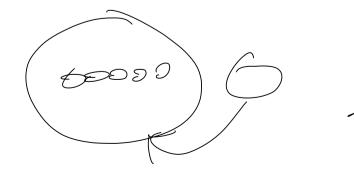
$$\text{bod} z_{2}, \text{ (t50 x 6000 o)}, \text{ coche}.$$

$$W_{3}^{T}$$

$$dW_{2} = \text{np. dot } (dZ_{2}, A_{1}^{T})$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{32}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{32}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{32}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{32}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{32}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{32}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{32}} \times \frac{$$





$$(50 \times 184) \times (184 \times 1) = [18 \times 1]$$

 $(50 \times 128) \times (126 \times 1) = 50 \times 1$
 $50 \times 128) \times (126 \times 1) = 50 \times 1$
 $50 \times 10 \times 1 = 50 \times 1$
 $10 \times 21 \times 10 \times 1 = 10 \times 1$

$$(0 \times 1) - (0 \times 1) = (0 \times 1)$$

 $(0 \times 1) \times ((\times 2 +) - (0 \times 2)$