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# **OptiX Components**

An extensive description of OptiX framework components and their features can be found in the document OptiX\_Programming\_Guide.pdf shipped with the SDK.

## **Components API Reference**

OptiX - a scalable framework for building ray tracing applications.

See OptiX API Reference for details .

OptiXpp - C++ wrapper around OptiX objects and handling functions.

See OptiXpp wrapper for details.

OptiXu - simple API for performing raytracing queries using OptiX or the CPU. Also includes the rtuTraversal API subset for ray/triangle intersection.

See CUDA C Reference and rtu API for details.

OptiX Prime - high performance API for intersecting a set of rays against a set of triangles.

See OptiX Prime API Reference for details .

OptiX Prime++ - C++ wrapper around OptiX Prime objects and handling functions.

See OptiX Prime++ wrapper for details .

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# Modules

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## 5 Module Documentation

# 5.1 OptiX API Reference

## **Modules**

- Context handling functions
- GeometryGroup handling functions
- GroupNode functions
- · SelectorNode functions
- TransformNode functions
- · Acceleration functions
- GeometryInstance functions
- Geometry functions
- Material functions
- · Program functions
- · Buffer functions
- TextureSampler functions
- · Variable functions
- Context-free functions
- CUDA C Reference
- OptiXpp wrapper
- rtu API

## 5.1.1 Detailed Description

OptiX API functions.

## 5.2 Context handling functions

#### **Modules**

rtContextLaunch functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtContextCreate (RTcontext \*context)
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- RTresult RTAPI rtContextValidate (RTcontext context)
- void RTAPI rtContextGetErrorString (RTcontext context, RTresult code, const char \*\*return\_string)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetAttribute (RTcontext context, RTcontextattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
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- RTresult RTAPI rtContextStopProgressive (RTcontext context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetPrintEnabled (RTcontext context, int enabled)
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- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetPrintBufferSize (RTcontext context, RTsize buffer size bytes)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetPrintBufferSize (RTcontext context, RTsize \*buffer\_size\_bytes)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex (RTcontext context, int x, int y, int z)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetPrintLaunchIndex (RTcontext context, int \*x, int \*y, int \*z)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextDeclareVariable (RTcontext context, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextQueryVariable (RTcontext context, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextRemoveVariable (RTcontext context, RTvariable v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetVariableCount (RTcontext context, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetVariable (RTcontext context, unsigned int index, RTvariable \*v)

## 5.2.1 Detailed Description

Functions related to an OptiX context.

#### 5.2.2 Function Documentation

## 5.2.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtContextCreate (

RTcontext \* context )

Creates a new context object.

## **Description**

rtContextCreate allocates and returns a handle to a new context object. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if passed a *NULL* pointer.

## **Parameters**

out	context	Handle to context for return value
-----	---------	------------------------------------

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR NO DEVICE
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtContextCreate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

## See also

## 5.2.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtContextDeclareVariable (

RTcontext context, const char \* name,

## RTvariable \* v )

Declares a new named variable associated with this context.

## Description

rtContextDeclareVariable - Declares a new variable named *name* and associated with this context. Only a single variable of a given name can exist for a given context and any attempt to create multiple variables with the same name will cause a failure with a return value of RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_REDECLARED. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if passed a *NULL* pointer. Return RT\_ERROR\_ILLEGAL\_SYMBOL if *name* is not syntactically valid.

#### **Parameters**

	in	context	The context node to which the variable will be attached
	in	name The name that identifies the variable to be que	
out v Pointer to variable handle used to return the new		Pointer to variable handle used to return the new object	

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_REDECLARED

## History

rtContextDeclareVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryDeclareVariable, rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable, rtMaterialDeclareVariable, rtProgramDeclareVariable, rtSelectorDeclareVariable, rtContextGetVariable, rtContextGetVariable

## 5.2.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtContextDestroy (

RTcontext context )

Destroys a context and frees all associated resources.

## Description

rtContextDestroy frees all resources, including OptiX objects, associated with this object. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if passed a *NULL* context. RT\_ERROR\_LAUNCH\_FAILED may be returned if a previous call to rtContextLaunch failed.

#### **Parameters**

-			
ı			
	in	contaxt	Handle of the context to destroy
	T11	COITLEAL	I handle of the context to desirely

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT ERROR LAUNCH FAILED

## History

rtContextDestroy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

#### See also rtContextCreate

## 5.2.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetAttribute (

RTcontext *context,*RTcontextattribute *attrib,*RTsize *size,*void \* *p* )

Returns an attribute specific to an OptiX context.

## **Description**

rtContextGetAttribute returns in p the value of the per context attribute specified by attrib.

Each attribute can have a different size. The sizes are given in the following list:

- RT CONTEXT ATTRIBUTE MAX TEXTURE COUNT sizeof(int)
- RT CONTEXT ATTRIBUTE CPU NUM THREADS sizeof(int)
- RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_USED\_HOST\_MEMORY sizeof(RTsize)
- RT CONTEXT ATTRIBUTE AVAILABLE DEVICE MEMORY sizeof(RTsize)
- RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_DISK\_CACHE\_ENABLED sizeof(bool)

RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_MAX\_TEXTURE\_COUNT queries the maximum number of textures handled by OptiX. For OptiX versions below 2.5 this value depends on the number of textures supported by CUDA.

RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_CPU\_NUM\_THREADS queries the number of host CPU threads OptiX can use for various tasks.

RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_USED\_HOST\_MEMORY queries the amount of host memory allocated by OptiX.

RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_AVAILABLE\_DEVICE\_MEMORY queries the amount of free device memory.

Some attributes are used to get per device information. In contrast to rtDeviceGetAttribute, these attributes are determined by the context and are therefore queried through the context. This is done by adding the attribute with the OptiX device ordinal number when querying the attribute. The following are per device attributes.

RT CONTEXT ATTRIBUTE AVAILABLE DEVICE MEMORY

## **Parameters**

in	context	The context object to be queried	
in attrib Attribute to query  in size Size of the attribute being queried. Parameter p must have at least this memory allocated		Attribute to query	
		Size of the attribute being queried. Parameter <i>p</i> must have at least this much memory allocated	
out	р	Return pointer where the value of the attribute will be copied into. This must poin to at least <i>size</i> bytes of memory	

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE Can be returned if *size* does not match the proper size of the attribute, if *p* is *NULL*, or if *attribute+ordinal* does not correspond to an OptiX device

## History

rtContextGetAttribute was introduced in OptiX 2.0.

See also rtContextGetDeviceCount, rtContextSetAttribute, rtDeviceGetAttribute

## 5.2.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetDeviceCount (

RTcontext *context,* unsigned int \* *count* )

Query the number of devices currently being used.

#### **Description**

rtContextGetDeviceCount - Query the number of devices currently being used.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context containing the devices
out	count	Return parameter for the device count

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextGetDeviceCount was introduced in OptiX 2.0.

See also rtContextSetDevices, rtContextGetDevices

## 5.2.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetDevices (

RTcontext context,

int \* devices )

Retrieve a list of hardware devices being used by the kernel.

## **Description**

rtContextGetDevices retrieves a list of hardware devices used by the context. Note that the device numbers are OptiX device ordinals, which may not be the same as CUDA device ordinals. Use rtDeviceGetAttribute with RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CUDA\_DEVICE\_ORDINAL to query the CUDA device corresponding to a particular OptiX device.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context to which the hardware list is applied	
out	devices	Return parameter for the list of devices. The memory must be able to hold entries numbering least the number of devices as returned by rtContextGetDeviceCount	

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

RT\_SUCCESS

- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

## History

rtContextGetDevices was introduced in OptiX 2.0.

See also rtContextSetDevices, rtContextGetDeviceCount

## 5.2.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetEntryPointCount (

RTcontext context,

unsigned int \* num\_entry\_points )

Query the number of entry points for this context.

## Description

rtContextGetEntryPointCount passes back the number of entry points associated with this context in *num entry points*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if passed a *NULL* pointer.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context node to be queried
out	num_entry_points	Return parameter for passing back the entry point count

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextGetEntryPointCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextSetEntryPointCount

## 5.2.2.8 void RTAPI rtContextGetErrorString (

RTcontext context,

RTresult code,

const char \*\* return\_string )

Returns the error string associated with a given error.

## **Description**

rtContextGetErrorString return a descriptive string given an error code. If *context* is valid and additional information is available from the last OptiX failure, it will be appended to the generic error code description. *return\_string* will be set to point to this string. The memory *return\_string* points to will be valid until the next API call that returns a string.

## **Parameters**

in	context	The context object to be queried, or NULL
in	code	The error code to be converted to string
out	return_string	The return parameter for the error string

#### **Return values**

rtContextGetErrorString does not return a value

## History

rtContextGetErrorString was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

#### See also

## 5.2.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetExceptionEnabled (

RTcontext *context*, RTexception *exception*, int \* *enabled* )

Query whether a specified exception is enabled.

## **Description**

rtContextGetExceptionEnabled passes back 1 in \*enabled if the given exception is enabled, 0 otherwise. exception specifies the type of exception to be queried. For a list of available types, see rtContextSetExceptionEnabled. If exception is RT\_EXCEPTION\_ALL, enabled is set to 1 only if all possible exceptions are enabled.

#### **Parameters**

	in	context	The context to be queried
	in	exception	The exception of which to query the state
-	out	enabled	Return parameter to store whether the exception is enabled

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextGetExceptionEnabled was introduced in OptiX 1.1.

**See also** rtContextSetExceptionEnabled, rtContextSetExceptionProgram, rtContextGetExceptionProgram, rtGetExceptionCode, rtThrow, rtPrintExceptionDetails

## 5.2.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetExceptionProgram (

RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTprogram \* program )

Queries the exception program associated with the given context and entry point.

## **Description**

rtContextGetExceptionProgram passes back the exception program associated with the given context and entry point. This program is set via rtContextSetExceptionProgram. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if given an invalid entry point index or *NULL* pointer.

## **Parameters**

in	context	The context node associated with the exception program
----	---------	--

#### **Parameters**

in	entry_point_index	The entry point index for the desired exception program
out	program	Return parameter to store the exception program

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextGetExceptionProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtContextSetExceptionProgram, rtContextSetEntryPointCount, rtContextSetExceptionEnabled, rtContextGetExceptionEnabled, rtGetExceptionCode, rtThrow, rtPrintExceptionDetails

## 5.2.2.11 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetMissProgram (

RTcontext *context*, unsigned int *ray\_type\_index*, RTprogram \* *program* )

Queries the miss program associated with the given context and ray type.

## **Description**

rtContextGetMissProgram passes back the miss program associated with the given context and ray type. This program is set via rtContextSetMissProgram. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if given an invalid ray type index or a *NULL* pointer.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context node associated with the miss program
in	ray_type_index	The ray type index for the desired miss program
out	program	Return parameter to store the miss program

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextGetMissProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextSetMissProgram, rtContextGetRayTypeCount

## 5.2.2.12 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetPrintBufferSize (

RTcontext context,

RTsize \* buffer\_size\_bytes )

Get the current size of the print buffer.

## **Description**

rtContextGetPrintBufferSize is used to query the buffer size available to hold data generated by rtPrintf functions. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if passed a *NULL* pointer.

#### **Parameters**

ir	1	context	The context from which to query the print buffer size
οι	ıt	buffer_size_bytes	The returned print buffer size in bytes

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextGetPrintBufferSize was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtPrintf functions, rtContextSetPrintEnabled, rtContextGetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintBufferSize, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex, rtContextGetPrintLaunchIndex

## 5.2.2.13 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetPrintEnabled (

RTcontext context,

int \* enabled )

Query whether text printing from programs is enabled.

## **Description**

rtContextGetPrintEnabled passes back 1 if text printing from programs through rtPrintf functions is currently enabled for this context; 0 otherwise. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if passed a NULL pointer.

## **Parameters**

	in	context	The context to be queried
Ī	out	enabled	Return parameter to store whether printing is enabled

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextGetPrintEnabled was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtPrintf functions, rtContextSetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintBufferSize, rtContextGetPrintBufferSize, rtContextGetPrintLaunchIndex, rtContextGetPrintLaunchIndex

## 5.2.2.14 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetPrintLaunchIndex (

RTcontext context,

int \* x,

Gets the active print launch index.

## **Description**

rtContextGetPrintLaunchIndex is used to query for which launch indices rtPrintf functions generates output. The initial value of (x,y,z) is (-1,-1,-1), which generates output for all indices.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context from which to query the print launch index	
out	Х	Returns the launch index in the x dimension to which the output of rtPrintf function invocations is limited. Will not be written to if a <i>NULL</i> pointer is passed	
out	У	Returns the launch index in the y dimension to which the output of rtPrintf function invocations is limited. Will not be written to if a <i>NULL</i> pointer is passed	
out	Z	Returns the launch index in the z dimension to which the output of rtPrintf functions invocations is limited. Will not be written to if a <i>NULL</i> pointer is passed	

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

## History

rtContextGetPrintLaunchIndex was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtPrintf functions, rtContextGetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintBufferSize, rtContextGetPrintBufferSize, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex

## 5.2.2.15 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetRayGenerationProgram (

```
RTcontext context,
unsigned int entry_point_index,
RTprogram * program )
```

Queries the ray generation program associated with the given context and entry point.

## **Description**

rtContextGetRayGenerationProgram passes back the ray generation program associated with the given context and entry point. This program is set via rtContextSetRayGenerationProgram. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if given an invalid entry point index or *NULL* pointer.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context node associated with the ray generation program
in	entry_point_index	The entry point index for the desired ray generation program
out	program	Return parameter to store the ray generation program

## Return values

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtContextGetRayGenerationProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextSetRayGenerationProgram

## 5.2.2.16 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetRayTypeCount (

RTcontext context,

unsigned int \* num\_ray\_types )

Query the number of ray types associated with this context.

## Description

rtContextGetRayTypeCount passes back the number of entry points associated with this context in *num\_ray\_types*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if passed a *NULL* pointer.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context node to be queried
out	num_ray_types	Return parameter to store the number of ray types

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextGetRayTypeCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextSetRayTypeCount

## 5.2.2.17 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetRunningState (

RTcontext context,

int \* running )

Query whether the given context is currently running.

## **Description**

This function is currently unimplemented and it is provided as a placeholder for a future implementation.

## **Parameters**

in	context The context node to be queried	
out	out running Return parameter to store the running	

## **Return values**

Since unimplemented, this function will always throw an assertion failure.

## History

rtContextGetRunningState was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextLaunch1D, rtContextLaunch2D, rtContextLaunch3D

## 5.2.2.18 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetStackSize (

RTcontext context,

RTsize \* stack\_size\_bytes )

Query the stack size for this context.

## **Description**

rtContextGetStackSize passes back the stack size associated with this context in *stack\_size\_bytes*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if passed a *NULL* pointer.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context node to be queried
out	stack_size_bytes	Return parameter to store the size of the stack

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextGetStackSize was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextSetStackSize

## 5.2.2.19 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetTextureSamplerFromId (

RTcontext context,

int sampler\_id,

RTtexturesampler \* sampler )

Gets an RTtexturesampler corresponding to the texture id.

## **Description**

rtContextGetTextureSamplerFromId returns a handle to the texture sampler in \*sampler corresponding to the sampler\_id supplied. If sampler\_id does not map to a valid texture handle, \*sampler is NULL or if context is invalid, returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

	in	context	The context the sampler should be originated from
in sampler_id The ID of the sampler to query  out sampler The return handle for the sampler object corresponding to the		The ID of the sampler to query	
		The return handle for the sampler object corresponding to the sampler_id	

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

## History

rtContextGetTextureSamplerFromId was introduced in OptiX 3.5.

See also rtTextureSamplerGetId

## 5.2.2.20 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetVariable (

RTcontext *context,* unsigned int *index,* RTvariable \* v )

Queries an indexed variable associated with this context.

## **Description**

rtContextGetVariable queries the variable at position *index* in the variable array from *context* and stores the result in the parameter *v*. A variable must be declared first with rtContextDeclareVariable and *index* must be in the range [0, rtContextGetVariableCount -1].

#### **Parameters**

in	context	text The context node to be queried for an indexed variab	
in	index	The index that identifies the variable to be queried  Return value to store the queried variable	
out	V		

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextGetVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryGetVariable, rtGeometryInstanceGetVariable, rtMaterialGetVariable, rtProgramGetVariable, rtContextDeclareVariable, rtContextGetVariableCount, rtContextQueryVariable, rtContextRemoveVariable

## 5.2.2.21 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetVariableCount (

RTcontext context, unsigned int \* count )

Returns the number of variables associated with this context.

## **Description**

rtContextGetVariableCount returns the number of variables that are currently attached to *context*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if passed a *NULL* pointer.

#### **Parameters**

Ī	in context The context to be queried for number of attached var		The context to be queried for number of attached variables
	out	count	Return parameter to store the number of variables

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtContextGetVariableCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryGetVariableCount, rtGeometryInstanceGetVariableCount, rtMaterialGetVariableCount, rtProgramGetVariableCount, rtSelectorGetVariable, rtContextGetVariable, r

## 5.2.2.22 RTresult RTAPI rtContextLaunchProgressive2D (

RTcontext context,
unsigned int entry\_index,
RTsize width,
RTsize height,
unsigned int max\_subframes)

Executes a Progressive Launch for a given context.

## **Description**

Starts the (potentially parallel) generation of subframes for progressive rendering. If *max\_subframes* is zero, there is no limit on the number of subframes generated. The generated subframes are automatically composited into a single result and streamed to the client at regular intervals, where they can be read by mapping an associated stream buffer. An application can therefore initiate a progressive launch, and then repeatedly map and display the contents of the stream buffer in order to visualize the progressive refinement of the image.

The call is nonblocking. A polling approach should be used to decide when to map and display the stream buffer contents (see rtBufferGetProgressiveUpdateReady). If a progressive launch is already in progress at the time of the call and its parameters match the initial launch, the call has no effect. Otherwise, the accumulated result will be reset and a new progressive launch will be started.

If any other OptiX function is called while a progressive launch is in progress, it will cause the launch to stop generating new subframes (however, subframes that have already been generated and are currently in flight may still arrive at the client). The only exceptions to this rule are the operations to map a stream buffer, issuing another progressive launch with unchanged parameters, and polling for an update. Those exceptions do not cause the progressive launch to stop generating subframes.

There is no guarantee that the call actually produces any subframes, especially if rtContextLaunchProgressive2D and other OptiX commands are called in short succession. For example, during an animation, Variable setters calls may be tightly interleaved with progressive launches, and when rendering remotely the server may decide to skip some of the launches in order to avoid a large backlog in the command pipeline.

## **Parameters**

in	in context The context in which the launch is to be executed	
in       entry_index       The initial entry point into kernel         in       width       Width of the computation grid         in       height       Height of the computation grid         in       max_subframes       The maximum number of subframes to be generated. Set to zero generate an unlimited number of subframes		The initial entry point into kernel
		Width of the computation grid
		Height of the computation grid
		The maximum number of subframes to be generated. Set to zero to generate an unlimited number of subframes

## Return values

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_LAUNCH\_FAILED

## History

rtContextLaunchProgressive2D was introduced in OptiX 3.8.

See also rtContextStopProgressive rtBufferGetProgressiveUpdateReady

## 5.2.2.23 RTresult RTAPI rtContextQueryVariable (

RTcontext *context*, const char \* *name*, RTvariable \* *v* )

Returns a named variable associated with this context.

## **Description**

rtContextQueryVariable queries a variable identified by the string *name* from *context* and stores the result in \*v. A variable must be declared with rtContextDeclareVariable before it can be queried, otherwise \*v will be set to *NULL*. RT ERROR INVALID VALUE will be returned if *name* or v is *NULL*.

#### **Parameters**

in   context   The context node to query a v		The context node to query a variable from
in	name The name that identifies the variable to be quer	
out v Return value to store the queried variable		Return value to store the queried variable

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

## History

rtContextQueryVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryQueryVariable, rtGeometryInstanceQueryVariable, rtMaterialQueryVariable, rtProgramQueryVariable, rtSelectorQueryVariable, rtContextDeclareVariable, rtContextGetVariableCount, rtContextGetVariable, rtContextRemoveVariable

## 5.2.2.24 RTresult RTAPI rtContextRemoveVariable (

RTcontext *context,*RTvariable *v* )

Removes a variable from the given context.

## **Description**

rtContextRemoveVariable removes variable *v* from *context* if present. Returns RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_NOT\_FOUND if the variable is not attached to this context. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if passed an invalid variable.

## **Parameters**

in	context	The context node from which to remove a variable
in	V	The variable to be removed

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_NOT\_FOUND

## History

rtContextRemoveVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryRemoveVariable, rtGeometryInstanceRemoveVariable, rtMaterialRemoveVariable, rtProgramRemoveVariable, rtSelectorRemoveVariable, rtContextGetVariable, rtCont

## 5.2.2.25 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetAttribute (

RTcontext *context*, RTcontextattribute *attrib*, RTsize *size*, void \* *p* )

Set an attribute specific to an OptiX context.

## **Description**

rtContextSetAttribute sets p as the value of the per context attribute specified by attrib.

Each attribute can have a different size. The sizes are given in the following list:

RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_CPU\_NUM\_THREADS sizeof(int)

RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_CPU\_NUM\_THREADS sets the number of host CPU threads OptiX can use for various tasks.

## **Parameters**

in context The context object to be modified		The context object to be modified
in attrib Attribute to set		Attribute to set
in	size	Size of the attribute being set
in p Pointer to where the value of the attribute will be copied from. This muleast <i>size</i> bytes of memory		Pointer to where the value of the attribute will be copied from. This must point to at least <i>size</i> bytes of memory

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE Can be returned if *size* does not match the proper size of the attribute, or if *p* is *NULL*

## History

rtContextSetAttribute was introduced in OptiX 2.5.

See also rtContextGetAttribute

## 5.2.2.26 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetDevices (

RTcontext context, unsigned int count, const int \* devices )

Specify a list of hardware devices to be used by the kernel.

## **Description**

rtContextSetDevices specifies a list of hardware devices to be used during execution of the subsequent trace kernels. Note that the device numbers are OptiX device ordinals, which may not be the same as CUDA device ordinals. Use rtDeviceGetAttribute with

RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CUDA\_DEVICE\_ORDINAL to query the CUDA device corresponding to a particular OptiX device.

#### **Parameters**

in	context The context to which the hardware list is applied	
in	count The number of devices in the list	
in	n devices The list of devices	

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_NO\_DEVICE
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_DEVICE

#### History

rtContextSetDevices was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextGetDevices, rtContextGetDeviceCount

## 5.2.2.27 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetEntryPointCount (

RTcontext context, unsigned int num\_entry\_points )

Set the number of entry points for a given context.

## **Description**

rtContextSetEntryPointCount sets the number of entry points associated with the given context to num\_entry\_points.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context to be modified	
in	num_entry_points	The number of entry points to use	

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

## History

rtContextSetEntryPointCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextGetEntryPointCount

## 5.2.2.28 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetExceptionEnabled (

RTcontext context,
RTexception exception,
int enabled )

Enable or disable an exception.

## **Description**

rtContextSetExceptionEnabled is used to enable or disable specific exceptions. If an exception is enabled, the exception condition is checked for at runtime, and the exception program is invoked if the condition is met. The exception program can query the type of the caught exception by calling rtGetExceptionCode. exception may take one of the following values:

- RT EXCEPTION TEXTURE ID INVALID
- RT EXCEPTION BUFFER ID INVALID
- RT\_EXCEPTION\_INDEX\_OUT\_OF\_BOUNDS
- RT EXCEPTION STACK OVERFLOW
- RT\_EXCEPTION\_BUFFER\_INDEX\_OUT\_OF\_BOUNDS
- RT\_EXCEPTION\_INVALID\_RAY
- RT EXCEPTION INTERNAL ERROR
- RT EXCEPTION USER
- RT EXCEPTION ALL

RT\_EXCEPTION\_TEXTURE\_ID\_INVALID verifies that every access of a texture id is valid, including use of RT\_TEXTURE\_ID\_NULL and IDs out of bounds.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_BUFFER\_ID\_INVALID verifies that every access of a buffer id is valid, including use of RT\_BUFFER\_ID\_NULL and IDs out of bounds.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_INDEX\_OUT\_OF\_BOUNDS checks that rtIntersectChild and rtReportIntersection are called with a valid index.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_STACK\_OVERFLOW checks the runtime stack against overflow. The most common cause for an overflow is a too deep rtTrace recursion tree.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_BUFFER\_INDEX\_OUT\_OF\_BOUNDS checks every read and write access to rtBuffer objects to be within valid bounds.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_INVALID\_RAY checks the each ray's origin and direction values against *NaNs* and *infinity* values.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_INTERNAL\_ERROR indicates an unexpected internal error in the runtime.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_USER is used to enable or disable all user-defined exceptions. The reserved range of exception codes for user-defined exceptions starts at RT\_EXCEPTION\_USER (0x400) and ends at 0xFFFF. See rtThrow for more information.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_ALL is a placeholder value which can be used to enable or disable all possible exceptions with a single call to rtContextSetExceptionEnabled.

By default, RT\_EXCEPTION\_STACK\_OVERFLOW is enabled and all other exceptions are disabled.

#### **Parameters**

in	context The context for which the exception is to be enabled or disa	
in	exception The exception which is to be enabled or disabled	
in	enabled Nonzero to enable the exception, 0 to disable the exception	

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextSetExceptionEnabled was introduced in OptiX 1.1.

**See also** rtContextGetExceptionEnabled, rtContextSetExceptionProgram, rtContextGetExceptionProgram, rtGetExceptionCode, rtThrow, rtPrintExceptionDetails

## 5.2.2.29 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetExceptionProgram (

RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTprogram program )

Specifies the exception program for a given context entry point.

#### Description

rtContextSetExceptionProgram sets *context's* exception program at entry point *entry\_point\_index*. RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE is returned if *entry\_point\_index* is outside of the range [0, rtContextGetEntryPointCount -1].

## **Parameters**

in	context	The context node to which the exception program will be added
in	entry_point_index	The entry point the program will be associated with
in	program	The exception program

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_TYPE\_MISMATCH

## History

rtContextSetExceptionProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextGetEntryPointCount, rtContextGetExceptionProgram rtContextSetExceptionEnabled, rtContextGetExceptionEnabled, rtGetExceptionCode, rtThrow, rtPrintExceptionDetails

# 5.2.2.30 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetMissProgram (

RTcontext context,

unsigned int ray\_type\_index, RTprogram program )

Specifies the miss program for a given context ray type.

## **Description**

rtContextSetMissProgram sets *context's* miss program associated with ray type *ray\_type\_index*. RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE is returned if *ray\_type\_index* is outside of the range [0, rtContextGetRayTypeCount -1].

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context node to which the miss program will be added
in	ray_type_index	The ray type the program will be associated with
in	program	The miss program

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_TYPE\_MISMATCH

#### History

rtContextSetMissProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextGetRayTypeCount, rtContextGetMissProgram

## 5.2.2.31 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetPrintBufferSize (

RTcontext context,

RTsize buffer\_size\_bytes )

Set the size of the print buffer.

## **Description**

rtContextSetPrintBufferSize is used to set the buffer size available to hold data generated by rtPrintf functions. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if it is called after the first invocation of rtContextLaunch.

## **Parameters**

in	context	The context for which to set the print buffer size
in	buffer_size_bytes	The print buffer size in bytes

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtContextSetPrintBufferSize was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtPrintf functions, rtContextSetPrintEnabled, rtContextGetPrintEnabled, rtContextGetPrintBufferSize, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex, rtContextGetPrintLaunchIndex

## 5.2.2.32 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetPrintEnabled (

RTcontext context,

int enabled )

Enable or disable text printing from programs.

## **Description**

rtContextSetPrintEnabled is used to control whether text printing in programs through rtPrintf functions is currently enabled for this context.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context for which printing is to be enabled or disabled
in	enabled	Setting this parameter to a nonzero value enables printing, 0 disables printing

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

## History

rtContextSetPrintEnabled was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtPrintf functions, rtContextGetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintBufferSize, rtContextGetPrintLaunchIndex, rtContextGetPrintLaunchIndex

## 5.2.2.33 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex (

RTcontext context,

int x,

int y,

int z)

Sets the active launch index to limit text output.

## **Description**

rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex is used to control for which launch indices rtPrintf functions generates output. The initial value of (x,y,z) is (-1,-1,-1), which generates output for all indices.

## **Parameters**

in	context	The context for which to set the print launch index	
in	X	The launch index in the x dimension to which to limit the output of rtPrintf functions invocations. If set to -1, output is generated for all launch indices in the x dimension	
in	У	The launch index in the y dimension to which to limit the output of rtPrintf function invocations. If set to -1, output is generated for all launch indices in the y dimension	
in	Z	The launch index in the z dimension to which to limit the output of rtPrintf functions invocations. If set to -1, output is generated for all launch indices in the z dimension	

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtPrintf functions, rtContextGetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintBufferSize, rtContextGetPrintBufferSize, rtContextGetPrintLaunchIndex

## 5.2.2.34 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetRayGenerationProgram (

RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTprogram program )

Specifies the ray generation program for a given context entry point.

## **Description**

rtContextSetRayGenerationProgram sets *context's* ray generation program at entry point *entry\_point\_index*. RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE is returned if *entry\_point\_index* is outside of the range [0, rtContextGetEntryPointCount -1].

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context node to which the exception program will be added
in	entry_point_index	The entry point the program will be associated with
in	program	The ray generation program

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT ERROR TYPE MISMATCH

## History

rtContextSetRayGenerationProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextGetEntryPointCount, rtContextGetRayGenerationProgram

## 5.2.2.35 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetRayTypeCount (

RTcontext context, unsigned int num\_ray\_types )

Sets the number of ray types for a given context.

## Description

rtContextSetRayTypeCount Sets the number of ray types associated with the given context.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context node
in	num_ray_types	The number of ray types to be used

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextSetRayTypeCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextGetRayTypeCount

## 5.2.2.36 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetRemoteDevice (

RTcontext context,

RTremotedevice remote\_dev )

Enable rendering on a remote device.

## **Description**

Associates a context with a remote device. If successful, any further OptiX calls will be directed to the remote device and executed there. The context must be an empty, newly created context. In other words, in order to use a context remotely, the call to rtContextSetRemoteDevice should immediately follow the call to rtContextCreate.

Note that a context that was used for remote rendering cannot be re-used for local rendering by changing devices. However, the Progressive API (that is, rtContextLaunchProgressive2D, stream buffers, etc.) can be used locally by simply not creating a remote device and not calling rtContextSetRemoteDevice.

Only a single remote device can be associated with a context. Switching between different remote devices is not supported.

## **Parameters**

in	context	Newly created context to use on the remote device
in	remote_dev	Remote device on which rendering is to be executed

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtContextSetRemoteDevice was introduced in OptiX 3.8.

**See also** rtRemoteDeviceCreate rtRemoteDeviceGetAttribute rtRemoteDeviceReserve rtContextLaunchProgressive2D

## 5.2.2.37 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetStackSize (

RTcontext context,

## RTsize stack\_size\_bytes )

Set the stack size for a given context.

## Description

rtContextSetStackSize sets the stack size for the given context to *stack\_size\_bytes* bytes. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if context is not valid.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context node to be modified
in	stack_size_bytes	The desired stack size in bytes

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

## History

rtContextSetStackSize was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextGetStackSize

## 5.2.2.38 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetTimeoutCallback (

RTcontext context,
RTtimeoutcallback callback,
double min\_polling\_seconds)

Side timeout callback function.

## **Description**

rtContextSetTimeoutCallback sets an application-side callback function *callback* and a time interval *min\_polling\_seconds* in seconds. Potentially long-running OptiX API calls such as rtContextLaunch functions call the callback function about every *min\_polling\_seconds* seconds. The core purpose of a timeout callback function is to give the application a chance to do whatever it might need to do frequently, such as handling GUI events.

If the callback function returns true, the API call tries to abort, leaving the context in a clean but unfinished state. Output buffers are left in an unpredictable state. In case an OptiX API call is terminated by a callback function, it returns RT\_TIMEOUT\_CALLBACK.

As a side effect, timeout functions also help control the OptiX kernel run-time. This can in some cases prevent OptiX kernel launches from running so long that they cause driver timeouts. For example, if *min\_polling\_seconds* is 0.5 seconds then once the kernel has been running for 0.5 seconds it won't start any new launch indices (calls to a ray generation program). Thus, if the driver's timeout is 2 seconds (the default on Windows), then a launch index may take up to 1.5 seconds without triggering a driver timeout.

RTtimeoutcallback is defined as int (\*RTtimeoutcallback)(void).

To unregister a callback function, callback needs to be set to NULL and min polling seconds to 0.

Only one timeout callback function can be specified at any time.

Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if *context* is not valid, if *min\_polling\_seconds* is negative, if *callback* is *NULL* but *min\_polling\_seconds* is not 0, or if *callback* is not *NULL* but *min\_polling\_seconds* is 0.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context node to be modified
in	callback	The function to be called
in	min_polling_seconds	The timeout interval after which the function is called

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### **History**

rtContextSetTimeoutCallback was introduced in OptiX 2.5.

See also rtContextLaunch functions

## 5.2.2.39 RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetUsageReportCallback (

RTcontext context,
RTusagereportcallback callback,
int verbosity,
void \* cbdata )

Set usage report callback function.

## **Description**

rtContextSetUsageReportCallback sets an application-side callback function *callback* and a verbosity level *verbosity*.

RTusagereportcallback is defined as void (RTusagereportcallback)(int, const char, const char\*, void\*).

The provided callback will be invoked with the message's verbosity level as the first parameter. The second parameter is a descriptive tag string and the third parameter is the message itself. The fourth parameter is a pointer to user-defined data, which may be NULL. The descriptive tag will give a terse message category description (eg, 'SCENE STAT'). The messages will be unstructured and subject to change with subsequent releases. The verbosity argument specifies the granularity of these messages.

verbosity of 0 disables reporting. callback is ignored in this case.

*verbosity* of 1 enables error messages and important warnings. This verbosity level can be expected to be efficient and have no significant overhead.

*verbosity* of 2 additionally enables minor warnings, performance recommendations, and scene statistics at startup or recompilation granularity. This level may have a performance cost.

verbosity of 3 additionally enables informational messages and per-launch statistics and messages.

A NULL *callback* when verbosity is non-zero or a *verbosity* outside of [0, 3] will result in RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE return code.

Only one report callback function can be specified at any time.

## **Parameters**

in	context	The context node to be modified
in	callback	The function to be called
in	verbosity	The verbosity of report messages
in	cbdata	Pointer to user-defined data that will be sent to the callback. Can be NULL.

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtContextSetUsageReportCallback was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

#### See also

# 5.2.2.40 RTresult RTAPI rtContextStopProgressive ( RTcontext context )

Stops a Progressive Launch.

## **Description**

If a progressive launch is currently in progress, calling rtContextStopProgressive terminates it. Otherwise, the call has no effect. If a launch is stopped using this function, no further subframes will arrive at the client, even if they have already been generated by the server and are currently in flight.

This call should only be used if the application must guarantee that frames generated by previous progressive launches won't be accessed. Do not call rtContextStopProgressive in the main rendering loop if the goal is only to change OptiX state (e.g. rtVariable values). The call is unnecessary in that case and will degrade performance.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context associated with the progressive launch
----	---------	--

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT

## History

rtContextStopProgressive was introduced in OptiX 3.8.

See also rtContextLaunchProgressive2D

# 5.2.2.41 RTresult RTAPI rtContextValidate ( RTcontext context )

Checks the given context for valid internal state.

## Description

rtContextValidate checks the the given context and all of its associated OptiX objects for a valid state. These checks include tests for presence of necessary programs (e.g. an intersection program for a geometry node), invalid internal state such as *NULL* children in graph nodes, and presence of variables required by all specified programs. rtContextGetErrorString can be used to retrieve a description of a validation failure.

## **Parameters**

in	context	The context to be validated
----	---------	-----------------------------

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_SOURCE

## History

rtContextValidate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextGetErrorString

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# 5.3 rtContextLaunch functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtContextLaunch1D (RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTsize width)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextLaunch2D (RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTsize width, RTsize height)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextLaunch3D (RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTsize width, RTsize height, RTsize depth)

### 5.3.1 Detailed Description

Functions designed to launch OptiX ray tracing.

#### 5.3.2 Function Documentation

### 5.3.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtContextLaunch1D (

RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTsize width )

Executes the computation kernel for a given context.

#### Description

rtContextLaunch functions execute the computation kernel associated with the given context. If the context has not yet been compiled, or if the context has been modified since the last compile, rtContextLaunch will recompile the kernel internally. Acceleration structures of the context which are marked dirty will be updated and their dirty flags will be cleared. Similarly, validation will occur if necessary. The ray generation program specified by <code>entry\_point\_index</code> will be invoked once for every element (pixel or voxel) of the computation grid specified by <code>width</code>, <code>height</code>, and <code>depth</code>.

For 3D launches, the product of width and depth must be smaller than 4294967296 ( $2^{\circ}32$ ).

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED
- RT ERROR INVALID SOURCE
- RT\_ERROR\_LAUNCH\_FAILED

# History

rtContextLaunch was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextGetRunningState, rtContextValidate

# **Parameters**

	in	context	The context to be executed
	in	entry_point_index	The initial entry point into kernel
ſ	in	width	Width of the computation grid

# 5.3.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtContextLaunch2D (

RTcontext *context*, unsigned int *entry\_point\_index*, RTsize *width*, RTsize *height* )

### **Parameters**

	in	context	The context to be executed
ſ	in	entry_point_index	The initial entry point into kernel
ſ	in	width	Width of the computation grid
ſ	in	height	Height of the computation grid

# 5.3.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtContextLaunch3D (

RTcontext context,
unsigned int entry\_point\_index,
RTsize width,
RTsize height,
RTsize depth)

# **Parameters**

in	context	The context to be executed
in	entry_point_index	The initial entry point into kernel
in	width	Width of the computation grid
in	height	Height of the computation grid
in	depth	Depth of the computation grid

# 5.4 GeometryGroup handling functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupCreate (RTcontext context, RTgeometrygroup \*geometrygroup)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupDestroy (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupValidate (RTgeometrygroup)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupGetContext (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupSetAcceleration (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, RTacceleration acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupGetAcceleration (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, RTacceleration \*acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupSetChildCount (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, unsigned int count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupGetChildCount (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupSetChild (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, unsigned int index, RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupGetChild (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, unsigned int index, RTgeometryinstance \*geometryinstance)

### 5.4.1 Detailed Description

Functions related to an OptiX Geometry Group node.

### 5.4.2 Function Documentation

### 5.4.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupCreate (

RTcontext context,

RTgeometrygroup \* geometrygroup )

Creates a new geometry group.

### **Description**

rtGeometryGroupCreate creates a new geometry group within a context. *context* specifies the target context, and should be a value returned by rtContextCreate. Sets \**geometrygroup* to the handle of a newly created geometry group within *context*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if *geometrygroup* is *NULL*.

### **Parameters**

in	context	Specifies a context within which to create a new geometry group
out	geometrygroup	Returns a newly created geometry group

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT

- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

### History

rtGeometryGroupCreate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryGroupDestroy, rtContextCreate

# 5.4.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupDestroy ( RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup )

Destroys a geometry group node.

### Description

rtGeometryGroupDestroy removes *geometrygroup* from its context and deletes it. *geometrygroup* should be a value returned by rtGeometryGroupCreate. No child graph nodes are destroyed. After the call, *geometrygroup* is no longer a valid handle.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometrygroup	Handle of the geometry group node to destroy
----	---------------	--

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtGeometryGroupDestroy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryGroupCreate

### 5.4.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupGetAcceleration (

RTgeometrygroup,

RTacceleration \* acceleration )

Returns the acceleration structure attached to a geometry group.

# **Description**

rtGeometryGroupGetAcceleration returns the acceleration structure attached to a geometry group using rtGeometryGroupSetAcceleration. If no acceleration structure has previously been set, \*acceleration is set to NULL.

### **Parameters**

in	geometrygroup	The geometry group handle
out	acceleration	The returned acceleration structure object

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtGeometryGroupGetAcceleration was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryGroupSetAcceleration, rtAccelerationCreate

## 5.4.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupGetChild (

RTgeometrygroup *geometrygroup,*unsigned int *index,*RTgeometryinstance \* *geometryinstance* )

Returns a child node of a geometry group.

### **Description**

rtGeometryGroupGetChild returns the child geometry instance at slot *index* of the parent *geometrygroup*. If no child has been assigned to the given slot, \**geometryinstance* is set to *NULL*. Returns RT ERROR INVALID VALUE if given an invalid child index or *NULL* pointer.

### **Parameters**

in <i>geometrygroup</i>		The parent geometry group handle
in	index	The index of the child slot to query
out	geometryinstance	The returned child geometry instance

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtGeometryGroupGetChild was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryGroupSetChild, rtGeometryGroupSetChildCount, rtGeometryGroupGetChildCount,

# 5.4.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupGetChildCount (

RTgeometrygroup *geometrygroup*, unsigned int \* *count* )

Returns the number of child slots for a group.

### **Description**

rtGeometryGroupGetChildCount returns the number of child slots allocated using rtGeometryGroupSetChildCount. This includes empty slots which may not yet have actual children assigned by rtGeometryGroupSetChild.

### **Parameters**

in	geometrygroup	The parent geometry group handle
out	count	Returned number of child slots

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtGeometryGroupGetChildCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryGroupSetChild, rtGeometryGroupGetChild, rtGeometryGroupSetChildCount

# 5.4.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupGetContext (

RTgeometrygroup,

RTcontext \* context )

Returns the context associated with a geometry group.

### Description

rtGeometryGroupGetContext queries a geometry group for its associated context. *geometrygroup* specifies the geometry group to query, and must be a value returned by rtGeometryGroupCreate. Sets \*context to the context associated with *geometrygroup*.

### **Parameters**

in	geometrygroup	Specifies the geometry group to query
out	context	Returns the context associated with the geometry group

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

# History

rtGeometryGroupGetContext was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextCreate, rtGeometryGroupCreate

### 5.4.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupSetAcceleration (

RTgeometrygroup,

RTacceleration acceleration )

Set the acceleration structure for a group.

### **Description**

rtGeometryGroupSetAcceleration attaches an acceleration structure to a geometry group. The acceleration structure must have been previously created using rtAccelerationCreate. Every geometry group is required to have an acceleration structure assigned in order to pass validation. The acceleration structure will be built over the primitives contained in all children of the geometry group. This enables a single acceleration structure to be built over primitives of multiple geometry instances. Note that it is legal to attach a single RTacceleration object to multiple geometry groups, as long as the underlying geometry of all children is the same. This corresponds to attaching an acceleration structure to multiple groups at higher graph levels using rtGroupSetAcceleration.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometrygroup	The geometry group handle
in	acceleration	The acceleration structure to attach to the geometry group

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtGeometryGroupSetAcceleration was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryGroupGetAcceleration, rtAccelerationCreate, rtGroupSetAcceleration

# 5.4.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupSetChild (

RTgeometrygroup *geometrygroup*, unsigned int *index*, RTgeometryinstance *geometryinstance* )

Attaches a child node to a geometry group.

#### Description

rtGeometryGroupSetChild attaches a new child node *geometryinstance* to the parent node *geometrygroup. index* specifies the number of the slot where the child node gets attached. The index value must be lower than the number previously set by rtGeometryGroupSetChildCount.

### **Parameters**

in	geometrygroup	The parent geometry group handle
in	index	The index in the parent's child slot array
in	geometryinstance	The child node to be attached

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtGeometryGroupSetChild was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryGroupSetChildCount, rtGeometryGroupGetChildCount, rtGeometryGroupGetChild

### 5.4.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupSetChildCount (

RTgeometrygroup *geometrygroup,* unsigned int *count* )

Sets the number of child nodes to be attached to the group.

### Description

rtGeometryGroupSetChildCount specifies the number of child slots in this geometry group. Potentially existing links to children at indices greater than *count-1* are removed. If the call increases the number of slots, the newly created slots are empty and need to be filled using rtGeometryGroupSetChild before validation.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometrygroup	The parent geometry group handle
in	count	Number of child slots to allocate for the geometry group

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtGeometryGroupSetChildCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryGroupGetChild, rtGeometryGroupGetChildCount rtGeometryGroupSetChild

# 5.4.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupValidate (

RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup )

Validates the state of the geometry group.

# **Description**

rtGeometryGroupValidate checks *geometrygroup* for completeness. If *geometrygroup* or any of the objects attached to *geometrygroup* are not valid, returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

### **Parameters**

in	geometrygroup	Specifies the geometry group to be validated
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# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtGeometryGroupValidate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryGroupCreate

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# 5.5 GroupNode functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupCreate (RTcontext context, RTgroup \*group)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupDestroy (RTgroup group)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupValidate (RTgroup group)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetContext (RTgroup group, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupSetAcceleration (RTgroup group, RTacceleration acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetAcceleration (RTgroup group, RTacceleration \*acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupSetChildCount (RTgroup group, unsigned int count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetChildCount (RTgroup group, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupSetChild (RTgroup group, unsigned int index, RTobject child)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetChild (RTgroup group, unsigned int index, RTobject \*child)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetChildType (RTgroup group, unsigned int index, RTobjecttype \*type)

### 5.5.1 Detailed Description

Functions related to an OptiX Group node.

#### 5.5.2 Function Documentation

### 5.5.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtGroupCreate (

RTcontext context, RTgroup \* group )

Creates a new group.

# **Description**

rtGroupCreate creates a new group within a context. *context* specifies the target context, and should be a value returned by rtContextCreate. Sets \**group* to the handle of a newly created group within *context*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if *group* is *NULL*.

### **Parameters**

in	context	Specifies a context within which to create a new group
out	group	Returns a newly created group

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtGroupCreate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGroupDestroy, rtContextCreate

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# 5.5.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtGroupDestroy (

RTgroup group )

Destroys a group node.

