prof mcandrew BSTA001: HW06 FALL 2020

Q01

Online communication. A study suggests that the average college student spends 10 hours per week communicating with others online. You believe that this is an underestimate and decide to collect your own sample for a hypothesis test. You randomly sample 60 students from your dorm and find that on average they spent 13.5 hours a week communicating with others online. A friend of yours, who offers to help you with the hypothesis test, comes up with the following set of hypotheses.

Define a random variable X as the number of hours students spend communicating online. Indicate any errors you see.

 $H_{\rm Null}: \bar{X} < 10 \mbox{ hours}$ $H_{\rm Alternative}: \bar{X} > 13 \mbox{ hours}$

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$\overline{\mathrm{Q}02}$

Mental health, Part I. The 2010 General Social Survey asked the question: "For how many days during the past 30 days was your mental health, which includes stress, depression, and problems with emotions, not good?" Based on responses from 1,151 US residents, the survey reported a 95% confidence interval of 3.40 to 4.24 days in 2010. (a) Interpret this interval in context of the data. (b) What does "95% confident" mean? Explain in the context of the application. (c) If a new survey were to be done with 500 Americans, would the standard error of the estimate be larger, smaller, or about the same? Assume the standard deviation has remained constant since 2010.

$\overline{\mathrm{Q}03}$

In the early 1990's, researchers in the UK collected data on traffic flow, number of shoppers, and traffic accident related emergency room admissions on Friday the 13th and the previous Friday, Friday the 6th.

A summary of the number of cars that passed 10 intersections is below

Statistic	6th	13th	13th minus 6th
Mean	128,385	126,550	-1,835
Std Dev.	7,259	7,664	1,176
Number of intersections 10	10	10	

(a) Please define a statistical hypothesis that evaluates whether the number of cars passing intersections on Friday the 6th is different than the number on Friday the 13th. (b) Calculate the test statistic and the p-value. (c) What is the conclusion of the hypothesis test? (d) Interpret the p-value in this context.

$\overline{\mathrm{Q}04}$

In recent years, widespread outbreaks of avian influenza have posed a global threat to both poultry production and human health. One strategy being explored by researchers involves developing chickens that are genetically resistant to infection. In 2011, a team of investigators reported in Science that they had successfully generated transgenic chickens that are resistant to the virus. As a part of assessing whether the genetic modification might be hazardous to the health of the chicks, hatch weights between transgenic chicks and non-transgenic chicks were collected. Does the following data suggest that there is a difference in hatch weights between transgenic and non-transgenic chickens?

Statistic	transgenic chicks (grams)	non-transgenic chicks (grams)
Mean	45.14	44.99
Std Dev.	3.32	4.57
Number of chicks	54	54

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Q05 (programming!)

Please compute a 80%, 90%, and 95% confidence interval for the daily number of new confirmed cases of COVID-19 for the state of Pennsylvania. Use case counts from the COVIDtracking project from 2020-08-01 to 2020-11-01.

Here is a code snippit to help get you started.

```
import pandas as pd
paCounts = pd.read_csv("https://api.covidtracking.com/v1/states/ca/daily.json")
paCountsFromAug = paCounts.loc[(paCounts.date>=20200801) & ((paCounts.date<=20201101)),:]</pre>
```