# Differential Expression Analysis for Single-cell RNA-seq

The Data Lab

### Why differential expression (DE) analysis with single-cell?

Differential expression analysis can be used to identify differentially expressed genes in a specific cell type or cell subpopulation across samples (e.g., comparison of T-cells across treatment groups).

# The Do's and Don'ts of Differential Expression

#### Do:

- Compare expression of genes in specific cell types across sample groups (e.g., between two treatment types)
- Identify differentially expressed genes in a subpopulation of cells across sample groups

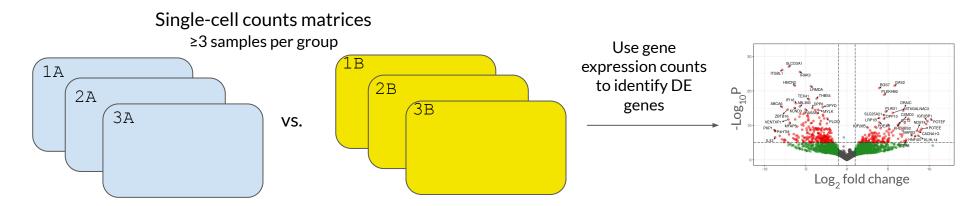
#### Don't:

- Try to perform differential expression on a subpopulation/cell type that is not found among all samples of interest
- Perform differential expression without replicates!

# Differential expression analysis starts with good experimental design

- What biological question are you trying to answer?
- The same rules of bulk RNA-seq DE analysis apply you need biological replicates!
- Cells are NOT replicates
  - Cells from one sample are more similar to each other than cells from different samples
  - The goal is to highlight variation between samples not between cells in a sample
- Differential expression is not the same as identifying marker genes for clusters or cell types for a single sample

# Differential expression analysis starts with good experimental design



# How do we perform DE analysis on single-cell data?

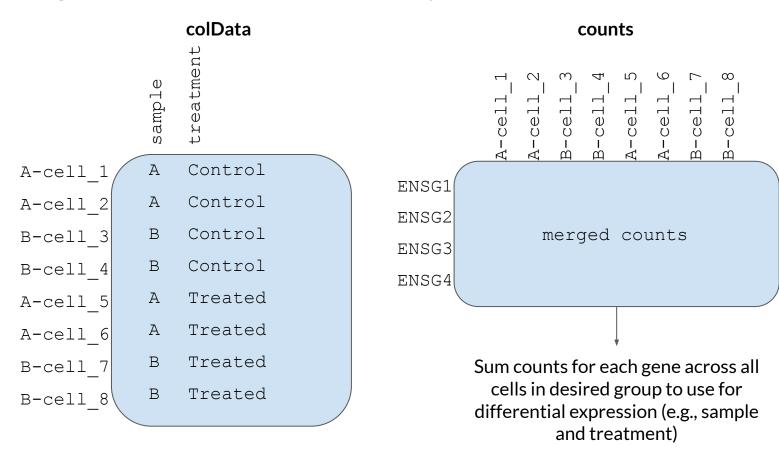
There are plenty of tools that exist for DE analysis in bulk RNA-seq (DESeq2, EdgeR, limma, etc.), so why can't we just use the same tools?

- High drop-out rate in single-cell, low gene expression counts
- Cells are treated independently, masking variation across the sample population
- o Correlation of gene expression within cells from the same sample is unaccounted for

#### Potential solutions:

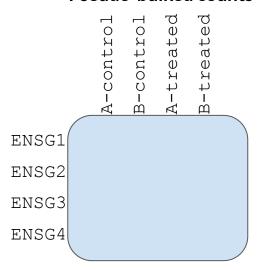
- Calculate pseudo-bulk counts prior to using DE methods developed for bulk RNA-seq
- Fitting a mixed-effects model to consider both drop-out and correlation between cells from the same sample (computationally intensive)
- Test for differences between distribution of a gene across a group of cells rather than between mean gene expression values

# Creating a pseudo-bulk SCE object



# Creating a pseudo-bulk SCE object

#### Pseudo-bulked counts



- The resulting object will have one column for each group of cells and one row for each gene
- Similar to bulk RNA-seq we now have a sample x gene counts matrix rather than cell x gene matrix

# Why do we pseudo-bulk?

- 1. Produces larger and less sparse counts so we can use standard methods for normalization and DE
- 2. Collapses gene expression counts by samples so samples rather than cells represent replicates
- 3. Masks variance within a sample to emphasize variance across samples

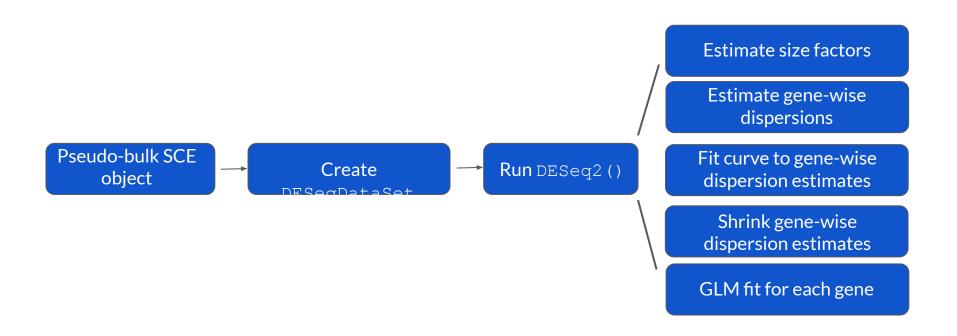
# Using DESeq2 for differential expression analysis

Input: Pseudo-bulk counts matrix based on the DE experiment design

- Create the pseudo-bulked counts matrix using the raw, uncorrected, unnormalized counts
- Looking at a specific cell type between treatment groups? Group by sample, cell type, and treatment

Output: Table of genes with associated log2-fold change, p-value, and adjusted p-value

# Using DESeq2 for differential expression analysis



# Some caveats of single-cell differential expression:

- Differential expression comes with some light circularity
  - When we pick cell types or groups of cells to perform DE, we typically have picked those groups based on expression of a subset of genes
  - This may mean we miss differences between samples, especially if those differences are large enough to change a cell label
- Use raw counts, not corrected gene expression data!
  - Correction/integration will transform the data so that between sample variation is not preserved, sometimes resulting in negative gene expression values
  - DESeq2 has been optimized for count data such that normalization and correction will affect the distribution in ways that may not be compatible with the model