### **Description**

rtGroupDestroy removes *group* from its context and deletes it. *group* should be a value returned by rtGroupCreate. No child graph nodes are destroyed. After the call, *group* is no longer a valid handle.

### **Parameters**

in	group	Handle of the group node to destroy
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### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtGroupDestroy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGroupCreate

### 5.5.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetAcceleration (

RTgroup group,

RTacceleration \* acceleration )

Returns the acceleration structure attached to a group.

### **Description**

rtGroupGetAcceleration returns the acceleration structure attached to a group using rtGroupSetAcceleration. If no acceleration structure has previously been set, \*acceleration is set to NULL.

# **Parameters**

in	group	The group handle
out	acceleration	The returned acceleration structure object

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtGroupGetAcceleration was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGroupSetAcceleration, rtAccelerationCreate

### 5.5.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetChild (

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RTgroup *group,* unsigned int *index,* RTobject \* *child* )

Returns a child node of a group.

### **Description**

rtGroupGetChild returns the child object at slot *index* of the parent *group*. If no child has been assigned to the given slot, \**child* is set to *NULL*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if given an invalid child index or *NULL* pointer.

#### **Parameters**

in	group	The parent group handle
in	index	The index of the child slot to query
out	child	The returned child object

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtGroupGetChild was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGroupSetChild, rtGroupSetChildCount, rtGroupGetChildCount, rtGroupGetChildType

# 5.5.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetChildCount (

RTgroup *group,* unsigned int \* *count* )

Returns the number of child slots for a group.

### **Description**

rtGroupGetChildCount returns the number of child slots allocated using rtGroupSetChildCount. This includes empty slots which may not yet have actual children assigned by rtGroupSetChild. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if given a *NULL* pointer.

### **Parameters**

in	group	The parent group handle
out	count	Returned number of child slots

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtGroupGetChildCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

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See also rtGroupSetChild, rtGroupGetChild, rtGroupSetChildCount, rtGroupGetChildType

## 5.5.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetChildType (

RTgroup *group,* unsigned int *index,* RTobjecttype \* *type* )

Get the type of a group child.

# **Description**

rtGroupGetChildType returns the type of the group child at slot *index*. If no child is associated with the given index, \*type is set to RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_UNKNOWN and RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE is returned. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if given a NULL pointer.

#### **Parameters**

in	group	The parent group handle	
in	index	The index of the child slot to query	
out	type	The returned child type	

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtGroupGetChildType was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGroupSetChild, rtGroupGetChild, rtGroupSetChildCount, rtGroupGetChildCount

### 5.5.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetContext (

RTgroup *group,* RTcontext \* *context* )

Returns the context associated with a group.

# **Description**

rtGroupGetContext queries a group for its associated context. *group* specifies the group to query, and must be a value returned by rtGroupCreate. Sets \**context* to the context associated with *group*.

### **Parameters**

	in	group	Specifies the group to query
Ī	out	context	Returns the context associated with the group

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

### History

rtGroupGetContext was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextCreate, rtGroupCreate

### 5.5.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtGroupSetAcceleration (

RTgroup group,

RTacceleration acceleration )

Set the acceleration structure for a group.

### Description

rtGroupSetAcceleration attaches an acceleration structure to a group. The acceleration structure must have been previously created using rtAccelerationCreate. Every group is required to have an acceleration structure assigned in order to pass validation. The acceleration structure will be built over the children of the group. For example, if an acceleration structure is attached to a group that has a selector, a geometry group, and a transform child, the acceleration structure will be built over the bounding volumes of these three objects.

Note that it is legal to attach a single RTacceleration object to multiple groups, as long as the underlying bounds of the children are the same. For example, if another group has three children which are known to have the same bounding volumes as the ones in the example above, the two groups can share an acceleration structure, thus saving build time. This is true even if the details of the children, such as the actual type of a node or its geometry content, differ from the first set of group children. All that is required is for a child node at a given index to have the same bounds as the other group's child node at the same index.

Sharing an acceleration structure this way corresponds to attaching an acceleration structure to multiple geometry groups at lower graph levels using rtGeometryGroupSetAcceleration.

#### **Parameters**

in	group	The group handle
in	acceleration	The acceleration structure to attach to the group

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtGroupSetAcceleration was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGroupGetAcceleration, rtAccelerationCreate, rtGeometryGroupSetAcceleration

### 5.5.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtGroupSetChild (

RTgroup *group,* unsigned int *index,* RTobject *child* )

Attaches a child node to a group.

# **Description**

Attaches a new child node *child* to the parent node *group. index* specifies the number of the slot where the child node gets attached. A sufficient number of slots must be allocated using rtGroupSetChildCount. Legal child node types are RTgroup, RTselector, RTgeometrygroup, and RTtransform.

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### **Parameters**

in	group	The parent group handle	
in	index The index in the parent's child slot array		
in	child	The child node to be attached. Can be of type {RTgroup, RTselector, RTgeometrygroup, RTtransform}	

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtGroupSetChild was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGroupSetChildCount, rtGroupGetChildCount, rtGroupGetChildType

### 5.5.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtGroupSetChildCount (

RTgroup group,

unsigned int count )

Sets the number of child nodes to be attached to the group.

### Description

rtGroupSetChildCount specifies the number of child slots in this group. Potentially existing links to children at indices greater than *count-1* are removed. If the call increases the number of slots, the newly created slots are empty and need to be filled using rtGroupSetChild before validation.

### **Parameters**

in	group	The parent group handle
in	count	Number of child slots to allocate for the group

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtGroupSetChildCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGroupGetChild, rtGroupGetChildCount, rtGroupGetChildType, rtGroupSetChild

# 5.5.2.11 RTresult RTAPI rtGroupValidate (

RTgroup group )

Verifies the state of the group.

### Description

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rtGroupValidate checks *group* for completeness. If *group* or any of the objects attached to *group* are not valid, returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

# **Parameters**

in	group	Specifies the group to be validated
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# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtGroupValidate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGroupCreate

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### 5.6 SelectorNode functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorCreate (RTcontext context, RTselector \*selector)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorDestroy (RTselector selector)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorValidate (RTselector selector)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetContext (RTselector selector, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorSetVisitProgram (RTselector selector, RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetVisitProgram (RTselector selector, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorSetChildCount (RTselector selector, unsigned int count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetChildCount (RTselector selector, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorSetChild (RTselector selector, unsigned int index, RTobject child)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetChild (RTselector selector, unsigned int index, RTobject \*child)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetChildType (RTselector selector, unsigned int index, RTobjecttype \*type)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorDeclareVariable (RTselector selector, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorQueryVariable (RTselector selector, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorRemoveVariable (RTselector selector, RTvariable v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetVariableCount (RTselector selector, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetVariable (RTselector selector, unsigned int index, RTvariable \*v)

### 5.6.1 Detailed Description

Functions related to an OptiX Selector node.

### 5.6.2 Function Documentation

### 5.6.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorCreate (

RTcontext context,
RTselector \* selector )

Creates a Selector node.

# Description

Creates a new Selector node within *context*. After calling rtSelectorCreate the new node is in an invalid state. For the node to be valid, a visit program must be assigned using rtSelectorSetVisitProgram. Furthermore, a number of (zero or more) children can be attached by using rtSelectorSetChildCount and rtSelectorSetChild. Sets \*selector to the handle of a newly created selector within *context*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if selector is NULL.

### **Parameters**

		Specifies the rendering context of the Selector node
out selector New Selector node ha		New Selector node handle

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

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- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtSelectorCreate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtSelectorDestroy, rtSelectorValidate, rtSelectorGetContext, rtSelectorSetVisitProgram, rtSelectorSetChildCount, rtSelectorSetChild

### 5.6.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorDeclareVariable (

RTselector *selector,* const char \* *name,* RTvariable \* *v* )

Declares a variable associated with a Selector node.

### **Description**

Declares a new variable identified by *name*, and associates it with the Selector node *selector*. The new variable handle is returned in *v*. After declaration, a variable does not have a type until its value is set by an *rtVariableSet*{...} function. Once a variable type has been set, it cannot be changed, i.e., only *rtVariableSet*{...} functions of the same type can be used to change the value of the variable.

#### **Parameters**

in	selector	Selector node handle
in	name	Variable identifier
out	V	New variable handle

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_REDECLARED
- RT\_ERROR\_ILLEGAL\_SYMBOL

### History

rtSelectorDeclareVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtSelectorQueryVariable, rtSelectorRemoveVariable, rtSelectorGetVariableCount, rtSelectorGetVariable, Variable setters{...}

# 5.6.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorDestroy (

RTselector selector)

Destroys a selector node.

### **Description**

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rtSelectorDestroy removes *selector* from its context and deletes it. *selector* should be a value returned by rtSelectorCreate. Associated variables declared via rtSelectorDeclareVariable are destroyed, but no child graph nodes are destroyed. After the call, *selector* is no longer a valid handle.

#### **Parameters**

in	selector	Handle of the selector node to destroy
----	----------	--

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtSelectorDestroy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtSelectorCreate, rtSelectorValidate, rtSelectorGetContext

### 5.6.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetChild (

RTselector selector, unsigned int index, RTobject \* child )

Returns a child node that is attached to a Selector node.

# **Description**

rtSelectorGetChild returns in *child* a handle of the child node currently attached to *selector* at slot *index*. The index value must be lower than the number previously set by rtSelectorSetChildCount, thus it must be in the range from 0 to rtSelectorGetChildCount - 1. The returned pointer is of generic type RTobject and needs to be cast to the actual child type, which can be RTgroup, RTselector, RTgeometrygroup, or RTtransform. The actual type of *child* can be queried using rtSelectorGetChildType;

### **Parameters**

	in	selector	Selector node handle	
	in	index	Child node index	
ĺ	out	child	Child node handle. Can be {RTgroup, RTselector, RTgeometrygroup, RTtransform}	

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtSelectorGetChild was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

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**See also** rtSelectorSetChildCount, rtSelectorGetChildCount, rtSelectorSetChild, rtSelectorGetChildType

### 5.6.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetChildCount (

RTselector *selector*, unsigned int \* *count* )

Returns the number of child node slots of a Selector node.

### **Description**

rtSelectorGetChildCount returns in *count* the number of child node slots that have been previously reserved for the Selector node *selector* by rtSelectorSetChildCount. The value of *count* does not reflect the actual number of child nodes that have so far been attached to the Selector node using rtSelectorSetChild.

#### **Parameters**

Ī	in	selector	Selector node handle
out count Number of child n		count	Number of child node slots reserved for selector

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtSelectorGetChildCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtSelectorSetChildCount, rtSelectorSetChild, rtSelectorGetChild.rtSelectorGetChildType

### 5.6.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetChildType (

RTselector selector, unsigned int index, RTobjecttype \* type )

Returns type information about a Selector child node.

# Description

rtSelectorGetChildType queries the type of the child node attached to *selector* at slot *index*. If no child is associated with the given index, \**type* is set to RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_UNKNOWN and RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE is returned. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if given a *NULL* pointer. The returned type is one of:

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_GROUP RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_GEOMETRY\_GROUP RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_TRANSFORM RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_SELECTOR

### **Parameters**

in	selector	Selector node handle
in	index	Child node index
out	type	Type of the child node

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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtSelectorGetChildType was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtSelectorSetChildCount, rtSelectorGetChildCount, rtSelectorSetChild, rtSelectorGetChild

# 5.6.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetContext (

RTselector selector, RTcontext \* context )

Returns the context of a Selector node.

### **Description**

rtSelectorGetContext returns in *context* the rendering context in which the Selector node *selector* has been created.

#### **Parameters**

- 1			Selector node handle
Ī	out	context	The context, selector belongs to

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtSelectorGetContext was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtSelectorCreate, rtSelectorDestroy, rtSelectorValidate

# 5.6.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetVariable (

RTselector *selector,* unsigned int *index,* RTvariable \* v )

Returns a variable associated with a Selector node.

### Description

Returns in *v* a handle to the variable located at position *index* in the Selectors's variable array. *index* is a sequential number depending on the order of variable declarations. The index must be in the range from 0 to rtSelectorGetVariableCount - 1. The current value of a variable can be retrieved from its handle by using an appropriate *rtVariableGet*{...} function matching the variable's type.

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### **Parameters**

in	selector	Selector node handle
in	index	Variable index
out	V	Variable handle

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtSelectorGetVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtSelectorDeclareVariable, rtSelectorQueryVariable, rtSelectorRemoveVariable, rtSelectorGetVariableCount, *rtVariableGet*{...}

# 5.6.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetVariableCount (

RTselector selector, unsigned int \* count )

Returns the number of variables attached to a Selector node.

### **Description**

rtSelectorGetVariableCount returns in *count* the number of variables that are currently attached to the Selector node *selector*.

### **Parameters**

	in	selector	Selector node handle
out count Number of		count	Number of variables associated with selector

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtSelectorGetVariableCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtSelectorDeclareVariable, rtSelectorQueryVariable, rtSelectorRemoveVariable, rtSelectorGetVariable

# 5.6.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetVisitProgram (

RTselector selector,

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### RTprogram \* program )

Returns the currently assigned visit program.

### Description

rtSelectorGetVisitProgram returns in program a handle of the visit program curently bound to selector.

### **Parameters**

	in	selector Selector node handle	
out <i>program</i> Cu		program	Current visit progam assigned to selector

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

### History

rtSelectorGetVisitProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtSelectorSetVisitProgram

# 5.6.2.11 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorQueryVariable (

RTselector *selector*, const char \* *name*, RTvariable \* *v* )

Returns a variable associated with a Selector node.

### **Description**

Returns in *v* a handle to the variable identified by *name*, which is associated with the Selector node *selector*. The current value of a variable can be retrieved from its handle by using an appropriate *rtVariableGet{...}* function matching the variable's type.

### **Parameters**

in	selector	Selector node handle
in	name	Variable identifier
out	V	Variable handle

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

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rtSelectorQueryVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtSelectorDeclareVariable, rtSelectorRemoveVariable, rtSelectorGetVariableCount, rtSelectorGetVariable, rtVariableGet{...}

### 5.6.2.12 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorRemoveVariable (

RTselector selector,

RTvariable v)

Removes a variable from a Selector node.

### Description

rtSelectorRemoveVariable removes the variable v from the Selector node *selector* and deletes it. The handle v must be considered invalid afterwards.

#### **Parameters**

in	selector	Selector node handle
in	V	Variable handle

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_NOT\_FOUND

### History

rtSelectorRemoveVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtSelectorDeclareVariable, rtSelectorQueryVariable, rtSelectorGetVariableCount, rtSelectorGetVariable

### 5.6.2.13 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorSetChild (

RTselector selector, unsigned int index, RTobject child)

Attaches a child node to a Selector node.

# Description

Attaches a new child node *child* to the parent node *selector. index* specifies the number of the slot where the child node gets attached. The index value must be lower than the number previously set by rtSelectorSetChildCount, thus it must be in the range from 0 to rtSelectorGetChildCount -1. Legal child node types are RTgroup, RTselector, RTgeometrygroup, and RTtransform.

### **Parameters**

in	selector	Selector node handle	
in	index	Index of the parent slot the node <i>child</i> gets attached to	
in	child	Child node to be attached. Can be {RTgroup, RTselector, RTgeometrygroup, RTtransform}	

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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtSelectorSetChild was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtSelectorSetChildCount, rtSelectorGetChildCount, rtSelectorGetChild, rtSelectorGetChildType

### 5.6.2.14 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorSetChildCount (

RTselector selector,

unsigned int count )

Specifies the number of child nodes to be attached to a Selector node.

### **Description**

rtSelectorSetChildCount allocates a number of children slots, i.e., it pre-defines the exact number of child nodes the parent Selector node *selector* will have. Child nodes have to be attached to the Selector node using rtSelectorSetChild. Empty slots will cause a validation error.

#### **Parameters**

in	selector	Selector node handle	
in	count	Number of child nodes to be attached to selector	

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtSelectorSetChildCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtSelectorValidate, rtSelectorGetChildCount, rtSelectorSetChild, rtSelectorGetChildType

### 5.6.2.15 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorSetVisitProgram (

RTselector selector,

RTprogram program )

Assigns a visit program to a Selector node.

### **Description**

rtSelectorSetVisitProgram specifies a visit program that is executed when the Selector node *selector* gets visited by a ray during traversal of the model graph. A visit program steers how traversal of the Selectors's children is performed. It usually chooses only a single child to continue traversal, but is also

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allowed to process zero or multiple children. Programs can be created from PTX files using rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile.

### **Parameters**

in	selector	Selector node handle
in	program	Program handle associated with a visit program

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_TYPE\_MISMATCH

# History

rtSelectorSetVisitProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtSelectorGetVisitProgram, rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile

# 5.6.2.16 RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorValidate ( RTselector selector)

Checks a Selector node for internal consistency.

### **Description**

rtSelectorValidate recursively checks consistency of the Selector node *selector* and its children, i.e., it tries to validate the whole model sub-tree with *selector* as root. For a Selector node to be valid, it must be assigned a visit program, and the number of its children must match the number specified by rtSelectorSetChildCount.

#### **Parameters**

in	selector	Selector root node of a model sub-tree to be validated
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### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtSelectorValidate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtSelectorCreate, rtSelectorDestroy, rtSelectorGetContext, rtSelectorSetVisitProgram, rtSelectorSetChildCount, rtSelectorSetChild

### 5.7 TransformNode functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformCreate (RTcontext context, RTtransform \*transform)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformDestroy (RTtransform transform)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformValidate (RTtransform transform)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetContext (RTtransform transform, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetMatrix (RTtransform transform, int transpose, const float \*matrix, const float \*inverse\_matrix)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMatrix (RTtransform transform, int transpose, float \*matrix, float \*inverse matrix)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetMotionRange (RTtransform transform, float timeBegin, float timeEnd)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionRange (RTtransform transform, float \*timeBegin, float \*timeEnd)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetMotionBorderMode (RTtransform transform, RTmotionbordermode beginMode, RTmotionbordermode endMode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionBorderMode (RTtransform transform, RTmotionbordermode \*beginMode, RTmotionbordermode \*endMode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetMotionKeys (RTtransform transform, unsigned int n, RTmotionkeytype type, const float \*keys)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionKeyType (RTtransform transform, RTmotionkeytype \*type)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionKeyCount (RTtransform transform, unsigned int \*n)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionKeys (RTtransform transform, float \*keys)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetChild (RTtransform transform, RTobject child)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetChild (RTtransform transform, RTobject \*child)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetChildType (RTtransform transform, RTobjecttype \*type)

# 5.7.1 Detailed Description

Functions related to an OptiX Transform node.

#### 5.7.2 Function Documentation

# 5.7.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformCreate (

RTcontext context, RTtransform \* transform )

Creates a new Transform node.

### Description

Creates a new Transform node within the given context. For the node to be functional, a child node must be attached using rtTransformSetChild. A transformation matrix can be associated with the transform node with rtTransformSetMatrix. Sets \*transform to the handle of a newly created transform within context. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if transform is NULL.

### **Parameters**

in	context	Specifies the rendering context of the Transform node	
out	transform	New Transform node handle	

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtTransformCreate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtTransformDestroy, rtTransformValidate, rtTransformGetContext, rtTransformSetMatrix, rtTransformGetMatrix, rtTransformGetChild, rtTransformGetChild, rtTransformGetChildType

# 5.7.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformDestroy (

RTtransform transform )

Destroys a transform node.

### Description

rtTransformDestroy removes *transform* from its context and deletes it. *transform* should be a value returned by rtTransformCreate. No child graph nodes are destroyed. After the call, *transform* is no longer a valid handle.

#### **Parameters**

i	transform	Handle of the transform node to destroy	I
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### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtTransformDestroy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTransformCreate, rtTransformValidate, rtTransformGetContext

# 5.7.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetChild (

RTtransform *transform,* RTobject \* *child* )

Returns the child node that is attached to a Transform node.

#### Description

rtTransformGetChild returns in *child* a handle of the child node currently attached to *transform*. The returned pointer is of generic type RTobject and needs to be cast to the actual child type, which can be RTgroup, RTselector, RTgeometrygroup, or RTtransform. The actual type of *child* can be queried using rtTransformGetChildType. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if given a *NULL* pointer.

### **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle	
out	child	Child node handle. Can be {RTgroup, RTselector, RTgeometrygroup, RTtransform}	

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtTransformGetChild was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTransformSetChild, rtTransformGetChildType

### 5.7.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetChildType (

RTtransform transform,

RTobjecttype \* type )

Returns type information about a Transform child node.

# **Description**

rtTransformGetChildType queries the type of the child node attached to *transform*. If no child is attached, \**type* is set to RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_UNKNOWN and RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE is returned. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if given a *NULL* pointer. The returned type is one of:

- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_GROUP
- RT OBJECTTYPE GEOMETRY GROUP
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_TRANSFORM
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_SELECTOR

#### **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle
out	type	Type of the child node

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtTransformGetChildType was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTransformSetChild, rtTransformGetChild

### 5.7.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetContext (

RTtransform *transform,* RTcontext \* *context* )

Returns the context of a Transform node.

### **Description**

rtTransformGetContext queries a transform node for its associated context. *transform* specifies the transform node to query, and should be a value returned by rtTransformCreate. Sets \**context* to the context associated with *transform*.

### **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle
out	context	The context associated with transform

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtTransformGetContext was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTransformCreate, rtTransformDestroy, rtTransformValidate

### 5.7.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMatrix (

RTtransform transform, int transpose, float \* matrix, float \* inverse\_matrix )

Returns the affine matrix and its inverse associated with a Transform node.

### Description

rtTransformGetMatrix returns in *matrix* the affine matrix that is currently used to perform a transformation of the geometry contained in the sub-tree with *transform* as root. The corresponding inverse matrix will be retured in *inverse\_matrix*. One or both pointers are allowed to be *NULL*. If *transpose* is 0, matrices are returned in row-major format, i.e., matrix rows are contiguously laid out in memory. If *transpose* is non-zero, matrices are returned in column-major format. If non-*NULL*, matrix pointers must point to a float array of at least 16 elements.

# **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle	
in transpose Flag indicating whether matrix and inverse_matrix should be		Flag indicating whether matrix and inverse_matrix should be transposed	
out matrix Affine matrix (4x4 float array)	Affine matrix (4x4 float array)		
out	inverse_matrix	Inverted form of matrix	

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtTransformGetMatrix was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTransformSetMatrix

# 5.7.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionBorderMode (

RTtransform transform,

RTmotionbordermode \* beginMode,

RTmotionbordermode \* endMode )

Returns the motion border modes of a Transform node.

**Description** rtTransformGetMotionBorderMode returns the motion border modes for the time range associated with *transform*.

#### **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle
out	beginMode	Motion border mode at motion time range begin
out	endMode	Motion border mode at motion time range end

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtTransformGetMotionBorderMode was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtTransformSetMotionBorderMode, rtTransformGetMotionRange, rtTransformGetMotionKeyCount, rtTransformGetMotionKeyType, rtTransformGetMotionKeys,

# 5.7.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionKeyCount (

RTtransform *transform*, unsigned int \* *n* )

Returns the number of motion keys associated with a Transform node.

**Description** rtTransformGetMotionKeyCount returns in *n* the number of motion keys associated with *transform* using rtTransformSetMotionKeys. Note that the default value is 1, not 0, for a transform without motion.

### **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle
out	n	Number of motion steps n >= 1

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

### History

rtTransformGetMotionKeyCount was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtTransformSetMotionKeys, rtTransformGetMotionBorderMode, rtTransformGetMotionRange, rtTransformGetMotionKeyType rtTransformGetMotionKeyS

# 5.7.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionKeys (

RTtransform transform,

float \* keys )

Returns the motion keys associated with a Transform node.

**Description** rtTransformGetMotionKeys returns in *keys* packed float values for all motion keys. The *keys* array must be large enough to hold all the keys, based on the key type returned by rtTransformGetMotionKeyType and the number of keys returned by rtTransformGetMotionKeyCount. A single key consists of either 12 floats (type RT\_MOTIONKEYTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT12) or 16 floats (type RT\_MOTIONKEYTYPE\_SRT\_FLOAT16).

#### **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle
out	keys	Motion keys associated with this Transform

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtTransformGetMotionKeys was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtTransformSetMotionKeys, rtTransformGetMotionBorderMode, rtTransformGetMotionRange, rtTransformGetMotionKeyCount, rtTransformGetMotionKeyType

### 5.7.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionKeyType (

RTtransform transform,

RTmotionkeytype \* type )

Returns the motion key type associated with a Transform node.

**Description** rtTransformGetMotionKeyType returns the key type from the most recent call to rtTransformSetMotionKeys, or RT MOTIONKEYTYPE NONE if no keys have been set.

### **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle
out	type	Motion key type associated with this Transform

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtTransformGetMotionKeyType was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtTransformSetMotionKeys, rtTransformGetMotionBorderMode, rtTransformGetMotionRange, rtTransformGetMotionKeyCount, rtTransformGetMotionKeys

# 5.7.2.11 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionRange (

RTtransform transform,

float \* timeBegin,

float \* timeEnd )

Returns the motion time range associated with a Transform node.

**Description** rtTransformGetMotionRange returns the motion time range set for the Transform.

### **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle
out	timeBegin	Beginning time value of range
out	timeEnd	Ending time value of range

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtTransformGetMotionRange was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtTransformSetMotionRange, rtTransformGetMotionBorderMode, rtTransformGetMotionKeyCount, rtTransformGetMotionKeyType, rtTransformGetMotionKeys,

# 5.7.2.12 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetChild (

RTtransform transform,

### RTobject child )

Attaches a child node to a Transform node.

### Description

Attaches a child node *child* to the parent node *transform*. Legal child node types are RTgroup, RTselector, RTgeometrygroup, and RTtransform. A transform node must have exactly one child. If a transformation matrix has been attached to *transform* with rtTransformSetMatrix, it is effective on the model sub-tree with *child* as root node.

### **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle
in	child	Child node to be attached. Can be {RTgroup, RTselector, RTgeometrygroup, RTtransform}

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

### History

rtTransformSetChild was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTransformSetMatrix, rtTransformGetChild, rtTransformGetChildType

### 5.7.2.13 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetMatrix (

RTtransform transform, int transpose, const float \* matrix, const float \* inverse\_matrix )

Associates an affine transformation matrix with a Transform node.

# **Description**

rtTransformSetMatrix associates a 4x4 matrix with the Transform node *transform*. The provided transformation matrix results in a corresponding affine transformation of all geometry contained in the sub-tree with *transform* as root. At least one of the pointers *matrix* and *inverse\_matrix* must be non-*NULL*. If exactly one pointer is valid, the other matrix will be computed. If both are valid, the matrices will be used as-is. If *transpose* is 0, source matrices are expected to be in row-major format, i.e., matrix rows are contiguously laid out in memory:

float matrix $[4*4] = \{ a11, a12, a13, a14, a21, a22, a23, a24, a31, a32, a33, a34, a41, a42, a43, a44 \};$ 

Here, the translational elements *a14*, *a24*, and *a34* are at the 4th, 8th, and 12th position the matrix array. If the supplied matrices are in column-major format, a non-0 *transpose* flag can be used to trigger an automatic transpose of the input matrices.

Calling this function clears any motion keys previously set for the Transform.

#### **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle
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### **Parameters**

i	n i	transpose	Flag indicating whether <i>matrix</i> and <i>inverse_matrix</i> should be transposed
i	n /	matrix	Affine matrix (4x4 float array)
i	n i	inverse_matrix	Inverted form of <i>matrix</i>

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

### History

rtTransformSetMatrix was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTransformGetMatrix

### 5.7.2.14 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetMotionBorderMode (

RTtransform transform,

RTmotionbordermode beginMode,

RTmotionbordermode endMode )

Sets the motion border modes of a Transform node.

**Description** rtTransformSetMotionBorderMode sets the behavior of *transform* outside its motion time range. The *beginMode* and *endMode* arguments correspond to timeBegin and timeEnd set with rtTransformSetMotionRange. The arguments are independent, and each has one of the following values:

- RT\_MOTIONBORDERMODE\_CLAMP: The transform and the scene under it still exist at times
  less than timeBegin or greater than timeEnd, with the transform clamped to its values at
  timeBegin or timeEnd, respectively.
- RT\_MOTIONBORDERMODE\_VANISH: The transform and the scene under it vanish for times less than timeBegin or greater than timeEnd.

## **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle
in	beginMode	Motion border mode at motion range begin
in	endMode	Motion border mode at motion range end

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtTransformSetMotionBorderMode was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

See also rtTransformGetMotionBorderMode, rtTransformSetMotionRange, rtTransformSetMotionKeys,

# 5.7.2.15 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetMotionKeys (

RTtransform *transform,* unsigned int *n,* RTmotionkeytype *type,* const float \* *keys* )

Sets the motion keys associated with a Transform node.

**Description** rtTransformSetMotionKeys sets a series of key values defining how *transform* varies with time. The float values in *keys* are one of the following types:

- RT\_MOTIONKEYTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT12 Each key is a 12-float 3x4 matrix in row major order (3 rows, 4 columns). The length of *keys* is 12\*n.
- RT\_MOTIONKEYTYPE\_SRT\_FLOAT16 Each key is a packed 16-float array in this order: [sx, a, b, pvx, sy, c, pvy, sz, pvz, qx, qy, qz, qw, tx, ty, tz] The length of *keys* is 16\*n.

These are packed components of a scale/shear S, a quaternion R, and a translation T.

```
S = [sx a b pvx][*sy c pvy][**sz pvz]
```

R = [qx, qy, qz, qw] where qw = cos(theta/2) and  $[qx, qy, qz] = sin(theta/2)*normalized_axis$ .

$$T = [tx, ty, tz]$$

Removing motion keys:

Passing a single key with n == 1, or calling rtTransformSetMatrix, removes any motion data from transform, and sets its matrix to values derived from the single key.

# **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle
in	n	Number of motion keys >= 1
in	type	Type of motion keys
in	keys	n Motion keys associated with this Transform

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtTransformSetMotionKeys was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtTransformGetMotionKeyCount, rtTransformGetMotionKeyType, rtTransformGetMotionKeys, rtTransformSetMotionBorderMode, rtTransformSetMotionRange,

# 5.7.2.16 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetMotionRange (

RTtransform transform, float timeBegin, float timeEnd )

Sets the motion time range for a Transform node.

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**Description** Sets the inclusive motion time range [timeBegin, timeEnd] for *transform*, where timeBegin <= timeEnd. The default time range is [0.0, 1.0]. Has no effect unless rtTransformSetMotionKeys is also called, in which case the left endpoint of the time range, *timeBegin*, is associated with the first motion key, and the right endpoint, *timeEnd*, with the last motion key. The keys uniformly divide the time range.

#### **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform node handle
in	timeBegin	Beginning time value of range
in	timeEnd	Ending time value of range

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtTransformSetMotionRange was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

See also rtTransformGetMotionRange, rtTransformSetMotionBorderMode, rtTransformSetMotionKeys,

## 5.7.2.17 RTresult RTAPI rtTransformValidate ( RTtransform transform )

Checks a Transform node for internal consistency.

#### **Description**

rtTransformValidate recursively checks consistency of the Transform node *transform* and its child, i.e., it tries to validate the whole model sub-tree with *transform* as root. For a Transform node to be valid, it must have a child node attached. It is, however, not required to explicitly set a transformation matrix. Without a specified transformation matrix, the identity matrix is applied.

#### **Parameters**

in	transform	Transform root node of a model sub-tree to be validated
----	-----------	---

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtTransformValidate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTransformCreate, rtTransformDestroy, rtTransformGetContext, rtTransformSetMatrix, rtTransformSetChild

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## 5.8 Acceleration functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationCreate (RTcontext context, RTacceleration \*acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationDestroy (RTacceleration acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationValidate (RTacceleration acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetContext (RTacceleration acceleration, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationSetBuilder (RTacceleration acceleration, const char \*builder)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetBuilder (RTacceleration acceleration, const char \*\*return\_string)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationSetProperty (RTacceleration acceleration, const char \*name, const char \*value)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetProperty (RTacceleration acceleration, const char \*name, const char \*return string)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationMarkDirty (RTacceleration acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationIsDirty (RTacceleration acceleration, int \*dirty)

## 5.8.1 Detailed Description

Functions related to an OptiX Acceleration Structure node.

#### 5.8.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.8.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationCreate (

RTcontext context,

RTacceleration \* acceleration )

Creates a new acceleration structure.

## **Description**

rtAccelerationCreate creates a new ray tracing acceleration structure within a context. An acceleration structure is used by attaching it to a group or geometry group by calling rtGroupSetAcceleration or rtGeometryGroupSetAcceleration. Note that an acceleration structure can be shared by attaching it to multiple groups or geometry groups if the underlying geometric structures are the same, see rtGroupSetAcceleration and rtGeometryGroupSetAcceleration for more details. A newly created acceleration structure is initially in dirty state. Sets \*acceleration\* to the handle of a newly created acceleration structure within context. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if acceleration is NULL.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	Specifies a context within which to create a new acceleration structure
out	acceleration	Returns the newly created acceleration structure

#### **Return values**

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

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## History

rtAccelerationCreate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtAccelerationDestroy, rtContextCreate, rtAccelerationMarkDirty, rtAccelerationIsDirty, rtGroupSetAcceleration, rtGeometryGroupSetAcceleration

## 5.8.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationDestroy (

RTacceleration acceleration )

Destroys an acceleration structure object.

#### Description

rtAccelerationDestroy removes *acceleration* from its context and deletes it. *acceleration* should be a value returned by rtAccelerationCreate. After the call, *acceleration* is no longer a valid handle.

#### **Parameters**

in	acceleration	Handle of the acceleration structure to destroy
----	--------------	---

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtAccelerationDestroy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtAccelerationCreate

## 5.8.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetBuilder (

RTacceleration acceleration, const char \*\* return\_string )

Query the current builder from an acceleration structure.

#### Description

rtAccelerationGetBuilder returns the name of the builder currently used in the acceleration structure acceleration. If no builder has been set for acceleration, an empty string is returned. return\_string will be set to point to the returned string. The memory return\_string points to will be valid until the next API call that returns a string.

## **Parameters**

in	acceleration	The acceleration structure handle
out	return_string	Return string buffer

### **Return values**

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

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## History

rtAccelerationGetBuilder was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtAccelerationSetBuilder

#### 5.8.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetContext (

RTacceleration acceleration,

RTcontext \* context )

Returns the context associated with an acceleration structure.

## **Description**

rtAccelerationGetContext queries an acceleration structure for its associated context. The context handle is returned in \*context.

## **Parameters**

in	acceleration	The acceleration structure handle
out	context	Returns the context associated with the acceleration structure

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

### History

rtAccelerationGetContext was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtAccelerationCreate

## 5.8.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetProperty (

RTacceleration acceleration,

const char \* name,

const char \*\* return\_string )

Queries an acceleration structure property.

## **Description**

rtAccelerationGetProperty returns the value of the acceleration structure property *name*. See rtAccelerationSetProperty for a list of supported properties. If the property name is not found, an empty string is returned. *return\_string* will be set to point to the returned string. The memory *return\_string* points to will be valid until the next API call that returns a string.

## **Parameters**

in	l	acceleration	The acceleration structure handle
in	1	name	The name of the property to be queried
ou	ıt	return_string	Return string buffer

#### **Return values**

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- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtAccelerationGetProperty was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtAccelerationSetProperty, rtAccelerationSetBuilder,

## 5.8.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationIsDirty (

RTacceleration acceleration,

int \* dirty )

Returns the dirty flag of an acceleration structure.

## Description

rtAccelerationIsDirty returns whether the acceleration structure is currently marked dirty. If the flag is set, a nonzero value will be returned in \*dirty. Otherwise, zero is returned.

Any acceleration structure which is marked dirty will be rebuilt on a call to one of the rtContextLaunch functions, and its dirty flag will be reset.

An acceleration structure which is not marked dirty will never be rebuilt, even if associated groups, geometry, properties, or any other values have changed.

Initially after creation, acceleration structures are marked dirty.

#### **Parameters**

in	acceleration	The acceleration structure handle
out	dirty	Returned dirty flag

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtAccelerationIsDirty was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtAccelerationMarkDirty, rtContextLaunch functions

## 5.8.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationMarkDirty (

RTacceleration acceleration )

Marks an acceleration structure as dirty.

#### **Description**

rtAccelerationMarkDirty sets the dirty flag for acceleration.

Any acceleration structure which is marked dirty will be rebuilt on a call to one of the rtContextLaunch functions, and its dirty flag will be reset.

An acceleration structure which is not marked dirty will never be rebuilt, even if associated groups, geometry, properties, or any other values have changed.

Initially after creation, acceleration structures are marked dirty.

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#### **Parameters**

in	acceleration	The acceleration structure handle
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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtAccelerationMarkDirty was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtAccelerationIsDirty, rtContextLaunch functions

## 5.8.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationSetBuilder (

RTacceleration acceleration, const char \* builder )

Specifies the builder to be used for an acceleration structure.

## **Description**

rtAccelerationSetBuilder specifies the method used to construct the ray tracing acceleration structure represented by *acceleration*. A builder must be set for the acceleration structure to pass validation. The current builder can be changed at any time, including after a call to rtContextLaunch. In this case, data previously computed for the acceleration structure is invalidated and the acceleration will be marked dirty.

builder can take one of the following values:

- "NoAccel": Specifies that no acceleration structure is explicitly built. Traversal linearly loops through the list of primitives to intersect. This can be useful e.g. for higher level groups with only few children, where managing a more complex structure introduces unnecessary overhead.
- "Bvh": A standard bounding volume hierarchy, useful for most types of graph levels and geometry. Medium build speed, good ray tracing performance.
- "Sbvh": A high quality BVH variant for maximum ray tracing performance. Slower build speed and slightly higher memory footprint than "Bvh".
- "Trbvh": High quality similar to Sbvh but with fast build performance. The Trbvh builder uses about 2.5 times the size of the final BVH for scratch space. A CPU-based Trbvh builder that does not have the memory constraints is available. OptiX includes an optional automatic fallback to the CPU version when out of GPU memory. Please refer to the Programming Guide for more details. Supports motion blur.
- "MedianBvh": Deprecated in OptiX 4.0. This builder is now internally remapped to Trbvh.
- "Lbvh": Deprecated in OptiX 4.0. This builder is now internally remapped to Trbvh.
- "TriangleKdTree": Deprecated in OptiX 4.0. This builder is now internally remapped to Trbvh.

## **Parameters**

in	acceleration	The acceleration structure handle
in	builder	String value specifying the builder type

#### **Return values**

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- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtAccelerationSetBuilder was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtAccelerationGetBuilder, rtAccelerationSetProperty

#### 5.8.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationSetProperty (

RTacceleration acceleration, const char \* name, const char \* value )

Sets an acceleration structure property.

## **Description**

rtAccelerationSetProperty sets a named property value for an acceleration structure. Properties can be used to fine tune the way an acceleration structure is built, in order to achieve faster build times or better ray tracing performance. Properties are evaluated and applied by the acceleration structure during build time, and different builders recognize different properties. Setting a property will never fail as long as *acceleration* is a valid handle. Properties that are not recognized by an acceleration structure will be ignored.

The following is a list of the properties used by the individual builders:

- "refit": Available in: Trbvh, Bvh If set to "1", the builder will only readjust the node bounds of the bounding volume hierarchy instead of constructing it from scratch. Refit is only effective if there is an initial BVH already in place, and the underlying geometry has undergone relatively modest deformation. In this case, the builder delivers a very fast BVH update without sacrificing too much ray tracing performance. The default is "0".
- "vertex\_buffer\_name": Available in: Trbvh, Sbvh The name of the buffer variable holding triangle vertex data. Each vertex consists of 3 floats. The default is "vertex buffer".
- "vertex\_buffer\_stride": Available in: Trbvh, Sbvh The offset between two vertices in the vertex buffer, given in bytes. The default value is "0", which assumes the vertices are tightly packed.
- "index\_buffer\_name": Available in: Trbvh, Sbvh The name of the buffer variable holding vertex index data. The entries in this buffer are indices of type int, where each index refers to one entry in the vertex buffer. A sequence of three indices represents one triangle. If no index buffer is given, the vertices in the vertex buffer are assumed to be a list of triangles, i.e. every 3 vertices in a row form a triangle. The default is "index\_buffer".
- "index\_buffer\_stride": Available in: Trbvh, Sbvh The offset between two indices in the index buffer, given in bytes. The default value is "0", which assumes the indices are tightly packed.
- "chunk\_size": Available in: Trbvh Number of bytes to be used for a partitioned acceleration structure build. If no chunk size is set, or set to "0", the chunk size is chosen automatically. If set to "-1", the chunk size is unlimited. The minimum chunk size is 64MB. Please note that specifying a small chunk size reduces the peak-memory footprint of the Trbvh but can result in slower rendering performance.
- "motion\_steps" Available in: Trbvh Number of motion steps to build into an acceleration structure that contains motion geometry or motion transforms. Ignored for acceleration structures built over static nodes. Gives a tradeoff between device memory and time: if the input geometry or transforms have many motion steps, then increasing the motion steps in the acceleration structure may result in faster traversal, at the cost of linear increase in memory usage. Default 2, and clamped >=1.

#### **Parameters**

in	acceleration	The acceleration structure handle
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#### **Parameters**

in	name	String value specifying the name of the property
in	value	String value specifying the value of the property

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtAccelerationSetProperty was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtAccelerationGetProperty, rtAccelerationSetBuilder,

## 5.8.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationValidate (

RTacceleration acceleration )

Validates the state of an acceleration structure.

## **Description**

rtAccelerationValidate checks *acceleration* for completeness. If *acceleration* is not valid, returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

## **Parameters**

-			
	in	acceleration	The acceleration structure handle

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtAccelerationValidate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtAccelerationCreate

## 5.9 GeometryInstance functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceCreate (RTcontext context, RTgeometryinstance \*geometryinstance)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceDestroy (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceValidate (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetContext (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceSetGeometry (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, RTgeometry geometry)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetGeometry (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, RTgeometry)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterialCount (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterialCount (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterial (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int index, RTmaterial material)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterial (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int index, RTmaterial \*material)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceQueryVariable (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceRemoveVariable (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, RTvariable v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetVariableCount (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetVariable (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int index, RTvariable \*v)

## 5.9.1 Detailed Description

Functions related to an OptiX Geometry Instance node.

#### 5.9.2 Function Documentation

## 5.9.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceCreate (

RTcontext context.

RTgeometryinstance \* geometryinstance )

Creates a new geometry instance node.

## **Description**

rtGeometryInstanceCreate creates a new geometry instance node within a context. context specifies the target context, and should be a value returned by rtContextCreate. Sets \*geometryinstance to the handle of a newly created geometry instance within context. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if geometryinstance is NULL.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	Specifies the rendering context of the GeometryInstance node
out	geometryinstance	New GeometryInstance node handle

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtGeometryInstanceCreate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryInstanceDestroy, rtGeometryInstanceDestroy, rtGeometryInstanceGetContext

## 5.9.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable (

RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, const char \* name, RTvariable \* v )

Declares a new named variable associated with a geometry node.

#### Description

rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable declares a new variable associated with a geometry instance node. *geometryinstance* specifies the target geometry node, and should be a value returned by rtGeometryInstanceCreate. *name* specifies the name of the variable, and should be a *NULL-terminated* string. If there is currently no variable associated with *geometryinstance* named *name*, a new variable named *name* will be created and associated with *geometryinstance*. After the call, \*v will be set to the handle of the newly-created variable. Otherwise, \*v will be set to *NULL*. After declaration, the variable can be queried with rtGeometryInstanceQueryVariable or rtGeometryInstanceGetVariable. A declared variable does not have a type until its value is set with one of the Variable setters functions. Once a variable is set, its type cannot be changed anymore.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometryinstance	Specifies the associated GeometryInstance node
in	name	The name that identifies the variable
out	V	Returns a handle to a newly declared variable

## Return values

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

## History

rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** Variable functions, rtGeometryInstanceQueryVariable, rtGeometryInstanceGetVariable, rtGeometryInstanceRemoveVariable

# 5.9.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceDestroy ( RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance )

Destroys a geometry instance node.

### Description

rtGeometryInstanceDestroy removes *geometryinstance* from its context and deletes it. *geometryinstance* should be a value returned by rtGeometryInstanceCreate. Associated variables declared via rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable are destroyed, but no child graph nodes are destroyed. After the call, *geometryinstance* is no longer a valid handle.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometryinstance	Handle of the geometry instance node to destroy
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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

## History

rtGeometryInstanceDestroy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryInstanceCreate

## 5.9.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetContext (

RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance,

RTcontext \* context )

Returns the context associated with a geometry instance node.

## **Description**

rtGeometryInstanceGetContext queries a geometry instance node for its associated context. *geometryinstance* specifies the geometry node to query, and should be a value returned by rtGeometryInstanceCreate. Sets \*context\* to the context associated with *geometryinstance*.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometryinstance	Specifies the geometry instance
out	context	Handle for queried context

## **Return values**

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtGeometryInstanceGetContext was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryInstanceGetContext

## 5.9.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetGeometry (

RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance,

RTgeometry \* geometry )

Returns the attached Geometry node.

## **Description**

rtGeometryInstanceGetGeometry sets *geometry* to the handle of the attached Geometry node. If no Geometry node is attached, RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE is returned, else RT\_SUCCESS.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometryinstance	GeometryInstance node handle to query geometry
out	geometry	Handle to attached Geometry node

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

## History

rtGeometryInstanceGetGeometry was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryInstanceCreate, rtGeometryInstanceDestroy, rtGeometryInstanceValidate, rtGeometryInstanceSetGeometry

## 5.9.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterial (

RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int index,

RTmaterial \* material )

Returns a material handle.

#### **Description**

rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterial returns handle *material* for the Material node at position *index* in the material list of *geometryinstance*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if *index* is invalid.

