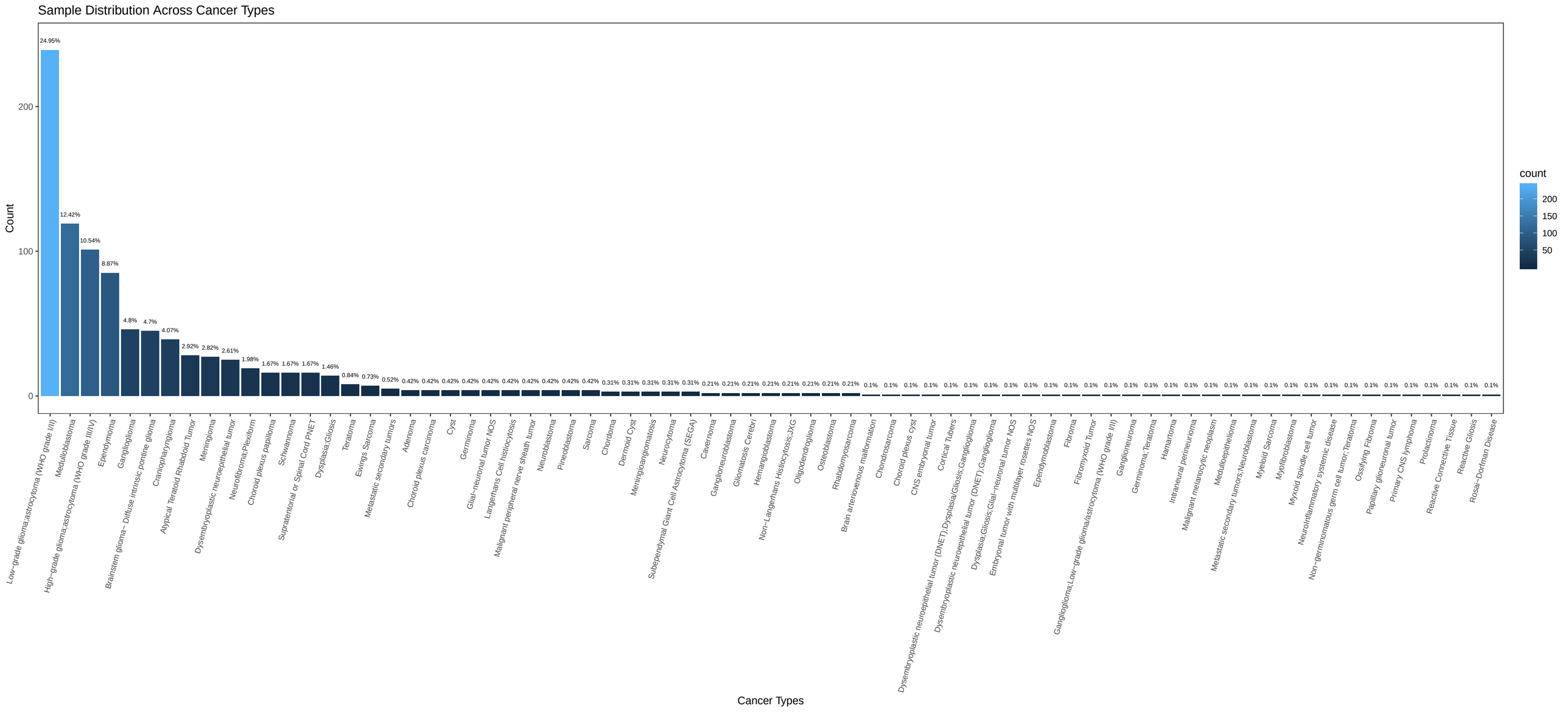
Sample Distribution Across Cancer Types
Count
Cancer Types
count
200
150
100
50
0
100
200
24.95%
12.42%
10.54%
8.87%
4.8%
4.7%
4.07%
2.92%
2.82%
2.61%
1.98%
1.67%
1.67%
1.67%
1.46%
0.84%
0.73%
0.52%
0.42%
0.42%
0.42%
0.42%
0.42%
0.42%
0.42%
0.42%
0.42%
0.42%
0.31%
0.31%
0.31%
0.31%
0.31%
0.21%
0.21%
0.21%
0.21%
0.21%
0.21%
0.21%
0.21%
0.1%
Low−grade glioma;astrocytoma (WHO grade I/II)
Medulloblastoma
High−grade glioma;astrocytoma (WHO grade III/IV)
Ependymoma
Ganglioglioma
Brainstem glioma− Diffuse intrinsic pontine glioma
Craniopharyngioma
Atypical Teratoid Rhabdoid Tumor
Meningioma
Dysembryoplastic neuroepithelial tumor
Neurofibroma;Plexiform
Choroid plexus papilloma
Schwannoma
Supratentorial or Spinal Cord PNET
Dysplasia;Gliosis
Teratoma
Ewings Sarcoma
Metastatic secondary tumors
Adenoma
Choroid plexus carcinoma
Cyst
Germinoma
Glial−neuronal tumor NOS
Langerhans Cell histiocytosis
Malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor
Neuroblastoma
Pineoblastoma
Sarcoma
Chordoma
Dermoid Cyst
Meningioangiomatosis
Neurocytoma
Subependymal Giant Cell Astrocytoma (SEGA)
Cavernoma
Ganglioneuroblastoma
Gliomatosis Cerebri
Hemangioblastoma
Non−Langerhans Histiocytosis;JXG
Oligodendroglioma
Osteoblastoma
Rhabdomyosarcoma
Brain arteriovenous malformation
Chondrosarcoma
Choroid plexus cyst
CNS embryonal tumor
Cortical Tubers
Dysembryoplastic neuroepithelial tumor (DNET);Dysplasia/Gliosis;Ganglioglioma
Dysembryoplastic neuroepithelial tumor (DNET);Ganglioglioma
Dysplasia;Gliosis;Glial−neuronal tumor NOS
Embryonal tumor with multilayer rosettes NOS
Ependymoblastoma
Fibroma
Fibromyxoid Tumor
Ganglioglioma;Low−grade glioma/astrocytoma (WHO grade I/II)
Gangliocytoma
Germinoma;Teratoma
Hamartoma
Intraneural perineurioma
Malignant melanocytic neoplasm
Medulloepithelioma
Metastatic secondary tumors;Neuroblastoma
Myeloid Sarcoma
Myofibroblastoma
Myxoid spindle cell tumor
Neuroinflammatory systemic disease
Non−germinomatous germ cell tumor;Teratoma
Ossifying Fibroma
Papillary glioneuronal tumor
Primary CNS lymphoma
Prolactinoma
Reactive Connective Tissue
Reactive Gliosis
Rosai−Dorfman Disease