## **Parameters**

in	geometryinstance	GeometryInstance node handle to query material
in	index	Index of material
out	material	Handle to material

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

## History

rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterial was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterialCount, rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterial

## 5.9.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterialCount (

```
RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int * count )
```

Returns the number of attached materials.

## **Description**

rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterialCount returns for *geometryinstance* the number of attached Material nodes *count*. The number of materies can be set with rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterialCount.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometryinstance	GeometryInstance node to query from the number of materials
out	count	Number of attached materials

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterialCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterialCount

## 5.9.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetVariable (

RTgeometryinstance *geometryinstance*, unsigned int *index*, RTvariable \* v )

Returns a handle to an indexed variable of a geometry instance node.

## Description

rtGeometryInstanceGetVariable queries the handle of a geometry instance's indexed variable. geometryinstance specifies the target geometry instance and should be a value returned by rtGeometryInstanceCreate. index specifies the index of the variable, and should be a value less than rtGeometryInstanceGetVariableCount. If index is the index of a variable attached to geometryinstance, returns a handle to that variable in \*v, and NULL otherwise. \*v must be declared first with rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable before it can be queried.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometryinstance	The GeometryInstance node from which to query a variable
in	index	The index that identifies the variable to be queried
out	V	Returns handle to indexed variable

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_NOT\_FOUND

## History

rtGeometryInstanceGetVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryDeclareVariable, rtGeometryGetVariableCount, rtGeometryRemoveVariable, rtGeometryQueryVariable

## 5.9.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetVariableCount (

RTgeometryinstance *geometryinstance,* unsigned int \* *count* )

Returns the number of attached variables.

## Description

rtGeometryInstanceGetVariableCount queries the number of variables attached to a geometry instance. *geometryinstance* specifies the geometry instance, and should be a value returned by rtGeometryInstanceCreate. After the call, the number of variables attached to *geometryinstance* is returned to \*count.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometryinstance	The GeometryInstance node to query from the number of attached variables
out	count	Returns the number of attached variables

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtGeometryInstanceGetVariableCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryInstanceGetVariableCount, rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable, rtGeometryInstanceRemoveVariable

## 5.9.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceQueryVariable (

RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance,

const char \* *name*, RTvariable \* *v* )

Returns a handle to a named variable of a geometry node.

## **Description**

rtGeometryInstanceQueryVariable queries the handle of a geometry instance node's named variable. *geometryinstance* specifies the target geometry instance node, as returned by rtGeometryInstanceCreate. *name* specifies the name of the variable, and should be a *NULL* -terminated string. If *name* is the name of a variable attached to *geometryinstance*, returns a handle to that variable in \*v, otherwise *NULL*. Geometry instance variables have to be declared with rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable before they can be gueried.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometryinstance	The GeometryInstance node to query from a variable
in	name	The name that identifies the variable to be queried
out	V	Returns the named variable

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

## History

rtGeometryInstanceQueryVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable, rtGeometryInstanceRemoveVariable, rtGeometryInstanceGetVariableCount, rtGeometryInstanceGetVariable

## 5.9.2.11 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceRemoveVariable (

RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, RTvariable v)

Removes a named variable from a geometry instance node.

## **Description**

rtGeometryInstanceRemoveVariable removes a named variable from a geometry instance. The target geometry instance is specified by *geometryinstance*, which should be a value returned by rtGeometryInstanceCreate. The variable to be removed is specified by v, which should be a value returned by rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable. Once a variable has been removed from this geometry instance, another variable with the same name as the removed variable may be declared.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometryinstance	The GeometryInstance node from which to remove a variable
in	V	The variable to be removed

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_NOT\_FOUND

## History

rtGeometryInstanceRemoveVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextRemoveVariable, rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable

#### 5.9.2.12 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceSetGeometry (

RTgeometryinstance *geometryinstance*, RTgeometry *geometry* )

Attaches a Geometry node.

## **Description**

rtGeometryInstanceSetGeometry attaches a Geometry node to a GeometryInstance. Only *one* Geometry node can be attached to a GeometryInstance. However, it is at any time possible to attach a different Geometry node.

#### **Parameters**

	in	geometryinstance	GeometryInstance node handle to attach geometry
ĺ	in	geometry	Geometry handle to attach to geometryinstance

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

## History

rtGeometryInstanceSetGeometry was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryInstanceGetGeometry

## 5.9.2.13 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterial (

RTgeometryinstance *geometryinstance,* unsigned int *index,* RTmaterial *material* )

Sets a material.

## **Description**

rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterial attaches *material* to *geometryinstance* at position *index* in its internal Material node list. *index* must be in the range 0 to rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterialCount - 1.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometryinstance	GeometryInstance node for which to set a material
in	index	Index into the material list
in	material	Material handle to attach to geometryinstance

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterial was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterialCount, rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterialCount

## 5.9.2.14 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterialCount (

RTgeometryinstance *geometryinstance,* unsigned int *count* )

Sets the number of materials.

## **Description**

rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterialCount sets the number of materials *count* that will be attached to *geometryinstance*. The number of attached materials can be changed at any time. Increasing the number of materials will not modify already assigned materials. Decreasing the number of materials will not modify the remaining already assigned materials.

## **Parameters**

in	geometryinstance	GeometryInstance node to set number of materials
in	count	Number of materials to be set

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterialCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterialCount

## 5.9.2.15 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceValidate (

RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance )

Checks a GeometryInstance node for internal consistency.

## Description

rtGeometryInstanceValidate checks *geometryinstance* for completeness. If *geomertryinstance* or any of the objects attached to *geometry* are not valid, returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

## **Parameters**

in	geometryinstance	GeometryInstance node of a model sub-tree to be validated
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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

## History

rtGeometryInstanceValidate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryInstanceCreate

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## 5.10 Geometry functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryCreate (RTcontext context, RTgeometry \*geometry)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryDestroy (RTgeometry geometry)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometry Validate (RTgeometry)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetContext (RTgeometry geometry, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetPrimitiveCount (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int num\_primitives)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetPrimitiveCount (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int \*num\_primitives)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetPrimitiveIndexOffset (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int index offset)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetPrimitiveIndexOffset (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int \*index offset)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetMotionRange (RTgeometry geometry, float timeBegin, float timeEnd)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetMotionRange (RTgeometry geometry, float \*timeBegin, float \*timeEnd)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetMotionBorderMode (RTgeometry geometry, RTmotionbordermode beginMode, RTmotionbordermode endMode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetMotionBorderMode (RTgeometry geometry, RTmotionbordermode \*beginMode, RTmotionbordermode \*endMode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetMotionSteps (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int n)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetMotionSteps (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int \*n)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetBoundingBoxProgram (RTgeometry geometry, RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetBoundingBoxProgram (RTgeometry geometry, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetIntersectionProgram (RTgeometry geometry, RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetIntersectionProgram (RTgeometry geometry, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryDeclareVariable (RTgeometry geometry, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryQueryVariable (RTgeometry geometry, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryRemoveVariable (RTgeometry geometry, RTvariable v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetVariableCount (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetVariable (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int index, RTvariable \*v)

#### 5.10.1 Detailed Description

Functions related to an OptiX Geometry node.

## 5.10.2 Function Documentation

## 5.10.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryCreate ( RTcontext,

## RTgeometry \* geometry )

Creates a new geometry node.

## Description

rtGeometryCreate creates a new geometry node within a context. *context* specifies the target context, and should be a value returned by rtContextCreate. Sets \**geometry* to the handle of a newly created geometry within *context*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if *geometry* is *NULL*.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	Specifies the rendering context of the Geometry node
out	geometry	New Geometry node handle

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtGeometryCreate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryDestroy, rtGeometrySetBoundingBoxProgram, rtGeometrySetIntersectionProgram

## 5.10.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryDeclareVariable (

RTgeometry *geometry,* const char \* *name,* RTvariable \* *v* )

Declares a new named variable associated with a geometry instance.

#### Description

rtGeometryDeclareVariable declares a new variable associated with a geometry node. *geometry* specifies the target geometry node, and should be a value returned by rtGeometryCreate. *name* specifies the name of the variable, and should be a *NULL-terminated* string. If there is currently no variable associated with *geometry* named *name*, a new variable named *name* will be created and associated with *geometry*. Returns the handle of the newly-created variable in \*v or *NULL* otherwise. After declaration, the variable can be queried with rtGeometryQueryVariable or rtGeometryGetVariable. A declared variable does not have a type until its value is set with one of the Variable setters functions. Once a variable is set, its type cannot be changed anymore.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometry	Specifies the associated Geometry node
in	name	The name that identifies the variable
out	V	Returns a handle to a newly declared variable

### Return values

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- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT ERROR VARIABLE REDECLARED
- RT ERROR ILLEGAL SYMBOL

#### History

rtGeometryDeclareVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** Variable functions, rtGeometryQueryVariable, rtGeometryGetVariable, rtGeometryRemoveVariable

# 5.10.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryDestroy ( RTgeometry geometry)

Destroys a geometry node.

#### **Description**

rtGeometryDestroy removes *geometry* from its context and deletes it. *geometry* should be a value returned by rtGeometryCreate. Associated variables declared via rtGeometryDeclareVariable are destroyed, but no child graph nodes are destroyed. After the call, *geometry* is no longer a valid handle.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometry	Handle of the geometry node to destroy
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## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

## History

rtGeometryDestroy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryCreate, rtGeometrySetPrimitiveCount, rtGeometryGetPrimitiveCount

## 5.10.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetBoundingBoxProgram (

RTgeometry,

RTprogram \* program )

Returns the attached bounding box program.

## Description

rtGeometryGetBoundingBoxProgram returns the handle *program* for the attached bounding box program of *geometry*.

## **Parameters**

in	geometry	Geometry node handle from which to query program
out	program	Handle to attached bounding box program

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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtGeometryGetBoundingBoxProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometrySetBoundingBoxProgram

## 5.10.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetContext (

RTgeometry,

RTcontext \* context )

Returns the context associated with a geometry node.

## **Description**

rtGeometryGetContext queries a geometry node for its associated context. *geometry* specifies the geometry node to query, and should be a value returned by rtGeometryCreate. Sets \**context* to the context associated with *geometry*.

## **Parameters**

in	geometry	Specifies the geometry to query
out	context	The context associated with geometry

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtGeometryGetContext was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryCreate

## 5.10.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetIntersectionProgram (

RTgeometry,

RTprogram \* program )

Returns the attached intersection program.

## Description

rtGeometryGetIntersectionProgram returns in program a handle of the attached intersection program.

## **Parameters**

in	geometry	Geometry node handle to query program
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#### **Parameters**

out	program	Handle to attached intersection program
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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

## History

rtGeometryGetIntersectionProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometrySetIntersectionProgram, rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile, rtProgramCreateFromPTXString

## 5.10.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetMotionBorderMode (

RTgeometry,

RTmotionbordermode \* beginMode,

RTmotionbordermode \* endMode )

Returns the motion border modes of a Geometry node.

**Description** rtGeometryGetMotionBorderMode returns the motion border modes for the time range associated with *geometry*.

#### **Parameters**

	in	geometry	Geometry node handle
	out	beginMode	Motion border mode at motion range begin
ſ	out	endMode	Motion border mode at motion range end

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtGeometryGetMotionBorderMode was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

See also rtGeometrySetMotionBorderMode rtGeometryGetMotionRange rtGeometryGetMotionSteps

## 5.10.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetMotionRange (

RTgeometry,

float \* timeBegin,

float \* timeEnd )

Returns the motion time range associated with a Geometry node.

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**Description** rtGeometryGetMotionRange returns the motion time range associated with *geometry* from a previous call to rtGeometrySetMotionRange, or the default values of [0.0, 1.0].

#### **Parameters**

in	geometry	Geometry node handle
out	timeBegin	Beginning time value of range
out	timeEnd	Ending time value of range

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

## History

rtGeometryGetMotionRange was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

See also rtGeometrySetMotionRange rtGeometryGetMotionBorderMode rtGeometryGetMotionSteps

## 5.10.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetMotionSteps (

RTgeometry,

unsigned int \*n)

Returns the number of motion steps associated with a Geometry node.

**Description** rtGeometryGetMotionSteps returns in *n* the number of motion steps associated with *geometry*. Note that the default value is 1, not 0, for geometry without motion.

## **Parameters**

in	geometry	Geometry node handle
out	n	Number of motion steps n >= 1

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtGeometryGetMotionSteps was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

See also rtGeometryGetMotionSteps rtGeometrySetMotionBorderMode rtGeometrySetMotionRange

## 5.10.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetPrimitiveCount (

RTgeometry,

unsigned int \* num\_primitives )

Returns the number of primitives.

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## **Description**

rtGeometryGetPrimitiveCount returns for *geometry* the number of set primitives. The number of primitives can be set with rtGeometryGetPrimitiveCount.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometry	Geometry node to query from the number of primitives
out	num_primitives	Number of primitives

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

## History

rtGeometryGetPrimitiveCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometrySetPrimitiveCount

#### 5.10.2.11 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetPrimitiveIndexOffset (

RTgeometry *geometry,* unsigned int \* *index\_offset* )

Returns the current primitive index offset.

#### **Description**

rtGeometryGetPrimitiveIndexOffset returns for *geometry* the primitive index offset. The primitive index offset can be set with rtGeometrySetPrimitiveIndexOffset.

## **Parameters**

in	geometry	Geometry node to query for the primitive index offset
out	index_offset	Primitive index offset

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

## History

rtGeometryGetPrimitiveIndexOffset was introduced in OptiX 3.5.

See also rtGeometrySetPrimitiveIndexOffset

## 5.10.2.12 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetVariable (

RTgeometry *geometry,* unsigned int *index,* 

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## RTvariable \* v )

Returns a handle to an indexed variable of a geometry node.

## Description

rtGeometryGetVariable queries the handle of a geometry node's indexed variable. *geometry* specifies the target geometry and should be a value returned by rtGeometryCreate. *index* specifies the index of the variable, and should be a value less than rtGeometryGetVariableCount. If *index* is the index of a variable attached to *geometry*, returns its handle in \*v or NULL otherwise. \*v must be declared first with rtGeometryDeclareVariable before it can be queried.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometry	The geometry node from which to query a variable	
in	index	The index that identifies the variable to be queried	
out	V	Returns handle to indexed variable	

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_NOT\_FOUND

#### History

rtGeometryGetVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryDeclareVariable, rtGeometryGetVariableCount, rtGeometryRemoveVariable, rtGeometryQueryVariable

## 5.10.2.13 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetVariableCount (

RTgeometry *geometry,* unsigned int \* count )

Returns the number of attached variables.

## **Description**

rtGeometryGetVariableCount queries the number of variables attached to a geometry node. *geometry* specifies the geometry node, and should be a value returned by rtGeometryCreate. After the call, the number of variables attached to *geometry* is returned to \*count.

## **Parameters**

in	geometry	The Geometry node to query from the number of attached variables
out	count	Returns the number of attached variables

#### **Return values**

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT

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- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

#### History

rtGeometryGetVariableCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryGetVariableCount, rtGeometryDeclareVariable, rtGeometryRemoveVariable

## 5.10.2.14 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryQueryVariable (

RTgeometry *geometry,* const char \* *name,* RTvariable \* *v* )

Returns a handle to a named variable of a geometry node.

## **Description**

rtGeometryQueryVariable queries the handle of a geometry node's named variable. *geometry* specifies the target geometry node and should be a value returned by rtGeometryCreate. *name* specifies the name of the variable, and should be a *NULL-terminated* string. If *name* is the name of a variable attached to *geometry*, returns a handle to that variable in \*v or *NULL* otherwise. Geometry variables must be declared with rtGeometryDeclareVariable before they can be queried.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometry	The geometry node to query from a variable
in	name	The name that identifies the variable to be queried
out	V	Returns the named variable

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT ERROR VARIABLE NOT FOUND

## History

rtGeometryQueryVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

 $\textbf{See also} \ \textbf{rtGeometryDeclareVariable}, \ \textbf{rtGeometryRemoveVariable}, \ \textbf{rtGeometryGetVariableCount}, \ \textbf{rtGeometryGetVariable}$ 

## 5.10.2.15 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryRemoveVariable (

RTgeometry geometry,

RTvariable v)

Removes a named variable from a geometry node.

#### Description

rtGeometryRemoveVariable removes a named variable from a geometry node. The target geometry is specified by *geometry*, which should be a value returned by rtGeometryCreate. The variable to remove is specified by *v*, which should be a value returned by rtGeometryDeclareVariable. Once a variable has

been removed from this geometry node, another variable with the same name as the removed variable may be declared.

#### **Parameters**

ir	geometry	The geometry node from which to remove a variable
ir	V	The variable to be removed

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT ERROR VARIABLE NOT FOUND

## History

rtGeometryRemoveVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextRemoveVariable

## 5.10.2.16 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetBoundingBoxProgram (

RTgeometry,

RTprogram program )

Sets the bounding box program.

## **Description**

rtGeometrySetBoundingBoxProgram sets for *geometry* the *program* that computes an axis aligned bounding box for each attached primitive to *geometry*. RTprogram's can be either generated with rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile or rtProgramCreateFromPTXString. A bounding box program is mandatory for every geometry node.

If *geometry* has more than one motion step, set using rtGeometrySetMotionSteps, then the bounding box program must compute a bounding box per primitive and per motion step.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometry	The geometry node for which to set the bounding box program
in	program	Handle to the bounding box program

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_TYPE\_MISMATCH

## History

rtGeometrySetBoundingBoxProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

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**See also** rtGeometryGetBoundingBoxProgram, rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile, rtProgramCreateFromPTXString

## 5.10.2.17 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetIntersectionProgram (

RTgeometry,

RTprogram program )

Sets the intersection program.

## **Description**

rtGeometrySetIntersectionProgram sets for *geometry* the *program* that performs ray primitive intersections. RTprogram's can be either generated with rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile or rtProgramCreateFromPTXString. An intersection program is mandatory for every geometry node.

### **Parameters**

i	n	geometry	The geometry node for which to set the intersection program
i	n	program	A handle to the ray primitive intersection program

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_TYPE\_MISMATCH

## History

rtGeometrySetIntersectionProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtGeometryGetIntersectionProgram, rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile, rtProgramCreateFromPTXString

#### 5.10.2.18 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetMotionBorderMode (

RTgeometry,

RTmotionbordermode beginMode,

RTmotionbordermode endMode )

Sets the motion border modes of a Geometry node.

**Description** rtGeometrySetMotionBorderMode sets the behavior of *geometry* outside its motion time range. Options are RT\_MOTIONBORDERMODE\_CLAMP or RT\_MOTIONBORDERMODE\_VANISH. See rtTransformSetMotionBorderMode for details.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometry	Geometry node handle
in	beginMode	Motion border mode at motion range begin
in	endMode	Motion border mode at motion range end

## **Return values**

#### Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtGeometrySetMotionBorderMode was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

See also rtGeometryGetMotionBorderMode rtGeometrySetMotionRange rtGeometrySetMotionSteps

## 5.10.2.19 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetMotionRange (

RTgeometry geometry, float timeBegin, float timeEnd )

Sets the motion time range for a Geometry node.

**Description** Sets the inclusive motion time range [timeBegin, timeEnd] for *geometry*, where timeBegin <= timeEnd. The default time range is [0.0, 1.0]. The time range has no effect unless rtGeometrySetMotionSteps is called, in which case the time steps uniformly divide the time range. See rtGeometrySetMotionSteps for additional requirements on the bounds program.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometry	Geometry node handle
out	timeBegin	Beginning time value of range
out	timeEnd	Ending time value of range

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtGeometrySetMotionRange was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

See also rtGeometryGetMotionRange rtGeometrySetMotionBorderMode rtGeometrySetMotionSteps

## 5.10.2.20 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetMotionSteps (

RTgeometry *geometry,* unsigned int *n* )

Specifies the number of motion steps associated with a Geometry.

**Description** rtGeometrySetMotionSteps sets the number of motion steps associated with *geometry*. If the value of *n* is greater than 1, then *geometry* must have an associated bounding box program that takes both a primitive index and a motion index as arguments, and computes an aabb at the motion index. See rtGeometrySetBoundingBoxProgram.

Note that all Geometry has at least one 1 motion step (the default), and Geometry that linearly moves has 2 motion steps.

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#### **Parameters**

in	geometry	Geometry node handle
in	n	Number of motion steps >= 1

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtGeometrySetMotionSteps was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

See also rtGeometryGetMotionSteps rtGeometrySetMotionBorderMode rtGeometrySetMotionRange

## 5.10.2.21 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetPrimitiveCount (

RTgeometry, geometry,

unsigned int num\_primitives )

Sets the number of primitives.

#### Description

rtGeometrySetPrimitiveCount sets the number of primitives num\_primitives in geometry.

## **Parameters**

	in	geometry	The geometry node for which to set the number of primitives
Ī	in	num_primitives	The number of primitives

## **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

## History

rtGeometrySetPrimitiveCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometryGetPrimitiveCount

## 5.10.2.22 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetPrimitiveIndexOffset (

RTgeometry *geometry,* unsigned int *index\_offset* )

Sets the primitive index offset.

#### **Description**

rtGeometrySetPrimitiveIndexOffset sets the primitive index offset *index\_offset* in *geometry*. In the past, a Geometry functions object's primitive index range always started at zero (e.g., a Geometry with *N* 

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primitives would have a primitive index range of [0,N-1]). The index offset is used to allow Geometry functions objects to have primitive index ranges starting at non-zero positions (e.g., a Geometry with *N* primitives and and index offset of *M* would have a primitive index range of [M,M+N-1]). This feature enables the sharing of vertex index buffers between multiple Geometry functions objects.

#### **Parameters**

in	geometry	The geometry node for which to set the primitive index offset
in	index_offset	The primitive index offset

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtGeometrySetPrimitiveIndexOffset was introduced in OptiX 3.5.

See also rtGeometryGetPrimitiveIndexOffset

## 5.10.2.23 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryValidate ( RTgeometry geometry )

Validates the geometry nodes integrity.

## Description

rtGeometry Validate checks *geometry* for completeness. If *geometry* or any of the objects attached to *geometry* are not valid, returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

i	n	geometry	The geometry node to be validated	
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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

## History

rtGeometryValidate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextValidate

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#### 5.11 Material functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialCreate (RTcontext context, RTmaterial \*material)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialDestroy (RTmaterial material)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialValidate (RTmaterial material)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetContext (RTmaterial material, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialSetClosestHitProgram (RTmaterial material, unsigned int ray\_type\_index, RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetClosestHitProgram (RTmaterial material, unsigned int ray\_type\_index, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialSetAnyHitProgram (RTmaterial material, unsigned int ray\_type\_index, RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetAnyHitProgram (RTmaterial material, unsigned int ray\_type\_index, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialDeclareVariable (RTmaterial material, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialQueryVariable (RTmaterial material, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialRemoveVariable (RTmaterial material, RTvariable v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetVariableCount (RTmaterial material, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetVariable (RTmaterial material, unsigned int index, RTvariable \*v)

## 5.11.1 Detailed Description

Functions related to an OptiX Material.

#### 5.11.2 Function Documentation

## 5.11.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialCreate (

RTcontext context,

RTmaterial \* material )

Creates a new material.

## **Description**

rtMaterialCreate creates a new material within a context. *context* specifies the target context, as returned by rtContextCreate. Sets \**material* to the handle of a newly created material within *context*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if *material* is *NULL*.

#### **Parameters**

	in	context	Specifies a context within which to create a new material
ſ	out	material	Returns a newly created material

#### **Return values**

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

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RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

### History

rtMaterialCreate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtMaterialDestroy, rtContextCreate

## 5.11.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialDeclareVariable (

RTmaterial *material,* const char \* *name,* RTvariable \* *v* )

Declares a new named variable to be associated with a material.

#### Description

rtMaterialDeclareVariable declares a new variable to be associated with a material. *material* specifies the target material, and should be a value returned by rtMaterialCreate. *name* specifies the name of the variable, and should be a *NULL-terminated* string. If there is currently no variable associated with *material* named *name*, and *v* is not *NULL*, a new variable named *name* will be created and associated with *material* and \**v* will be set to the handle of the newly-created variable. Otherwise, this call has no effect and returns either RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if either *name* or *v* is *NULL* or RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_REDECLARED if *name* is the name of an existing variable associated with the material.

#### **Parameters**

in	material	Specifies the material to modify
in	name	Specifies the name of the variable
out	V	Returns a handle to a newly declared variable

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED
- RT ERROR VARIABLE REDECLARED
- RT\_ERROR\_ILLEGAL\_SYMBOL

## History

rtMaterialDeclareVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtMaterialGetVariable, rtMaterialQueryVariable, rtMaterialCreate

## 5.11.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialDestroy (

RTmaterial material)

Destroys a material object.

## **Description**

rtMaterialDestroy removes *material* from its context and deletes it. *material* should be a value returned by rtMaterialCreate. Associated variables declared via rtMaterialDeclareVariable are destroyed, but no child graph nodes are destroyed. After the call, *material* is no longer a valid handle.

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#### **Parameters**

in	material	Handle of the material node to destroy	I
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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtMaterialDestroy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtMaterialCreate

## 5.11.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetAnyHitProgram (

RTmaterial *material*, unsigned int *ray\_type\_index*, RTprogram \* *program* )

Returns the any hit program associated with a (material, ray type) tuple.

#### **Description**

rtMaterialGetAnyHitProgram queries the any hit program associated with a (material, ray type) tuple. material specifies the material of interest and should be a value returned by rtMaterialCreate. ray\_type\_index specifies the target ray type and should be a value less than the value returned by rtContextGetRayTypeCount. if all parameters are valid, \*program sets to the handle of the any hit program associated with the tuple (material, ray\_type\_index). Otherwise, the call has no effect and returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

in	material	Specifies the material of the (material, ray type) tuple to query
in	ray_type_index	Specifies the type of ray of the (material, ray type) tuple to query
out	program	Returns the any hit program associated with the (material, ray type) tuple

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtMaterialGetAnyHitProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtMaterialSetAnyHitProgram, rtMaterialCreate, rtContextGetRayTypeCount

#### 5.11.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetClosestHitProgram (

RTmaterial *material*, unsigned int *ray\_type\_index*,

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## RTprogram \* program )

Returns the closest hit program associated with a (material, ray type) tuple.

## Description

rtMaterialGetClosestHitProgram queries the closest hit program associated with a (material, ray type) tuple. *material* specifies the material of interest and should be a value returned by rtMaterialCreate. *ray\_type\_index* specifies the target ray type and should be a value less than the value returned by rtContextGetRayTypeCount. If all parameters are valid, \**program* sets to the handle of the any hit program associated with the tuple (*material*, *ray\_type\_index*). Otherwise, the call has no effect and returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

in	material	Specifies the material of the (material, ray type) tuple to query
in	ray_type_index	Specifies the type of ray of the (material, ray type) tuple to query
out	program	Returns the closest hit program associated with the (material, ray type) tuple

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

## History

rtMaterialGetClosestHitProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtMaterialSetClosestHitProgram, rtMaterialCreate, rtContextGetRayTypeCount

#### 5.11.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetContext (

RTmaterial material.

RTcontext \* context )

Returns the context associated with a material.

## Description

rtMaterialGetContext queries a material for its associated context. *material* specifies the material to query, and should be a value returned by rtMaterialCreate. If both parameters are valid, \**context* sets to the context associated with *material*. Otherwise, the call has no effect and returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

in	material	Specifies the material to query
out	context	Returns the context associated with the material

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

### History

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rtMaterialGetContext was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtMaterialCreate

# 5.11.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetVariable (

RTmaterial *material,* unsigned int *index,* RTvariable \* *v* )

Returns a handle to an indexed variable of a material.

# **Description**

rtMaterialGetVariable queries the handle of a material's indexed variable. *material* specifies the target material and should be a value returned by rtMaterialCreate. *index* specifies the index of the variable, and should be a value less than rtMaterialGetVariableCount. If *material* is a valid material and *index* is the index of a variable attached to *material*, \*v is set to a handle to that variable. Otherwise, \*v is set to *NULL* and either RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE or RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_NOT\_FOUND is returned depending on the validity of *material*, or *index*, respectively.

#### **Parameters**

in	material	Specifies the material to query
in	index	Specifies the index of the variable to query
out	V	Returns the indexed variable

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_NOT\_FOUND

# History

rtMaterialGetVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtMaterialQueryVariable, rtMaterialGetVariableCount, rtMaterialCreate

### 5.11.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetVariableCount (

RTmaterial *material*, unsigned int \* count )

Returns the number of variables attached to a material.

# **Description**

rtMaterialGetVariableCount queries the number of variables attached to a material. *material* specifies the material, and should be a value returned by rtMaterialCreate. After the call, if both parameters are valid, the number of variables attached to *material* is returned to \*count. Otherwise, the call has no effect and returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

# **Parameters**

in	material	Specifies the material to query
ou	count	Returns the number of variables

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# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtMaterialGetVariableCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtMaterialCreate

# 5.11.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialQueryVariable (

RTmaterial *material,* const char \* *name,* RTvariable \* *v* )

Queries for the existence of a named variable of a material.

# **Description**

rtMaterialQueryVariable queries for the existence of a material's named variable. *material* specifies the target material and should be a value returned by rtMaterialCreate. *name* specifies the name of the variable, and should be a *NULL-terminated* string. If *material* is a valid material and *name* is the name of a variable attached to *material*, \*v is set to a handle to that variable after the call. Otherwise, \*v is set to *NULL*. If *material* is not a valid material, returns RT ERROR INVALID VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

in	material	Specifies the material to query
in	name	Specifies the name of the variable to query
out	V	Returns a the named variable, if it exists

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtMaterialQueryVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtMaterialGetVariable, rtMaterialCreate

#### 5.11.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialRemoveVariable (

RTmaterial *material*, RTvariable *v* )

Removes a variable from a material.

# **Description**

rtMaterialRemoveVariable removes a variable from a material. The material of interest is specified by *material*, which should be a value returned by rtMaterialCreate. The variable to remove is specified by *v*, which should be a value returned by rtMaterialDeclareVariable. Once a variable has been removed from this material, another variable with the same name as the removed variable may be declared. If

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material does not refer to a valid material, this call has no effect and returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE. If v is not a valid variable or does not belong to material, this call has no effect and returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE or RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_NOT\_FOUND, respectively.

#### **Parameters**

in	material	Specifies the material to modify
in	V	Specifies the variable to remove

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_NOT\_FOUND

# History

rtMaterialRemoveVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtMaterialDeclareVariable, rtMaterialCreate

# 5.11.2.11 RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialSetAnyHitProgram (

RTmaterial *material*, unsigned int *ray\_type\_index*, RTprogram *program* )

Sets the any hit program associated with a (material, ray type) tuple.

#### Description

rtMaterialSetAnyHitProgram specifies an any hit program to associate with a (material, ray type) tuple. *material* specifies the target material and should be a value returned by rtMaterialCreate. *ray\_type\_index* specifies the type of ray to which the program applies and should be a value less than the value returned by rtContextGetRayTypeCount. *program* specifies the target any hit program which applies to the tuple (*material*, *ray\_type\_index*) and should be a value returned by either rtProgramCreateFromPTXString or rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile.

# **Parameters**

in material Specifies the m		Specifies the material of the (material, ray type) tuple to modify
in	ray_type_index	Specifies the type of ray of the (material, ray type) tuple to modify
in	program	Specifies the any hit program to associate with the (material, ray type) tuple

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

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RT\_ERROR\_TYPE\_MISMATCH

#### History

rtMaterialSetAnyHitProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtMaterialGetAnyHitProgram, rtMaterialCreate, rtContextGetRayTypeCount, rtProgramCreateFromPTXString, rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile

# 5.11.2.12 RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialSetClosestHitProgram (

RTmaterial *material*, unsigned int *ray\_type\_index*, RTprogram *program* )

Sets the closest hit program associated with a (material, ray type) tuple.

#### Description

rtMaterialSetClosestHitProgram specifies a closest hit program to associate with a (material, ray type) tuple. *material* specifies the material of interest and should be a value returned by rtMaterialCreate. *ray\_type\_index* specifies the type of ray to which the program applies and should be a value less than the value returned by rtContextGetRayTypeCount. *program* specifies the target closest hit program which applies to the tuple (*material*, *ray\_type\_index*) and should be a value returned by either rtProgramCreateFromPTXString or rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile.

#### **Parameters**

	in	material	Specifies the material of the (material, ray type) tuple to modify
Ī	in	ray_type_index	Specifies the ray type of the (material, ray type) tuple to modify
Ī	in	program	Specifies the closest hit program to associate with the (material, ray type) tuple

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_TYPE\_MISMATCH

# History

rtMaterialSetClosestHitProgram was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtMaterialGetClosestHitProgram, rtMaterialCreate, rtContextGetRayTypeCount, rtProgramCreateFromPTXString, rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile

# 5.11.2.13 RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialValidate (

RTmaterial material)

Verifies the state of a material.

# **Description**

rtMaterialValidate checks *material* for completeness. If *material* or any of the objects attached to *material* are not valid, returns RT ERROR INVALID VALUE.

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# **Parameters**

in	material	Specifies the material to be validated	
----	----------	--	--

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtMaterialValidate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtMaterialCreate

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# 5.12 Program functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramCreateFromPTXString (RTcontext context, const char \*ptx, const char \*program name, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile (RTcontext context, const char \*filename, const char \*program\_name, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramDestroy (RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramValidate (RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramGetContext (RTprogram program, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramDeclareVariable (RTprogram program, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramQueryVariable (RTprogram program, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramRemoveVariable (RTprogram program, RTvariable v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramGetVariableCount (RTprogram program, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramGetVariable (RTprogram program, unsigned int index, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramGetId (RTprogram program, int \*program id)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetProgramFromId (RTcontext context, int program\_id, RTprogram \*program)

#### 5.12.1 Detailed Description

Functions related to an OptiX program.

# 5.12.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.12.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetProgramFromId (

RTcontext context, int program\_id, RTprogram \* program )

Gets an RTprogram corresponding to the program id.

# Description

rtContextGetProgramFromId returns a handle to the program in \*program corresponding to the program\_id supplied. If program\_id is not a valid program handle, \*program is set to NULL. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if context is invalid or program\_id is not a valid program handle.

# **Parameters**

in context The context the program should be originated from		The context the program should be originated from	
ſ	in	program_id	The ID of the program to query
	out	program	The return handle for the program object corresponding to the program_id

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

RT SUCCESS

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# RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtContextGetProgramFromId was introduced in OptiX 3.6.

See also rtProgramGetId

# 5.12.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile (

```
RTcontext context,
const char * filename,
const char * program_name,
RTprogram * program )
```

Creates a new program object.

#### Description

rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile allocates and returns a handle to a new program object. The program is created from PTX code held in *filename* from function *program\_name*.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context to create the program in
in	filename	Path to the file containing the PTX code
in	program_name	The name of the PTX function to create the program from
in	program	Handle to the program to be created

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_SOURCE
- RT\_ERROR\_FILE\_NOT\_FOUND

#### History

rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also RT\_PROGRAM, rtProgramCreateFromPTXString, rtProgramDestroy

# 5.12.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtProgramCreateFromPTXString (

```
RTcontext context,
const char * ptx,
const char * program_name,
RTprogram * program )
```

Creates a new program object.

# **Description**

rtProgramCreateFromPTXString allocates and returns a handle to a new program object. The program is created from PTX code held in the *NULL-terminated* string *ptx* from function *program\_name*.

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#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context to create the program in
in	ptx	The string containing the PTX code
in	program_name	The name of the PTX function to create the program from
in	program	Handle to the program to be created

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_SOURCE

# History

rtProgramCreateFromPTXString was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also RT PROGRAM, rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile, rtProgramDestroy

#### 5.12.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtProgramDeclareVariable (

RTprogram *program,* const char \* *name,* RTvariable \* *v* )

Declares a new named variable associated with a program.

# **Description**

rtProgramDeclareVariable declares a new variable, *name*, and associates it with the program. A variable can only be declared with the same name once on the program. Any attempt to declare multiple variables with the same name will cause the call to fail and return RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_REDECLARED. If *name* or *v* is *NULL* returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

# **Parameters**

in	program	The program the declared variable will be attached to
in	name	The name of the variable to be created
out	V	Return handle to the variable to be created

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_REDECLARED
- RT\_ERROR\_ILLEGAL\_SYMBOL

# History

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rtProgramDeclareVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtProgramRemoveVariable, rtProgramGetVariable, rtProgramGetVariableCount, rtProgramQueryVariable

# 5.12.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtProgramDestroy (

RTprogram *program* )

Destroys a program object.

#### **Description**

rtProgramDestroy removes *program* from its context and deletes it. *program* should be a value returned by *rtProgramCreate\**. Associated variables declared via rtProgramDeclareVariable are destroyed. After the call, *program* is no longer a valid handle.

#### **Parameters**

in	program	Handle of the program to destroy
----	---------	----------------------------------

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtProgramDestroy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile, rtProgramCreateFromPTXString

#### 5.12.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtProgramGetContext (

RTprogram program,

RTcontext \* context )

Gets the context object that created a program.

# **Description**

rtProgramGetContext returns a handle to the context object that was used to create *program*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if *context* is *NULL*.

# **Parameters**

	in	program	The program to be queried for its context object
Ī	out	context	The return handle for the requested context object

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

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RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtProgramGetContext was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextCreate

# 5.12.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtProgramGetId (

RTprogram *program*, int \* *program\_id* )

Returns the ID for the Program object.

# **Description**

rtProgramGetId returns an ID for the provided program. The returned ID is used to reference *program* from device code. If *program\_id* is *NULL* or the *program* is not a valid *RTprogram*, returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE. RT\_PROGRAM\_ID\_NULL can be used as a sentinel for a non-existent program, since this value will never be returned as a valid program id.

#### **Parameters**

in	program	The program to be queried for its id
out	program_id	The returned ID of the program.

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtProgramGetId was introduced in OptiX 3.6.

See also rtContextGetProgramFromId

#### 5.12.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtProgramGetVariable (

RTprogram *program,* unsigned int *index,* RTvariable \* *v* )

Returns a handle to a variable attached to a program by index.

# **Description**

rtProgramGetVariable returns a handle to a variable in \*v attached to program with rtProgramDeclareVariable by index. index must be between 0 and one less than the value returned by rtProgramGetVariableCount. The order in which variables are enumerated is not constant and may change as variables are attached and removed from the program object.

# **Parameters**

in	program	The program to be queried for the indexed variable object
in	index	The index of the variable to return
out	V	Return handle to the variable object specified by the index

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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_NOT\_FOUND

## History

rtProgramGetVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtProgramDeclareVariable, rtProgramRemoveVariable, rtProgramGetVariableCount, rtProgramQueryVariable

#### 5.12.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtProgramGetVariableCount (

```
RTprogram program, unsigned int * count )
```

Returns the number of variables attached to a program.

### **Description**

rtProgramGetVariableCount returns, in \*count, the number of variable objects that have been attached to program.

#### **Parameters**

in	program	The program to be queried for its variable count
out	count	The return handle for the number of variables attached to this program

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

# History

rtProgramGetVariableCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtProgramDeclareVariable, rtProgramRemoveVariable, rtProgramGetVariable, rtProgramQueryVariable

#### 5.12.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtProgramQueryVariable (

```
RTprogram program, const char * name, RTvariable * v )
```

Returns a handle to the named variable attached to a program.

### **Description**

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rtProgramQueryVariable returns a handle to a variable object, in \*v, attached to *program* referenced by the *NULL-terminated* string *name*. If *name* is not the name of a variable attached to *program*, \*v will be *NULL* after the call.

#### **Parameters**

in	program	The program to be queried for the named variable
in	name	The name of the program to be queried for
out	V	The return handle to the variable object
	program	Handle to the program to be created

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtProgramQueryVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtProgramDeclareVariable, rtProgramRemoveVariable, rtProgramGetVariable, rtProgramGetVariable, rtProgramGetVariable

# 5.12.2.11 RTresult RTAPI rtProgramRemoveVariable (

RTprogram program,

RTvariable v)

Removes the named variable from a program.

# **Description**

rtProgramRemoveVariable removes variable *v* from the *program* object. Once a variable has been removed from this program, another variable with the same name as the removed variable may be declared.

#### **Parameters**

	in	program	The program to remove the variable from
Ī	in	V	The variable to remove

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_NOT\_FOUND

# History

rtProgramRemoveVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

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**See also** rtProgramDeclareVariable, rtProgramGetVariable, rtProgramGetVariableCount, rtProgramQueryVariable

# 5.12.2.12 RTresult RTAPI rtProgramValidate ( RTprogram program )

Validates the state of a program.

# **Description**

rtProgramValidate checks *program* for completeness. If *program* or any of the objects attached to *program* are not valid, returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT.

#### **Parameters**

in
----

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtProgramValidate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile, rtProgramCreateFromPTXString

# 5.13 Buffer functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferCreateForCUDA (RTcontext context, unsigned int bufferdesc, RTbuffer \*buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetDevicePointer (RTbuffer buffer, int optix\_device\_ordinal, void \*\*device\_pointer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferMarkDirty (RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetDevicePointer (RTbuffer buffer, int optix\_device\_ordinal, void \*device\_pointer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferCreateFromGLBO (RTcontext context, unsigned int bufferdesc, unsigned int glld, RTbuffer \*buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerCreateFromGLImage (RTcontext context, unsigned int glld, RTgltarget target, RTtexturesampler \*textureSampler)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetGLBOId (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int \*glld)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetGLImageId (RTtexturesampler textureSampler, unsigned int \*gIId)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGLRegister (RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGLUnregister (RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGLRegister (RTtexturesampler textureSampler)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGLUnregister (RTtexturesampler textureSampler)
- RTresult RTAPI rtDeviceGetWGLDevice (int \*device, HGPUNV gpu)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferCreate (RTcontext context, unsigned int bufferdesc, RTbuffer \*buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferDestroy (RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferValidate (RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetContext (RTbuffer buffer, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetFormat (RTbuffer buffer, RTformat format)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetFormat (RTbuffer buffer, RTformat \*format)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetElementSize (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize size\_of\_element)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetElementSize (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize \*size\_of\_element)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetSize1D (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize width)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetSize1D (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize \*width)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetSize2D (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize width, RTsize height)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetSize2D (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize \*width, RTsize \*height)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetSize3D (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize width, RTsize height, RTsize depth)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetMipLevelCount (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int levels)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetSize3D (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize \*width, RTsize \*height, RTsize \*depth)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int level, RTsize \*width)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int level, RTsize \*width, RTsize \*height)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int level, RTsize \*width, RTsize \*height, RTsize \*depth)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetSizev (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int dimensionality, const RTsize \*dims)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetSizev (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int dimensionality, RTsize \*dims)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetDimensionality (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int \*dimensionality)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetMipLevelCount (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int \*level)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferMap (RTbuffer buffer, void \*\*user\_pointer)

- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferUnmap (RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferMapEx (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int map\_flags, unsigned int level, void \*user\_owned, void \*\*optix\_owned)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferUnmapEx (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int level)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetId (RTbuffer buffer, int \*buffer\_id)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetBufferFromId (RTcontext context, int buffer id, RTbuffer \*buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetProgressiveUpdateReady (RTbuffer buffer, int \*ready, unsigned int \*subframe\_count, unsigned int \*max\_subframes)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferBindProgressiveStream (RTbuffer stream, RTbuffer source)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetAttribute (RTbuffer buffer, RTbufferattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetAttribute (RTbuffer buffer, RTbufferattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)

#### 5.13.1 Detailed Description

Functions related to an OptiX Buffer.

#### 5.13.2 Function Documentation

# 5.13.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferBindProgressiveStream ( RTbuffer stream, RTbuffer source )

Bind a stream buffer to an output buffer source.

# Description

Binds an output buffer to a progressive stream. The output buffer thereby becomes the data source for the stream. To form a valid output/stream pair, the stream buffer must be of format RT\_FORMAT\_UNSIGNED\_BYTE4, and the output buffer must be of format RT\_FORMAT\_FLOAT3 or RT\_FORMAT\_FLOAT4. The use of RT\_FORMAT\_FLOAT4 is recommended for performance reasons, even if the fourth component is unused. The output buffer must be of type RT\_BUFFER\_OUTPUT; it may not be of type RT\_BUFFER\_INPUT\_OUTPUT.

### **Parameters**

in	stream	The stream buffer for which the source is to be specified
in	source	The output buffer to function as the stream's source

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtBufferBindProgressiveStream was introduced in OptiX 3.8.

See also rtBufferCreate rtBufferSetAttribute rtBufferGetAttribute

# 5.13.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferCreate ( RTcontext context,

unsigned int *bufferdesc*, RTbuffer \* *buffer* )

Creates a new buffer object.

# **Description**

rtBufferCreate allocates and returns a new handle to a new buffer object in \*buffer associated with context. The backing storage of the buffer is managed by OptiX. A buffer is specified by a bitwise or combination of a type and flags in bufferdesc. The supported types are:

- RT BUFFER INPUT
- RT BUFFER OUTPUT
- RT BUFFER INPUT OUTPUT
- RT\_BUFFER\_PROGRESSIVE\_STREAM

The type values are used to specify the direction of data flow from the host to the OptiX devices. RT\_BUFFER\_INPUT specifies that the host may only write to the buffer and the device may only read from the buffer. RT\_BUFFER\_OUTPUT specifies the opposite, read only access on the host and write only access on the device. Devices and the host may read and write from buffers of type RT\_BUFFER\_INPUT\_OUTPUT. Reading or writing to a buffer of the incorrect type (e.g., the host writing to a buffer of type RT\_BUFFER\_OUTPUT) is undefined.

RT\_BUFFER\_PROGRESSIVE\_STREAM is used to receive stream updates generated by progressive launches (see rtContextLaunchProgressive2D).

The supported flags are:

- RT BUFFER GPU LOCAL
- · RT BUFFER COPY ON DIRTY
- RT BUFFER\_LAYERED
- RT BUFFER CUBEMAP

If RT\_BUFFER\_LAYERED flag is set, buffer depth specifies the number of layers, not the depth of a 3D buffer. If RT\_BUFFER\_CUBEMAP flag is set, buffer depth specifies the number of cube faces, not the depth of a 3D buffer. See details in rtBufferSetSize3D

Flags can be used to optimize data transfers between the host and its devices. The flag RT\_BUFFER\_GPU\_LOCAL can only be used in combination with RT\_BUFFER\_INPUT\_OUTPUT. RT\_BUFFER\_INPUT\_OUTPUT and RT\_BUFFER\_GPU\_LOCAL used together specify a buffer that allows the host to *only* write, and the device to read *and* write data. The written data will never be visible on the host side and will generally not be visible on other devices.

If rtBufferGetDevicePointer has been called for a single device for a given buffer, the user can change the buffer's content on that device through the pointer. OptiX must then synchronize the new buffer contents to all devices. These synchronization copies occur at every rtContextLaunch, unless the buffer is created with RT\_BUFFER\_COPY\_ON\_DIRTY. In this case, rtBufferMarkDirty can be used to notify OptiX that the buffer has been dirtied and must be synchronized.

Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if buffer is NULL.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context to create the buffer in
in	bufferdesc	Bitwise or combination of the type and flags of the new buffer
out	buffer	The return handle for the buffer object

# Return values

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferCreate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

RT BUFFER GPU LOCAL was introduced in OptiX 2.0.

See also rtBufferCreateFromGLBO, rtBufferDestroy, rtBufferMarkDirty rtBufferBindProgressiveStream

# 5.13.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferCreateForCUDA (

RTcontext *context,* unsigned int *bufferdesc,* RTbuffer \* *buffer* )

Creates a new buffer object that will later rely on user-side CUDA allocation.

# Description

DEPRECATED in OptiX 4.0. Now forwards to rtBufferCreate.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context to create the buffer in
in	bufferdesc	Bitwise or combination of the type and flags of the new buffer
out	buffer	The return handle for the buffer object

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtBufferCreateForCUDA was introduced in OptiX 3.0.

See also rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetDevicePointer, rtBufferMarkDirty, rtBufferDestroy

# 5.13.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferCreateFromGLBO (

RTcontext *context*, unsigned int *bufferdesc*, unsigned int *glld*, RTbuffer \* *buffer* )

Creates a new buffer object from an OpenGL buffer object.

#### **Description**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} {\bf rtBufferCreateFromGLBO} & allocates and returns a handle to a new buffer object in *buffer associated with $\it context.$ Supported OpenGL buffer types are: \\ \end{tabular}$ 

· Pixel Buffer Objects

· Vertex Buffer Objects

These buffers can be used to share data with OpenGL; changes of the content in *buffer*, either done by OpenGL or OptiX, will be reflected automatically in both APIs. If the size, or format, of an OpenGL buffer is changed, appropriate OptiX calls have to be used to update *buffer* accordingly. OptiX keeps only a reference to OpenGL data, when *buffer* is destroyed, the state of the *gl\_id* object is unaltered.

The type of this buffer is specified by one of the following values in bufferdesc:

- RT BUFFER INPUT
- RT BUFFER OUTPUT
- RT BUFFER INPUT OUTPUT

The type values are used to specify the direction of data flow from the host to the OptiX devices. RT\_BUFFER\_INPUT specifies that the host may only write to the buffer and the device may only read from the buffer. RT\_BUFFER\_OUTPUT specifies the opposite, read only access on the host and write only access on the device. Devices and the host may read and write from buffers of type RT\_BUFFER\_INPUT\_OUTPUT. Reading or writing to a buffer of the incorrect type (e.g., the host writing to a buffer of type RT\_BUFFER\_OUTPUT) is undefined.

Flags can be used to optimize data transfers between the host and it's devices. Currently no *flags* are supported for interop buffers.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context to create the buffer in
in	bufferdesc	Bitwise or combination of the type and flags of the new buffer
in	glld	The OpenGL image object resource handle for use in OptiX
out	buffer	The return handle for the buffer object

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferCreateFromGLBO was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtBufferCreate, rtBufferDestroy

# 5.13.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferDestroy ( RTbuffer buffer )

Destroys a buffer object.

#### Description

rtBufferDestroy removes *buffer* from its context and deletes it. *buffer* should be a value returned by rtBufferCreate. After the call, *buffer* is no longer a valid handle. Any API object that referenced *buffer* will have its reference invalidated.

#### **Parameters**

in buffer Handle of the buffer to destroy
---

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferDestroy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtBufferCreate, rtBufferCreateFromGLBO

# 5.13.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetAttribute (

RTbuffer *buffer,*RTbufferattribute *attrib,*RTsize *size,*void \* *p* )

Query a buffer attribute.

# **Description**

rtBufferGetAttribute is used to query buffer attributes. For a list of available attributes, please refer to rtBufferSetAttribute.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to query the attribute from
in	n attrib The attribute to query	
in	size	The size of the attribute value, in bytes. For string attributes, this is the maximum buffer size the returned string will use (including a terminating null character).
out	р	Pointer to the attribute value to be filled in. Must point to valid memory of at least <i>size</i> bytes.

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtBufferGetAttribute was introduced in OptiX 3.8.

See also rtBufferSetAttribute

# 5.13.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetContext (

RTbuffer *buffer,*RTcontext \* *context* )

Returns the context object that created this buffer.

# **Description**

rtBufferGetContext returns a handle to the context that created *buffer* in \*context. If \*context is NULL, returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its context
out	context	The return handle for the buffer's context

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtBufferGetContext was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextCreate

#### 5.13.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetDevicePointer (

RTbuffer buffer, int optix\_device\_ordinal, void \*\* device\_pointer )

Gets the pointer to the buffer's data on the given device.

# **Description**

rtBufferGetDevicePointer returns the pointer to the data of *buffer* on device *optix\_device\_ordinal* in \*\*device\_pointer.

If rtBufferGetDevicePointer has been called for a single device for a given buffer, the user can change the buffer's content on that device through the pointer. OptiX must then synchronize the new buffer contents to all devices. These synchronization copies occur at every rtContextLaunch, unless the buffer is created with RT\_BUFFER\_COPY\_ON\_DIRTY. In this case, rtBufferMarkDirty can be used to notify OptiX that the buffer has been dirtied and must be synchronized.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its device pointer
in	optix_device_ordinal	The number assigned by OptiX to the device
out	device_pointer	The return handle to the buffer's device pointer

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtBufferGetDevicePointer was introduced in OptiX 3.0.

See also rtBufferMarkDirty, rtBufferSetDevicePointer

# 5.13.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetDimensionality (

RTbuffer buffer,

unsigned int \* dimensionality )

Gets the dimensionality of this buffer object.

#### **Description**

rtBufferGetDimensionality returns the dimensionality of *buffer* in \*dimensionality. The value returned will be one of 1, 2 or 3, corresponding to 1D, 2D and 3D buffers, respectively.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its dimensionality
out	dimensionality	The return handle for the buffer's dimensionality

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferGetDimensionality was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtBufferSetSize{1-2-3}D

# 5.13.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetElementSize (

RTbuffer buffer.

RTsize \* size\_of\_element )

Returns the size of a buffer's individual elements.

# **Description**

rtBufferGetElementSize queries the size of a buffer's elements. The target buffer is specified by buffer, which should be a value returned by rtBufferCreate. The size, in bytes, of the buffer's individual elements is returned in \*element\_size\_return. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if given a NULL pointer.

# **Parameters**

in	buffer	Specifies the buffer to be queried
out	size_of_element	Returns the size of the buffer's individual elements

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR UNKNOWN

#### History

rtBufferGetElementSize was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtBufferSetElementSize, rtBufferCreate

#### 5.13.2.11 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetFormat (

RTbuffer buffer,

RTformat \* format )

Gets the format of this buffer.

# **Description**

rtBufferGetFormat returns, in \*format, the format of buffer. See rtBufferSetFormat for a listing of RTbuffer values.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its format
out	format	The return handle for the buffer's format

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtBufferGetFormat was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtBufferSetFormat, rtBufferGetFormat

# 5.13.2.12 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetGLBOld (

RTbuffer buffer,

unsigned int \* glld )

Gets the OpenGL Buffer Object ID associated with this buffer.

# **Description**

rtBufferGetGLBOId stores the OpenGL buffer object id in  $gl\_id$  if buffer was created with rtBufferCreateFromGLBO. If buffer was not created from an OpenGL Buffer Object  $gl\_id$  will be set to 0.

# **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its OpenGL buffer object id
in	glld	The return handle for the id

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferGetGLBOId was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtBufferCreateFromGLBO

# 5.13.2.13 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetId (

RTbuffer buffer,

int \* buffer\_id )

Gets an id suitable for use with buffers of buffers.

#### Description

rtBufferGetId returns an ID for the provided buffer. The returned ID is used on the device to reference the buffer. It needs to be copied into a buffer of type RT\_FORMAT\_BUFFER\_ID or used in a rtBufferId object.. If \*buffer\_id is NULL or the buffer is not a valid RTbuffer, returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE. RT\_BUFFER\_ID\_NULL can be used as a sentinal for a non-existent buffer, since this value will never be returned as a valid buffer id.

#### **Parameters**

	in	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its id
Ī	out	buffer_id	The returned ID of the buffer

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtBufferGetId was introduced in OptiX 3.5.

See also rtContextGetBufferFromId

#### 5.13.2.14 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetMipLevelCount (

RTbuffer buffer,

unsigned int \* level )

Gets the number of mipmap levels of this buffer object.

# **Description**

rtBufferGetMipLevelCount returns the number of mipmap levels. Default number of MIP levels is 1.

# **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its number of mipmap levels
out	level	The return number of mipmap levels

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferGetMipLevelCount was introduced in OptiX 3.9.

**See also** rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, rtBufferSetSize1D, rtBufferSetSize2D, rtBufferSetSize3D, rtBufferSetSizev, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize3D, rtBufferGetSize4D, rtBufferGe

# 5.13.2.15 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D (

RTbuffer *buffer,* unsigned int *level,* RTsize \* *width* )

Gets the width of buffer specific MIP level.

# **Description**

rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D stores the width of buffer in \*width.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its dimensions
in	level	The buffer MIP level index to be queried for its dimensions
out	width	The return handle for the buffer's width Return values

# Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D was introduced in OptiX 3.9.

**See also** rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, rtBufferSetSize1D, rtBufferSetSize2D, rtBufferSetSize3D, rtBufferSetSizev, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D, rtBufferGetMipLevelCount, rtBufferGetSize1D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize3D, rtBufferGetSizev

# 5.13.2.16 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D (

RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int level, RTsize \* width, RTsize \* height)

Gets the width, height of buffer specific MIP level.

#### Description

rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D stores the width, height of buffer in \*width and \*height respectively.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its dimensions
in	level	The buffer MIP level index to be queried for its dimensions
out	width	The return handle for the buffer's width
out	height	The return handle for the buffer's height <b>Return values</b>

#### Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D was introduced in OptiX 3.9.

See also rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, rtBufferSetSize1D, rtBufferSetSize2D, rtBufferSetSize3D, rtBufferSetSizev, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D, rtBufferGetMipLevelCount, rtBufferGetSize1D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize3D, rtBufferGetSizev

# 5.13.2.17 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D (

RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int level, RTsize \* width, RTsize \* height, RTsize \* depth)

Gets the width, height and depth of buffer specific MIP level.

# **Description**

rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D stores the width, height and depth of *buffer* in \*width, \*height and \*depth, respectively.

# **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its dimensions
in <i>level</i>		The buffer MIP level index to be queried for its dimensions
out	width	The return handle for the buffer's width
out	height	The return handle for the buffer's height
out	depth	The return handle for the buffer's depth Return values

#### Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D was introduced in OptiX 3.9.

**See also** rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, rtBufferSetSize1D, rtBufferSetSize2D, rtBufferSetSize3D, rtBufferSetSizev, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D, rtBufferGetMipLevelCount, rtBufferGetSize1D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSizev

# 5.13.2.18 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetProgressiveUpdateReady (

```
RTbuffer buffer,
int * ready,
unsigned int * subframe_count,
unsigned int * max_subframes )
```

Check whether stream buffer content has been updated by a Progressive Launch.

# **Description**

Returns whether or not the result of a progressive launch in *buffer* has been updated since the last time this function was called. A client application should use this call in its main render/display loop to poll for frame refreshes after initiating a progressive launch. If *subframe\_count* and *max\_subframes* are non-null, they will be filled with the corresponding counters if and only if *ready* returns 1.

Note that this call does not stop a progressive render.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The stream buffer to be queried	
out	ready	Ready flag. Will be set to 1 if an update is available, or 0 if no update is available.	
out	subframe_count	The number of subframes accumulated in the latest result	

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtBufferGetProgressiveUpdateReady was introduced in OptiX 3.8.

See also rtContextLaunchProgressive2D

# 5.13.2.19 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetSize1D (

RTbuffer *buffer,* RTsize \* *width* )

Get the width of this buffer.

# **Description**

rtBufferGetSize1D stores the width of buffer in \*width.

#### **Parameters**

i	n	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its dimensions
С	out	width	The return handle for the buffer's width

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferGetSize1D was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, rtBufferSetSize1D, rtBufferSetSize2D, rtBufferSetSize3D, rtBufferSetSizev, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D, rtBufferGetMipLevelCount, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize3D, rtBufferGetSizev

# 5.13.2.20 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetSize2D (

```
RTbuffer buffer,
RTsize * width,
RTsize * height )
```

Gets the width and height of this buffer.

# **Description**

rtBufferGetSize2D stores the width and height of buffer in \*width and \*height, respectively.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its dimensions
out	width	The return handle for the buffer's width
out	height	The return handle for the buffer's height

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferGetSize2D was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, rtBufferSetSize1D, rtBufferSetSize2D, rtBufferSetSize3D, rtBufferSetSizev, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D, rtBufferGetMipLevelCount, rtBufferGetSize1D, rtBufferGetSize3D, rtBufferGetSizev

# 5.13.2.21 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetSize3D (

```
RTbuffer buffer,
RTsize * width,
RTsize * height,
RTsize * depth )
```

Gets the width, height and depth of this buffer.

# Description

rtBufferGetSize3D stores the width, height and depth of *buffer* in \*width, \*height and \*depth, respectively.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its dimensions
out	width	The return handle for the buffer's width
out	height	The return handle for the buffer's height
out	depth	The return handle for the buffer's depth

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtBufferGetSize3D was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, rtBufferSetSize1D, rtBufferSetSize2D, rtBufferSetSize3D, rtBufferSetSizev, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D, rtBufferGetMipLevelCount, rtBufferGetSize1D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSizev

#### 5.13.2.22 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetSizev (

RTbuffer *buffer,* unsigned int *dimensionality,* RTsize \* *dims* )

Gets the dimensions of this buffer.

# **Description**

rtBufferGetSizev stores the dimensions of *buffer* in \*dims. The number of dimensions returned is specified by *dimensionality*. The storage at *dims* must be large enough to hold the number of requested buffer dimensions.

# **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be queried for its dimensions
in	dimensionality	The number of requested dimensions
out	dims	The array of dimensions to store to

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferGetSizev was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, rtBufferSetSize1D, rtBufferSetSize2D, rtBufferSetSize3D, rtBufferSetSizev, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D, rtBufferGetMipLevelCount, rtBufferGetSize1D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize3D

# 5.13.2.23 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGLRegister ( RTbuffer buffer )

Declares an OpenGL buffer as immutable and accessible by OptiX.

# **Description**

Once registered, properties like the size of the original GL buffer cannot be modified anymore. Calls to the corresponding GL functions will return with an error code. However, the buffer data of the GL buffer can still be read and written by the appropriate GL commands. Returns  $RT\_ERROR\_RESOURCE\_ALREADY\_REGISTERED$  if buffer is already registered. A buffer object must be registered in order to be used by OptiX. If a buffer object is not registered  $RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE$  will be returned. An OptiX buffer in a registered state can be unregistered via rtBufferGLRegister.

#### **Parameters**

	in	buffer	The handle for the buffer object
--	----	--------	----------------------------------

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_RESOURCE\_ALREADY\_REGISTERED

### History

rtBufferGLRegister was introduced in OptiX 2.0.

See also rtBufferCreateFromGLBO, rtBufferGLUnregister

# 5.13.2.24 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGLUnregister ( RTbuffer buffer )

Declares an OpenGL buffer as mutable and inaccessible by OptiX.

#### Description

Once unregistered, properties like the size of the original GL buffer can be changed. As long as a buffer object is unregistered, OptiX will not be able to access the data and calls will fail with RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE. Returns RT\_ERROR\_RESOURCE\_NOT\_REGISTERED if buffer is already unregistered. An OptiX buffer in an unregistered state can be registered to OptiX again via rtBufferGLRegister.

# **Parameters**

in	buffer	The handle for the buffer object
----	--------	----------------------------------

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_RESOURCE\_NOT\_REGISTERED

# History

rtBufferGLUnregister was introduced in OptiX 2.0.

See also rtBufferCreateFromGLBO, rtBufferGLRegister

# 5.13.2.25 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferMap (

```
RTbuffer buffer,
void ** user_pointer )
```

Maps a buffer object to the host.

# **Description**

rtBufferMap returns a pointer, accessible by the host, in \*user\_pointer that contains a mapped copy of the contents of buffer. The memory pointed to by \*user\_pointer can be written to or read from, depending on the type of buffer. For example, this code snippet demonstrates creating and filling an input buffer with floats.

```
RTbuffer buffer;
float* data;
rtBufferCreate(context, RT_BUFFER_INPUT, &buffer);
rtBufferSetFormat(buffer, RT_FORMAT_FLOAT);
rtBufferSetSizelD(buffer, 10);
rtBufferMap(buffer, (void*)&data);
for(int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
  data[i] = 4.f * i;
rtBufferUnmap(buffer);</pre>
```

If *buffer* has already been mapped, returns RT\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_MAPPED. If *buffer* has size zero, the returned pointer is undefined

Note that this call does not stop a progressive render if called on a stream buffer.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be mapped
out	user_pointer	Return handle to a user pointer where the buffer will be mapped to

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_MAPPED
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtBufferMap was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtBufferUnmap, rtBufferMapEx, rtBufferUnmapEx

# 5.13.2.26 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferMapEx (

RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int map\_flags, unsigned int level, void \* user\_owned, void \*\* optix\_owned )

Maps mipmap level of buffer object to the host.

#### **Description**

rtBufferMapEx makes the buffer contents available on the host, either by returning a pointer in \*optix\_owned, or by copying the contents to a memory location pointed to by user\_owned. Calling rtBufferMapEx with proper map flags can result in better performance than using rtBufferMap, because fewer synchronization copies are required in certain situations. rtBufferMapEx with map\_flags = RT\_BUFFER\_MAP\_READ\_WRITE and leve = 0 is equivalent to rtBufferMap.

Note that this call does not stop a progressive render if called on a stream buffer.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be mapped	
in	map_flags	Map flags, see below	
in	level	The mipmap level to be mapped	
in	user_owned	Not yet supported. Must be NULL	
out	optix_owned	wined Return handle to a user pointer where the buffer will be mapped to	

The following flags are supported for map\_flags. They are mutually exclusive:

- RT\_BUFFER\_MAP\_READ
- RT BUFFER MAP WRITE
- RT\_BUFFER\_MAP\_READ\_WRITE
- RT\_BUFFER\_MAP\_WRITE\_DISCARD

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_MAPPED
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtBufferMapEx was introduced in OptiX 3.9.

See also rtBufferMap, rtBufferUnmap, rtBufferUnmapEx

# 5.13.2.27 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferMarkDirty (

#### RTbuffer buffer )

Sets a buffer as dirty.

# **Description**

If rtBufferSetDevicePointer or rtBufferGetDevicePointer have been called for a single device for a given buffer, the user can change the buffer's content on that device through the pointer. OptiX must then synchronize the new buffer contents to all devices. These synchronization copies occur at every rtContextLaunch functions, unless the buffer is declared with RT\_BUFFER\_COPY\_ON\_DIRTY. In this case, rtBufferMarkDirty can be used to notify OptiX that the buffer has been dirtied and must be synchronized.

Note that RT\_BUFFER\_COPY\_ON\_DIRTY currently only applies to CUDA interop buffers (buffers for which the application has a device pointer).

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be marked dirty
----	--------	-------------------------------

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

# History

rtBufferMarkDirty was introduced in OptiX 3.0.

See also rtBufferGetDevicePointer, rtBufferSetDevicePointer, RT BUFFER COPY ON DIRTY

# 5.13.2.28 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetAttribute (

RTbuffer *buffer,*RTbufferattribute *attrib,*RTsize *size,*void \* *p* )

Set a buffer attribute.

#### Description

Sets a buffer attribute. Currently, all available attributes refer to stream buffers only, and attempting to set them on a non-stream buffer will generate an error.

Each attribute can have a different size. The sizes are given in the following list:

- RT BUFFER ATTRIBUTE STREAM FORMAT strlen(input string)
- RT\_BUFFER\_ATTRIBUTE\_STREAM\_BITRATE sizeof(int)
- RT\_BUFFER\_ATTRIBUTE\_STREAM\_FPS sizeof(int)
- RT\_BUFFER\_ATTRIBUTE\_STREAM\_GAMMA sizeof(float)

RT\_BUFFER\_ATTRIBUTE\_STREAM\_FORMAT sets the encoding format used for streams sent over the network, specified as a string. The default is "auto". Various other common stream and image formats are available (e.g. "h264", "png"). This attribute has no effect if the progressive API is used locally.

RT\_BUFFER\_ATTRIBUTE\_STREAM\_BITRATE sets the target bitrate for streams sent over the network, if the stream format supports it. The data is specified as a 32-bit integer. The default is

5000000. This attribute has no effect if the progressive API is used locally or if the stream format does not support variable bitrates.

RT\_BUFFER\_ATTRIBUTE\_STREAM\_FPS sets the target update rate per second for streams sent over the network, if the stream format supports it. The data is specified as a 32-bit integer. The default is 30. This attribute has no effect if the progressive API is used locally or if the stream format does not support variable framerates.

RT\_BUFFER\_ATTRIBUTE\_STREAM\_GAMMA sets the gamma value for the built-in tonemapping operator. The data is specified as a 32-bit float, the default is 1.0. Tonemapping is executed before encoding the accumulated output into the stream, i.e. on the server side if remote rendering is used. See the section on Buffers below for more details.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer on which to set the attribute
in	attrib	The attribute to set
in	size	The size of the attribute value, in bytes
in	р	Pointer to the attribute value

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtBufferSetAttribute was introduced in OptiX 3.8.

See also rtBufferGetAttribute

# 5.13.2.29 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetDevicePointer (

RTbuffer buffer, int optix\_device\_ordinal, void \* device\_pointer )

Sets the pointer to the buffer's data on the given device.

# **Description**

rtBufferSetDevicePointer sets the pointer to the data of buffer on device optix\_device\_ordinal to device\_pointer.

If rtBufferSetDevicePointer has been called for a single device for a given buffer, the user can change the buffer's content on that device through the pointer. OptiX must then synchronize the new buffer contents to all devices. These synchronization copies occur at every rtContextLaunch, unless the buffer is declared with RT\_BUFFER\_COPY\_ON\_DIRTY. In this case, rtBufferMarkDirty can be used to notify OptiX that the buffer has been dirtied and must be synchronized.

#### **Parameters**

	in	buffer	The buffer for which the device pointer is to be set
ſ	in	optix_device_ordinal	The number assigned by OptiX to the device
ſ	in	device_pointer	The pointer to the data on the specified device

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT

#### History

rtBufferSetDevicePointer was introduced in OptiX 3.0.

See also rtBufferMarkDirty, rtBufferGetDevicePointer

# 5.13.2.30 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetElementSize (

RTbuffer buffer.

RTsize size\_of\_element )

Modifies the size in bytes of a buffer's individual elements.

#### **Description**

rtBufferSetElementSize modifies the size in bytes of a buffer's user-formatted elements. The target buffer is specified by *buffer*, which should be a value returned by rtBufferCreate and should have format RT\_FORMAT\_USER. The new size of the buffer's individual elements is specified by *element\_size* and should not be 0. If the buffer has format RT\_FORMAT\_USER, and *element\_size* is not 0, then the buffer's individual element size is set to *element\_size* and all storage associated with the buffer is reset. Otherwise, this call has no effect and returns either RT\_ERROR\_TYPE\_MISMATCH if the buffer does not have format RT\_FORMAT\_USER or RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if the buffer has format RT\_FORMAT\_USER but *element\_size* is 0.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	Specifies the buffer to be modified
in	size_of_element	Specifies the new size in bytes of the buffer's individual elements

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_TYPE\_MISMATCH

# History

rtBufferSetElementSize was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtBufferGetElementSize, rtBufferCreate

# 5.13.2.31 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetFormat (

RTbuffer buffer,

RTformat format )

Sets the format of this buffer.

### **Description**

rtBufferSetFormat changes the *format* of *buffer* to the specified value. The data elements of the buffer will have the specified type and can either be vector formats, or a user-defined type whose size is specified with rtBufferSetElementSize. Possible values for *format* are:

- RT FORMAT HALF
- RT FORMAT HALF2
- RT\_FORMAT\_HALF3
- RT\_FORMAT\_HALF4
- RT FORMAT FLOAT
- RT\_FORMAT\_FLOAT2
- RT\_FORMAT\_FLOAT3
- RT FORMAT FLOAT4
- RT\_FORMAT\_BYTE
- RT FORMAT BYTE2
- RT FORMAT BYTE3
- RT\_FORMAT\_BYTE4
- RT\_FORMAT\_UNSIGNED\_BYTE
- RT\_FORMAT\_UNSIGNED\_BYTE2
- RT\_FORMAT\_UNSIGNED\_BYTE3
- RT\_FORMAT\_UNSIGNED\_BYTE4
- RT\_FORMAT\_SHORT
- RT\_FORMAT\_SHORT2
- RT\_FORMAT\_SHORT3
- RT\_FORMAT\_SHORT4
- RT\_FORMAT\_UNSIGNED\_SHORT
- RT\_FORMAT\_UNSIGNED\_SHORT2
- RT\_FORMAT\_UNSIGNED\_SHORT3
- RT\_FORMAT\_UNSIGNED\_SHORT4
- RT\_FORMAT\_INT
- RT FORMAT INT2
- RT FORMAT INT3
- RT\_FORMAT\_INT4
- RT FORMAT UNSIGNED INT
- RT\_FORMAT\_UNSIGNED\_INT2
- RT\_FORMAT\_UNSIGNED\_INT3
- RT\_FORMAT\_UNSIGNED\_INT4
- RT\_FORMAT\_USER

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to have its format set
in	format	The target format of the buffer

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT

- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

#### History

rtBufferSetFormat was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtBufferSetFormat, rtBufferGetFormat, rtBufferGetFormat, rtBufferGetElementSize, rtBufferSetElementSize

# 5.13.2.32 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetMipLevelCount (

RTbuffer buffer,

unsigned int levels )

Sets the MIP level count of a buffer.

# **Description**

rtBufferSetMipLevelCount sets the number of MIP levels to *levels*. The default number of MIP levels is 1. Fails with RT\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_MAPPED if called on a buffer that is mapped.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be resized
in	width	The width of the resized buffer
in	levels	Number of mip levels

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR ALREADY MAPPED
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferSetMipLevelCount was introduced in OptiX 3.9.

**See also** rtBufferSetSize1D, rtBufferSetSize2D, rtBufferSetSize3D, rtBufferSetSizev, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize3D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize3D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize3D, rtBufferGetSize3D

# 5.13.2.33 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetSize1D (

RTbuffer buffer,

RTsize width )

Sets the width and dimensionality of this buffer.

# **Description**

rtBufferSetSize1D sets the dimensionality of *buffer* to 1 and sets its width to *width*. Fails with RT\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_MAPPED if called on a buffer that is mapped.

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#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be resized
in	width	The width of the resized buffer

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_MAPPED
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtBufferSetSize1D was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, rtBufferSetSize2D, rtBufferSetSize3D, rtBufferSetSizev, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D, rtBufferGetSize1D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize3D, rtBufferGetSizev

# 5.13.2.34 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetSize2D (

RTbuffer buffer,

RTsize width,

RTsize height )

Sets the width, height and dimensionality of this buffer.

#### **Description**

rtBufferSetSize2D sets the dimensionality of *buffer* to 2 and sets its width and height to *width* and *height*, respectively. If *width* or *height* is zero, they both must be zero. Fails with RT ERROR ALREADY MAPPED if called on a buffer that is mapped.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be resized	
in width The width of the re		The width of the resized buffer	
in	height	The height of the resized buffer	

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_MAPPED
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtBufferSetSize2D was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

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**See also** rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, rtBufferSetSize1D, rtBufferSetSize3D, rtBufferSetSizev, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D, rtBufferGetMipLevelCount, rtBufferGetSize1D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize3D, rtBufferGetSizev

#### 5.13.2.35 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetSize3D (

RTbuffer buffer, RTsize width, RTsize height, RTsize depth)

Sets the width, height, depth and dimensionality of a buffer.

#### Description

rtBufferSetSize3D sets the dimensionality of *buffer* to 3 and sets its width, height and depth to *width*, *height* and *depth*, respectively. If *width*, *height* or *depth* is zero, they all must be zero.

A 1D layered mipmapped buffer is allocated if *height* is 1 and the RT\_BUFFER\_LAYERED flag was set at buffer creating. The number of layers is determined by the *depth*. A 2D layered mipmapped buffer is allocated if the RT\_BUFFER\_LAYERED flag was set at buffer creating. The number of layers is determined by the *depth*. A cubemap mipmapped buffer is allocated if the RT\_BUFFER\_CUBEMAP flag was set at buffer creating. *width* must be equal to *height* and the number of cube faces is determined by the *depth*, it must be six or a multiple of six, if the RT\_BUFFER\_LAYERED flag was also set. Layered, mipmapped and cubemap buffers are supported only as texture buffers.

Fails with RT ERROR ALREADY MAPPED if called on a buffer that is mapped.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be resized
in	width	The width of the resized buffer
in	height	The height of the resized buffer
in	depth	The depth of the resized buffer

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_MAPPED
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferSetSize3D was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, rtBufferSetSize1D, rtBufferSetSize2D, rtBufferSetSizev, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D, rtBufferGetSize1D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize3D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize3D, rtBufferGe

#### 5.13.2.36 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetSizev (

RTbuffer *buffer,* unsigned int *dimensionality,* 

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#### const RTsize \* dims )

Sets the dimensionality and dimensions of a buffer.

#### Description

rtBufferSetSizev sets the dimensionality of *buffer* to *dimensionality* and sets the dimensions of the buffer to the values stored at \*dims, which must contain a number of values equal to *dimensionality*. If any of values of *dims* is zero they must all be zero.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to be resized
in	dimensionality	The dimensionality the buffer will be resized to
in	dims	The array of sizes for the dimension of the resize

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_MAPPED
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferSetSizev was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, rtBufferSetSize1D, rtBufferSetSize2D, rtBufferSetSize3D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D, rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D, rtBufferGetMipLevelCount, rtBufferGetSize1D, rtBufferGetSize2D, rtBufferGetSize3D, rt

# 5.13.2.37 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferUnmap ( RTbuffer buffer )

Unmaps a buffer's storage from the host.

#### Description

rtBufferUnmap unmaps a buffer from the host after a call to rtBufferMap. rtContextLaunch cannot be called while buffers are still mapped to the host. A call to rtBufferUnmap that does not follow a matching rtBufferMap call will return RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

Note that this call does not stop a progressive render if called with a stream buffer.

### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to unmap
	Dane.	The band to annap

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

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RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

## History

rtBufferUnmap was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtBufferMap, rtBufferMapEx, rtBufferUnmapEx

#### 5.13.2.38 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferUnmapEx (

RTbuffer buffer,

unsigned int level )

Unmaps mipmap level storage from the host.

# **Description**

rtBufferUnmapEx unmaps buffer level from the host after a call to rtBufferMapEx. rtContextLaunch cannot be called while buffers are still mapped to the host. A call to rtBufferUnmapEx that does not follow a matching rtBufferMapEx call will return RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE. rtBufferUnmap is equivalent to rtBufferUnmapEx with *level* = 0.

Note that this call does not stop a progressive render if called with a stream buffer.

#### **Parameters**

in	buffer	The buffer to unmap
in	level	The mipmap level to unmap

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtBufferUnmapEx was introduced in OptiX 3.9.

See also rtBufferMap, rtBufferUnmap, rtBufferMapEx

# 5.13.2.39 RTresult RTAPI rtBufferValidate ( RTbuffer buffer )

Validates the state of a buffer.

#### **Description**

rtBufferValidate checks *buffer* for completeness. If *buffer* has not had its dimensionality, size or format set, this call will return RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT.

#### **Parameters**

_			
	in	buffer	The buffer to validate

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

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- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtBufferValidate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtBufferCreate, rtBufferCreateFromGLBO rtContextValidate

# 5.13.2.40 RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetBufferFromld (

RTcontext context, int buffer\_id, RTbuffer \* buffer )

Gets an RTbuffer corresponding to the buffer id.

#### **Description**

rtContextGetBufferFromId returns a handle to the buffer in \*buffer corresponding to the buffer\_id supplied. If buffer\_id does not map to a valid buffer handle, \*buffer is NULL or if context is invalid, returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context the buffer should be originated from
in	buffer_id	The ID of the buffer to query
out	buffer	The return handle for the buffer object corresponding to the buffer_id

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtContextGetBufferFromId was introduced in OptiX 3.5.

See also rtBufferGetId

# 5.13.2.41 RTresult RTAPI rtDeviceGetWGLDevice (

int \* device, HGPUNV gpu )

returns the OptiX device number associated with the specified GPU

#### Description

rtDeviceGetWGLDevice returns in *device* the OptiX device ID of the GPU represented by *gpu. gpu* is returned from *WGL\_NV\_gpu\_affinity*, an OpenGL extension. This enables OptiX to create a context on the same GPU that OpenGL commands will be sent to, improving OpenGL interoperation efficiency.

#### **Parameters**

Ī	out	device	A handle to the memory location where the OptiX device ordinal associated with	
			gpu will be stored	

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#### **Parameters**

in	gpu	A handle to a GPU as returned from the WGL_NV_gpu_affinity OpenGL extension
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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtDeviceGetWGLDevice was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtDeviceGetDeviceCount, WGL\_NV\_gpu\_affinity

# 5.13.2.42 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerCreateFromGLImage (

RTcontext context,

unsigned int glld,

RTgltarget target,

RTtexturesampler \* textureSampler )

Creates a new texture sampler object from an OpenGL image.

#### **Description**

rtTextureSamplerCreateFromGLImage allocates and returns a handle to a new texture sampler object in \* texturesampler associated with context. If the allocated size of the GL texture is 0, RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED will be returned. Supported OpenGL image types are:

#### Renderbuffers

- GL\_TEXTURE\_2D
- GL\_TEXTURE\_2D\_RECT
- GL\_TEXTURE\_3D

These types are reflected by target:

- RT TARGET GL RENDER BUFFER
- RT\_TARGET\_GL\_TEXTURE\_1D
- RT\_TARGET\_GL\_TEXTURE\_2D
- RT\_TARGET\_GL\_TEXTURE\_RECTANGLE
- RT\_TARGET\_GL\_TEXTURE\_3D
- RT\_TARGET\_GL\_TEXTURE\_1D\_ARRAY
- RT\_TARGET\_GL\_TEXTURE\_2D\_ARRAY
- RT\_TARGET\_GL\_TEXTURE\_CUBE\_MAP
- RT TARGET GL TEXTURE CUBE MAP ARRAY

Supported attachment points for renderbuffers are:

• GL\_COLOR\_ATTACHMENT<NUM>

These texture samplers can be used to share data with OpenGL; changes of the content and size of *texturesampler* done by OpenGL will be reflected automatically in OptiX. Currently texture sampler data are read only in OptiX programs. OptiX keeps only a reference to OpenGL data, when *texturesampler* is destroyed, the state of the *gl\_id* image is unaltered.

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The array size and number of mipmap levels can't be changed for texture samplers that encapsulate a GL image. Furthermore no buffer objects can be queried.

Currently OptiX supports only a limited number of internal OpenGL texture formats. Texture formats with an internal type of float, e.g. *GL\_RGBA32F*, and many integer formats are supported. Depth formats as well as multisample buffers are also currently not supported. Please refer to the OptiX Interoperability Types section for a complete list of supported texture formats.

#### **Parameters**

in	context The context to create the buffer in	
in	glld	The OpenGL image object resoure handle for use in OptiX
in	target	The OpenGL target
out	textureSampler	The return handle for the texture sampler object

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtTextureSamplerCreateFromGLImage was introduced in OptiX 2.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerCreate, rtTextureSamplerDestroy

# 5.13.2.43 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetGLImageId (

RTtexturesampler *textureSampler*, unsigned int \* *qlld* )

Gets the OpenGL image object id associated with this texture sampler.

## **Description**

rtTextureSamplerGetGLImageId stores the OpenGL image object id in *gl\_id* if *textureSampler* was created with rtTextureSamplerCreateFromGLImage. If *textureSampler* was not created from an OpenGL image object *gl\_id* will be set to 0.

#### **Parameters**

in	textureSampler	The texture sampler to be queried for its OpenGL buffer object id
in	glld	The return handle for the id

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

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rtTextureSamplerGetGLImageId was introduced in OptiX 2.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerCreateFromGLImage

# 5.13.2.44 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGLRegister ( RTtexturesampler textureSampler )

Declares an OpenGL texture as immutable and accessible by OptiX.

#### **Description**

Registers an OpenGL texture as accessible by OptiX. Once registered, properties like the size of the original GL texture cannot be modified anymore. Calls to the corresponding GL functions will return with an error code. However, the pixel data of the GL texture can still be read and written by the appropriate GL commands. Returns RT\_ERROR\_RESOURCE\_ALREADY\_REGISTERED if textureSampler is already registered. A texture sampler must be registered in order to be used by OptiX. Otherwise, RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE is returned. An OptiX texture sampler in a registered state can be unregistered via rtTextureSamplerGLUnregister.

#### **Parameters**

in	textureSampler	The handle for the texture object
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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_RESOURCE\_ALREADY\_REGISTERED

#### History

rtTextureSamplerGLRegister was introduced in OptiX 2.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerCreateFromGLImage, rtTextureSamplerGLUnregister

# 5.13.2.45 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGLUnregister ( RTtexturesampler textureSampler)

Declares an OpenGL texture as mutable and inaccessible by OptiX.

# **Description**

Once unregistered, properties like the size of the original GL texture can be changed. As long as a texture is unregistered, OptiX will not be able to access the pixel data and calls will fail with RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE. Returns RT\_ERROR\_RESOURCE\_NOT\_REGISTERED if textureSampler is already unregistered. An OptiX texture sampler in an unregistered state can be registered to OptiX again via rtTextureSamplerGLRegister.

### **Parameters**

	Ī	
in	textureSampler	The handle for the texture object

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

RT\_SUCCESS

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- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_RESOURCE\_NOT\_REGISTERED

# History

rtTextureSamplerGLUnregister was introduced in OptiX 2.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerCreateFromGLImage, rtTextureSamplerGLRegister

# 5.14 TextureSampler functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerCreate (RTcontext context, RTtexturesampler \*texturesampler)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerDestroy (RTtexturesampler texturesampler)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerValidate (RTtexturesampler texturesampler)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetContext (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetWrapMode (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int dimension, RTwrapmode wrapmode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetWrapMode (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int dimension, RTwrapmode \*wrapmode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetFilteringModes (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTfiltermode minification, RTfiltermode magnification, RTfiltermode mipmapping)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetFilteringModes (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTfiltermode \*minification, RTfiltermode \*magnification, RTfiltermode \*mipmapping)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetMaxAnisotropy (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, float value)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetMaxAnisotropy (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, float \*value)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelClamp (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, float minLevel, float maxLevel)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelClamp (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, float \*minLevel, float \*maxLevel)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelBias (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, float value)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelBias (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, float \*value)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetReadMode (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTtexturereadmode readmode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetReadMode (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTtexturereadmode \*readmode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetIndexingMode (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTtextureindexmode indexmode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetIndexingMode (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTtextureindexmode \*indexmode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetBuffer (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int deprecated0, unsigned int deprecated1, RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetBuffer (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int deprecated0, unsigned int deprecated1, RTbuffer \*buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetId (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, int \*texture id)

### 5.14.1 Detailed Description

Functions related to an OptiX Texture Sampler.

#### 5.14.2 Function Documentation

# 5.14.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerCreate ( RTcontext context,

### RTtexturesampler \* texturesampler )

Creates a new texture sampler object.

#### Description

rtTextureSamplerCreate allocates a texture sampler object. Sets \*texturesampler to the handle of a newly created texture sampler within *context*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if texturesampler is *NULL*.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	The context the texture sampler object will be created in
out	texturesampler	The return handle to the new texture sampler object

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtTextureSamplerCreate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerDestroy

# 5.14.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerDestroy ( RTtexturesampler texturesampler)

Destroys a texture sampler object.

#### **Description**

rtTextureSamplerDestroy removes texturesampler from its context and deletes it. texturesampler should be a value returned by rtTextureSamplerCreate. After the call, texturesampler is no longer a valid handle. Any API object that referenced texturesampler will have its reference invalidated.

### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	Handle of the texture sampler to destroy
----	----------------	--

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtTextureSamplerDestroy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerCreate

# 5.14.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetBuffer (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int deprecated0, unsigned int deprecated1, RTbuffer \* buffer )

Gets a buffer object handle from a texture sampler.

#### **Description**

rtTextureSamplerGetBuffer gets a buffer object from texturesampler and stores it in \*buffer.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be queried for the buffer
in	deprecated0	Deprecated in OptiX 3.9, must be 0
in	deprecated1	Deprecated in OptiX 3.9, must be 0
out	buffer	The return handle to the buffer attached to the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtTextureSamplerGetBuffer was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerSetBuffer

# 5.14.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetContext (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

RTcontext \* context )

Gets the context object that created this texture sampler.

# Description

rtTextureSamplerGetContext returns a handle to the context object that was used to create texturesampler. If context is NULL, returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be queried for its context
out	context	The return handle for the context object of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT

- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

#### History

rtTextureSamplerGetContext was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextCreate

# 5.14.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetFilteringModes (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

RTfiltermode \* *minification*, RTfiltermode \* *magnification*, RTfiltermode \* *mipmapping* )

Gets the filtering modes of a texture sampler.

#### **Description**

rtTextureSamplerGetFilteringModes gets the minification, magnification and MIP mapping filtering modes from *texturesampler* and stores them in \*minification, \*magnification and \*mipmapping, respectively. See rtTextureSamplerSetFilteringModes for the values RTfiltermode may take.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be queried
out	minification	The return handle for the minification filtering mode of the texture sampler
out	magnification	The return handle for the magnification filtering mode of the texture sampler
out	mipmapping	The return handle for the MIP mapping filtering mode of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

### History

rtTextureSamplerGetFilteringModes was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerSetFilteringModes

# 5.14.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetId (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

int \* texture\_id )

Returns the texture ID of this texture sampler.

#### **Description**

rtTextureSamplerGetId returns a handle to the texture sampler texturesampler to be used in OptiX programs on the device to reference the associated texture. The returned ID cannot be used on the host side. If texture\_id is NULL, returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be queried for its ID
out	texture_id	The returned device-side texture ID of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtTextureSamplerGetId was introduced in OptiX 3.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerCreate

#### 5.14.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetIndexingMode (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

RTtextureindexmode \* indexmode )

Gets the indexing mode of a texture sampler.

# **Description**

rtTextureSamplerGetIndexingMode gets the indexing mode of *texturesampler* and stores it in \**indexmode*. See rtTextureSamplerSetIndexingMode for the values RTtextureindexmode may take.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be queried
out	indexmode	The return handle for the indexing mode of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtTextureSamplerGetIndexingMode was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerSetIndexingMode

#### 5.14.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetMaxAnisotropy (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

float \* value )

Gets the maximum anisotropy level for a texture sampler.

# Description

rtTextureSamplerGetMaxAnisotropy gets the maximum anisotropy level for *texturesampler* and stores it in \**value*.

#### **Parameters**

	in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be queried
Ī	out	value	The return handle for the maximum anisotropy level of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtTextureSamplerGetMaxAnisotropy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerSetMaxAnisotropy

# 5.14.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelBias (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

float \* value )

Gets the mipmap offset for a texture sampler.

# **Description**

rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelBias gets the mipmap offset for texturesampler and stores it in \*value.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be queried
out	value	The return handle for the mipmap offset of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelBias was introduced in OptiX 3.9.

See also rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelBias

# 5.14.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelClamp (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

float \* minLevel,

float \* maxLevel )

Gets the minimum and the maximum MIP level access range for a texture sampler.

#### **Description**

rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelClamp gets the minimum and the maximum MIP level access range for *texturesampler* and stores it in \*minLevel and maxLevel.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be queried
out	minLevel	The return handle for the minimum mipmap level of the texture sampler
out	maxLevel	The return handle for the maximum mipmap level of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelClamp was introduced in OptiX 3.9.

See also rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelClamp

# 5.14.2.11 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetReadMode (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

RTtexturereadmode \* readmode )

Gets the read mode of a texture sampler.

# Description

rtTextureSamplerGetReadMode gets the read mode of *texturesampler* and stores it in \**readmode*. See rtTextureSamplerSetReadMode for a list of values RTtexturereadmode can take.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be queried
out	readmode	The return handle for the read mode of the texture sampler

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtTextureSamplerGetReadMode was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerSetReadMode

# 5.14.2.12 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetWrapMode (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int dimension, RTwrapmode \* wrapmode )

Gets the wrap mode of a texture sampler.

# **Description**

rtTextureSamplerGetWrapMode gets the texture wrapping mode of *texturesampler* and stores it in \*wrapmode. See rtTextureSamplerSetWrapMode for a list of values RTwrapmode can take.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be queried
in	dimension	Dimension for the wrapping
out	wrapmode	The return handle for the wrap mode of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtTextureSamplerGetWrapMode was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerSetWrapMode

# 5.14.2.13 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetBuffer (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int deprecated0, unsigned int deprecated1, RTbuffer buffer)

Attaches a buffer object to a texture sampler.

#### Description

rtTextureSamplerSetBuffer attaches buffer to texturesampler.

# **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object that will contain the buffer
in	deprecated0	Deprecated in OptiX 3.9, must be 0
in	deprecated1	Deprecated in OptiX 3.9, must be 0
in	buffer	The buffer to be attached to the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtTextureSamplerSetBuffer was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerGetBuffer

#### 5.14.2.14 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetFilteringModes (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

RTfiltermode minification,

RTfiltermode magnification,

RTfiltermode mipmapping )

Sets the filtering modes of a texture sampler.

#### **Description**

rtTextureSamplerSetFilteringModes sets the minification, magnification and MIP mapping filter modes for *texturesampler*. RTfiltermode must be one of the following values:

- RT FILTER NEAREST
- RT\_FILTER\_LINEAR
- RT\_FILTER\_NONE

These filter modes specify how the texture sampler will interpolate buffer data that has been attached to it. *minification* and *magnification* must be one of RT\_FILTER\_NEAREST or RT\_FILTER\_LINEAR. *mipmapping* may be any of the three values but must be RT\_FILTER\_NONE if the texture sampler contains only a single MIP level or one of RT\_FILTER\_NEAREST or RT\_FILTER\_LINEAR if the texture sampler contains more than one MIP level.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be changed
in	minification	The new minification filter mode of the texture sampler
in	magnification	The new magnification filter mode of the texture sampler
in	mipmapping	The new MIP mapping filter mode of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtTextureSamplerSetFilteringModes was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerGetFilteringModes

# 5.14.2.15 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetIndexingMode (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

RTtextureindexmode indexmode )

Sets whether texture coordinates for this texture sampler are normalized.

#### Description

rtTextureSamplerSetIndexingMode sets the indexing mode of *texturesampler* to *indexmode*. *indexmode* can take on one of the following values:

- RT\_TEXTURE\_INDEX\_NORMALIZED\_COORDINATES,
- RT\_TEXTURE\_INDEX\_ARRAY\_INDEX

These values are used to control the interpretation of texture coordinates. If the index mode is set to RT\_TEXTURE\_INDEX\_NORMALIZED\_COORDINATES, the texture is parameterized over [0,1]. If the index mode is set to RT\_TEXTURE\_INDEX\_ARRAY\_INDEX then texture coordinates are interpreted as array indices into the contents of the underlying buffer objects.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be changed
in	indexmode	The new indexing mode of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtTextureSamplerSetIndexingMode was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerGetIndexingMode

# 5.14.2.16 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetMaxAnisotropy ( RTtexturesampler texturesampler, float value)

Sets the maximum anisotropy of a texture sampler.

# **Description**

rtTextureSamplerSetMaxAnisotropy sets the maximum anisotropy of *texturesampler* to *value*. A float value specifies the maximum anisotropy ratio to be used when doing anisotropic filtering. This value will be clamped to the range [1,16]

#### **Parameters**

i	n	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be changed
i	n	value	The new maximum anisotropy level of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtTextureSamplerSetMaxAnisotropy was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerGetMaxAnisotropy

# 5.14.2.17 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelBias ( RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

### float value )

Sets the mipmap offset of a texture sampler.

#### Description

rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelBias sets the offset to be applied to the calculated mipmap level.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be changed
in	value	The new mipmap offset of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelBias was introduced in OptiX 3.9.

See also rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelBias

# 5.14.2.18 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelClamp (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

float minLevel,

float maxLevel )

Sets the minimum and the maximum MIP level access range of a texture sampler.

# **Description**

rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelClamp sets lower end and the upper end of the MIP level range to clamp access to.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be changed
in	minLevel	The new minimum mipmap level of the texture sampler
in	maxLevel	The new maximum mipmap level of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelClamp was introduced in OptiX 3.9.

See also rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelClamp

#### 5.14.2.19 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetReadMode (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

RTtexturereadmode readmode )

Sets the read mode of a texture sampler.

#### Description

rtTextureSamplerSetReadMode sets the data read mode of *texturesampler* to *readmode*. *readmode* can take one of the following values:

- RT TEXTURE READ ELEMENT TYPE
- RT\_TEXTURE\_READ\_NORMALIZED\_FLOAT
- RT\_TEXTURE\_READ\_ELEMENT\_TYPE\_SRGB
- RT TEXTURE READ NORMALIZED FLOAT SRGB

RT TEXTURE READ ELEMENT TYPE SRGB and

RT\_TEXTURE\_READ\_NORMALIZED\_FLOAT\_SRGB were introduced in OptiX 3.9 and apply sRGB to linear conversion during texture read for 8-bit integer buffer formats. *readmode* controls the returned value of the texture sampler when it is used to sample textures.

RT\_TEXTURE\_READ\_ELEMENT\_TYPE will return data of the type of the underlying buffer objects.
RT\_TEXTURE\_READ\_NORMALIZED\_FLOAT will return floating point values normalized by the range of the underlying type. If the underlying type is floating point,

RT\_TEXTURE\_READ\_NORMALIZED\_FLOAT and RT\_TEXTURE\_READ\_ELEMENT\_TYPE are equivalent, always returning the unmodified floating point value.

For example, a texture sampler that samples a buffer of type RT\_FORMAT\_UNSIGNED\_BYTE with a read mode of RT\_TEXTURE\_READ\_NORMALIZED\_FLOAT will convert integral values from the range [0,255] to floating point values in the range [0,1] automatically as the buffer is sampled from.

# **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be changed
in	readmode	The new read mode of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtTextureSamplerSetReadMode was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtTextureSamplerGetReadMode

# 5.14.2.20 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetWrapMode (

RTtexturesampler *texturesampler*, unsigned int *dimension*, RTwrapmode *wrapmode* )

Sets the wrapping mode of a texture sampler.

#### **Description**

rtTextureSamplerSetWrapMode sets the wrapping mode of *texturesampler* to *wrapmode* for the texture dimension specified by *dimension. wrapmode* can take one of the following values:

- RT WRAP REPEAT
- RT WRAP CLAMP TO EDGE
- RT WRAP MIRROR
- RT\_WRAP\_CLAMP\_TO\_BORDER

The wrapping mode controls the behavior of the texture sampler as texture coordinates wrap around the range specified by the indexing mode. These values mirror the CUDA behavior of textures. See CUDA programming guide for details.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler object to be changed
in	dimension	Dimension of the texture
in	wrapmode	The new wrap mode of the texture sampler

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtTextureSamplerSetWrapMode was introduced in OptiX 1.0. RT\_WRAP\_MIRROR and RT\_WRAP\_CLAMP\_TO\_BORDER were introduced in OptiX 3.0.

See also rtTextureSamplerGetWrapMode

# 5.14.2.21 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerValidate ( RTtexturesampler texturesampler )

Validates the state of a texture sampler.

#### **Description**

rtTextureSamplerValidate checks *texturesampler* for completeness. If *texturesampler* does not have buffers attached to all of its MIP levels and array slices or if the filtering modes are incompatible with the current MIP level and array slice configuration then returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT.

#### **Parameters**

in	texturesampler	The texture sampler to be validated
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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtTextureSamplerValidate was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextValidate

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#### 5.15 Variable functions

#### **Modules**

- · Variable setters
- · Variable getters

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetObject (RTvariable v, RTobject object)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetUserData (RTvariable v, RTsize size, const void \*ptr)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetObject (RTvariable v, RTobject \*object)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetUserData (RTvariable v, RTsize size, void \*ptr)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetName (RTvariable v, const char \*\*name\_return)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetAnnotation (RTvariable v, const char \*\*annotation\_return)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetType (RTvariable v, RTobjecttype \*type\_return)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetContext (RTvariable v, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetSize (RTvariable v, RTsize \*size)

# 5.15.1 Detailed Description

Functions related to variable handling.

#### 5.15.2 Function Documentation

# 5.15.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetAnnotation (

RTvariable v,

const char \*\* annotation\_return )

Queries the annotation string of a program variable.

#### Description

rtVariableGetAnnotation queries a program variable's annotation string. A pointer to the string containing the annotation is returned in \*annotation\_return. If v is not a valid variable, this call sets \*annotation\_return to NULL and returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE. \*annotation\_return will point to valid memory until another API function that returns a string is called.

#### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be queried
out	annotation_return	Returns the program variable's annotation string

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

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#### History

rtVariableGetAnnotation was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtDeclareVariable, rtDeclareAnnotation

#### 5.15.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetContext (

RTvariable v,

RTcontext \* context )

Returns the context associated with a program variable.

#### **Description**

rtVariableGetContext queries the context associated with a program variable. The target variable is specified by v. The context of the program variable is returned to \*context if the pointer context is not NULL. If v is not a valid variable, \*context is set to NULL and RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE is returned.

#### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be queried
out	context	Returns the context associated with the program variable

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtVariableGetContext was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextDeclareVariable

# 5.15.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetName (

RTvariable v,

const char \*\* name\_return )

Queries the name of a program variable.

#### **Description**

Queries a program variable's name. The variable of interest is specified by *variable*, which should be a value returned by rtContextDeclareVariable. A pointer to the string containing the name of the variable is returned in \*name\_return. If v is not a valid variable, this call sets \*name\_return to NULL and returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE. \*name\_return will point to valid memory until another API function that returns a string is called.

# **Parameters**

	in	V	Specifies the program variable to be queried
I	out	name_return	Returns the program variable's name

# **Return values**

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#### Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtVariableGetName was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextDeclareVariable

#### 5.15.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetObject (

RTvariable v,

RTobject \* object )

Returns the value of a OptiX object program variable.

### **Description**

rtVariableGetObject queries the value of a program variable whose data type is a OptiX object. The target variable is specified by v. The value of the program variable is returned in \*object. The concrete type of the program variable can be queried using rtVariableGetType, and the RTobject handle returned by rtVariableGetObject may safely be cast to an OptiX handle of corresponding type. If v is not a valid variable, this call sets \*object to NULL and returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be queried
out	object	Returns the value of the program variable

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR TYPE MISMATCH

#### History

rtVariableGetObject was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtVariableSetObject, rtVariableGetType, rtContextDeclareVariable

# 5.15.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetSize (

RTvariable v.

RTsize \* size )

Queries the size, in bytes, of a variable.

#### **Description**

rtVariableGetSize queries a declared program variable for its size in bytes. This is most often used to query the size of a variable that has a user-defined type. Builtin types (int, float, unsigned int, etc.) may be queried, but object typed variables, such as buffers, texture samplers and graph nodes, cannot be queried and will return RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

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#### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be queried	
out	size	Specifies a pointer where the size of the variable, in bytes, will be returned	

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtVariableGetSize was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtVariableGetUserData, rtContextDeclareVariable

### 5.15.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetType (

RTvariable v,

RTobjecttype \* type\_return )

Returns type information about a program variable.

#### Description

rtVariableGetType queries a program variable's type. The variable of interest is specified by *v*. The program variable's type enumeration is returned in \**type\_return*, if it is not *NULL*. It is one of the following:

- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_UNKNOWN
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_GROUP
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_GEOMETRY\_GROUP
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_TRANSFORM
- RT OBJECTTYPE SELECTOR
- RT OBJECTTYPE GEOMETRY INSTANCE
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_BUFFER
- RT OBJECTTYPE TEXTURE SAMPLER
- RT OBJECTTYPE OBJECT
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT2x2
- RT OBJECTTYPE MATRIX FLOAT2x3
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT2x4
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT3x2
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT3x3
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT3x4
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT4x2
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT4x3
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT4x4
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_FLOAT
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_FLOAT2
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_FLOAT3
- RT OBJECTTYPE FLOAT4

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- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_INT
- RT OBJECTTYPE INT2
- RT OBJECTTYPE INT3
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_INT4
- RT OBJECTTYPE UNSIGNED INT
- RT OBJECTTYPE UNSIGNED INT2
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_UNSIGNED\_INT3
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_UNSIGNED\_INT4
- RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_USER

Sets \*type\_return to RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_UNKNOWN if v is not a valid variable. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if given a *NULL* pointer.

#### **Parameters**

	in	V	Specifies the program variable to be queried
ĺ	out	type_return	Returns the type of the program variable

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtVariableGetType was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextDeclareVariable

#### 5.15.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetUserData (

RTvariable *v,* RTsize *size,* void \* *ptr* )

Defined.

#### **Description**

rtVariableGetUserData queries the value of a program variable whose data type is user-defined. The variable of interest is specified by v. The size of the variable's value must match the value given by the parameter size. The value of the program variable is copied to the memory region pointed to by ptr. The storage at location ptr must be large enough to accommodate all of the program variable's value data. If v is not a valid variable, this call has no effect and returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be queried
in	size	Specifies the size of the program variable, in bytes
out	ptr	Location in which to store the value of the variable

### **Return values**

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#### Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtVariableGetUserData was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtVariableSetUserData, rtContextDeclareVariable

#### 5.15.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetObject (

RTvariable v,

RTobject object )

Sets a program variable value to a OptiX object.

# **Description**

rtVariableSetObject sets a program variable to an OptiX object value. The target variable is specified by v. The new value of the program variable is specified by object. The concrete type of object can be one of RTbuffer, RTtexturesampler, RTgroup, RTprogram, RTselector, RTgeometrygroup, or RTtransform. If v is not a valid variable or object is not a valid OptiX object, this call has no effect and returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

in		Specifies the program variable to be set
in	object	Specifies the new value of the program variable

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_TYPE\_MISMATCH

### History

rtVariableSetObject was introduced in OptiX 1.0. The ability to bind an RTprogram to a variable was introduced in OptiX 3.0.

See also rtVariableGetObject, rtContextDeclareVariable

#### 5.15.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetUserData (

RTvariable *v,*RTsize *size,*const void \* *ptr* )

Defined.

### **Description**

rtVariableSetUserData modifies the value of a program variable whose data type is user-defined. The value copied into the variable is defined by an arbitrary region of memory, pointed to by *ptr*. The size of the memory region is given by *size*. The target variable is specified by *v*. If *v* is not a valid variable, this call has no effect and returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

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# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	size	Specifies the size of the new value, in bytes
in	ptr	Specifies a pointer to the new value of the program variable

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_TYPE\_MISMATCH

# History

rtVariableSetUserData was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtVariableGetUserData, rtContextDeclareVariable

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#### 5.16 Variable setters

- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1f (RTvariable v, float f1)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2f (RTvariable v, float f1, float f2)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3f (RTvariable v, float f1, float f2, float f3)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4f (RTvariable v, float f1, float f2, float f3, float f4)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1fv (RTvariable v, const float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2fv (RTvariable v, const float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3fv (RTvariable v, const float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4fv (RTvariable v, const float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1i (RTvariable v, int i1)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2i (RTvariable v, int i1, int i2)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3i (RTvariable v, int i1, int i2, int i3)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4i (RTvariable v, int i1, int i2, int i3, int i4)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1iv (RTvariable v, const int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2iv (RTvariable v, const int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3iv (RTvariable v, const int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4iv (RTvariable v, const int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int u1)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int u1, unsigned int u2)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int u1, unsigned int u2, unsigned int u3)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int u1, unsigned int u2, unsigned int u3, unsigned int u4)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1uiv (RTvariable v, const unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2uiv (RTvariable v, const unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3uiv (RTvariable v, const unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4uiv (RTvariable v, const unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix2x2fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix2x3fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix2x4fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix3x2fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix3x3fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix3x4fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix4x2fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix4x3fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix4x4fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)

#### 5.16.1 Detailed Description

Functions designed to modify the value of a program variable.

# 5.16.2 Function Documentation

# 5.16.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1f ( RTvariable v, float f1 )

Functions designed to modify the value of a program variable.

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### **Description**

Variable setters functions modify the value of a program variable or variable array. The target variable is specificed by v, which should be a value returned by rtContextGetVariable.

The commands  $rtVariableSet\{1-2-3-4\}\{f-i-ui\}v$  are used to modify the value of a program variable specified by v using the values passed as arguments. The number specified in the command should match the number of components in the data type of the specified program variable (e.g., 1 for float, int, unsigned int; 2 for float2, int2, uint2, etc.). The suffix f indicates that v has floating point type, the suffix i indicates that v has integral type, and the suffix v indicates that v has unsigned integral type. The v variants of this function should be used to load the program variable's value from the array specified by parameter v. In this case, the array v should contain as many elements as there are program variable components.

The commands *rtVariableSetMatrix{2-3-4}x{2-3-4}fv* are used to modify the value of a program variable whose data type is a matrix. The numbers in the command names are the number of rows and columns, respectively. For example, *2x4* indicates a matrix with 2 rows and 4 columns (i.e., 8 values). If *transpose* is *0*, the matrix is specified in row-major order, otherwise in column-major order or, equivalently, as a matrix with the number of rows and columns swapped in row-major order.

If v is not a valid variable, these calls have no effect and return RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

Variable setters were introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also Variable getters, Variable setters, rtDeclareVariable

#### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	f1	Specifies the new float value of the program variable

# 5.16.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1fv ( RTvariable *v*, const float \* *f* )

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	f	Array of float values to set the variable to

# 5.16.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1i ( RTvariable *v*, int *i1* )

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# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	i1	Specifies the new integer value of the program variable

# 5.16.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1iv (

RTvariable v,

const int \*i)

#### **Parameters**

	in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
Ī	in	i	Array of integer values to set the variable to

# 5.16.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1ui (

RTvariable v,

unsigned int u1 )

#### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	u1	Specifies the new unsigned integer value of the program variable

# 5.16.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1uiv (

RTvariable v,

const unsigned int \*u)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	и	Array of unsigned integer values to set the variable to

# 5.16.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2f (

RTvariable v,

float f1,

float f2)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	f1	Specifies the new float value of the program variable
in	f2	Specifies the new float value of the program variable

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# 5.16.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2fv (

RTvariable *v,* const float \* *f* )

#### **Parameters**

i	า	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
i	า	f	Array of float values to set the variable to

# 5.16.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2i (

RTvariable v,

int *i1*,

int *i2* )

#### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	i1	Specifies the new integer value of the program variable
in	i2	Specifies the new integer value of the program variable

# 5.16.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2iv (

RTvariable v,

const int \*i)

#### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	i	Array of integer values to set the variable to

# 5.16.2.11 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2ui (

RTvariable *v,* unsigned int *u1,* 

unsigned int u2)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	u1	Specifies the new unsigned integer value of the program variable
in	u2	Specifies the new unsigned integer value of the program variable

# 5.16.2.12 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2uiv (

RTvariable v,

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# const unsigned int \*u)

#### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	и	Array of unsigned integer values to set the variable to

# 5.16.2.13 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3f (

RTvariable v,

float f1,

float f2,

float f3)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	f1	Specifies the new float value of the program variable
in	f2	Specifies the new float value of the program variable
in	f3	Specifies the new float value of the program variable

# 5.16.2.14 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3fv (

RTvariable v,

const float \* f )

#### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	f	Array of float values to set the variable to

# 5.16.2.15 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3i (

RTvariable v,

int *i1*,

int *i2*,

int *i3* )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	i1	Specifies the new integer value of the program variable
in	i2	Specifies the new integer value of the program variable
in	іЗ	Specifies the new integer value of the program variable

# 5.16.2.16 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3iv (

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RTvariable *v*, const int \* *i* )

#### **Parameters**

ir	J	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
ir	1	i	Array of integer values to set the variable to

# 5.16.2.17 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3ui (

RTvariable *v,* unsigned int *u1,* unsigned int *u2,* unsigned int *u3* )

#### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	u1	Specifies the new unsigned integer value of the program variable
in	u2	Specifies the new unsigned integer value of the program variable
in	иЗ	Specifies the new unsigned integer value of the program variable

# 5.16.2.18 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3uiv (

RTvariable v,

const unsigned int \*u)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	и	Array of unsigned integer values to set the variable to

# 5.16.2.19 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4f (

RTvariable v,

float f1,

float f2,

float f3,

float f4)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	f1	Specifies the new float value of the program variable
in	f2	Specifies the new float value of the program variable
in	f3	Specifies the new float value of the program variable
in	f4	Specifies the new float value of the program variable

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# 5.16.2.20 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4fv (

RTvariable *v,* const float \* *f* )

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	f	Array of float values to set the variable to

# 5.16.2.21 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4i (

RTvariable v,

int *i1*,

int *i2*,

int *i3*,

int *i4* )

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified	
in	i1	i1 Specifies the new integer value of the program variable	
in	i2	Specifies the new integer value of the program variable	
in	i3	Specifies the new integer value of the program variable	
in	i4	Specifies the new integer value of the program variable	

# 5.16.2.22 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4iv (

RTvariable v,

const int \*i)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	i	Array of integer values to set the variable to

# 5.16.2.23 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4ui (

RTvariable v,

unsigned int u1,

unsigned int u2,

unsigned int u3,

unsigned int u4 )

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified	
in	u1	Specifies the new unsigned integer value of the program variable	

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# **Parameters**

in	u2	Specifies the new unsigned integer value of the program variable
in	и3	Specifies the new unsigned integer value of the program variable
in	u4	Specifies the new unsigned integer value of the program variable

# 5.16.2.24 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4uiv (

RTvariable v,

const unsigned int \*u)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	и	Array of unsigned integer values to set the variable to

# 5.16.2.25 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix2x2fv (

RTvariable v,

int transpose,

const float \* m )

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	transpose	Specifies row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to set the matrix to

# 5.16.2.26 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix2x3fv (

RTvariable v,

int transpose,

const float \*m)

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	transpose	Specifies row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to set the matrix to

# 5.16.2.27 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix2x4fv (

RTvariable v,

int transpose,

const float \*m)

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# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	transpose	Specifies row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to set the matrix to

# 5.16.2.28 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix3x2fv (

RTvariable *v,* int *transpose,* const float \* *m* )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	transpose	Specifies row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to set the matrix to

# 5.16.2.29 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix3x3fv (

RTvariable *v*, int *transpose*, const float \* *m* )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	transpose	Specifies row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to set the matrix to

# 5.16.2.30 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix3x4fv (

RTvariable *v,* int *transpose,* const float \* *m* )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	transpose	Specifies row-major or column-major order
in	т	Array of float values to set the matrix to

# 5.16.2.31 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix4x2fv (

RTvariable *v,* int *transpose,* 

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# const float \*m)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	transpose	Specifies row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to set the matrix to

# 5.16.2.32 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix4x3fv (

RTvariable *v*, int *transpose*, const float \* *m* )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	transpose	Specifies row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to set the matrix to

# 5.16.2.33 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix4x4fv (

RTvariable *v*, int *transpose*, const float \* *m* )

in	V	Specifies the program variable to be modified
in	transpose	Specifies row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to set the matrix to

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- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1f (RTvariable v, float \*f1)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2f (RTvariable v, float \*f1, float \*f2)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3f (RTvariable v, float \*f1, float \*f2, float \*f3)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4f (RTvariable v, float \*f1, float \*f2, float \*f3, float \*f4)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1fv (RTvariable v, float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2fv (RTvariable v, float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3fv (RTvariable v, float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4fv (RTvariable v, float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1i (RTvariable v, int \*i1)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2i (RTvariable v, int \*i1, int \*i2)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3i (RTvariable v, int \*i1, int \*i2, int \*i3)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4i (RTvariable v, int \*i1, int \*i2, int \*i3, int \*i4)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1iv (RTvariable v, int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2iv (RTvariable v, int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3iv (RTvariable v, int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4iv (RTvariable v, int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u1)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u1, unsigned int \*u2)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u1, unsigned int \*u2, unsigned int \*u3)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u1, unsigned int \*u2, unsigned int \*u3, unsigned int \*u4)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1uiv (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2uiv (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3uiv (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4uiv (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix2x2fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix2x3fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix2x4fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix3x2fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix3x3fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix3x4fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix4x2fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix4x3fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix4x4fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)

# 5.17.1 Detailed Description

Functions designed to modify the value of a program variable.

# 5.17.2 Function Documentation

# 5.17.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1f ( RTvariable v,

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float \* f1)

Functions designed to modify the value of a program variable.

### Description

Variable getters functions return the value of a program variable or variable array. The target variable is specificed by *v*.

The commands  $rtVariableGet\{1-2-3-4\}\{f-i-ui\}v$  are used to query the value of a program variable specified by v using the pointers passed as arguments as return locations for each component of the vector-typed variable. The number specified in the command should match the number of components in the data type of the specified program variable (e.g., 1 for float, int, unsigned int; 2 for float2, int2, uint2, etc.). The suffix f indicates that floating-point values are expected to be returned, the suffix f indicates that integer values are expected, and the suffix f indicates that unsigned integer values are expected, and this type should also match the data type of the specified program variable. The f variants of this function should be used to query values for program variables defined as float, float2, float3, float4, or arrays of these. The f into f variants of this function should be used to query values for program variables defined as int, int2, int3, int4, or arrays of these. The f variants of this function should be used to query values for program variables defined as unsigned int, uint2, uint3, uint4, or arrays of these. The f variants of this function should be used to return the program variable's value to the array specified by parameter f in this case, the array f should be large enough to accommodate all of the program variable's components.

The commands rtVariableGetMatrix{2-3-4}fv are used to query the value of a program variable whose data type is a matrix. The numbers in the command names are interpreted as the dimensionality of the matrix. For example, 2x4 indicates a 2 x 4 matrix with 2 columns and 4 rows (i.e., 8 values). If transpose is 0, the matrix is returned in row major order, otherwise in column major order.

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

Variable getters were introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also Variable setters, rtVariableGetType, rtContextDeclareVariable

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	f1	Float value to be returned

# 5.17.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1fv (

RTvariable v,

float \*f)

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	f	Array of float value(s) to be returned

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# 5.17.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1i (

RTvariable v,

int \* *i1* )

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	i1	Integer value to be returned

# 5.17.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1iv (

RTvariable v,

int \* *i* )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	i	Array of integer values to be returned

# 5.17.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1ui (

RTvariable v,

unsigned int \*u1)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	u1	Unsigned integer value to be returned

# 5.17.2.6 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1uiv (

RTvariable v,

unsigned int \*u)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	и	Array of unsigned integer values to be returned

# 5.17.2.7 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2f (

RTvariable v,

float \* f1,

float \* f2 )

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
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# **Parameters**

in	f1	Float value to be returned
in	f2	Float value to be returned

# 5.17.2.8 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2fv (

RTvariable *v*, float \* *f* )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	f	Array of float value(s) to be returned

# 5.17.2.9 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2i (

RTvariable *v,* int \* *i1*, int \* *i2* )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	i1	Integer value to be returned
in	i2	Integer value to be returned

# 5.17.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2iv (

RTvariable *v,* int \* *i* )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	i	Array of integer values to be returned

# 5.17.2.11 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2ui (

RTvariable *v*, unsigned int \* *u*1, unsigned int \* *u*2 )

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	u1	Unsigned integer value to be returned
in	u2	Unsigned integer value to be returned

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# 5.17.2.12 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2uiv (

RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u)

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	и	Array of unsigned integer values to be returned

# 5.17.2.13 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3f (

RTvariable v,

float \* f1,

float \* f2,

float \* *f3* )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	f1	Float value to be returned
in	f2	Float value to be returned
in	f3	Float value to be returned

# 5.17.2.14 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3fv (

RTvariable v,

float \*f)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	f	Array of float value(s) to be returned

# 5.17.2.15 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3i (

RTvariable v,

int \* *i1*,

int \* *i2*,

int \* *i3* )

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	i1	Integer value to be returned
in	i2	Integer value to be returned
in	іЗ	Integer value to be returned

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# 5.17.2.16 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3iv (

RTvariable *v,* int \* *i* )

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	i	Array of integer values to be returned

# 5.17.2.17 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3ui (

RTvariable *v*, unsigned int \* *u*1, unsigned int \* *u*2, unsigned int \* *u*3 )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	u1	Unsigned integer value to be returned
in	u2	Unsigned integer value to be returned
in	и3	Unsigned integer value to be returned

# 5.17.2.18 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3uiv (

RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	и	Array of unsigned integer values to be returned

# 5.17.2.19 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4f (

RTvariable *v,* float \* *f1*,

float \* f2,

float \* f3,

float \* f4 )

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	f1	Float value to be returned
in	f2	Float value to be returned
in	f3	Float value to be returned

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# **Parameters**

in	f4	Float value to be returned
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# 5.17.2.20 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4fv (

RTvariable v,

float \*f)

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	f	Array of float value(s) to be returned

# 5.17.2.21 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4i (

RTvariable v,

int \* *i1*,

int \* *i2*,

int \* *i3*,

int \* *i4* )

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	i1	Integer value to be returned
in	i2	Integer value to be returned
in	i3	Integer value to be returned
in	i4	Integer value to be returned

# 5.17.2.22 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4iv (

RTvariable v,

int \* *i* )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	i	Array of integer values to be returned

# 5.17.2.23 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4ui (

RTvariable v,

unsigned int \* u1,

unsigned int \* u2,

unsigned int \* u3,

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# unsigned int \* u4 )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	u1	Unsigned integer value to be returned
in	u2	Unsigned integer value to be returned
in	и3	Unsigned integer value to be returned
in	u4	Unsigned integer value to be returned

# 5.17.2.24 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4uiv (

RTvariable v,

unsigned int \*u)

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	и	Array of unsigned integer values to be returned

# 5.17.2.25 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix2x2fv (

RTvariable v,

int transpose,

float \*m)

# **Parameters**

	in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
	in	transpose	Specify(ies) row-major or column-major order
-	in	m	Array of float values to be returned

# 5.17.2.26 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix2x3fv (

RTvariable v,

int transpose,

float \*m)

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	transpose	Specify(ies) row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to be returned

# 5.17.2.27 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix2x4fv (

RTvariable v,

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int transpose,

float \*m)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	transpose	Specify(ies) row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to be returned

# 5.17.2.28 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix3x2fv (

RTvariable v,

int transpose,

float \*m)

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	transpose	Specify(ies) row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to be returned

# 5.17.2.29 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix3x3fv (

RTvariable v,

int transpose,

float \*m)

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	transpose	Specify(ies) row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to be returned

# 5.17.2.30 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix3x4fv (

RTvariable v,

int transpose,

float \*m)

### **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	transpose	Specify(ies) row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to be returned

# 5.17.2.31 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix4x2fv (

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RTvariable *v,* int *transpose,* float \* *m* )

# **Parameters**

in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
in	transpose	Specify(ies) row-major or column-major order
in	m	Array of float values to be returned

# 5.17.2.32 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix4x3fv (

RTvariable *v*, int *transpose*, float \* *m* )

# **Parameters**

	in	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
	in	transpose	Specify(ies) row-major or column-major order
Ī	in	m	Array of float values to be returned

# 5.17.2.33 RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix4x4fv (

RTvariable *v,* int *transpose,* float \* *m* )

j	ln	V	Specifies the program variable whose value is to be returned
j	ln	transpose	Specify(ies) row-major or column-major order
j	ln	m	Array of float values to be returned

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# 5.18 Context-free functions

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtGetVersion (unsigned int \*version)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGlobalSetAttribute (RTglobalattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGlobalGetAttribute (RTglobalattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- RTresult RTAPI rtDeviceGetDeviceCount (unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtDeviceGetAttribute (int ordinal, RTdeviceattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)

# 5.18.1 Detailed Description

Functions that don't pertain to an OptiX context to be called.

### 5.18.2 Function Documentation

# 5.18.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtDeviceGetAttribute (

int *ordinal*,
RTdeviceattribute *attrib*,
RTsize *size*,
void \* *p* )

Returns an attribute specific to an OptiX device.

### **Description**

rtDeviceGetAttribute returns in *p* the value of the per device attribute specified by *attrib* for device *ordinal*.

Each attribute can have a different size. The sizes are given in the following list:

- RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_MAX\_THREADS\_PER\_BLOCK sizeof(int)
- RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CLOCK\_RATE sizeof(int)
- RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_MULTIPROCESSOR\_COUNT sizeof(int)
- RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_EXECUTION\_TIMEOUT\_ENABLED sizeof(int)
- RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_MAX\_HARDWARE\_TEXTURE\_COUNT sizeof(int)
- RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NAME up to size-1
- RT DEVICE ATTRIBUTE COMPUTE CAPABILITY sizeof(int2)
- RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TOTAL\_MEMORY sizeof(RTsize)
- RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TCC\_DRIVER sizeof(int)
- RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CUDA\_DEVICE\_ORDINAL sizeof(int)
- RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_PCI\_BUS\_ID up to size-1, at most 13 chars

in	ordinal	OptiX device ordinal
in	attrib	Attribute to query
in	size	Size of the attribute being queried. Parameter <i>p</i> must have at least this much memory allocated
out	p	Return pointer where the value of the attribute will be copied into. This must point to at least <i>size</i> bytes of memory

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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE Can be returned if size does not match the proper size of the attribute, if p is NULL, or if ordinal does not correspond to an OptiX device

### History

rtDeviceGetAttribute was introduced in OptiX 2.0. RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TCC\_DRIVER was introduced in OptiX 3.0. RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CUDA\_DEVICE\_ORDINAL was introduced in OptiX 3.0.

See also rtDeviceGetDeviceCount, rtContextGetAttribute

# 5.18.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtDeviceGetDeviceCount (

unsigned int \* count )

Returns the number of OptiX capable devices.

### **Description**

rtDeviceGetDeviceCount returns in *count* the number of compute devices that are available in the host system and will be used by OptiX.

### **Parameters**

out	count	Number devices available for OptiX
-----	-------	------------------------------------

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtDeviceGetDeviceCount was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGetVersion

### 5.18.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtGetVersion (

unsigned int \* version )

Returns the current OptiX version.

# **Description**

rtGetVersion returns in version a numerically comparable version number of the current OptiX library.

The encoding for the version number prior to OptiX 4.0.0 is major\*1000 + minor\*10 + micro. For versions 4.0.0 and higher, the encoding is major\*10000 + minor\*100 + micro. For example, for version 3.5.1 this function would return 3051, and for version 4.5.1 it would return 40501.

### **Parameters**

out version OptiX vers	ion number
------------------------	------------

### **Return values**

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### Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

### History

rtGetVersion was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtDeviceGetDeviceCount

# 5.18.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtGlobalGetAttribute (

RTglobalattribute attrib,

RTsize size,

void \* p)

Returns a global attribute.

### **Description**

rtGlobalGetAttribute returns in p the value of the global attribute specified by attrib.

Each attribute can have a different size. The sizes are given in the following list:

RT\_GLOBAL\_ATTRIBUTE\_EXPERIMENTAL\_EXECUTION\_STRATEGY sizeof(int)

RT\_GLOBAL\_ATTRIBUTE\_EXPERIMENTAL\_EXECUTION\_STRATEGY is an experimental setting which sets the execution strategy used by Optix for the next context to be created.

### **Parameters**

in	attrib	Attribute to query	
in	size	Size of the attribute being queried. Parameter <i>p</i> must have at least this much memory allocated	
out	р	Return pointer where the value of the attribute will be copied into. This must point to at least <i>size</i> bytes of memory	

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_GLOBAL\_ATTRIBUTE Can be returned if an unknown attribute was addressed.
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE Can be returned if *size* does not match the proper size of the attribute, if *p* is *NULL*, or if *attribute+ordinal* does not correspond to an OptiX device

### History

rtGlobalGetAttribute was introduced in OptiX 5.1.

See also rtGlobalSetAttribute,

# 5.18.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtGlobalSetAttribute (

RTglobalattribute attrib,

RTsize size,

void \* p)

Set a global attribute.

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# Description

rtGlobalSetAttribute sets p as the value of the global attribute specified by attrib.

Each attribute can have a different size. The sizes are given in the following list:

RT\_GLOBAL\_ATTRIBUTE\_EXPERIMENTAL\_EXECUTION\_STRATEGY sizeof(int)

RT\_GLOBAL\_ATTRIBUTE\_EXPERIMENTAL\_EXECUTION\_STRATEGY is an experimental setting which sets the execution strategy used by Optix for the next context to be created.

### **Parameters**

in	attrib	Attribute to set	
in	size	Size of the attribute being set	
in	р	Pointer to where the value of the attribute will be copied from. This must point to at least <i>size</i> bytes of memory	

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_GLOBAL\_ATTRIBUTE Can be returned if an unknown attribute was addressed.
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE Can be returned if size does not match the proper size of the attribute, or if p is NULL

# History

rtGlobalSetAttribute was introduced in OptiX 5.1.

See also rtGlobalGetAttribute

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# 5.19 CUDA C Reference

# **Modules**

- OptiX CUDA C declarations
- OptiX basic types
- OptiX CUDA C functions

# 5.19.1 Detailed Description

OptiX Functions related to host and device code.

# 5.20 OptiX CUDA C declarations

#### **Macros**

- #define rtDeclareVariable(type, name, semantic, annotation)
- #define rtDeclareAnnotation(variable, annotation)
- #define rtCallableProgram(return\_type, function\_name, parameter\_list) rtDeclareVariable(optix::boundCallableProgramId<return\_type parameter\_list>, function\_name,);
- #define RT\_PROGRAM \_\_global\_\_
- #define rtCallableProgramId optix::callableProgramId
- #define rtCallableProgramX optix::boundCallableProgramId

# 5.20.1 Detailed Description

Functions designed to declare programs and types used by OptiX device code.

#### 5.20.2 Macro Definition Documentation

# 5.20.2.1 #define RT\_PROGRAM \_\_global\_\_

Define an OptiX program.

### **Description**

RT\_PROGRAM defines a program **program\_name** with the specified arguments and return value. This function can be bound to a specific program object using rtProgramCreateFromPTXString or rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile, which will subsequently get bound to different programmable binding points.

All programs should have a "void" return type. Bounding box programs will have an argument for the primitive index and the bounding box reference return value (type **nvrt::AAbb&**). Intersection programs will have a single int primitiveIndex argument. All other programs take zero arguments.

### History

RT PROGRAM was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also RT\_PROGRAM rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile rtProgramCreateFromPTXString

### 5.20.2.2 #define rtCallableProgram(

```
return_type,
function_name,
parameter_list ) rtDeclareVariable(optix::boundCallableProgramId<return_type
parameter_list>, function_name,,);
```

Callable Program Declaration.

# **Description**

rtCallableProgram declares callable program *name*, which will appear to be a callable function with the specified return type and list of arguments. This callable program must be matched against a variable declared on the API object using rtVariableSetObject.

Unless compatibility with SM\_10 is needed, new code should #define RT\_USE\_TEMPLATED\_RTCALLABLEPROGRAM and rely on the new templated version of rtCallableProgram.

# Example(s):

```
rtCallableProgram(float3, modColor, (float3, float));
// With RT_USE_TEMPLATED_RTCALLABLEPROGRAM defined
rtDeclareVariable(rtCallableProgram<float3(float3, float)>, modColor);
```

#### **Parameters**

in	return_type	Return type of the callable program	
in	function_name	Name of the callable program	
in	parameter_list	Parameter_List of the callable program	

# History

rtCallableProgram was introduced in OptiX 3.0.

See also rtDeclareVariable rtCallableProgramId rtCallableProgramX

### 5.20.2.3 #define rtCallableProgramId optix::callableProgramId

Callable Program ID Declaration.

# **Description**

rtCallableProgramId declares callable program *name*, which will appear to be a callable function with the specified return type and list of arguments. This callable program must be matched against a variable declared on the API object of type int.

### Example(s):

```
rtDeclareVariable(rtCallableProgramId<float3(float3, float)>, modColor)
;
rtBuffer<rtCallableProgramId<float3(float3, float)>, 1> modColors;
```

# History

rtCallableProgramId was introduced in OptiX 3.6.

See also rtCallableProgram rtCallableProgramX rtDeclareVariable

# 5.20.2.4 #define rtCallableProgramX optix::boundCallableProgramId

Callable Program X Declaration.

# **Description**

rtCallableProgramX declares callable program *name*, which will appear to be a callable function with the specified return type and list of arguments. This callable program must be matched against a variable declared on the API object using rtVariableSetObject.

Unless compatibility with SM\_10 is needed, new code should #define RT\_USE\_TEMPLATED\_RTCALLABLEPROGRAM and rely on the new templated version of rtCallableProgram instead of directly using rtCallableProgramX.

# Example(s):

```
rtDeclareVariable(rtCallableProgramX<float3(float3, float)>, modColor);
// With RT_USE_TEMPLATED_RTCALLABLEPROGRAM defined
rtDeclareVariable(rtCallableProgram<float3(float3, float)>, modColor);
```

# History

rtCallableProgramX was introduced in OptiX 3.6.

See also rtCallableProgram rtCallableProgramId rtDeclareVariable

# 5.20.2.5 #define rtDeclareAnnotation( *variable*,

annotation )

### Value:

```
namespace rti_internal_annotation { \
    __device__ char variable[] = #annotation; \
}
```

Annotation declaration.

# **Description**

rtDeclareAnnotation sets the annotation *annotation* of the given variable *name*. Typically annotations are declared using an argument to rtDeclareVariable, but variables of type rtBuffer and rtTextureSampler are declared using templates, so separate annotation attachment is required.

OptiX does not attempt to interpret the annotation in any way. It is considered metadata for the application to query and interpret in its own way.

#### Valid annotations

The macro rtDeclareAnnotation uses the C pre-processor's "stringification" feature to turn the literal text of the annotation argument into a string constant. The pre-processor will backslash-escape quotes and backslashes within the text of the annotation. Leading and trailing whitespace will be ignored, and sequences of whitespace in the middle of the text is converted to a single space character in the result. The only restriction the C-PP places on the text is that it may not contain a comma character unless it is either quoted or contained within parens: "," or (,).

# Example(s):

### **Parameters**

in	variable	Variable to annotate	
in	annotation	Annotation metadata	

### History

rtDeclareAnnotation was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtDeclareVariable, rtVariableGetAnnotation

# 5.20.2.6 #define rtDeclareVariable(

```
type,
name,
semantic,
annotation )
```

### Value:

```
namespace rti_internal_typeinfo { \
    __device__ ::rti_internal_typeinfo::rti_typeinfo name = { ::rti_internal_typeinfo::_OPTIX_VARIABLE,
     sizeof(type)}; \
  } \
  namespace rti_internal_typename { \
     _device__ char name[] = #type; \
  } \
  namespace rti_internal_typeenum { \
    __device__ int name = ::rti_internal_typeinfo::rti_typeenum<type>::m_typeenum; \
  } \
  namespace rti_internal_semantic { \
    __device__ char name[] = #semantic; \
  } \
  namespace rti_internal_annotation { \
    __device__ char name[] = #annotation; \
  } \
  __device__ type name
```

Variable declaration.

### **Description**

rtDeclareVariable declares variable *name* of the specified *type*. By default, the variable name will be matched against a variable declared on the API object using the lookup hierarchy for the current program. Using the semanticName, this variable can be bound to internal state, to the payload associated with a ray, or to attributes that are communicated between intersection and material programs. An additional optional annotation can be used to associate application-specific metadata with the variable as well.

type may be a primitive type or a user-defined struct (See rtVariableSetUserData). Except for the ray payload and attributes, the declared variable will be read-only. The variable will be visible to all of the cuda functions defined in the current file. The binding of variables to values on API objects is allowed to vary from one instance to another.

# Valid semanticNames

- rtLaunchIndex The launch invocation index. Type must be one of unsigned int, uint2, uint3, int, int2, int3 and is read-only.
- rtLaunchDim The size of each dimension of the launch. The values range from 1 to the launch size in that dimension. Type must be one of *unsigned* int, *uint2*, *uint3*, *int*, *int2*, *int3* and is read-only.
- rtCurrentRay The currently active ray, valid only when a call to rtTrace is active. Type must be
   optix::Ray and is read-only.
- rtIntersectionDistance The current closest hit distance, valid only when a call to rtTrace is active. Type must be *float* and is read-only.
- rtRayPayload The struct passed into the most recent rtTrace call and is read-write.

• attribute name - A named attribute passed from the intersection program to a closest-hit or any-hit program. The types must match in both sets of programs. This variable is read-only in the closest-hit or any-hit program and is written in the intersection program.

### **Parameters**

in	type	Type of the variable
in	name	Name of the variable
in	semantic	Semantic name
in	annotation	Annotation for this variable

# History

- rtDeclareVariable was introduced in OptiX 1.0.
- rtLaunchDim was introduced in OptiX 2.0.

**See also** rtDeclareAnnotation, rtVariableGetAnnotation, rtContextDeclareVariable, rtProgramDeclareVariable, rtSelectorDeclareVariable, rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable, rtGeometryDeclareVariable, rtMaterialDeclareVariable

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# 5.21 OptiX basic types

### **Classes**

- struct Ray
- struct rtObject
- · class optix::Aabb
- class optix::Matrix< M, N >
- · class optix::Quaternion

#### **Macros**

- #define rtBuffer \_\_device\_\_ optix::buffer
- #define rtBufferId optix::bufferId
- #define rtTextureSampler texture

### 5.21.1 Detailed Description

Basic types used in OptiX.

### 5.21.2 Macro Definition Documentation

# 5.21.2.1 #define rtBuffer \_\_device\_\_ optix::buffer

Declare a reference to a buffer object.

### **Description**

```
rtBuffer<Type, Dim> name;
```

rtBuffer declares a buffer of type *Type* and dimensionality *Dim. Dim* must be between 1 and 4 inclusive and defaults to 1 if not specified. The resulting object provides access to buffer data through the [] indexing operator, where the index is either unsigned int, uint2, uint3, or uint4 for 1, 2, 3 or 4-dimensional buffers (respectively). This operator can be used to read from or write to the resulting buffer at the specified index.

The named buffer obeys the runtime name lookup semantics as described in rtDeclareVariable. A compile error will result if the named buffer is not bound to a buffer object, or is bound to a buffer object of the incorrect type or dimension. The behavior of writing to a read-only buffer is undefined. Reading from a write-only buffer is well defined only if a value has been written previously by the same thread.

This declaration must appear at the file scope (not within a function), and will be visible to all RT\_PROGRAM instances within the same compilation unit.

An annotation may be associated with the buffer variable by using the rtDeclareAnnotation macro.

### History

rtBuffer was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtDeclareAnnotation, rtDeclareVariable, rtBufferCreate, rtTextureSampler, rtVariableSetObject rtBufferId

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### 5.21.2.2 #define rtBufferId optix::bufferId

A class that wraps buffer access functionality when using a buffer id.

### Description

The rtBufferId provides an interface similar to rtBuffer when using a buffer id obtained through rtBufferGetId. Unlike rtBuffer, this class can be passed to functions or stored in other data structures such as the ray payload. It should be noted, however, doing so can limit the extent that OptiX can optimize the generated code.

There is also a version of rtBufferId that can be used by the host code, so that types can exist in both host and device code. See the documentation for rtBufferId found in the optix C++ API header.

### History

rtBufferId was introduced in OptiX 3.5.

#### See also

rtBuffer rtBufferGetId

# 5.21.2.3 #define rtTextureSampler texture

Declares a reference to a texture sampler object.

### **Description**

rtTextureSampler declares a texture of type *Type* and dimensionality *Dim*. *Dim* must be between 1 and 3 inclusive and defaults to 1 if not specified. The resulting object provides access to texture data through the tex1D, tex2D and tex3D functions. These functions can be used only to read the data.

Texture filtering and wrapping modes, specified in *ReadMode* will be dependent on the state of the texture sampler object created with rtTextureSamplerCreate.

An annotation may be associated with the texture sampler variable by using the rtDeclareAnnotation macro.

### History

rtTextureSampler was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtDeclareAnnotation, rtTextureSamplerCreate

# 5.22 OptiX CUDA C functions

### **Modules**

- · Texture fetch functions
- · rtPrintf functions

### **Functions**

```
template < class T > static __device__ void rtTrace (rtObject topNode, optix::Ray ray, T &prd)
static __device__ bool rtPotentialIntersection (float tmin)
static __device__ bool rtReportIntersection (unsigned int material)
static __device__ void rtIgnoreIntersection ()
static __device__ void rtTerminateRay ()
static __device__ void rtIntersectChild (unsigned int index)
static __device__ float3 rtTransformPoint (RTtransformkind kind, const float3 &p)
static __device__ float3 rtTransformVector (RTtransformkind kind, const float3 &v)
static __device__ float3 rtTransformNormal (RTtransformkind kind, const float3 &n)
static __device__ void rtGetTransform (RTtransformkind kind, float matrix[16])
static __device__ void rtThrow (unsigned int code)
static __device__ void rtPrintExceptionCode ()
static __device__ void rtPrintExceptionDetails ()
```

# 5.22.1 Detailed Description

OptiX Functions designed to operate on device side. Some of them can also be included explicitly in host code if desired

### 5.22.2 Function Documentation

# 5.22.2.1 static \_\_device\_\_ unsigned int rtGetExceptionCode( ) [inline], [static]

Retrieves the type of a caught exception.

# Description

rtGetExceptionCode can be called from an exception program to query which type of exception was caught. The returned code is equivalent to one of the RTexception constants passed to rtContextSetExceptionEnabled, RT\_EXCEPTION\_ALL excluded. For user-defined exceptions, the code is equivalent to the argument passed to rtThrow.

### **Return values**

unsigned	int Returned exception code

### History

rtGetExceptionCode was introduced in OptiX 1.1.

**See also** rtContextSetExceptionEnabled, rtContextGetExceptionEnabled, rtContextSetExceptionProgram, rtContextGetExceptionProgram, rtThrow, rtPrintExceptionDetails

5.22.2.2 static \_\_device\_\_ void rtGetTransform (

RTtransformkind kind,

float matrix[16] ) [inline], [static]

Get requested transform.

### Description

rtGetTransform returns the requested transform in the return parameter *matrix*. The type of transform to be retrieved is specified with the *kind* parameter. *kind* is an enumerated value that can be either RT\_OBJECT\_TO\_WORLD or RT\_WORLD\_TO\_OBJECT and must be a constant literal. During traversal, intersection and any-hit programs, the current ray will be located in object space. During ray generation, closest-hit and miss programs, the current ray will be located in world space.

There may be significant performance overhead associated with a call to rtGetTransform compared to a call to rtTransformPoint, rtTransformVector, or rtTransformNormal.

#### **Parameters**

in	kind	The type of transform to retrieve	
out	matrix	Return parameter for the requested transform	

#### **Return values**

void void return value
------------------------

### History

rtGetTransform was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTransformCreate, rtTransformPoint, rtTransformVector, rtTransformNormal

5.22.2.3 static \_\_device\_\_ void rtlgnoreIntersection( ) [inline], [static]

Cancels the potential intersection with current ray.

# Description

rtlgnoreIntersection causes the current potential intersection to be ignored. This intersection will not become the new closest hit associated with the ray. This function does not return, so values affecting the per-ray data should be applied before calling rtlgnoreIntersection. rtlgnoreIntersection is valid only within an any-hit program.

rtlgnoreIntersection can be used to implement alpha-mapped transparency by ignoring intersections that hit the geometry but are labeled as transparent in a texture. Since any-hit programs are called frequently during intersection, care should be taken to make them as efficient as possible.

### **Return values**

void	void return value
void	void return value

### History

rtIgnoreIntersection was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTerminateRay, rtPotentialIntersection

5.22.2.4 static \_\_device\_\_ void rtIntersectChild (

# unsigned int index ) [inline], [static]

Visit child of selector.

### Description

rtIntersectChild will perform intersection on the specified child for the current active ray. This is used in a selector visit program to traverse one of the selector's children. The *index* specifies which of the children to be visited. As the child is traversed, intersection programs will be called and any-hit programs will be called for positive intersections. When this process is complete, rtIntersectChild will return unless one of the any-hit programs calls rtTerminateRay, in which case this function will never return. Multiple children can be visited during a single selector visit call by calling this function multiple times.

*index* matches the index used in rtSelectorSetChild on the host. rtIntersectChild is valid only within a selector visit program.

#### **Parameters**

in	index	Specifies the child to perform intersection on
----	-------	--

#### **Return values**

void void return value
------------------------

### History

rtIntersectChild was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtSelectorSetVisitProgram, rtSelectorCreate, rtTerminateRay

```
5.22.2.5 static __device__ bool rtPotentialIntersection (
float tmin ) [inline], [static]
```

Determine whether a computed intersection is potentially valid.

### Description

Reporting an intersection from a geometry program is a two-stage process. If the geometry program computes that the ray intersects the geometry, it will first call rtPotentialIntersection. rtPotentialIntersection will determine whether the reported hit distance is within the valid interval associated with the ray, and return true if the intersection is valid. Subsequently, the geometry program will compute the attributes (normal, texture coordinates, etc.) associated with the intersection before calling rtReportIntersection. When rtReportIntersection is called, the any-hit program associated with the material is called. If the any-hit program does not ignore the intersection then the t value will stand as the new closest intersection.

If rtPotentialIntersection returns true, then rtReportIntersection should **always** be called after computing the attributes. Furthermore, attributes variables should only be written after a successful return from rtPotentialIntersection.

rtPotentialIntersection is passed the material index associated with the reported intersection. Objects with a single material should pass an index of zero.

rtReportIntersection and rtPotentialIntersection are valid only within a geometry intersection program.

in	tmin	t value of the ray to be checked

### **Return values**

bool Returns whether the intersection is valid or not
---

### History

rtPotentialIntersection was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtGeometrySetIntersectionProgram, rtReportIntersection, rtIgnoreIntersection

```
5.22.2.6 static device void rtPrintExceptionDetails() [inline], [static]
```

Print information on a caught exception.

# **Description**

rtGetExceptionCode can be called from an exception program to provide information on the caught exception to the user. The function uses rtPrintf functions to output details depending on the type of the exception. It is necessary to have printing enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled for this function to have any effect.

### **Return values**

void void return type	
-----------------------	--

### History

rtPrintExceptionDetails was introduced in OptiX 1.1.

**See also** rtContextSetExceptionEnabled, rtContextGetExceptionEnabled, rtContextSetExceptionProgram, rtContextGetExceptionProgram, rtContextSetPrintEnabled, rtGetExceptionCode, rtThrow, rtPrintf functions

Report an intersection with the current object and the specified material.

### **Description**

rtReportIntersection reports an intersection of the current ray with the current object, and specifies the material associated with the intersection. rtReportIntersection should only be used in conjunction with rtPotentialIntersection as described in rtPotentialIntersection.

# **Parameters**

in	material	Material associated with the intersection

# **Return values**

bool return value, this is set to false if the intersection is, for some reason, ignored **History** 

rtReportIntersection was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtPotentialIntersection, rtIgnoreIntersection

```
5.22.2.8 static __device__ void rtTerminateRay( ) [inline], [static]
```

Terminate traversal associated with the current ray.

### Description

rtTerminateRay causes the traversal associated with the current ray to immediately terminate. After termination, the closest-hit program associated with the ray will be called. This function does not return, so values affecting the per-ray data should be applied before calling rtTerminateRay. rtTerminateRay is valid only within an any-hit program. The value of rtIntersectionDistance is undefined when rtTerminateRay is used.

#### **Return values**

void	void return value
------	-------------------

## History

rtTerminateRay was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtIgnoreIntersection, rtPotentialIntersection

Throw a user exception.

### **Description**

rtThrow is used to trigger user defined exceptions which behave like built-in exceptions. That is, upon invocation, ray processing for the current launch index is immediately aborted and the corresponding exception program is executed. rtThrow does not return.

The *code* passed as argument must be within the range reserved for user exceptions, which starts at RT\_EXCEPTION\_USER (0x400) and ends at 0xFFFF. The code can be queried within the exception program using rtGetExceptionCode.

rtThrow may be called from within any program type except exception programs. Calls to rtThrow will be silently ignored unless user exceptions are enabled using rtContextSetExceptionEnabled.

### History

rtThrow was introduced in OptiX 1.1.

**See also** rtContextSetExceptionEnabled, rtContextGetExceptionEnabled, rtContextSetExceptionProgram, rtContextGetExceptionProgram, rtGetExceptionCode, rtPrintExceptionDetails

Traces a ray.

### Description

rtTrace traces *ray* against object *topNode*. A reference to *prd*, the per-ray data, will be passed to all of the closest-hit and any-hit programs that are executed during this invocation of trace. *topNode* must refer to an OptiX object of type RTgroup, RTselector, RTgeometrygroup or RTtransform.

The optional *time* argument sets the time of the ray for motion-aware traversal and shading. The ray time is available in user programs as the rtCurrentTime semantic variable. If *time* is omitted, then the

ray inherits the time of the parent ray that triggered the current program. In a ray generation program where there is no parent ray, the time defaults to 0.0.

### **Parameters**

in	topNode	Top node object where to start the traversal  Ray to be traced	
in	ray		
in <i>time</i> Time v		Time value for the ray	
in	prd	Per-ray custom data	

### **Return values**

void void return val	ue
----------------------	----

### History

- rtTrace was introduced in OptiX 1.0.
- time was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

See also rtObject rtCurrentTime Ray

```
5.22.2.11 static __device__ float3 rtTransformNormal (
RTtransformkind kind,
const float3 & n ) [inline], [static]
```

Apply the current transformation to a normal.

# Description

rtTransformNormal transforms *n* as a normal using the current active transformation stack (the inverse transpose). During traversal, intersection and any-hit programs, the current ray will be located in object space. During ray generation, closest-hit and miss programs, the current ray will be located in world space. This function can be used to transform values between object and world space.

kind is an enumerated value that can be either RT\_OBJECT\_TO\_WORLD or RT\_WORLD\_TO\_OBJECT and must be a constant literal. For ray generation and miss programs, the transform will always be the identity transform. For traversal, intersection, any-hit and closest-hit programs, the transform will be dependent on the set of active transform nodes for the current state.

### **Parameters**

in	kind	Type of the transform
in	n	Normal to transform

# **Return values**

float3	Transformed normal

### History

rtTransformNormal was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTransformCreate, rtTransformPoint, rtTransformVector

```
5.22.2.12 static __device__ float3 rtTransformPoint (

RTtransformkind kind,

const float3 & p ) [inline], [static]
```

Apply the current transformation to a point.

# **Description**

rtTransformPoint transforms *p* as a point using the current active transformation stack. During traversal, intersection and any-hit programs, the current ray will be located in object space. During ray generation, closest-hit and miss programs, the current ray will be located in world space. This function can be used to transform the ray origin and other points between object and world space.

kind is an enumerated value that can be either RT\_OBJECT\_TO\_WORLD or RT\_WORLD\_TO\_OBJECT and must be a constant literal. For ray generation and miss programs, the transform will always be the identity transform. For traversal, intersection, any-hit and closest-hit programs, the transform will be dependent on the set of active transform nodes for the current state.

### **Parameters**

in	kind	Type of the transform
in	p	Point to transform

### **Return values**

float3	Transformed point
--------	-------------------

### **History**

rtTransformPoint was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtTransformCreate, rtTransformVector, rtTransformNormal

Apply the current transformation to a vector.

# **Description**

rtTransformVector transforms *v* as a vector using the current active transformation stack. During traversal, intersection and any-hit programs, the current ray will be located in object space. During ray generation, closest-hit and miss programs, the current ray will be located in world space. This function can be used to transform the ray direction and other vectors between object and world space.

kind is an enumerated value that can be either RT\_OBJECT\_TO\_WORLD or RT\_WORLD\_TO\_OBJECT and must be a constant literal. For ray generation and miss programs, the transform will always be the identity transform. For traversal, intersection, any-hit and closest-hit programs, the transform will be dependent on the set of active transform nodes for the current state.

in	kind	Type of the transform
in	V	Vector to transform

# **Return values**

float3 Transformed vector	
---------------------------	--

# History

rtTransformVector was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

 $\textbf{See also} \ \textbf{rtTransformCreate}, \ \textbf{rtTransformPoint}, \ \textbf{rtTransformNormal}$ 

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### 5.23 Texture fetch functions

```
    device uint3 optix::rtTexSize (rtTextureId id)
```

### 5.23.1 Detailed Description

### 5.23.2 Function Documentation

Similar to CUDA C's texture functions, OptiX programs can access textures in a bindless way.

### **Description**

**rtTex1D**, **rtTex2D** and **rtTex3D** fetch the texture referenced by the *id* with texture coordinate *x*, *y* and *z*. The texture sampler *id* can be obtained on the host side using **rtTextureSamplerGetId** function. There are also C++ template and C-style additional declarations for other texture types (char1, uchar1, char2, uchar2 ...):

To get texture size dimensions rtTexSize can be used.

Texture element may be fetched with integer coordinates using functions: rtTex1DFetch, rtTex2DFetch and rtTex3DFetch

Textures may also be sampled by providing a level of detail for mip mapping or gradients for anisotropic filtering. An integer layer number is required for layered textures (arrays of textures) using functions: rtTex2DGather, rtTex1DGrad, rtTex2DGrad, rtTex3DGrad, rtTex1DLayeredGrad, rtTex2DLayeredGrad, rtTex1DLod, rtTex2DLod, rtTex3DLod, rtTex1DLayeredLod, rtTex2DLayeredLod, rtTex2DLayered.

And cubeamp textures with **rtTexCubemap**, **rtTexCubemapLod**, **rtTexCubemapLayered** and **rtTexCubemapLayeredLod**.

```
template<> uchar2 rtTexlD(rtTextureId id, float x)
void rtTexlD(ushort2 *retVal, rtTextureId id, float x)
```

# History

rtTex1D, rtTex2D and rtTex3D were introduced in OptiX 3.0.

rtTexSize, rtTex1DFetch, rtTex2DFetch, rtTex3DFetch, rtTex2DGather, rtTex1DGrad, rtTex2DGrad, rtTex3DGrad, rtTex1DLayeredGrad, rtTex2DLayeredGrad, rtTex1DLod, rtTex2DLod, rtTex3DLod, rtTex1DLayeredLod, rtTex2DLayeredLod, rtTex1DLayered, rtTex2DLayered, rtTexCubemap, rtTexCubemapLod, rtTexCubemapLayered and rtTexCubemapLayeredLod were introduced in OptiX 3.9.

See also rtTextureSamplerGetId

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### 5.24 rtPrintf functions

```
static __device__ void rtPrintf (const char *fmt)
template<typename T1 > static __device__ void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1)
template<typename T1 , typename T2 > static __device__ void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2)
template<typename T1 , typename T2 , typename T3 > static __device__ void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3)
template<typename T1 , typename T2 , typename T3 , typename T4 > static __device__ void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4)
template<typename T1 , typename T2 , typename T3 , typename T4 , typename T5 > static __device__ void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5)
template<typename T1 , typename T2 , typename T3 , typename T4 , typename T5 , typename T6 > static __device__ void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6 arg6)
```

- template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T7 static \_\_device\_\_ void rtPrintf (const char \*fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6 arg6, T7 arg7)</li>
- template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6, typename T7, typename T8 > static \_\_device\_\_ void rtPrintf (const char \*fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6 arg6, T7 arg7, T8 arg8)
- template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6, typename T7, typename T8, typename T9 > static \_\_device\_\_ void rtPrintf (const char \*fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6 arg6, T7 arg7, T8 arg8, T9 arg9)
- template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6, typename T7, typename T8, typename T9, typename T10>
   static \_\_device\_\_ void rtPrintf (const char \*fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6 arg6, T7 arg7, T8 arg8, T9 arg9, T10 arg10)
- template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6, typename T7, typename T8, typename T9, typename T10, typename T11>
   static \_\_device\_\_ void rtPrintf (const char \*fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6 arg6, T7 arg7, T8 arg8, T9 arg9, T10 arg10, T11 arg11)
- template < typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6, typename T7, typename T8, typename T9, typename T10, typename T11, typename T12 > static \_\_device\_\_ void rtPrintf (const char \*fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6 arg6, T7 arg7, T8 arg8, T9 arg9, T10 arg10, T11 arg11, T12 arg12)

### 5.24.1 Detailed Description

### 5.24.2 Function Documentation

Prints text to the standard output.

### Description

rtPrintf functions is used to output text from within user programs. Arguments are passed as for the standard C *printf* function, and the same format strings are employed. The only exception is the "%s" format specifier, which will generate an error if used. Text printed using rtPrintf functions is

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accumulated in a buffer and printed to the standard output when rtContextLaunch finishes. The buffer size can be configured using rtContextSetPrintBufferSize. Output can optionally be restricted to certain launch indices using rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex. Printing must be enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled, otherwise rtPrintf functions invocations will be silently ignored.

# History

rtPrintf functions was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtContextSetPrintEnabled, rtContextGetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintBufferSize, rtContextGetPrintBufferSize, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex

Prints text to the standard output.

#### **Description**

rtPrintf functions is used to output text from within user programs. Arguments are passed as for the standard C *printf* function, and the same format strings are employed. The only exception is the "%s" format specifier, which will generate an error if used. Text printed using rtPrintf functions is accumulated in a buffer and printed to the standard output when rtContextLaunch finishes. The buffer size can be configured using rtContextSetPrintBufferSize. Output can optionally be restricted to certain launch indices using rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex. Printing must be enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled, otherwise rtPrintf functions invocations will be silently ignored.

#### History

rtPrintf functions was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtContextSetPrintEnabled, rtContextGetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintBufferSize, rtContextGetPrintBufferSize, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex

Prints text to the standard output.

#### **Description**

rtPrintf functions is used to output text from within user programs. Arguments are passed as for the standard C *printf* function, and the same format strings are employed. The only exception is the "%s" format specifier, which will generate an error if used. Text printed using rtPrintf functions is accumulated in a buffer and printed to the standard output when rtContextLaunch finishes. The buffer size can be configured using rtContextSetPrintBufferSize. Output can optionally be restricted to certain launch indices using rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex. Printing must be enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled, otherwise rtPrintf functions invocations will be silently ignored.

#### History

rtPrintf functions was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

```
5.24.2.4 template<typename T1 , typename T2 , typename T3 > static __device__ void rtPrintf ( const char * fmt, T1 arg1,
```

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```
T2 arg2,
T3 arg3 ) [inline], [static]
```

Prints text to the standard output.

# **Description**

rtPrintf functions is used to output text from within user programs. Arguments are passed as for the standard C *printf* function, and the same format strings are employed. The only exception is the "%s" format specifier, which will generate an error if used. Text printed using rtPrintf functions is accumulated in a buffer and printed to the standard output when rtContextLaunch finishes. The buffer size can be configured using rtContextSetPrintBufferSize. Output can optionally be restricted to certain launch indices using rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex. Printing must be enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled, otherwise rtPrintf functions invocations will be silently ignored.

#### History

rtPrintf functions was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtContextSetPrintEnabled, rtContextGetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintBufferSize, rtContextGetPrintBufferSize, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex

Prints text to the standard output.

# Description

rtPrintf functions is used to output text from within user programs. Arguments are passed as for the standard C *printf* function, and the same format strings are employed. The only exception is the "%s" format specifier, which will generate an error if used. Text printed using rtPrintf functions is accumulated in a buffer and printed to the standard output when rtContextLaunch finishes. The buffer size can be configured using rtContextSetPrintBufferSize. Output can optionally be restricted to certain launch indices using rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex. Printing must be enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled, otherwise rtPrintf functions invocations will be silently ignored.

#### History

rtPrintf functions was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

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```
T5 arg5 ) [inline], [static]
```

Prints text to the standard output.

#### Description

rtPrintf functions is used to output text from within user programs. Arguments are passed as for the standard C *printf* function, and the same format strings are employed. The only exception is the "%s" format specifier, which will generate an error if used. Text printed using rtPrintf functions is accumulated in a buffer and printed to the standard output when rtContextLaunch finishes. The buffer size can be configured using rtContextSetPrintBufferSize. Output can optionally be restricted to certain launch indices using rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex. Printing must be enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled, otherwise rtPrintf functions invocations will be silently ignored.

# History

rtPrintf functions was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtContextSetPrintEnabled, rtContextGetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintBufferSize, rtContextGetPrintBufferSize, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex

Prints text to the standard output.

# **Description**

rtPrintf functions is used to output text from within user programs. Arguments are passed as for the standard C *printf* function, and the same format strings are employed. The only exception is the "%s" format specifier, which will generate an error if used. Text printed using rtPrintf functions is accumulated in a buffer and printed to the standard output when rtContextLaunch finishes. The buffer size can be configured using rtContextSetPrintBufferSize. Output can optionally be restricted to certain launch indices using rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex. Printing must be enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled, otherwise rtPrintf functions invocations will be silently ignored.

## History

rtPrintf functions was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

```
5.24.2.8 template < typename T1 , typename T2 , typename T3 , typename T4 , typename T5 , typename T6 , typename T7 > static __device__ void rtPrintf ( const char * fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4,
```

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```
T5 arg5,
T6 arg6,
T7 arg7 ) [inline], [static]
```

Prints text to the standard output.

#### **Description**

rtPrintf functions is used to output text from within user programs. Arguments are passed as for the standard C *printf* function, and the same format strings are employed. The only exception is the "%s" format specifier, which will generate an error if used. Text printed using rtPrintf functions is accumulated in a buffer and printed to the standard output when rtContextLaunch finishes. The buffer size can be configured using rtContextSetPrintBufferSize. Output can optionally be restricted to certain launch indices using rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex. Printing must be enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled, otherwise rtPrintf functions invocations will be silently ignored.

#### History

rtPrintf functions was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtContextSetPrintEnabled, rtContextGetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintBufferSize, rtContextGetPrintBufferSize, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex

Prints text to the standard output.

#### **Description**

rtPrintf functions is used to output text from within user programs. Arguments are passed as for the standard C *printf* function, and the same format strings are employed. The only exception is the "%s" format specifier, which will generate an error if used. Text printed using rtPrintf functions is accumulated in a buffer and printed to the standard output when rtContextLaunch finishes. The buffer size can be configured using rtContextSetPrintBufferSize. Output can optionally be restricted to certain launch indices using rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex. Printing must be enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled, otherwise rtPrintf functions invocations will be silently ignored.

# History

rtPrintf functions was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} 5.24.2.10 & template < typename T1 \ , typename T2 \ , typename T3 \ , typename T4 \ , typename T5 \ , typename T6 \ , typename T7 \ , typename T8 \ , typename T9 \ > static \__device\__ void \\ rtPrintf \ ( \end{tabular}
```

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```
const char * fmt,
T1 arg1,
T2 arg2,
T3 arg3,
T4 arg4,
T5 arg5,
T6 arg6,
T7 arg7,
T8 arg8,
T9 arg9 ) [inline], [static]
```

Prints text to the standard output.

#### **Description**

rtPrintf functions is used to output text from within user programs. Arguments are passed as for the standard C *printf* function, and the same format strings are employed. The only exception is the "%s" format specifier, which will generate an error if used. Text printed using rtPrintf functions is accumulated in a buffer and printed to the standard output when rtContextLaunch finishes. The buffer size can be configured using rtContextSetPrintBufferSize. Output can optionally be restricted to certain launch indices using rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex. Printing must be enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled, otherwise rtPrintf functions invocations will be silently ignored.

#### History

rtPrintf functions was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtContextSetPrintEnabled, rtContextGetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintBufferSize, rtContextGetPrintBufferSize, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex

```
5.24.2.11 template<typename T1 , typename T2 , typename T3 , typename T4 , typename T5 , typename T6 , typename T7 , typename T8 , typename T9 , typename T10 > static __device__ void rtPrintf ( const char * fmt,
```

```
const char * fmt,
T1 arg1,
T2 arg2,
T3 arg3,
T4 arg4,
T5 arg5,
T6 arg6,
T7 arg7,
T8 arg8,
T9 arg9,
T10 arg10 ) [inline], [static]
```

Prints text to the standard output.

## **Description**

rtPrintf functions is used to output text from within user programs. Arguments are passed as for the standard C *printf* function, and the same format strings are employed. The only exception is the "%s" format specifier, which will generate an error if used. Text printed using rtPrintf functions is accumulated in a buffer and printed to the standard output when rtContextLaunch finishes. The buffer

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size can be configured using rtContextSetPrintBufferSize. Output can optionally be restricted to certain launch indices using rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex. Printing must be enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled, otherwise rtPrintf functions invocations will be silently ignored.

#### History

rtPrintf functions was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

**See also** rtContextSetPrintEnabled, rtContextGetPrintEnabled, rtContextSetPrintBufferSize, rtContextGetPrintBufferSize, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex, rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex

Prints text to the standard output.

#### **Description**

rtPrintf functions is used to output text from within user programs. Arguments are passed as for the standard C *printf* function, and the same format strings are employed. The only exception is the "%s" format specifier, which will generate an error if used. Text printed using rtPrintf functions is accumulated in a buffer and printed to the standard output when rtContextLaunch finishes. The buffer size can be configured using rtContextSetPrintBufferSize. Output can optionally be restricted to certain launch indices using rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex. Printing must be enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled, otherwise rtPrintf functions invocations will be silently ignored.

# History

rtPrintf functions was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

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```
T5 arg5,
T6 arg6,
T7 arg7,
T8 arg8,
T9 arg9,
T10 arg10,
T11 arg11,
T12 arg12 ) [inline], [static]
```

Prints text to the standard output.

#### **Description**

rtPrintf functions is used to output text from within user programs. Arguments are passed as for the standard C *printf* function, and the same format strings are employed. The only exception is the "%s" format specifier, which will generate an error if used. Text printed using rtPrintf functions is accumulated in a buffer and printed to the standard output when rtContextLaunch finishes. The buffer size can be configured using rtContextSetPrintBufferSize. Output can optionally be restricted to certain launch indices using rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex. Printing must be enabled using rtContextSetPrintEnabled, otherwise rtPrintf functions invocations will be silently ignored.

#### History

rtPrintf functions was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

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# 5.25 OptiXpp wrapper

#### **Classes**

- class optix::Handle
- · class optix::Exception
- class optix::APIObj
- class optix::DestroyableObj
- · class optix::ScopedObj
- class optix::VariableObj
- · class optix::ContextObj
- · class optix::ProgramObj
- class optix::GroupObj
- class optix::GeometryGroupObj
- · class optix::TransformObj
- · class optix::SelectorObj
- class optix::AccelerationObj
- class optix::GeometryInstanceObj
- class optix::GeometryObj
- class optix::MaterialObj
- class optix::TextureSamplerObj
- class optix::BufferObj
- class optix::RemoteDeviceObj
- class optix::PostprocessingStageObj
- class optix::CommandListObj
- typedef Handle < AccelerationObj > optix::Acceleration
- typedef Handle < BufferObj > optix::Buffer
- typedef Handle < ContextObj > optix::Context
- typedef Handle < GeometryObj > optix::Geometry
- typedef Handle < GeometryGroupObj > optix::GeometryGroup
- · typedef Handle
  - < GeometryInstanceObj > optix::GeometryInstance
- typedef Handle< GroupObj > optix::Group
- typedef Handle< MaterialObj > optix::Material
- typedef Handle < ProgramObj > optix::Program
- typedef Handle < RemoteDeviceObj > optix::RemoteDevice
- typedef Handle< SelectorObj > optix::Selector
- typedef Handle < TextureSamplerObj > optix::TextureSampler
- typedef Handle < TransformObj > optix::Transform
- typedef Handle < VariableObj > optix::Variable
- · typedef Handle
  - < PostprocessingStageObj > optix::PostprocessingStage
- typedef Handle < CommandListObj > optix::CommandList

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#### 5.25.1 Detailed Description

# 5.25.2 Typedef Documentation

# 5.25.2.1 typedef Handle<AccelerationObj> optix::Acceleration

Use this to manipulate RTacceleration objects.

# 5.25.2.2 typedef Handle<BufferObj> optix::Buffer

Use this to manipulate RTbuffer objects.

# 5.25.2.3 typedef Handle<CommandListObj> optix::CommandList

Use this to manipulate RTcommandlist objects.

#### 5.25.2.4 typedef Handle<ContextObj> optix::Context

Use this to manipulate RTcontext objects.

#### 5.25.2.5 typedef Handle < Geometry Obj > optix:: Geometry

Use this to manipulate RTgeometry objects.

## 5.25.2.6 typedef Handle < Geometry Group Obj > optix:: Geometry Group

Use this to manipulate RTgeometrygroup objects.

# 5.25.2.7 typedef Handle < GeometryInstanceObj > optix::GeometryInstance

Use this to manipulate RTgeometryinstance objects.

#### 5.25.2.8 typedef Handle<GroupObj> optix::Group

Use this to manipulate RTgroup objects.

#### 5.25.2.9 typedef Handle<MaterialObj> optix::Material

Use this to manipulate RTmaterial objects.

# 5.25.2.10 typedef Handle<PostprocessingStageObj> optix::PostprocessingStage

Use this to manipulate RTpostprocessingstage objects.

# 5.25.2.11 typedef Handle<ProgramObj> optix::Program

Use this to manipulate RTprogram objects.

### 5.25.2.12 typedef Handle<RemoteDeviceObj> optix::RemoteDevice

Use this to manipulate RTremotedevice objects.

# 5.25.2.13 typedef Handle<SelectorObj> optix::Selector

Use this to manipulate RTselector objects.

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# ${\bf 5.25.2.14} \quad type def \ Handle < Texture Sampler Obj > optix:: Texture Sampler$

Use this to manipulate RTtexturesampler objects.

# 5.25.2.15 typedef Handle<TransformObj> optix::Transform

Use this to manipulate RTtransform objects.

# 5.25.2.16 typedef Handle<VariableObj> optix::Variable

Use this to manipulate RTvariable objects.

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#### 5.26 rtu API

#### **Modules**

rtu Traversal API

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtuNameForType (RTobjecttype type, char \*buffer, RTsize bufferSize)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuGetSizeForRTformat (RTformat format, size t \*size)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuCUDACompileString (const char \*source, const char \*\*preprocessorArguments, unsigned int numPreprocessorArguments, RTsize \*resultSize, RTsize \*errorSize)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuCUDACompileFile (const char \*filename, const char \*\*preprocessorArguments, unsigned int numPreprocessorArguments, RTsize \*resultSize, RTsize \*errorSize)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuCUDAGetCompileResult (char \*result, char \*error)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuCreateClusteredMesh (RTcontext context, unsigned int usePTX32InHost64, RTgeometry \*mesh, unsigned int num\_verts, const float \*verts, unsigned int num\_tris, const unsigned \*indices, const unsigned \*mat\_indices)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuCreateClusteredMeshExt (RTcontext context, unsigned int
  usePTX32InHost64, RTgeometry \*mesh, unsigned int num\_verts, const float \*verts, unsigned int
  num\_tris, const unsigned \*indices, const unsigned \*mat\_indices, RTbuffer norms, const unsigned
  \*norm\_indices, RTbuffer tex\_coords, const unsigned \*tex\_indices)
- static RTresult rtuGroupAddChild (RTgroup group, RTobject child, unsigned int \*index)
- static RTresult rtuSelectorAddChild (RTselector selector, RTobject child, unsigned int \*index)
- static RTresult rtuGeometryGroupAddChild (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, RTgeometryinstance child, unsigned int \*index)
- static RTresult rtuTransformSetChild (RTtransform transform, RTobject child)
- static RTresult rtuTransformGetChild (RTtransform transform, RTobject \*type)
- static RTresult rtuTransformGetChildType (RTtransform transform, RTobjecttype \*type)
- static RTresult rtuGroupRemoveChild (RTgroup group, RTobject child)
- static RTresult rtuSelectorRemoveChild (RTselector selector, RTobject child)
- static RTresult rtuGeometryGroupRemoveChild (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, RTgeometryinstance child)
- static RTresult rtuGroupRemoveChildByIndex (RTgroup group, unsigned int index)
- static RTresult rtuSelectorRemoveChildByIndex (RTselector selector, unsigned int index)
- static RTresult rtuGeometryGroupRemoveChildByIndex (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, unsigned int index)
- static RTresult rtuGroupGetChildIndex (RTgroup group, RTobject child, unsigned int \*index)
- static RTresult rtuSelectorGetChildIndex (RTselector selector, RTobject child, unsigned int \*index)
- static RTresult rtuGeometryGroupGetChildIndex (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, RTgeometryinstance child, unsigned int \*index)

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#### 5.26.1 Detailed Description

The rtu API provides a simple interface for intersecting a set of rays against a set of triangles. It has been superseded by OptiX Prime.

#### 5.26.2 Function Documentation

# 5.26.2.1 RTresult RTAPI rtuCreateClusteredMesh (

RTcontext context,
unsigned int usePTX32InHost64,
RTgeometry \* mesh,
unsigned int num\_verts,
const float \* verts,
unsigned int num\_tris,
const unsigned \* indices,
const unsigned \* mat\_indices )

Create clustered triangle mesh for good memory coherence with paging on.

Vertex, index and material buffers are created and attached to the mesh. Cluster's bounding box and intersection programs are attached to the mesh. The intersection program has the following attributes:

- rtDeclareVariable(int, primitive\_id, attribute primitive\_id,);
- rtDeclareVariable(float3, texcoord, attribute texcoord, ); It is always zero
- rtDeclareVariable(float3, geometric\_normal, attribute geometric\_normal, );
- rtDeclareVariable(float3, shading\_normal, attribute shading\_normal, ); It is equal to geometric\_normal

Created RTgeometry mesh expects there to be placed into a RTgeometryinstance where the mat\_indices specified map into materials attached to the RTgeometryinstance

In the event of an error, please query the error string from the RTcontext.

#### **Parameters**

context	Context	
usePTX32InHost64	Use 32bit PTX bounding box and intersection programs in 64bit application. Takes effect only with 64bit host.	
mesh	Output geometry	
num_verts	Vertex count	
verts	Vertices (num_verts*float*3) [ v1_x, v1_y, v1_z, v2.x, ]	
num_tris	Triangle count	
indices	Vertex indices (num_tris*unsigned*3) [ tri1_index1, tr1_index2, ]	
mat_indices	Indices of materials (num_tris*unsigned) [ tri1_mat_index, tri2_mat_index, ]	

# 5.26.2.2 RTresult RTAPI rtuCreateClusteredMeshExt (

RTcontext context, unsigned int usePTX32InHost64,

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RTgeometry \* mesh,
unsigned int num\_verts,
const float \* verts,
unsigned int num\_tris,
const unsigned \* indices,
const unsigned \* mat\_indices,
RTbuffer norms,
const unsigned \* norm\_indices,
RTbuffer tex\_coords,
const unsigned \* tex\_indices )

Create clustered triangle mesh for good memory coherence with paging on.

Buffers for vertices, indices, normals, indices of normals, texture coordinates, indices of texture coordinates and materials are created and attached to the mesh. Cluster's bounding box and intersection programs are attached to the mesh. The intersection program has the following attributes:

- rtDeclareVariable(int, primitive\_id, attribute primitive\_id,);
- rtDeclareVariable(float3, texcoord, attribute texcoord, );
- rtDeclareVariable(float3, geometric\_normal, attribute geometric\_normal, );
- rtDeclareVariable(float3, shading\_normal, attribute shading\_normal, );

Created RTgeometry mesh expects there to be placed into a RTgeometryinstance where the mat\_indices specified map into materials attached to the RTgeometryinstance

Vertex, normal and texture coordinate buffers can be shared between many geometry objects. In the event of an error, please query the error string from the RTcontext.

#### **Parameters**

context	Context	
usePTX32InHost64	Use 32bit PTX bounding box and intersection programs in 64bit application. Takes effect only with 64bit host.	
mesh	Output geometry	
num_verts	Vertex count	
verts	Vertices (num_verts*float*3) [ v1_x, v1_y, v1_z, v2.x, ]	
num_tris	Triangle count	
indices	Vertex indices (num_tris*unsigned*3) [ tri1_index1, tr1_index2, ]	
mat_indices	Indices of materials (num_tris*unsigned) [ tri1_mat_index, tri2_mat_index, ]	
norms	Normals (num_norms*float*3) [ v1_x, v1_y, v1_z, v2.x, ]	
norm_indices	Indices of vertex normals (num_tris*unsigned*3) [ tri1_norm_index1, tri1_norm_index2 ]	
tex_coords	Texture uv coords (num_tex_coords*float*2) [ t1_u, t1_v, t2_u ]	
tex_indices	Indices of texture uv (num_tris*unsigned*3) [ tri1_tex_index1, tri1_tex_index2 ]	

# 5.26.2.3 RTresult RTAPI rtuCUDACompileFile ( const char \* filename,

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```
const char ** preprocessorArguments,
unsigned int numPreprocessorArguments,
RTsize * resultSize,
RTsize * errorSize )
```

Compile a cuda source file.

#### **Parameters**

in	filename	source code file name
in	preprocessorArguments	list of preprocessor arguments
in	numPreprocessorArguments	number of preprocessor arguments
out	resultSize	size required to hold compiled result string
out	errorSize	size required to hold error string

# **Return values**

# 5.26.2.4 RTresult RTAPI rtuCUDACompileString (

const char \* source,
const char \*\* preprocessorArguments,
unsigned int numPreprocessorArguments,
RTsize \* resultSize,
RTsize \* errorSize )

Compile a cuda source string.

#### **Parameters**

in	source	source code string
in	preprocessorArguments	list of preprocessor arguments
in	numPreprocessorArguments	number of preprocessor arguments
out	resultSize	size required to hold compiled result string
out	errorSize	size required to hold error string

#### **Return values**

RTresult	Return code
----------	-------------

# 5.26.2.5 RTresult RTAPI rtuCUDAGetCompileResult (

char \* result,

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```
char * error )
```

Get the result of the most recent call to one of the above compile functions.

The 'result' and 'error' parameters must point to memory large enough to hold the respective strings, as returned by the compile function.

#### **Parameters**

out	result	compiled result string
out	error	error string

#### **Return values**

RTresult	Return code
----------	-------------

# 5.26.2.6 static RTresult rtuGeometryGroupAddChild (

RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup,
RTgeometryinstance child,
unsigned int \* index ) [inline], [static]

Add an entry to the end of the child array.

Fills 'index' with the index of the added child, if the pointer is non-NULL.

# 5.26.2.7 static RTresult rtuGeometryGroupGetChildIndex (

RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup,
RTgeometryinstance child,
unsigned int \* index ) [inline], [static]

Use a linear search to find the child in the child array, and return its index.

Returns RT SUCCESS if the child was found, RT ERROR INVALID VALUE otherwise.

# 5.26.2.8 static RTresult rtuGeometryGroupRemoveChild (

RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup,
RTgeometryinstance child ) [inline], [static]

Find the given child using a linear search in the child array and remove it.

If it's not the last entry in the child array, the last entry in the array will replace the deleted entry, in order to shrink the array size by one.

#### 5.26.2.9 static RTresult rtuGeometryGroupRemoveChildByIndex (

RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, unsigned int index ) [inline], [static]

Remove the child at the given index in the child array.

If it's not the last entry in the child array, the last entry in the array will replace the deleted entry, in order to shrink the array size by one.

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#### 5.26.2.10 RTresult RTAPI rtuGetSizeForRTformat (

RTformat format.

size\_t \* size )

Return the size of a given RTformat.

RT\_FORMAT\_USER and RT\_FORMAT\_UNKNOWN return 0. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if the format isn't recognized, RT\_SUCCESS otherwise.

#### **Parameters**

in	format	OptiX format
out	size	Size of the format

#### **Return values**

RTresult	Return code
----------	-------------

# 5.26.2.11 static RTresult rtuGroupAddChild (

RTgroup group,

RTobject child,

unsigned int \* index ) [inline], [static]

Add an entry to the end of the child array.

Fills 'index' with the index of the added child, if the pointer is non-NULL.

# 5.26.2.12 static RTresult rtuGroupGetChildIndex (

RTgroup group,

RTobject child,

unsigned int \* index ) [inline], [static]

Use a linear search to find the child in the child array, and return its index.

Returns RT\_SUCCESS if the child was found, RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE otherwise.

# 5.26.2.13 static RTresult rtuGroupRemoveChild (

RTgroup group,

RTobject child ) [inline], [static]

Find the given child using a linear search in the child array and remove it.

If it's not the last entry in the child array, the last entry in the array will replace the deleted entry, in order to shrink the array size by one.

### 5.26.2.14 static RTresult rtuGroupRemoveChildByIndex (

RTgroup group,

unsigned int index ) [inline], [static]

Remove the child at the given index in the child array.

If it's not the last entry in the child array, the last entry in the array will replace the deleted entry, in order

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to shrink the array size by one.

#### 5.26.2.15 RTresult RTAPI rtuNameForType (

RTobjecttype *type,* char \* *buffer,* 

RTsize bufferSize )

Get the name string of a given type.

See RTobjecttype for more information.

#### **Parameters**

in	type	Type requested
out	buffer	Buffer to output the name string
in	bufferSize	Size of the provided buffer

# **Return values**

RTresult	Return code
----------	-------------

### 5.26.2.16 static RTresult rtuSelectorAddChild (

RTselector selector,

RTobject child,

unsigned int \* index ) [inline], [static]

Add an entry to the end of the child array.

Fills 'index' with the index of the added child, if the pointer is non-NULL.

# 5.26.2.17 static RTresult rtuSelectorGetChildIndex (

RTselector selector,

RTobject child,

unsigned int \* index ) [inline], [static]

Use a linear search to find the child in the child array, and return its index.

Returns RT\_SUCCESS if the child was found, RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE otherwise.

# 5.26.2.18 static RTresult rtuSelectorRemoveChild (

RTselector selector,

RTobject child ) [inline], [static]

Find the given child using a linear search in the child array and remove it.

If it's not the last entry in the child array, the last entry in the array will replace the deleted entry, in order to shrink the array size by one.

# 5.26.2.19 static RTresult rtuSelectorRemoveChildByIndex (

RTselector selector,

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# unsigned int index ) [inline], [static]

Remove the child at the given index in the child array.

If it's not the last entry in the child array, the last entry in the array will replace the deleted entry, in order to shrink the array size by one.

# 5.26.2.20 static RTresult rtuTransformGetChild (

RTtransform transform,

RTobject \* type ) [inline], [static]

Wrap rtTransformGetChild and rtTransformGetChildType in order to provide a type-safe version for C++.

# 5.26.2.21 static RTresult rtuTransformGetChildType (

RTtransform transform,

RTobjecttype \* type ) [inline], [static]

Wrap rtTransformGetChild and rtTransformGetChildType in order to provide a type-safe version for C++.

# 5.26.2.22 static RTresult rtuTransformSetChild (

RTtransform transform,

RTobject child ) [inline], [static]

Wrap rtTransformSetChild in order to provide a type-safe version for C++.

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# 5.27 rtu Traversal API

#### **Classes**

struct RTUtraversalresult

# **Typedefs**

• typedef struct RTUtraversal\_api \* RTUtraversal

# **Enumerations**

```
enum RTUquerytype {
 RTU_QUERY_TYPE_ANY_HIT = 0,
 RTU QUERY TYPE CLOSEST HIT,
 RTU_QUERY_TYPE_COUNT }
enum RTUrayformat {
 RTU_RAYFORMAT_ORIGIN_DIRECTION_TMIN_TMAX_INTERLEAVED = 0,
 RTU RAYFORMAT ORIGIN DIRECTION INTERLEAVED,
 RTU_RAYFORMAT_COUNT }
enum RTUtriformat {
 RTU TRIFORMAT MESH = 0,
 RTU_TRIFORMAT_TRIANGLE_SOUP,
 RTU_TRIFORMAT_COUNT }
enum RTUinitoptions {
 RTU INITOPTION NONE = 0,
 RTU_INITOPTION_GPU_ONLY = 1 << 0,
 RTU_INITOPTION_CPU_ONLY = 1 << 1,
 RTU INITOPTION CULL BACKFACE = 1 << 2}

    enum RTUoutput {

 RTU_OUTPUT_NONE = 0,
 RTU_OUTPUT_NORMAL = 1 << 0,
 RTU_OUTPUT_BARYCENTRIC = 1 << 1,
 RTU_OUTPUT_BACKFACING = 1 << 2 }

    enum RTUoption { RTU_OPTION_INT_NUM_THREADS =0 }
```

## **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalCreate (RTUtraversal \*traversal, RTUquerytype query\_type, RTUrayformat ray\_format, RTUtriformat tri\_format, unsigned int outputs, unsigned int options, RTcontext context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalGetErrorString (RTUtraversal traversal, RTresult code, const char \*\*return\_string)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalSetOption (RTUtraversal traversal, RTUoption option, void \*value)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalSetMesh (RTUtraversal traversal, unsigned int num\_verts, const float \*verts, unsigned int num\_tris, const unsigned \*indices)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalSetTriangles (RTUtraversal traversal, unsigned int num\_tris, const float \*tris)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalSetAccelData (RTUtraversal traversal, const void \*data, RTsize data\_size)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalGetAccelDataSize (RTUtraversal traversal, RTsize \*data size)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalGetAccelData (RTUtraversal traversal, void \*data)

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- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalMapRays (RTUtraversal traversal, unsigned int num\_rays, float \*\*rays)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalUnmapRays (RTUtraversal traversal)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalPreprocess (RTUtraversal traversal)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalTraverse (RTUtraversal traversal)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalMapResults (RTUtraversal traversal, RTUtraversalresult \*\*results)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalUnmapResults (RTUtraversal traversal)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalMapOutput (RTUtraversal traversal, RTUoutput which, void \*\*output)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalUnmapOutput (RTUtraversal traversal, RTUoutput which)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalDestroy (RTUtraversal traversal)

# 5.27.1 Detailed Description

#### 5.27.2 Typedef Documentation

# 5.27.2.1 typedef struct RTUtraversal\_api\* RTUtraversal

Opaque type.

Note that the \*\_api types should never be used directly. Only the typedef target names will be guaranteed to remain unchanged.

# 5.27.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 5.27.3.1 enum RTUinitoptions

Initialization options (static across life of traversal object).

The rtuTraverse API supports both running on the CPU and GPU. When RTU\_INITOPTION\_NONE is specified GPU context creation is attempted. If that fails (such as when there isn't an NVIDIA GPU part present, the CPU code path is automatically chosen. Specifying RTU\_INITOPTION\_GPU\_ONLY or RTU\_INITOPTION\_CPU\_ONLY will only use the GPU or CPU modes without automatic transitions from one to the other.

RTU INITOPTION CULL BACKFACE will enable back face culling during intersection.

# Enumerator

```
RTU_INITOPTION_NONE No option.
RTU_INITOPTION_GPU_ONLY GPU only.
RTU_INITOPTION_CPU_ONLY CPU only.
RTU_INITOPTION_CULL_BACKFACE Back face culling.
```

## 5.27.3.2 enum RTUoption

Runtime options (can be set multiple times for a given traversal object).

#### Enumerator

RTU\_OPTION\_INT\_NUM\_THREADS Number of threads.

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# 5.27.3.3 enum RTUoutput

RTUoutput requested.

#### Enumerator

```
RTU_OUTPUT_NONE Output None.

RTU_OUTPUT_NORMAL float3 [x, y, z]

RTU_OUTPUT_BARYCENTRIC float2 [alpha, beta] (gamma implicit)

RTU_OUTPUT_BACKFACING char [1 | 0]
```

## 5.27.3.4 enum RTUquerytype

The type of ray query to be performed.

See OptiX Programming Guide for explanation of any vs. closest hit queries. Note that in the case of RTU\_QUERY\_TYPE\_ANY\_HIT, the prim\_id and t intersection values in RTUtraversalresult will correspond to the first successful intersection. These values may not be indicative of the closest intersection, only that there was at least one.

#### Enumerator

```
RTU_QUERY_TYPE_ANY_HIT Perform any hit calculation.
RTU_QUERY_TYPE_CLOSEST_HIT Perform closest hit calculation.
RTU_QUERY_TYPE_COUNT Query type count.
```

## 5.27.3.5 enum RTUrayformat

The input format of the ray vector.

# Enumerator

```
RTU_RAYFORMAT_ORIGIN_DIRECTION_TMIN_TMAX_INTERLEAVED Origin Direction Tmin Tmax interleaved.
RTU_RAYFORMAT_ORIGIN_DIRECTION_INTERLEAVED Origin Direction interleaved.
RTU_RAYFORMAT_COUNT Ray format count.
```

#### 5.27.3.6 enum RTUtriformat

The input format of the triangles.

TRIANGLE\_SOUP implies future use of rtuTraversalSetTriangles while MESH implies use of rtuTraversalSetMesh.

## Enumerator

```
RTU_TRIFORMAT_MESH Triangle format mesh.

RTU_TRIFORMAT_TRIANGLE_SOUP Triangle 'soup' format.

RTU_TRIFORMAT_COUNT Triangle format count.
```

# 5.27.4 Function Documentation

# 5.27.4.1 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalCreate ( RTUtraversal \* traversal,

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RTUquerytype query\_type,
RTUrayformat ray\_format,
RTUtriformat tri\_format,
unsigned int outputs,
unsigned int options,
RTcontext context)

Create a traversal state and associate a context with it.

If context is a null pointer a new context will be created internally. The context should also not be used for any other launch commands from the OptiX host API, nor attached to multiple RTUtraversal objects at one time.

#### **Parameters**

out	traversal	Return pointer for traverse state handle
	query_type	Ray query type
	ray_format	Ray format
	tri_format	Triangle format
	outputs	OR'ed mask of requested RTUoutput
	options	Bit vector of or'ed RTUinitoptions
	context	RTcontext used for internal object creation

# 5.27.4.2 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalDestroy ( RTUtraversal traversal)

Clean up any internal memory associated with *rtuTraversal\** operations.

Includes destruction of result buffers returned via rtuTraversalGetErrorString. Invalidates traversal object.

# **Parameters**

traversal	Traversal state handle

# 5.27.4.3 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalGetAccelData (

RTUtraversal traversal,

void \* data )

Retrieve acceleration data for current geometry.

Will force acceleration build if necessary. The data parameter should be preallocated and its length should match return value of rtuTraversalGetAccelDataSize.

# **Parameters**

	traversal	Traversal state handle
out	data	Acceleration data

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# 5.27.4.4 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalGetAccelDataSize (

RTUtraversal traversal,

RTsize \* data\_size )

Retrieve acceleration data size for current geometry.

Will force acceleration build if necessary.

#### **Parameters**

	traversal	Traversal state handle
out	data_size	Size of acceleration data

# 5.27.4.5 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalGetErrorString (

RTUtraversal traversal,

RTresult code,

const char \*\* return\_string )

Returns the string associated with the error code and any additional information from the last error.

If traversal is non-NULL return string only remains valid while traversal is live.

For a list of associated error codes that this function might inspect take a look at RTresult .

#### **Parameters**

out	return_string	Pointer to string with error message in it
	traversal	Traversal state handle. Can be NULL
	code	Error code from last error

# 5.27.4.6 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalMapOutput (

RTUtraversal traversal,

RTUoutput which,

void \*\* output )

Retrieve user-specified output from last rtuTraversalTraverse call.

Output can be copied from the pointer returned by rtuTraversalMapOutput and will have length 'num\_rays' from as prescribed from the previous call to rtuTraversalMapRays. For each RTUoutput, a single rtuTraversalMapOutput pointers can be outstanding. rtuTraversalUnmapOutput should be called when finished reading the output.

If requested output type was not turned on with a previous call to rtuTraversalCreate an error will be returned. See RTUoutput enum for description of output data formats for various outputs.

# **Parameters**

	traversal	Traversal state handle
	which	Output type to be specified
out	output	Pointer to output from last traverse

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# 5.27.4.7 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalMapRays (

RTUtraversal traversal, unsigned int num\_rays, float \*\* rays )

Specify set of rays to be cast upon next call to rtuTraversalTraverse.

rtuTraversalMapRays obtains a pointer which can be used to copy the ray data into. Rays should be packed in the format described in rtuTraversalCreate call. When copying is completed rtuTraversalUnmapRays should be called. Note that this call invalidates any existing results buffers until rtuTraversalTraverse is called again.

#### **Parameters**

traversal	Traversal state handle
num_rays	Number of rays to be traced
rays	Pointer to ray data

# 5.27.4.8 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalMapResults (

RTUtraversal traversal,

RTUtraversalresult \*\* results )

Retrieve results of last rtuTraversal call.

Results can be copied from the pointer returned by rtuTraversalMapResults and will have length 'num\_rays' as prescribed from the previous call to rtuTraversalMapRays. rtuTraversalUnmapResults should be called when finished reading the results. Returned primitive ID of -1 indicates a ray miss.

#### **Parameters**

	traversal	Traversal state handle
out	results	Pointer to results of last traverse

# 5.27.4.9 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalPreprocess (

RTUtraversal traversal )

Perform any necessary preprocessing (eg, acceleration structure building, optix context compilation). It is not necessary to call this function as rtuTraversalTraverse will call this internally as necessary.

# **Parameters**

traversal	Traversal state handle
-----------	------------------------

# 5.27.4.10 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalSetAccelData (

RTUtraversal *traversal*, const void \* *data*, RTsize *data\_size* )

Specify acceleration data for current geometry.

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Input acceleration data should be result of rtuTraversalGetAccelData or rtAccelerationGetData call.

#### **Parameters**

traversal	Traversal state handle
data	Acceleration data
data_size	Size of acceleration data

# 5.27.4.11 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalSetMesh (

RTUtraversal traversal,
unsigned int num\_verts,
const float \* verts,
unsigned int num\_tris,
const unsigned \* indices )

Specify triangle mesh to be intersected by the next call to rtuTraversalTraverse.

Only one geometry set may be active at a time. Subsequent calls to <a href="rtuTraversalSetTriangles">rtuTraversalSetTriangles</a> or <a href="rtuTraversalSetMesh">rtuTraversalSetMesh</a> will override any previously specified geometry. No internal copies of the mesh data are made. The user should ensure that the mesh data remains valid until after <a href="rtuTraversalTraverse">rtuTraversalTraverse</a> has been called. Counter-clockwise winding is assumed for normal and backfacing computations.

#### **Parameters**

traversal	Traversal state handle
num_verts	Vertex count
verts	Vertices [ v1_x, v1_y, v1_z, v2.x, ]
num_tris	Triangle count
indices	Indices [tri1_index1, tr1_index2,]

# 5.27.4.12 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalSetOption (

RTUtraversal *traversal,* RTUoption *option,* void \* *value* )

Set a runtime option.

Unlike initialization options, these options may be set more than once for a given RTUtraversal instance.

# **Parameters**

traversal	Traversal state handle
option	The option to be set
value	Value of the option

# 5.27.4.13 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalSetTriangles (

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RTUtraversal *traversal*, unsigned int *num\_tris*, const float \* *tris* )

Specify triangle soup to be intersected by the next call to rtuTraversalLaunch.

Only one geometry set may be active at a time. Subsequent calls to rtuTraversalSetTriangles or rtuTraversalSetMesh will override any previously specified geometry. No internal copies of the triangle data are made. The user should ensure that the triangle data remains valid until after rtuTraversalTraverse has been called. Counter-clockwise winding is assumed for normal and backfacing computations.

#### **Parameters**

traversal	Traversal state handle	
num_tris	Triangle count	
tris	Triangles [tri1_v1.x, tri1_v1.y, tr1_v1.z, tri1_v2.x,]	

# 5.27.4.14 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalTraverse ( RTUtraversal traversal)

Perform any necessary preprocessing (eg, acceleration structure building and kernel compilation) and cast current rays against current geometry.

#### **Parameters**

traversal	Traversal state handle
-----------	------------------------

# 5.27.4.15 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalUnmapOutput ( RTUtraversal traversal, RTUoutput which )

See rtuTraversalMapOutput.

# 5.27.4.16 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalUnmapRays ( RTUtraversal *traversal* )

See rtuTraversalMapRays.

# 5.27.4.17 RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalUnmapResults ( RTUtraversal traversal)

See rtuTraversalMapResults.

# 5.28 OptiX Prime API Reference

# Modules

- Context
- Query
- Model
- Buffer descriptor
- Miscellaneous functions
- OptiX Prime++ wrapper

# 5.28.1 Detailed Description

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#### 5.29 Context

#### **Functions**

- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextCreate (RTPcontexttype type, RTPcontext \*context)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextSetCudaDeviceNumbers (RTPcontext context, unsigned deviceCount, const unsigned \*deviceNumbers)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextSetCpuThreads (RTPcontext context, unsigned numThreads)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextDestroy (RTPcontext context)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextGetLastErrorString (RTPcontext context, const char \*\*return\_string)

#### 5.29.1 Detailed Description

#### 5.29.2 Function Documentation

# 5.29.2.1 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextCreate ( RTPcontexttype type, RTPcontext \* context )

Creates an OptiX Prime context.

By default, a context created with type RTP\_CONTEXT\_TYPE\_CUDA will use the fastest available CUDA device, but note that specific devices can be selected using rtpContextSetCudaDeviceNumbers. The fastest device will be set as the current device when the function returns. If no CUDA device features compute capability 3.0 or greater, the context creation will fail unless RTP\_CONTEXT\_TYPE\_CPU was specified.

#### **Parameters**

in	type	The type of context to create
out	context	Pointer to the new OptiX Prime context

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_OBJECT\_CREATION\_FAILED
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

#### Example Usage:

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# 5.29.2.2 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextDestroy ( RTPcontext context )

Destroys an OptiX Prime context.

Ongoing work is finished before *context* is destroyed. All OptiX Prime objects associated with *context* are aslo destroyed when *context* is destroyed.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	OptiX Prime context to destroy
----	---------	--------------------------------

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

# 5.29.2.3 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextGetLastErrorString (

RTPcontext context,

const char \*\* return\_string )

Returns a string describing last error encountered.

This function returns an error string for the last error encountered in *context* that may contain invocation-specific details beyond the simple RTPresult error code. Note that this function may return errors from previous asynchronous launches or from calls by other threads.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	OptiX Prime context
out	return_string	String with error details

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

• RTP\_SUCCESS

See also rtpGetErrorString

# 5.29.2.4 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextSetCpuThreads (

RTPcontext context, unsigned numThreads)

Sets the number of CPU threads used by a CPU context.

This function will return an error if the provided *context* is not of type RTP\_CONTEXT\_TYPE\_CPU.

By default, one ray tracing thread is created per CPU core.

# **Parameters**

in	context	OptiX Prime context
in	numThreads	Number of threads used for the CPU context

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#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

# 5.29.2.5 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextSetCudaDeviceNumbers (

RTPcontext context, unsigned deviceCount, const unsigned \* deviceNumbers )

Sets the CUDA devices used by a context.

The fastest device provided in deviceNumbers will be used as the *primary device*. Acceleration structures will be built on that primary device and copied to the others. All devices must be of compute capability 3.0 or greater. Note that this distribution can be rather costly if the rays are stored in device memory though. For maximum efficiency it is recommended to only ever select one device per context. The current device will be set to the primary device when this function returns.

If *deviceCount==0*, then the primary device is selected automatically and all available devices are selected for use. *deviceNumbers* is ignored.

#### **Parameters**

	in	context	OptiX Prime context
Ī	in	deviceCount	Number of devices supplied in deviceNumbers or 0
Ī	in	deviceNumbers	Array of integer device indices, or NULL if deviceCount==0

This function will return an error if the provided context is not of type RTP CONTEXT TYPE CUDA

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

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# **5.30 Query**

#### **Functions**

- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryCreate (RTPmodel model, RTPquerytype queryType, RTPquery \*query)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryGetContext (RTPquery query, RTPcontext \*context)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQuerySetRays (RTPquery query, RTPbufferdesc rays)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQuerySetHits (RTPquery query, RTPbufferdesc hits)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryExecute (RTPquery query, unsigned hints)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryFinish (RTPquery query)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryGetFinished (RTPquery query, int \*isFinished)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQuerySetCudaStream (RTPquery query, cudaStream\_t stream)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryDestroy (RTPquery query)

# 5.30.1 Detailed Description

#### 5.30.2 Function Documentation

# 5.30.2.1 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryCreate (

RTPmodel *model*,
RTPquerytype *queryType*,
RTPquery \* *query* )

Creates a query on a model.

If the model to which a query is bound destroyed with rtpModelDestroy() the query will be destroyed as well.

# **Parameters**

in	model	Model to use for this query
in	queryType	Type of the query
out	query	Pointer to the new query

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

# 5.30.2.2 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryDestroy ( RTPquery query )

Destroys a query.

The query is finished before it is destroyed

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#### **Parameters**

in	query	Query to be destroyed
----	-------	-----------------------

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

# 5.30.2.3 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryExecute (

RTPquery *query,* unsigned *hints* )

Executes a raytracing query.

If the flag RTP\_QUERY\_HINT\_ASYNC is specified, rtpQueryExecute may return before the query is actually finished. rtpQueryFinish can be called to block the current thread until the query is finished, or rtpQueryGetFinished can be used to poll until the query is finished.

#### **Parameters**

in	query	Query
in	hints	A combination of flags from RTPqueryhint

Once the query has finished all of the hits are guaranteed to have been returned, and it is safe to modify the ray buffer.

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP ERROR UNKNOWN

# Example Usage:

```
RTPquery query;
rtpQueryCreate(model, RTP_QUERY_TYPE_CLOSEST, &query);
rtpQuerySetRays(query, raysBD);
rtpQuerySetHits(hits, hitsBD);
rtpQueryExecute(query, 0);
// safe to modify ray buffer and process hits
```

# 5.30.2.4 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryFinish ( RTPquery query )

Blocks current thread until query is finished.

This function can be called multiple times. It will return immediately if the query has already finished.

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#### **Parameters**

in	query	Query
----	-------	-------

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

# 5.30.2.5 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryGetContext (

RTPquery query,

RTPcontext \* context )

Gets the context object associated with a query.

#### **Parameters**

in	query	Query to obtain the context from
out	context	Returned context

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

# 5.30.2.6 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryGetFinished (

RTPquery query,

int \* isFinished )

Polls the status of a query.

## **Parameters**

in	query	Query
out	isFinished	Returns finished status

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

# 5.30.2.7 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQuerySetCudaStream (

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# RTPquery query, cudaStream\_t stream )

Sets a sync stream for a query.

Specify a Cuda stream used for synchronization. If no stream is specified, the default 0-stream is used. A stream can only be specified for contexts with type RTP\_CONTEXT\_TYPE\_CUDA.

#### **Parameters**

in	query	Query
in	stream	A cuda stream

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP SUCCESS
- RTP ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

# 5.30.2.8 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQuerySetHits (

RTPquery *query,*RTPbufferdesc *hits* )

Sets the hits buffer for a query.

A hit is reported for every ray in the query. Therefore the size of the range in the hit buffer must match that of the ray buffer.

## **Parameters**

in	query	Query
in	hits	Buffer descriptor for hits

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

# 5.30.2.9 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQuerySetRays (

RTPquery *query,*RTPbufferdesc *rays* )

Sets the rays buffer for a query.

The rays buffer is not accessed until rtpQueryExecute() is called. The ray directions must be unit length for correct results.

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# **Parameters**

	in	query	Query
Ī	in	rays	Buffer descriptor for rays

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

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#### **5.31 Model**

#### **Functions**

- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelCreate (RTPcontext context, RTPmodel \*model)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelGetContext (RTPmodel model, RTPcontext \*context)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelSetTriangles (RTPmodel model, RTPbufferdesc indices, RTPbufferdesc vertices)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelSetInstances (RTPmodel model, RTPbufferdesc instances, RTPbufferdesc transforms)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelUpdate (RTPmodel model, unsigned hints)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelFinish (RTPmodel model)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelGetFinished (RTPmodel model, int \*isFinished)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelCopy (RTPmodel model, RTPmodel srcModel)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelSetBuilderParameter (RTPmodel model\_api, RTPbuilderparam param, RTPsize size, const void \*ptr)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelDestroy (RTPmodel model)

# 5.31.1 Detailed Description

#### 5.31.2 Function Documentation

# 5.31.2.1 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelCopy (

RTPmodel model,

RTPmodel srcModel )

Copies one model to another.

This function copies a model from one OptiX Prime context to another for user-managed multi-GPU operation where one context is allocated per device. Only triangle models can be copied, not instance models. Furthermore, when a *srcModel* has the

RTP\_BUILDER\_PARAM\_USE\_CALLER\_TRIANGLES build parameter set to 1, and it is intended that the triangle data is automatically transfered to the other context, the destination (*model*) should have the build parameter set to 0 before the copy call. If the destination model also has the has the build parameter set to 1, its triangles must be set by calling rtpModelSetTriangles followed by rtpModelUpdate using RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_USER\_TRIANGLES\_AFTER\_COPY\_SET.

#### **Parameters**

in	model	Destination model
in	srcModel	Source model

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RTP ERROR UNKNOWN

# 5.31.2.2 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelCreate ( RTPcontext context,

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### RTPmodel \* model )

Creates a model.

### **Parameters**

in	context	OptiX Prime context
out	model	Pointer to the new model

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP ERROR UNKNOWN

### 5.31.2.3 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelDestroy ( RTPmodel *model* )

Destroys a model.

Any queries created on the model are also destroyed with the model. The queries are allowed to finish before they are destroyed.

### **Parameters**

in	model	Model
----	-------	-------

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

### 5.31.2.4 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelFinish ( RTPmodel *model* )

Blocks current thread until model update is finished.

This function can be called multiple times. It will return immediately if the previous update has already finished.

### **Parameters**

in	model	Model

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

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RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

### 5.31.2.5 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelGetContext (

RTPmodel model,

RTPcontext \* context )

Gets the context object associated with the model.

### **Parameters**

in	model	Model to obtain the context from
out	context	Returned context

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

### 5.31.2.6 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelGetFinished (

RTPmodel model,

int \* isFinished )

Polls the status of a model update.

### **Parameters**

in	model	Model
out	isFinished	Returns finished status

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

### 5.31.2.7 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelSetBuilderParameter (

RTPmodel model\_api, RTPbuilderparam param, RTPsize size, const void \* ptr )

Specifies a builder parameter for a model.

The following builder parameters are supported:

RTP\_BUILDER\_PARAM\_USE\_CALLER\_TRIANGLES: int

If the value for RTP\_BUILDER\_PARAM\_USE\_CALLER\_TRIANGLES is set to 0 (default), Prime uses

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an internal representation for triangles (which requires additional memory) to improve query performance and does not reference the user's vertex buffer during a query. If set to 1, Prime uses the provided triangle data as-is, which may result in slower query performance, but reduces memory usage.

RTP BUILDER PARAM CHUNK SIZE: RTPsize

Acceleration structures are built in chunks to reduce the amount of scratch memory needed. The size of the scratch memory chunk is specified in bytes by RTP\_BUILDER\_PARAM\_CHUNK\_SIZE. If set to -1, the chunk size has no limit. If set to 0 (default) the chunk size is chosen automatically, currently as 10% of the total available video memory for GPU builds and 512MB for CPU builds.

### **Parameters**

	in	model_api	Model	
	in	param	Builder parameter to set	
Ī	in	size	Size in bytes of the parameter being set	
	in	ptr	Pointer to where the value of the attribute will be copied from. This must point t at least <i>size</i> bytes of memory	

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

### 5.31.2.8 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelSetInstances (

RTPmodel model,

RTPbufferdesc instances,

RTPbufferdesc transforms )

Sets the instance data for a model.

The *instances* buffer specifies a list of model instances, and the *transforms* buffer holds a transformation matrix for each instance. The instance buffer type must be RTP BUFFER TYPE HOST.

Instance buffers must be of format RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_INSTANCE\_MODEL, and transform buffers of format RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_TRANSFORM\_FLOAT4x4 or RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_TRANSFORM\_FLOAT4x3. If a stride is specified for the transformations, it must be a multiple of 16 bytes. Furthermore, the matrices must be stored in row-major order. Only

affine transformations are supported, and the last row is always assumed to be [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0].

All instance models in the *instances* buffer must belong to the same context as the model itself.

All instance models in the *instances* buffer must belong to the same context as the model itself. Additionally, the build parameter RTP\_BUILDER\_PARAM\_USE\_CALLER\_TRIANGLES must be the same for all models (if applied). Setting RTP\_BUILDER\_PARAM\_USE\_CALLER\_TRIANGLES for a model which contains instances has no effect.

The buffers are not used until rtpModelUpdate is called.

### **Parameters**

in	model	Model
in	instances	Buffer descriptor for instances
in	transforms	Buffer descriptor for 4x4 transform matrices

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### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP ERROR UNKNOWN

### 5.31.2.9 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelSetTriangles (

RTPmodel *model,*RTPbufferdesc *indices,*RTPbufferdesc *vertices* )

Sets the triangle data for a model.

The index buffer specifies triplet of vertex indices. If the index buffer descriptor is not specified (e.g. indices==NULL), the vertex buffer is considered to be a flat list of triangles, with every three vertices forming a triangle. The buffers are not used until rtpModelUpdate is called.

#### **Parameters**

in	model	Model
in	indices	Buffer descriptor for triangle vertex indices, or NULL
in	vertices	Buffer descriptor for triangle vertices

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

### 5.31.2.10 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelUpdate (

RTPmodel *model*, unsigned *hints*)

Updates data, or creates an acceleration structure over triangles or instances.

Depending on the specified hints, rtpModelUpdate performs different operations:

If the flag RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_ASYNC is specified, some or all of the acceleration structure update may run asynchronously and rtpModelUpdate may return before the update is finished. In the case of RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_NONE, the acceleration structure build is blocking. It is important that buffers specified in rtpModelSetTriangles and rtpModelSetInstances not be modified until the update has finished. rtpModelGetFinish blocks the current thread until the update is finished. rtpModelGetFinished can be used to poll until the update is finished. Once the update has finished the input buffers can be modified.

The acceleration structure build performed by rtpModelUpdate uses a fast, high quality algorithm, but has the cost of requiring additional working memory. The amount of working memory is controlled by RTP\_BUILDER\_PARAM\_CHUNK\_SIZE.

The flag RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_MASK\_UPDATE should be used to inform Prime when visibility mask data changed (after calling rtpModelSetTriangles with the updated values), e.g. when the indices format RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_INDICES\_INT3\_MASK\_INT is used. RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_MASK\_UPDATE can be combined with RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_ASYNC to perform asynchronous data updates.

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Hint RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_USER\_TRIANGLES\_AFTER\_COPY\_SET should be used when a triangle model has been copied (with the user triangle build flag set), and new user triangles have been set (by calling rtpModelSetTriangles again with the updated values).

RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_USER\_TRIANGLES\_AFTER\_COPY\_SET can be combined with RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_ASYNC to perform asynchronous data updates.

### **Parameters**

in	model	Model
in	hints	A combination of flags from RTPmodelhint

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

### Example Usage:

```
RTPmodel model;
rtpModelCreate(context, &model);
rtpModelSetTriangles(model, 0, vertsBD);
rtpModelUpdate(model, RTP_MODEL_HINT_ASYNC);

// ... do useful work on CPU while GPU is busy
rtpModelFinish(model);

// It is now safe to modify vertex buffer
```

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### 5.32 Buffer descriptor

### **Functions**

- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescCreate (RTPcontext context, RTPbufferformat format, RTPbuffertype type, void \*buffer, RTPbufferdesc \*desc)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescGetContext (RTPbufferdesc desc, RTPcontext \*context)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescSetRange (RTPbufferdesc desc, RTPsize begin, RTPsize end)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescSetStride (RTPbufferdesc desc, unsigned strideBytes)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescSetCudaDeviceNumber (RTPbufferdesc desc, unsigned deviceNumber)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescDestroy (RTPbufferdesc desc)

### 5.32.1 Detailed Description

### 5.32.2 Function Documentation

### 5.32.2.1 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescCreate (

RTPcontext context,
RTPbufferformat format,
RTPbuffertype type,
void \* buffer,
RTPbufferdesc \* desc )

Create a buffer descriptor.

This function creates a buffer descriptor with the specified element format and buffertype. A buffer of type RTP\_BUFFER\_TYPE\_CUDA\_LINEAR is assumed to reside on the current device. The device number can be changed by calling rtpBufferDescSetCudaDeviceNumber.

### **Parameters**

in	context	OptiX Prime context
in	format	Format of the buffer
in	type	Type of the buffer
in	buffer	Pointer to buffer data
out	desc	Pointer to the new buffer descriptor

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

### Example Usage:

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### 5.32.2.2 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescDestroy (

RTPbufferdesc desc )

Destroys a buffer descriptor.

Buffer descriptors can be destroyed immediately after it is used as a function parameter. The buffer contents associated with a buffer descriptor, however, must remain valid until they are no longer used by any OptiX Prime objects.

### **Parameters**

in desc Buffer descriptor
---------------------------

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP ERROR UNKNOWN

### 5.32.2.3 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescGetContext (

RTPbufferdesc *desc*,

RTPcontext \* context )

Gets the context object associated with the provided buffer descriptor.

### **Parameters**

in	desc	Buffer descriptor
out	context	Returned context

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP ERROR UNKNOWN

### 5.32.2.4 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescSetCudaDeviceNumber (

RTPbufferdesc desc,

unsigned deviceNumber )

Sets the CUDA device number for a buffer.

A buffer of type RTP\_BUFFER\_TYPE\_CUDA\_LINEAR is assumed to reside on the device that was current when its buffer descriptor was created unless otherwise specified using this function.

### **Parameters**

in	desc	Buffer descriptor
in	deviceNumber	CUDA device number

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### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

### 5.32.2.5 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescSetRange (

RTPbufferdesc *desc,* RTPsize *begin,* RTPsize *end* )

Sets the element range of a buffer to use.

The range is specified in terms of number of elements. By default, the range for a buffer is 0 to the number of elements in the buffer.

### **Parameters**

ir	desc	Buffer descriptor	
ir	begin	Start index of the range	
ir	end	End index of the range (exclusive, one past the index of the last element)	

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

### 5.32.2.6 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescSetStride (

RTPbufferdesc desc, unsigned strideBytes )

Sets the stride for elements in a buffer.

This function is only valid for buffers of format RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_VERTEX\_FLOAT3. This function is useful for vertex buffers that contain interleaved vertex attributes. For buffers that are transferred between the host and a device it is recommended that only buffers with default stride be used to avoid transferring data that will not be used.

### **Parameters**

in	desc	Buffer descriptor	
in	strideBytes	Stride in bytes. The default value of 0 indicates that elements are contiguous in memory.	

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

RTP SUCCESS

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- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RTP\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

### Example Usage:

```
struct Vertex {
    float3 pos, normal, color;
};
...
RTPbufferdesc vertsBD;
rtpBufferDescCreate(context, RTP_BUFFER_FORMAT_VERTEX_FLOAT3
    , RTP_BUFFER_TYPE_HOST, verts, &vertsBD);
rtpBufferDescSetRange(vertsBD, 0, numVerts);
rtpBufferDescSetStride(vertsBD, sizeof(Vertex));
```

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### 5.33 Miscellaneous functions

### **Functions**

- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpHostBufferLock (void \*buffer, RTPsize size)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpHostBufferUnlock (void \*buffer)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpGetErrorString (RTPresult errorCode, const char \*\*errorString)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpGetVersion (unsigned \*version)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpGetVersionString (const char \*\*versionString)

### 5.33.1 Detailed Description

### 5.33.2 Function Documentation

## 5.33.2.1 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpGetErrorString ( RTPresult errorCode, const char \*\* errorString )

Translates an RTPresult error code to a string.

Translates an RTPresult error code to a string describing the error.

### **Parameters**

in	errorCode	Error code to be translated
out	errorString	Returned error string

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

• RTP\_SUCCESS

See also rtpContextGetLastErrorString

## 5.33.2.2 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpGetVersion ( unsigned \* version )

Gets OptiX Prime version number.

The encoding for the version number prior to OptiX 4.0.0 is major\*1000 + minor\*10 + micro. For versions 4.0.0 and higher, the encoding is major\*10000 + minor\*100 + micro. For example, for version 3.5.1 this function would return 3051, and for version 4.1.2 it would return 40102.

### **Parameters**

out <i>version</i>	Returned version
--------------------	------------------

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

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### 5.33.2.3 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpGetVersionString (

const char \*\* versionString )

Gets OptiX Prime version string.

Returns OptiX Prime version string and other information in a human-readable format.

### **Parameters**

in versionString Returned ve	rsion information
------------------------------	-------------------

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

RTP\_SUCCESS

### 5.33.2.4 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpHostBufferLock (

void \* buffer,

RTPsize size )

Page-locks a host buffer.

Transfers between the host and device are faster if the host buffers are page-locked. However, page-locked memory is a limited resource and should be used judiciously.

### **Parameters**

in	buffer	Buffer on the host
in	size	Size of the buffer

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RTP\_SUCCESS
- RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### 5.33.2.5 RTPresult RTPAPI rtpHostBufferUnlock (

void \* buffer )

Unlocks a previously page-locked host buffer.

Transfers between the host and device are faster if the host buffers are page-locked. However, page-locked memory is a limited resource and should be used judiciously. Use this function on buffers previous page-locked with <a href="https://recommons.org/

### **Parameters**

in	buffer	Buffer on the host

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

• RTP\_SUCCESS

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• RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### 5.34 OptiX Prime++ wrapper

### **Classes**

- class optix::prime::ContextObj
- class optix::prime::BufferDescObj
- class optix::prime::ModelObj
- · class optix::prime::QueryObj
- · class optix::prime::Exception
- typedef Handle < BufferDescObj > optix::prime::BufferDesc
- typedef Handle < ContextObj > optix::prime::Context
- typedef Handle < ModelObj > optix::prime::Model
- typedef Handle < QueryObj > optix::prime::Query

### 5.34.1 Detailed Description

### 5.34.2 Typedef Documentation

### 5.34.2.1 typedef Handle<BufferDescObj> optix::prime::BufferDesc

Use this to manipulate RTPbufferdesc objects.

### 5.34.2.2 typedef Handle<ContextObj> optix::prime::Context

Use this to manipulate RTPcontext objects.

### 5.34.2.3 typedef Handle<ModelObj> optix::prime::Model

Use this to manipulate RTPmodel objects.

### 5.34.2.4 typedef Handle<QueryObj> optix::prime::Query

Use this to manipulate RTPquery objects.

### 5.35 OptiX Interoperability Types

### **Modules**

- OpenGL Texture Formats
- DXGI Texture Formats

### 5.35.1 Detailed Description

This section lists OpenGL and Direct3D texture formats that are currently supported for interoperability with OptiX.

### 5.36 OpenGL Texture Formats

The following OpenGL texture formats are available for interoperability with OptiX.

R8I
R8UI
RG8I
RG8UI
RGBA8
RGBA8I
RGBA8UI
R16l
R16UI
RG16I
RG16UI
RGBA16
RGBA16I
RGBA16-
UI
R32I
R32UI
RG32I
RG32UI
RGBA32I
RGBA32-
UI
R32F
RG32F
RGBA32F

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### 5.37 DXGI Texture Formats

The following DXGI texture formats are available for interoperability with OptiX.

R8_SINT
R8_SNORM
R8_UINT
R8_UNORM
R16_SINT
R16_SNORM
R16_UINT
R16_UNORM
R32_SINT
R32_UINT
R32_FLOAT
R8G8_SINT
R8G8_SNORM
R8G8_UINT
R8G8_UNORM
R16G16_SINT
R16G16_SNORM
R16G16_UINT
R16G16_UNORM
R32G32_SINT
R32G32_UINT
R32G32_FLOAT
R8G8B8A8_SINT
R8G8B8A8_SNORM
R8G8B8A8_UINT
R8G8B8A8_UNORM
R16G16B16A16_SINT
R16G16B16A16_SNORM
R16G16B16A16_UINT
R16G16B16A16_UNORM
R32G32B32A32_SINT
R32G32B32A32_UINT
R32G32B32A32_FLOAT

### 6 Class Documentation

### 6.1 optix::Aabb Class Reference

### **Public Member Functions**

- RT\_HOSTDEVICE Aabb ()
- RT HOSTDEVICE Aabb (const float3 &min, const float3 &max)
- RT HOSTDEVICE Aabb (const float3 &v0, const float3 &v1, const float3 &v2)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool operator== (const Aabb &other) const
- RT HOSTDEVICE float3 & operator[] (int i)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE const float3 & operator[] (int i) const
- RT HOSTDEVICE void set (const float3 &min, const float3 &max)
- RT HOSTDEVICE void set (const float3 &v0, const float3 &v1, const float3 &v2)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE void invalidate ()
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool valid () const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool contains (const float3 &p) const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool contains (const Aabb &bb) const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE void include (const float3 &p)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE void include (const Aabb &other)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE void include (const float3 &min, const float3 &max)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 center () const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE float center (int dim) const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 extent () const
- RT HOSTDEVICE float extent (int dim) const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE float volume () const
- RT HOSTDEVICE float area () const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE float halfArea () const
- RT HOSTDEVICE int longestAxis () const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE float maxExtent () const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool intersects (const Aabb &other) const
- RT HOSTDEVICE void intersection (const Aabb &other)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE void enlarge (float amount)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool isFlat () const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE float distance (const float3 &x) const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE float distance2 (const float3 &x) const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE float signedDistance (const float3 &x) const

### **Public Attributes**

- · float3 m min
- · float3 m max

### 6.1.1 Detailed Description

Axis-aligned bounding box.

### **Description**

Aabb is a utility class for computing and manipulating axis-aligned bounding boxes (aabbs). Aabb is primarily useful in the bounding box program associated with geometry objects. Aabb may also be useful in other computation and can be used in both host and device code.

### History

Aabb was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also RT\_PROGRAM, rtGeometrySetBoundingBoxProgram

### 6.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.1.2.1 OPTIXU_INLINE RT_HOSTDEVICE optix::Aabb::Aabb ( )
```

Construct an invalid box.

```
6.1.2.2 OPTIXU_INLINE RT_HOSTDEVICE optix::Aabb::Aabb (
const float3 & min,
const float3 & max )
```

Construct from min and max vectors.

```
6.1.2.3 OPTIXU_INLINE RT_HOSTDEVICE optix::Aabb::Aabb (
```

const float3 & v0, const float3 & v1, const float3 & v2)

Construct from three points (e.g. triangle)

### 6.1.3 Member Function Documentation

### 6.1.3.1 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::Aabb::area ( ) const

Compute the surface area of the box.

```
6.1.3.2 OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::Aabb::center ( ) const
```

Compute the box center.

```
6.1.3.3 OPTIXU_INLINE RT_HOSTDEVICE float optix::Aabb::center ( int dim ) const
```

Compute the box center in the given dimension.

### 6.1.3.4 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool optix::Aabb::contains (

### const float3 & p ) const

Check if the point is in the box.

### 6.1.3.5 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool optix::Aabb::contains ( const Aabb & bb ) const

Check if the box is fully contained in the box.

### 6.1.3.6 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::Aabb::distance ( const float3 & x ) const

Compute the minimum Euclidean distance from a point on the surface of this Aabb to the point of interest.

### 6.1.3.7 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::Aabb::distance2 ( const float3 & x ) const

Compute the minimum squared Euclidean distance from a point on the surface of this Aabb to the point of interest.

### 6.1.3.8 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::Aabb::enlarge ( float amount )

Enlarge the box by moving both min and max by 'amount'.

### 6.1.3.9 OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::Aabb::extent( ) const

Compute the box extent.

### 6.1.3.10 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::Aabb::extent ( int *dim* ) const

Compute the box extent in the given dimension.

### 6.1.3.11 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::Aabb::halfArea ( ) const

Compute half the surface area of the box.

### 6.1.3.12 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::Aabb::include ( const float3 & p )

Extend the box to include the given point.

### 6.1.3.13 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::Aabb::include ( const Aabb & other )

Extend the box to include the given box.

### 6.1.3.14 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::Aabb::include ( const float3 & min,

```
const float3 & max )
```

Extend the box to include the given box.

```
6.1.3.15 OPTIXU_INLINE RT_HOSTDEVICE void optix::Aabb::intersection ( const Aabb & other )
```

Make the current box be the intersection between this one and another one.

6.1.3.16 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool optix::Aabb::intersects ( const Aabb & other ) const

Check for intersection with another box.

6.1.3.17 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::Aabb::invalidate ( ) Invalidate the box.

6.1.3.18 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool optix::Aabb::isFlat ( ) const Check if the box is flat in at least one dimension.

**6.1.3.19 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int optix::Aabb::longestAxis ( ) const**Get the index of the longest axis.

6.1.3.20 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::Aabb::maxExtent ( ) const Get the extent of the longest axis.

6.1.3.21 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool optix::Aabb::operator== ( const Aabb & other ) const

Exact equality.

### 6.1.3.22

 $\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{OPTIXU\_INLINE} \; \mathsf{RT\_HOSTDEVICE} \; \mathsf{float3} \; \& \; \mathsf{optix::Aabb::operator[]} \, (\\ & \mathsf{int} \; i \end{array})$ 

Array access.

### 6.1.3.23

OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE const float3 & optix::Aabb::operator[] ( int *i* ) const

Const array access.

Set using two vectors.

### 6.1.3.25 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::Aabb::set (

const float3 & v0, const float3 & v1, const float3 & v2)

Set using three points (e.g.

triangle)

### 6.1.3.26 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::Aabb::signedDistance ( const float3 & x ) const

Compute the minimum Euclidean distance from a point on the surface of this Aabb to the point of interest.

If the point of interest lies inside this Aabb, the result is negative

### 6.1.3.27 OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE bool optix::Aabb::valid ( ) const

Check if the box is valid.

### 6.1.3.28 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::Aabb::volume( ) const

Compute the volume of the box.

### 6.1.4 Member Data Documentation

### 6.1.4.1 float3 optix::Aabb::m\_max

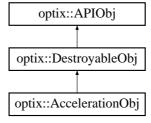
Max bound.

### 6.1.4.2 float3 optix::Aabb::m min

Min bound.

### 6.2 optix::AccelerationObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::AccelerationObj:



### **Public Member Functions**

- void destroy ()
- void validate ()

- · Context getContext () const
- RTacceleration get ()
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const
- · void markDirty ()
- · bool isDirty () const
- void setProperty (const std::string &name, const std::string &value)
- std::string getProperty (const std::string &name) const
- void setBuilder (const std::string &builder)
- std::string getBuilder () const
- void setTraverser (const std::string &traverser)
- std::string getTraverser () const
- RTsize getDataSize () const
- void getData (void \*data) const
- void setData (const void \*data, RTsize size)

### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

### 6.2.1 Detailed Description

Acceleration wraps the OptiX C API RTacceleration opaque type and its associated function set.

### 6.2.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.2.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference( ) [inline], [inherited]

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.2.2.2 void optix::APIObj::checkError (
```

```
RTresult code ) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

### 6.2.2.3 void optix::AccelerationObj::destroy() [inline], [virtual]

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.2.2.4 RTacceleration optix::AccelerationObj::get( ) [inline]

Get the underlying OptiX C API RTacceleration opaque pointer.

### 6.2.2.5 std::string optix::AccelerationObj::getBuilder( ) const [inline]

Query the acceleration structure builder. See rtAccelerationGetBuilder.

### 6.2.2.6 Context optix::AccelerationObj::getContext( )const [inline], [virtual]

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext. Implements optix::APIObj.

```
6.2.2.7 void optix::AccelerationObj::getData (
void * data ) const [inline]
```

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0 Get the marshalled acceleration data. See rtAccelerationGetData.

```
6.2.2.8 RTsize optix::AccelerationObj::getDataSize() const [inline]
```

**Deprecated in OptiX 4.0** Query the size of the marshalled acceleration data. See rtAccelerationGetDataSize.

```
6.2.2.9 std::string optix::AccelerationObj::getProperty (
const std::string & name ) const [inline]
```

Query properties specifying Acceleration builder behavior.

See rtAccelerationGetProperty.

```
6.2.2.10 std::string optix::AccelerationObj::getTraverser( ) const [inline]
```

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0 Query the acceleration structure traverser. See rtAccelerationGetTraverser.

```
6.2.2.11 bool optix::AccelerationObj::isDirty() const [inline]
```

Query if the acceleration needs a rebuild. See rtAccelerationIsDirty.

```
6.2.2.12 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (
RTresult code,
RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]
```

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

```
6.2.2.13 void optix::AccelerationObj::markDirty( ) [inline]
```

Mark the acceleration as needing a rebuild. See rtAccelerationMarkDirty.

```
6.2.2.14 int optix::APIObj::removeReference( ) [inline], [inherited]
```

Decrement the reference count for this object.

```
6.2.2.15 void optix::AccelerationObj::setBuilder (
const std::string & builder ) [inline]
```

Specify the acceleration structure builder. See rtAccelerationSetBuilder.

### 6.2.2.16 void optix::AccelerationObj::setData (

```
const void * data,
RTsize size ) [inline]
```

**Deprecated in OptiX 4.0** Specify the acceleration structure via marshalled acceleration data. See rtAccelerationSetData.

Set properties specifying Acceleration builder behavior. See rtAccelerationSetProperty.

```
6.2.2.18 void optix::AccelerationObj::setTraverser (
const std::string & traverser ) [inline]
```

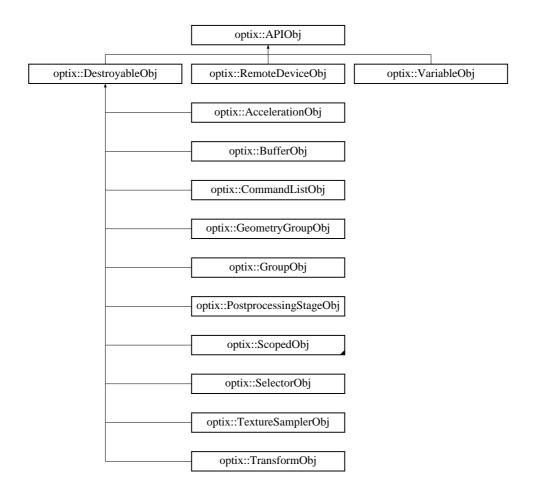
**Deprecated in OptiX 4.0** Specify the acceleration structure traverser. See rtAccelerationSetTraverser.

```
6.2.2.19 void optix::AccelerationObj::validate( ) [inline], [virtual] call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object
```

Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.3 optix::APIObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::APIObj:



### **Public Member Functions**

- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual Context getContext () const =0
- · virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const

### **Static Public Member Functions**

• static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

### 6.3.1 Detailed Description

Base class for all reference counted wrappers around OptiX C API opaque types.

### Wraps:

- RTcontext
- RTbuffer
- RTgeometry
- RTgeometryinstance
- RTgeometrygroup
- RTgroup
- RTmaterial

- RTprogram
- RTselector
- RTtexturesampler
- RTtransform
- RTvariable

### 6.3.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.3.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline]

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.3.2.2 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

```
6.3.2.3 virtual Context optix::APIObj::getContext( ) const [pure virtual]
```

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext.

Implemented in optix::CommandListObj, optix::PostprocessingStageObj, optix::BufferObj, optix::TextureSamplerObj, optix::MaterialObj, optix::GeometryObj, optix::GeometryInstanceObj, optix::AccelerationObj, optix::SelectorObj, optix::TransformObj, optix::GeometryGroupObj, optix::GroupObj, optix::ProgramObj, optix::ContextObj, and optix::VariableObj.

```
6.3.2.4 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (
RTresult code,
RTcontext context ) [inline], [static]
```

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

```
6.3.2.5 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline]
```

Decrement the reference count for this object.

### 6.4 optix::prime::BufferDescObj Class Reference

Inherits RefCountedObj.

### **Public Member Functions**

- Context getContext ()
- void setRange (RTPsize begin, RTPsize end)
- void setStride (unsigned strideBytes)
- void setCudaDeviceNumber (unsigned deviceNumber)
- RTPbufferdesc getRTPbufferdesc ()

### 6.4.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates an OptiX Prime buffer descriptor.

The purpose of a buffer descriptor is to provide information about a buffer's type, format, and location. It also describes the region of the buffer to use.

### 6.4.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.4.2.1 Context optix::prime::BufferDescObj::getContext( ) [inline]
```

Returns the context associated within this object.

```
6.4.2.2 RTPbufferdesc optix::prime::BufferDescObj::getRTPbufferdesc( ) [inline]
```

Returns the RTPbufferdesc descriptor stored within this object.

```
6.4.2.3 void optix::prime::BufferDescObj::setCudaDeviceNumber (
unsigned deviceNumber ) [inline]
```

Sets the CUDA device number for a buffer. See rtpBufferDescSetCudaDeviceNumber.

```
6.4.2.4 void optix::prime::BufferDescObj::setRange (
RTPsize begin,
RTPsize end ) [inline]
```

Sets the range of a buffer to be used. See rtpBufferDescSetRange.

```
6.4.2.5 void optix::prime::BufferDescObj::setStride ( unsigned strideBytes ) [inline]
```

Sets the stride for elements in a buffer. See rtpBufferDescSetStride.

### 6.5 optix::bufferId < T, Dim > Struct Template Reference

Inherits optix::buffer< T, Dim >.

### 6.5.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T, int Dim>struct optix::bufferId< T, Dim >
```

bufferld is a host version of the device side bufferld.

Use bufferId to define types that can be included from both the host and device code. This class provides a container that can be used to transport the buffer id back and forth between host and device code. The bufferId class is useful, because it can take a buffer id obtained from rtBufferGetId and provide accessors similar to the buffer class.

"bindless\_type.h" used by both host and device code:

```
#include <optix_world.h>
struct BufInfo {
```

```
int val;
  rtBufferId<int, 1> data;
};

Host code:

#include "bindless_type.h"
BufInfo input_buffer_info;
input_buffer_info.val = 0;
input_buffer_info.data = rtBufferId<int,1>(inputBuffer0->getId());
context["input_buffer_info"]->setUserData(sizeof(BufInfo), &input_buffer_info);

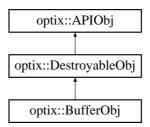
Device code:

#include "bindless_type.h"
rtBuffer<int,1> result;
rtDeclareVariable(BufInfo, input_buffer_info, ,);

RT_PROGRAM void bindless()
{
  int value = input_buffer_info.data[input_buffer_info.val];
  result[0] = value;
```

### 6.6 optix::BufferObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::BufferObj:



### **Public Member Functions**

- void destroy ()
- void validate ()
- · Context getContext () const
- RTbuffer get ()
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const
- void setFormat (RTformat format)
- RTformat getFormat () const
- void setElementSize (RTsize size of element)
- RTsize getElementSize () const
- void getDevicePointer (int optix\_device\_ordinal, void \*\*device\_pointer)

- void \* getDevicePointer (int optix\_device\_ordinal)
- void setDevicePointer (int optix\_device\_ordinal, void \*device\_pointer)
- void markDirty ()
- void setSize (RTsize width)
- void getSize (RTsize &width) const
- void getMipLevelSize (unsigned int level, RTsize &width) const
- · void setSize (RTsize width, RTsize height)
- · void getSize (RTsize &width, RTsize &height) const
- void getMipLevelSize (unsigned int level, RTsize &width, RTsize &height) const
- void setSize (RTsize width, RTsize height, RTsize depth)
- · void getSize (RTsize &width, RTsize &height, RTsize &depth) const
- void getMipLevelSize (unsigned int level, RTsize &width, RTsize &height, RTsize &depth) const
- void setSize (unsigned int dimensionality, const RTsize \*dims)
- void getSize (unsigned int dimensionality, RTsize \*dims) const
- · unsigned int getDimensionality () const
- void setMipLevelCount (unsigned int levels)
- unsigned int getMipLevelCount () const
- int getId () const
- unsigned int getGLBOld () const
- void registerGLBuffer ()
- void unregisterGLBuffer ()
- void setAttribute (RTbufferattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- void getAttribute (RTbufferattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- void \* map (unsigned int level=0, unsigned int map\_flags=RT\_BUFFER\_MAP\_READ\_WRITE, void \*user\_owned=0)
- void unmap (unsigned int level=0)
- void bindProgressiveStream (Buffer source)
- void getProgressiveUpdateReady (int \*ready, unsigned int \*subframe\_count, unsigned int \*max\_subframes)
- bool getProgressiveUpdateReady ()
- bool getProgressiveUpdateReady (unsigned int &subframe\_count)
- bool getProgressiveUpdateReady (unsigned int &subframe\_count, unsigned int &max\_subframes)

### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

### 6.6.1 Detailed Description

Buffer wraps the OptiX C API RTbuffer opaque type and its associated function set.

### 6.6.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.6.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]

Increment the reference count for this object.

### 6.6.2.2 void optix::BufferObj::bindProgressiveStream ( Buffer source ) [inline]

Bind a buffer as source for a progressive stream. See rtBufferBindProgressiveStream.

```
6.6.2.3 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

```
6.6.2.4 void optix::BufferObj::destroy() [inline], [virtual]
```

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.6.2.5 RTbuffer optix::BufferObj::get() [inline]

Get the underlying OptiX C API RTbuffer opaque pointer.

```
6.6.2.6 void optix::BufferObj::getAttribute (
```

RTbufferattribute *attrib,* RTsize *size,* 

void \* p ) [inline]

Get a Buffer Attribute. See rtBufferGetAttribute.

### 6.6.2.7 Context optix::BufferObj::getContext( ) const [inline], [virtual]

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext. Implements optix::APIObj.

```
6.6.2.8 void optix::BufferObj::getDevicePointer (
```

```
int optix_device_ordinal,
```

void \*\* device\_pointer ) [inline]

Get the pointer to buffer memory on a specific device. See rtBufferGetDevicePointer.

```
6.6.2.9 void * optix::BufferObj::getDevicePointer(
int optix_device_ordinal) [inline]
```

Set the data format for the buffer. See rtBufferSetFormat.

### 6.6.2.10 unsigned int optix::BufferObj::getDimensionality( ) const [inline]

Query dimensionality of buffer. See rtBufferGetDimensionality.

### 6.6.2.11 RTsize optix::BufferObj::getElementSize() const [inline]

Query the data element size for user format buffers. See rtBufferGetElementSize.

### 6.6.2.12 RTformat optix::BufferObj::getFormat() const [inline]

Query the data format for the buffer. See rtBufferGetFormat.

### 6.6.2.13 unsigned int optix::BufferObj::getGLBOld( ) const [inline]

Queries the OpenGL Buffer Object ID associated with this buffer. See rtBufferGetGLBOld.

```
6.6.2.14 int optix::BufferObj::getId() const [inline]
```

Queries an id suitable for referencing the buffer in an another buffer. See rtBufferGetId.

### 6.6.2.15 unsigned int optix::BufferObj::getMipLevelCount( ) const [inline]

Query number of mipmap levels of buffer. See rtBufferGetMipLevelCount.

## 6.6.2.16 void optix::BufferObj::getMipLevelSize ( unsigned int *level*, RTsize & width ) const [inline]

Query 1D buffer dimension of specific MIP level. See rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D.

```
6.6.2.17 void optix::BufferObj::getMipLevelSize ( unsigned int level,
```

RTsize & width.

RTsize & height ) const [inline]

Query 2D buffer dimension of specific MIP level. See rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D.

### 6.6.2.18 void optix::BufferObj::getMipLevelSize (

unsigned int level,

RTsize & width,

RTsize & height,

RTsize & depth ) const [inline]

Query 3D buffer dimension of specific MIP level. See rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D.

### 6.6.2.19 void optix::BufferObj::getProgressiveUpdateReady (

```
int * ready,
```

unsigned int \* subframe\_count,

unsigned int \* max\_subframes ) [inline]

Query updates from a progressive stream. See rtBufferGetProgressiveUpdateReady.

```
    6.6.2.20 bool optix::BufferObj::getProgressiveUpdateReady( ) [inline]
    Query updates from a progressive stream. See rtBufferGetProgressiveUpdateReady.
    6.6.2.21 bool optix::BufferObj::getProgressiveUpdateReady( unsigned int & subframe_count ) [inline]
```

Query updates from a progressive stream. See rtBufferGetProgressiveUpdateReady.

Query updates from a progressive stream. See rtBufferGetProgressiveUpdateReady.

```
6.6.2.23 void optix::BufferObj::getSize(

RTsize & width) const [inline]
```

Query 1D buffer dimension. See rtBufferGetSize1D.

```
6.6.2.24 void optix::BufferObj::getSize(

RTsize & width,

RTsize & height) const [inline]
```

Query 2D buffer dimension. See rtBufferGetSize2D.

```
6.6.2.25 void optix::BufferObj::getSize (
RTsize & width,
RTsize & height,
RTsize & depth ) const [inline]
```

Query 3D buffer dimension. See rtBufferGetSize3D.

Query dimensions of buffer. See rtBufferGetSizev.

```
6.6.2.27 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (

RTresult code,

RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]
```

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

```
void * user_owned = 0 ) [inline]
```

Maps a buffer object for host access. See rtBufferMap and rtBufferMapEx.

```
6.6.2.29 void optix::BufferObj::markDirty() [inline]
```

Mark the buffer dirty.

```
6.6.2.30 void optix::BufferObj::registerGLBuffer( ) [inline]
```

Declare the buffer as mutable and inaccessible by OptiX. See rtTextureSamplerGLRegister.

```
6.6.2.31 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]
```

Decrement the reference count for this object.

```
6.6.2.32 void optix::BufferObj::setAttribute (
RTbufferattribute attrib,
RTsize size,
void * p ) [inline]
```

Set a Buffer Attribute. See rtBufferSetAttribute.

Set the pointer to buffer memory on a specific device. See rtBufferSetDevicePointer.

```
6.6.2.34 void optix::BufferObj::setElementSize (

RTsize size_of_element ) [inline]
```

Set the data element size for user format buffers. See rtBufferSetElementSize.

```
6.6.2.35 void optix::BufferObj::setFormat (

RTformat format ) [inline]
```

Set the data format for the buffer. See rtBufferSetFormat.

```
6.6.2.36 void optix::BufferObj::setMipLevelCount ( unsigned int levels ) [inline]
```

Set buffer number of MIP levels. See rtBufferSetMipLevelCount.

```
6.6.2.37 void optix::BufferObj::setSize (

RTsize width ) [inline]
```

Set buffer dimensionality to one and buffer width to specified width. See rtBufferSetSize1D.

```
6.6.2.38 void optix::BufferObj::setSize (
RTsize width,
```

### RTsize height ) [inline]

Set buffer dimensionality to two and buffer dimensions to specified width,height. See rtBufferSetSize2D.

# 6.6.2.39 void optix::BufferObj::setSize ( RTsize width, RTsize height, RTsize depth ) [inline]

Set buffer dimensionality to three and buffer dimensions to specified width,height,depth. See rtBufferSetSize3D.

```
6.6.2.40 void optix::BufferObj::setSize (
unsigned int dimensionality,
const RTsize * dims ) [inline]
```

Set buffer dimensionality and dimensions to specified values. See rtBufferSetSizev.

```
6.6.2.41 void optix::BufferObj::unmap(
unsigned int level = 0) [inline]
```

Unmaps a buffer object. See rtBufferUnmap and rtBufferUnmapEx.

```
6.6.2.42 void optix::BufferObj::unregisterGLBuffer( ) [inline]
```

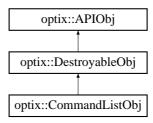
Unregister the buffer, re-enabling OptiX operations. See rtTextureSamplerGLUnregister.

```
6.6.2.43 void optix::BufferObj::validate( ) [inline], [virtual] call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object
```

6.7 optix::CommandListObj Class Reference

Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

Inheritance diagram for optix::CommandListObj:



### **Public Member Functions**

- · void destroy ()
- void validate ()
- Context getContext () const

- RTcommandlist get ()
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const
- void appendPostprocessingStage (PostprocessingStage stage, RTsize launch\_width, RTsize launch\_height)
- · void appendLaunch (unsigned int entryIndex, RTsize launch\_width, RTsize launch\_height)
- void finalize ()
- void execute ()

### **Static Public Member Functions**

• static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

### 6.7.1 Detailed Description

CommandList wraps the OptiX C API RTcommandlist opaque type and its associated function set.

### 6.7.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.7.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]

Increment the reference count for this object.

### 6.7.2.2 void optix::CommandListObj::appendLaunch (

```
unsigned int entryIndex,
RTsize launch_width,
RTsize launch_height ) [inline]
```

Append a launch2d command to the command list. See rtCommandListAppendLaunch2D.

### 6.7.2.3 void optix::CommandListObj::appendPostprocessingStage (

```
PostprocessingStage stage,
RTsize launch_width,
RTsize launch_height ) [inline]
```

Append a postprocessing stage to the command list. See rtCommandListAppendPostprocessingStage.

```
6.7.2.4 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

### 6.7.2.5 void optix::CommandListObj::destroy() [inline], [virtual]

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.7.2.6 void optix::CommandListObj::execute( ) [inline]

Finalize the command list so that it can be called, later. See rtCommandListFinalize.

### 6.7.2.7 void optix::CommandListObj::finalize( ) [inline]

Finalize the command list so that it can be called, later. See rtCommandListFinalize.

### 6.7.2.8 RTcommandlist optix::CommandListObj::get( ) [inline]

Get the underlying OptiX C API RTcommandlist opaque pointer.

### 6.7.2.9 Context optix::CommandListObj::getContext( ) const [inline], [virtual]

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext. Implements optix::APIObj.

### 6.7.2.10 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (

RTresult code,

RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

### 6.7.2.11 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]

Decrement the reference count for this object.

### 6.7.2.12 void optix::CommandListObj::validate( ) [inline], [virtual]

call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.8 optix::prime::ContextObj Class Reference

Inherits RefCountedObi.

### **Public Member Functions**

- BufferDesc createBufferDesc (RTPbufferformat format, RTPbuffertype type, void \*buffer)
- Model createModel ()
- void setCudaDeviceNumbers (const std::vector< unsigned > &deviceNumbers)
- void setCudaDeviceNumbers (unsigned deviceCount, const unsigned \*deviceNumbers)
- void setCpuThreads (unsigned numThreads)
- std::string getLastErrorString ()
- RTPcontext getRTPcontext ()

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Context create (RTPcontexttype type)

### 6.8.1 Detailed Description

Wraps the OptiX Prime C API RTPcontext opaque type and its associated function set representing an OptiX Prime context.

#### 6.8.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.8.2.1 Context optix::prime::ContextObj::create(

RTPcontexttype type) [inline], [static]
```

Creates a Context object. See rtpContextCreate.

```
6.8.2.2 BufferDesc optix::prime::ContextObj::createBufferDesc (
RTPbufferformat format,
RTPbuffertype type,
void * buffer ) [inline]
```

Creates a BufferDesc object. See rtpBufferDescCreate.

```
6.8.2.3 Model optix::prime::ContextObj::createModel() [inline]
```

Creates a Model object. See rtpModelCreate.

```
6.8.2.4 std::string optix::prime::ContextObj::getLastErrorString( ) [inline]
```

Returns a string describing last error encountered. See rtpContextGetLastErrorString.

```
6.8.2.5 RTPcontext optix::prime::ContextObj::getRTPcontext( ) [inline]
```

Returns the RTPcontext context stored within this object.

```
6.8.2.6 void optix::prime::ContextObj::setCpuThreads ( unsigned numThreads ) [inline]
```

Sets the number of CPU threads used by a CPU context. See rtpContextSetCpuThreads.

```
6.8.2.7 void optix::prime::ContextObj::setCudaDeviceNumbers (

const std::vector< unsigned > & deviceNumbers ) [inline]
```

Sets the CUDA devices used by a context.

See rtpContextSetCudaDeviceNumbers Note that this distribution can be rather costly if the rays are stored in device memory though. For maximum efficiency it is recommended to only ever select one device per context.

```
6.8.2.8 void optix::prime::ContextObj::setCudaDeviceNumbers ( unsigned deviceCount,
```

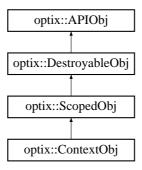
### const unsigned \* deviceNumbers ) [inline]

Sets the CUDA devices used by a context.

See rtpContextSetCudaDeviceNumbers Note that this distribution can be rather costly if the rays are stored in device memory though. For maximum efficiency it is recommended to only ever select one device per context.

### 6.9 optix::ContextObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::ContextObj:



### **Public Member Functions**

- · void destroy ()
- · void validate ()
- Context getContext () const
- void compile ()
- void setRemoteDevice (RemoteDevice remote device)
- int getRunningState () const
- RTcontext get ()
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- · void checkError (RTresult code) const
- std::string getErrorString (RTresult code) const
- Acceleration createAcceleration (const std::string &builder, const std::string &ignored="")
- Buffer createBuffer (unsigned int type)
- Buffer createBuffer (unsigned int type, RTformat format)
- Buffer createBuffer (unsigned int type, RTformat format, RTsize width)
- Buffer createMipmappedBuffer (unsigned int type, RTformat format, RTsize width, unsigned int levels)
- Buffer createBuffer (unsigned int type, RTformat format, RTsize width, RTsize height)
- Buffer createMipmappedBuffer (unsigned int type, RTformat format, RTsize width, RTsize height, unsigned int levels)
- Buffer createBuffer (unsigned int type, RTformat format, RTsize width, RTsize height, RTsize depth)
- Buffer createMipmappedBuffer (unsigned int type, RTformat format, RTsize width, RTsize height, RTsize depth, unsigned int levels)

- Buffer create1DLayeredBuffer (unsigned int type, RTformat format, RTsize width, RTsize layers, unsigned int levels)
- Buffer create2DLayeredBuffer (unsigned int type, RTformat format, RTsize width, RTsize height, RTsize layers, unsigned int levels)
- Buffer createCubeBuffer (unsigned int type, RTformat format, RTsize width, RTsize height, unsigned int levels)
- Buffer createCubeLayeredBuffer (unsigned int type, RTformat format, RTsize width, RTsize height, RTsize faces, unsigned int levels)
- Buffer createBufferForCUDA (unsigned int type)
- Buffer createBufferForCUDA (unsigned int type, RTformat format)
- Buffer createBufferForCUDA (unsigned int type, RTformat format, RTsize width)
- Buffer createBufferForCUDA (unsigned int type, RTformat format, RTsize width, RTsize height)
- Buffer createBufferForCUDA (unsigned int type, RTformat format, RTsize width, RTsize height, RTsize depth)
- Buffer createBufferFromGLBO (unsigned int type, unsigned int vbo)
- TextureSampler createTextureSamplerFromGLImage (unsigned int id, RTgltarget target)
- Buffer getBufferFromId (int buffer\_id)
- Program getProgramFromId (int program\_id)
- TextureSampler getTextureSamplerFromId (int sampler\_id)
- · Geometry createGeometry ()
- GeometryInstance createGeometryInstance ()
- template < class Iterator >
   GeometryInstance createGeometryInstance (Geometry geometry, Iterator matlbegin, Iterator matlend)
- Group createGroup ()
- template < class Iterator >
   Group createGroup (Iterator childbegin, Iterator childbed)
- GeometryGroup createGeometryGroup ()
- template < class Iterator >
   GeometryGroup createGeometryGroup (Iterator childbegin, Iterator childbed)
- Transform createTransform ()
- Material createMaterial ()
- Program createProgramFromPTXFile (const std::string &ptx, const std::string &program\_name)
- Program createProgramFromPTXString (const std::string &ptx, const std::string &program\_name)
- Selector createSelector ()
- TextureSampler createTextureSampler ()
- PostprocessingStage createBuiltinPostProcessingStage (const std::string &builtin name)
- CommandList createCommandList ()
- template < class Iterator > void setDevices (Iterator begin, Iterator end)
- std::vector< int > getEnabledDevices () const
- unsigned int getEnabledDeviceCount () const
- int getMaxTextureCount () const
- int getCPUNumThreads () const
- RTsize getUsedHostMemory () const

- bool getPreferFastRecompiles () const
- int getGPUPagingActive () const
- int getGPUPagingForcedOff () const
- RTsize getAvailableDeviceMemory (int ordinal) const
- void setCPUNumThreads (int cpu num threads)
- void setPreferFastRecompiles (bool enabled)
- void setGPUPagingForcedOff (int gpu\_paging\_forced\_off)
- template < class T > void setAttribute (RTcontextattribute attribute, const T &val)
- void setStackSize (RTsize stack\_size\_bytes)
- RTsize getStackSize () const
- void setTimeoutCallback (RTtimeoutcallback callback, double min\_polling\_seconds)
- void setUsageReportCallback (RTusagereportcallback callback, int verbosity, void \*cbdata)
- void setEntryPointCount (unsigned int num\_entry\_points)
- unsigned int getEntryPointCount () const
- void setRayTypeCount (unsigned int num\_ray\_types)
- unsigned int getRayTypeCount () const
- void setRayGenerationProgram (unsigned int entry\_point\_index, Program program)
- Program getRayGenerationProgram (unsigned int entry\_point\_index) const
- void setExceptionProgram (unsigned int entry\_point\_index, Program program)
- Program getExceptionProgram (unsigned int entry\_point\_index) const
- void setExceptionEnabled (RTexception exception, bool enabled)
- bool getExceptionEnabled (RTexception exception) const
- void setMissProgram (unsigned int ray type index, Program program)
- Program getMissProgram (unsigned int ray\_type\_index) const
- void launch (unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTsize image\_width)
- void launch (unsigned int entry point index, RTsize image width, RTsize image height)
- void launch (unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTsize image\_width, RTsize image\_height, RTsize image\_depth)
- void launchProgressive (unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTsize image\_width, RTsize image\_height, unsigned int max\_subframes)
- void stopProgressive ()
- void setPrintEnabled (bool enabled)
- bool getPrintEnabled () const
- void setPrintBufferSize (RTsize buffer\_size\_bytes)
- RTsize getPrintBufferSize () const
- void setPrintLaunchIndex (int x, int y=-1, int z=-1)
- optix::int3 getPrintLaunchIndex () const
- Variable declareVariable (const std::string &name)
- Variable query Variable (const std::string &name) const
- void removeVariable (Variable v)
- · unsigned int getVariableCount () const
- Variable getVariable (unsigned int index) const

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

- static unsigned int getDeviceCount ()
- static std::string getDeviceName (int ordinal)
- static std::string getDevicePCIBusId (int ordinal)
- static void getDeviceAttribute (int ordinal, RTdeviceattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- static Context create ()
- static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

### 6.9.1 Detailed Description

Context object wraps the OptiX C API RTcontext opaque type and its associated function set.

#### 6.9.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.9.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]
```

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.9.2.2 void optix::ContextObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual]
```

See APIObj::checkError

Reimplemented from optix::APIObj.

```
6.9.2.3 void optix::ContextObj::compile( ) [inline]
```

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0 See rtContextCompile

```
6.9.2.4 Context optix::ContextObj::create( ) [inline], [static]
```

Creates a Context object. See rtContextCreate.

### 6.9.2.5 Buffer optix::ContextObj::create1DLayeredBuffer (

unsigned int type,

RTformat format,

RTsize width,

RTsize layers,

unsigned int levels ) [inline]

Create a 1D layered mipmapped buffer with given RTbuffertype, RTformat and dimension.

See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat, rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, and rtBufferSetSize3D.

### 6.9.2.6 Buffer optix::ContextObj::create2DLayeredBuffer (

unsigned int type,

RTformat format,

RTsize width,

RTsize height,

```
RTsize layers,
unsigned int levels ) [inline]
```

Create a 2D layered mipmapped buffer with given RTbuffertype, RTformat and dimension.

See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat, rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, and rtBufferSetSize3D.

```
6.9.2.7 Acceleration optix::ContextObj::createAcceleration (
```

```
const std::string & builder,
const std::string & ignored = "" ) [inline]
```

traverser parameter unused in OptiX 4.0 See rtAccelerationCreate.

```
6.9.2.8 Buffer optix::ContextObj::createBuffer (
unsigned int type ) [inline]
```

Create a buffer with given RTbuffertype. See rtBufferCreate.

```
6.9.2.9 Buffer optix::ContextObj::createBuffer (
```

```
unsigned int type,
RTformat format ) [inline]
```

Create a buffer with given RTbuffertype and RTformat. See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat.

### 6.9.2.10 Buffer optix::ContextObj::createBuffer (

```
unsigned int type,
RTformat format,
```

RTsize width ) [inline]

Create a buffer with given RTbuffertype, RTformat and dimension.

See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat and rtBufferSetSize1D.

### 6.9.2.11 Buffer optix::ContextObj::createBuffer (

```
unsigned int type,
RTformat format,
```

RTsize width,

RTsize height ) [inline]

Create a buffer with given RTbuffertype, RTformat and dimension.

See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat and rtBufferSetSize2D.

### 6.9.2.12 Buffer optix::ContextObj::createBuffer (

```
unsigned int type,
RTformat format,
RTsize width,
```

RTsize height,

RTsize depth ) [inline]

Create a buffer with given RTbuffertype, RTformat and dimension.

See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat and rtBufferSetSize3D.

### 6.9.2.13 Buffer optix::ContextObj::createBufferForCUDA ( unsigned int type ) [inline]

Create a buffer for CUDA with given RTbuffertype. See rtBufferCreate.

## 6.9.2.14 Buffer optix::ContextObj::createBufferForCUDA ( unsigned int *type*, RTformat *format* ) [inline]

Create a buffer for CUDA with given RTbuffertype and RTformat. See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat.

```
6.9.2.15 Buffer optix::ContextObj::createBufferForCUDA (
unsigned int type,
RTformat format,
RTsize width) [inline]
```

Create a buffer for CUDA with given RTbuffertype, RTformat and dimension.

See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat and rtBufferSetSize1D.

# 6.9.2.16 Buffer optix::ContextObj::createBufferForCUDA ( unsigned int *type*, RTformat *format*, RTsize width,

RTsize height ) [inline]

Create a buffer for CUDA with given RTbuffertype, RTformat and dimension.

See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat and rtBufferSetSize2D.

Create a buffer for CUDA with given RTbuffertype, RTformat and dimension.

See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat and rtBufferSetSize3D.

```
6.9.2.18 Buffer optix::ContextObj::createBufferFromGLBO (
unsigned int type,
unsigned int vbo ) [inline]
```

Create buffer from GL buffer object. See rtBufferCreateFromGLBO.

### 6.9.2.19 PostprocessingStage optix::ContextObj::createBuiltinPostProcessingStage (

```
const std::string & builtin_name ) [inline]
```

Create a builtin postprocessing stage. See rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin.

### 6.9.2.20 CommandList optix::ContextObj::createCommandList() [inline]

Create a new command list. See rtCommandListCreate.

### 6.9.2.21 Buffer optix::ContextObj::createCubeBuffer (

unsigned int type,

RTformat format,

RTsize width.

RTsize height,

unsigned int levels ) [inline]

Create a cube mipmapped buffer with given RTbuffertype, RTformat and dimension.

See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat, rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, and rtBufferSetSize3D.

### 6.9.2.22 Buffer optix::ContextObj::createCubeLayeredBuffer (

unsigned int type,

RTformat format,

RTsize width,

RTsize height,

RTsize faces,

unsigned int levels ) [inline]

Create a cube layered mipmapped buffer with given RTbuffertype, RTformat and dimension.

See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat, rtBufferSetMipLevelCount, and rtBufferSetSize3D.

### 6.9.2.23 Geometry optix::ContextObj::createGeometry() [inline]

See rtGeometryCreate.

### 6.9.2.24 GeometryGroup optix::ContextObj::createGeometryGroup() [inline]

See rtGeometryGroupCreate.

### 6.9.2.25 template < class Iterator > GeometryGroup optix::ContextObj::createGeometryGroup (

Iterator childbegin,

Iterator childend ) [inline]

Create a GeometryGroup with a set of child nodes.

See rtGeometryGroupCreate, rtGeometryGroupSetChildCount and rtGeometryGroupSetChild

### 6.9.2.26 GeometryInstance optix::ContextObj::createGeometryInstance( ) [inline]

See rtGeometryInstanceCreate.

Create a geometry instance with a Geometry object and a set of associated materials.

See rtGeometryInstanceCreate, rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterialCount, and rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterial

```
6.9.2.28 Group optix::ContextObj::createGroup() [inline]
```

See rtGroupCreate.

Create a Group with a set of child nodes.

See rtGroupCreate, rtGroupSetChildCount and rtGroupSetChild

```
6.9.2.30 Material optix::ContextObj::createMaterial() [inline]
```

See rtMaterialCreate.

Create a mipmapped buffer with given RTbuffertype, RTformat and dimension.

See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat and rtBufferSetSize1DMipmapped.

unsigned int levels ) [inline]

Create a mipmapped buffer with given RTbuffertype, RTformat and dimension.

See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat and rtBufferSetSize2DMipmapped.

### 6.9.2.33 Buffer optix::ContextObj::createMipmappedBuffer ( unsigned int *type*.

RTformat *format,* RTsize *width*,

```
RTsize height,
RTsize depth,
unsigned int levels ) [inline]
```

Create a mipmapped buffer with given RTbuffertype, RTformat and dimension.

See rtBufferCreate, rtBufferSetFormat and rtBufferSetSize3DMipmapped.

```
6.9.2.34 Program optix::ContextObj::createProgramFromPTXFile (
const std::string & ptx,
const std::string & program_name ) [inline]
```

See rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile.

See rtProgramCreateFromPTXString.

6.9.2.36 Selector optix::ContextObj::createSelector( ) [inline]

See rtSelectorCreate.

**6.9.2.37 TextureSampler optix::ContextObj::createTextureSampler( )** [inline] See rtTextureSamplerCreate.

Create TextureSampler from GL image. See rtTextureSamplerCreateFromGLImage.

```
6.9.2.39 Transform optix::ContextObj::createTransform( ) [inline]
```

See rtTransformCreate.

```
6.9.2.40 Variable optix::ContextObj::declareVariable (
const std::string & name ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Declare a variable associated with this object.

See rt[ObjectType]DeclareVariable. Note that this function is wrapped by the convenience function Handle::operator[].

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

```
6.9.2.41 void optix::ContextObj::destroy( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Destroy Context and all of its associated objects. See rtContextDestroy.

Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.9.2.42 RTcontext optix::ContextObj::get() [inline]

Return the OptiX C API RTcontext object.

### 6.9.2.43 RTsize optix::ContextObj::getAvailableDeviceMemory ( int *ordinal* ) const [inline]

See rtContextGetAttribute.

### 6.9.2.44 Buffer optix::ContextObj::getBufferFromId( int buffer\_id) [inline]

Queries the Buffer object from a given buffer id obtained from a previous call to BufferObj::getId. See BufferObj::getId and rtContextGetBufferFromId.

### 6.9.2.45 Context optix::ContextObj::getContext( ) const [inline], [virtual]

Retrieve the Context object associated with this APIObject.

In this case, simply returns itself.

Implements optix::APIObj.

### 6.9.2.46 int optix::ContextObj::getCPUNumThreads() const [inline]

See rtContextGetAttribute.

#### 6.9.2.47 void optix::ContextObj::getDeviceAttribute (

int ordinal,

RTdeviceattribute attrib,

RTsize size,

```
void * p ) [inline], [static]
```

Call rtDeviceGetAttribute and return the desired attribute value.

### 6.9.2.48 unsigned int optix::ContextObj::getDeviceCount( ) [inline], [static]

Call rtDeviceGetDeviceCount and returns number of valid devices.

#### 6.9.2.49 std::string optix::ContextObj::getDeviceName (

```
int ordinal ) [inline], [static]
```

Call rtDeviceGetAttribute and return the name of the device.

### 6.9.2.50 std::string optix::ContextObj::getDevicePClBusId (

```
int ordinal ) [inline], [static]
```

Call rtDeviceGetAttribute and return the PCI bus id of the device.

#### 6.9.2.51 unsigned int optix::ContextObj::getEnabledDeviceCount( ) const [inline]

See rtContextGetDeviceCount.

As opposed to getDeviceCount, this returns only the number of enabled devices.

```
6.9.2.52 std::vector< int > optix::ContextObj::getEnabledDevices( ) const [inline]
See rtContextGetDevices. This returns the list of currently enabled devices.
6.9.2.53 unsigned int optix::ContextObj::getEntryPointCount( ) const [inline]
See rtContextGetEntryPointCount.
6.9.2.54 std::string optix::ContextObj::getErrorString (
            RTresult code ) const [inline]
See rtContextGetErrorString.
6.9.2.55 bool optix::ContextObj::getExceptionEnabled (
            RTexception exception ) const [inline]
See rtContextGetExceptionEnabled.
6.9.2.56 Program optix::ContextObj::getExceptionProgram (
            unsigned int entry_point_index ) const [inline]
See rtContextGetExceptionProgram.
6.9.2.57 int optix::ContextObj::getGPUPagingActive( ) const [inline]
Deprecated in OptiX 4.0 See rtContextGetAttribute
6.9.2.58 int optix::ContextObj::getGPUPagingForcedOff( ) const [inline]
Deprecated in OptiX 4.0 See rtContextGetAttribute
6.9.2.59 int optix::ContextObj::getMaxTextureCount( ) const [inline]
See rtContextGetAttribute
6.9.2.60 Program optix::ContextObj::getMissProgram (
            unsigned int ray_type_index ) const [inline]
See rtContextGetMissProgram.
6.9.2.61 bool optix::ContextObj::getPreferFastRecompiles( ) const [inline]
See rtContextGetAttribute.
6.9.2.62 RTsize optix::ContextObj::getPrintBufferSize( ) const [inline]
See rtContextGetPrintBufferSize.
6.9.2.63 bool optix::ContextObj::getPrintEnabled() const [inline]
See rtContextGetPrintEnabled.
```

### 6.9.2.64 optix::int3 optix::ContextObj::getPrintLaunchIndex( ) const [inline]

See rtContextGetPrintLaunchIndex.

### 6.9.2.65 Program optix::ContextObj::getProgramFromId ( int program\_id ) [inline]

Queries the Program object from a given program id obtained from a previous call to ProgramObj::getId. See ProgramObj::getId and rtContextGetProgramFromId.

### 

See rtContextGetRayGenerationProgram.

```
6.9.2.67 unsigned int optix::ContextObj::getRayTypeCount( ) const [inline]
```

See rtContextGetRayTypeCount.

```
6.9.2.68 int optix::ContextObj::getRunningState( ) const [inline]
```

See rtContextGetRunningState.

```
6.9.2.69 RTsize optix::ContextObj::getStackSize() const [inline]
```

See rtContextGetStackSize.

### 

Queries the TextureSampler object from a given sampler id obtained from a previous call to TextureSamplerObj::getId.

See TextureSamplerObj::getId and rtContextGetTextureSamplerFromId.

### 6.9.2.71 RTsize optix::ContextObj::getUsedHostMemory() const [inline]

See rtContextGetAttribute.

### 6.9.2.72 Variable optix::ContextObj::getVariable ( unsigned int index ) const [inline], [virtual]

Query variable by index. See rt[ObjectType]GetVariable.

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

### 6.9.2.73 unsigned int optix::ContextObj::getVariableCount( )const [inline],[virtual]

Query the number of variables associated with this object.

Used along with ScopedObj::getVariable to iterate over variables in an object. See rt[ObjectType]GetVariableCount

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

#### 6.9.2.74 void optix::ContextObj::launch (

```
unsigned int entry_point_index,
            RTsize image_width ) [inline]
See rtContextLaunch
6.9.2.75 void optix::ContextObj::launch (
            unsigned int entry_point_index,
            RTsize image_width,
            RTsize image_height ) [inline]
See rtContextLaunch.
6.9.2.76 void optix::ContextObj::launch (
            unsigned int entry_point_index,
            RTsize image width,
            RTsize image_height,
            RTsize image_depth ) [inline]
See rtContextLaunch.
6.9.2.77 void optix::ContextObj::launchProgressive (
            unsigned int entry_point_index,
            RTsize image_width,
            RTsize image height,
            unsigned int max_subframes ) [inline]
See rtContextLaunchProgressive
6.9.2.78 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (
            RTresult code,
            RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]
For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.
6.9.2.79 Variable optix::ContextObj::queryVariable (
            const std::string & name ) const [inline], [virtual]
Query a variable associated with this object by name.
See rt[ObjectType]QueryVariable. Note that this function is wrapped by the convenience function
Handle::operator[].
Implements optix::ScopedObj.
6.9.2.80 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]
Decrement the reference count for this object.
```

6.9.2.81 void optix::ContextObj::removeVariable (

```
Variable v ) [inline], [virtual]
Remove a variable associated with this object.
Implements optix::ScopedObj.
6.9.2.82 template < class T > void optix::ContextObj::setAttribute (
            RTcontextattribute attribute,
            const T & val ) [inline]
See rtContextSetAttribute.
6.9.2.83 void optix::ContextObj::setCPUNumThreads (
            int cpu_num_threads ) [inline]
See rtContextSetAttribute
6.9.2.84 template < class Iterator > void optix::ContextObj::setDevices (
            Iterator begin,
            lterator end ) [inline]
See rtContextSetDevices
6.9.2.85 void optix::ContextObj::setEntryPointCount (
            unsigned int num_entry_points ) [inline]
See rtContextSetEntryPointCount.
6.9.2.86 void optix::ContextObj::setExceptionEnabled (
            RTexception exception,
            bool enabled ) [inline]
See rtContextSetExceptionEnabled.
6.9.2.87 void optix::ContextObj::setExceptionProgram (
            unsigned int entry_point_index,
            Program program ) [inline]
See rtContextSetExceptionProgram.
6.9.2.88 void optix::ContextObj::setGPUPagingForcedOff (
            int gpu_paging_forced_off ) [inline]
Deprecated in OptiX 4.0 See rtContextSetAttribute
6.9.2.89 void optix::ContextObj::setMissProgram (
            unsigned int ray_type_index,
            Program program ) [inline]
See rtContextSetMissProgram.
6.9.2.90 void optix::ContextObj::setPreferFastRecompiles (
```

```
bool enabled ) [inline]
See rtContextGetAttribute.
6.9.2.91 void optix::ContextObj::setPrintBufferSize (
            RTsize buffer_size_bytes ) [inline]
See rtContextSetPrintBufferSize.
6.9.2.92 void optix::ContextObj::setPrintEnabled (
            bool enabled ) [inline]
See rtContextSetPrintEnabled
6.9.2.93 void optix::ContextObj::setPrintLaunchIndex (
            int x.
            int y = -1,
            int z = -1) [inline]
See rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex.
6.9.2.94 void optix::ContextObj::setRayGenerationProgram (
            unsigned int entry_point_index,
            Program program ) [inline]
See rtContextSetRayGenerationProgram
6.9.2.95 void optix::ContextObj::setRayTypeCount (
            unsigned int num_ray_types ) [inline]
See rtContextSetRayTypeCount.
6.9.2.96 void optix::ContextObj::setRemoteDevice (
            RemoteDevice remote device ) [inline]
See rtContextSetRemoteDevice.
6.9.2.97 void optix::ContextObj::setStackSize (
            RTsize stack size bytes ) [inline]
See rtContextSetStackSize
6.9.2.98 void optix::ContextObj::setTimeoutCallback (
            RTtimeoutcallback callback,
            double min_polling_seconds ) [inline]
See rtContextSetTimeoutCallback RTtimeoutcallback is defined as typedef int
(*RTtimeoutcallback)(void).
```

6.9.2.99 void optix::ContextObj::setUsageReportCallback (
RTusagereportcallback callback,

```
int verbosity,
void * cbdata ) [inline]
```

See rtContextSetUsageReportCallback RTusagereportcallback is defined as typedef void (RTusagereportcallback)(int, const char, const char\*, void\*).

6.9.2.100 void optix::ContextObj::stopProgressive( ) [inline]

See rtContextStopProgressive.

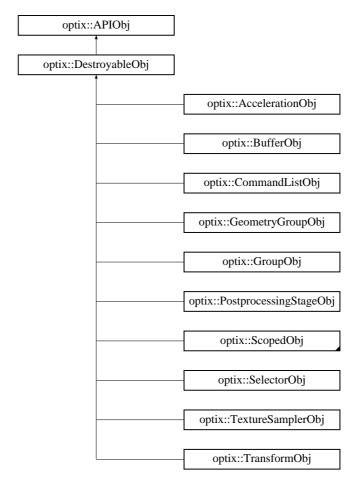
6.9.2.101 void optix::ContextObj::validate( ) [inline], [virtual]

See rtContextValidate.

Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.10 optix::DestroyableObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::DestroyableObj:



### **Public Member Functions**

- virtual void destroy ()=0
- virtual void validate ()=0
- void addReference ()

- int removeReference ()
- virtual Context getContext () const =0
- · virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const

#### Static Public Member Functions

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

### 6.10.1 Detailed Description

Base class for all wrapper objects which can be destroyed and validated.

#### Wraps:

- RTcontext
- RTgeometry
- RTgeometryinstance
- RTgeometrygroup
- RTgroup
- RTmaterial
- RTprogram
- RTselector
- RTtexturesampler
- RTtransform

### 6.10.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.10.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.10.2.2 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

### 6.10.2.3 virtual void optix::DestroyableObj::destroy() [pure virtual]

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object

```
Implemented in optix::CommandListObj, optix::PostprocessingStageObj, optix::BufferObj, optix::TextureSamplerObj, optix::MaterialObj, optix::GeometryObj, optix::GeometryInstanceObj, optix::AccelerationObj, optix::SelectorObj, optix::TransformObj, optix::GeometryGroupObj, optix::GroupObj, optix::ProgramObj, and optix::ContextObj.
```

### 6.10.2.4 virtual Context optix::APIObj::getContext( ) const [pure virtual], [inherited]

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext.

```
Implemented in optix::CommandListObj, optix::PostprocessingStageObj, optix::BufferObj, optix::TextureSamplerObj, optix::MaterialObj, optix::GeometryObj, optix::GeometryInstanceObj, optix::AccelerationObj, optix::SelectorObj, optix::TransformObj, optix::GeometryGroupObj, optix::GroupObj, optix::ProgramObj, optix::ContextObj, and optix::VariableObj.
```

### 6.10.2.5 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (

RTresult code,

RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

### 6.10.2.6 int optix::APIObj::removeReference( ) [inline], [inherited]

Decrement the reference count for this object.

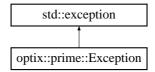
### 6.10.2.7 virtual void optix::DestroyableObj::validate( ) [pure virtual]

call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object

Implemented in optix::CommandListObj, optix::PostprocessingStageObj, optix::BufferObj, optix::TextureSamplerObj, optix::MaterialObj, optix::GeometryObj, optix::GeometryInstanceObj, optix::AccelerationObj, optix::SelectorObj, optix::TransformObj, optix::GeometryGroupObj, optix::GroupObj, optix::ProgramObj, and optix::ContextObj.

### 6.11 optix::prime::Exception Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::prime::Exception:



### **Public Member Functions**

- RTPresult getErrorCode () const
- const std::string & getErrorString () const

#### Static Public Member Functions

- static Exception makeException (RTPresult code)
- static Exception makeException (RTPresult code, RTPcontext context)

#### 6.11.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates an OptiX Prime exception.

### 6.11.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.11.2.1 RTPresult optix::prime::Exception::getErrorCode( ) const [inline]

Stores the RTPresult error code for this exception.

### 6.11.2.2 const std::string & optix::prime::Exception::getErrorString() const [inline]

Stores the human-readable error string associated with this exception.

### 6.11.2.3 Exception optix::prime::Exception::makeException ( RTPresult code ) [inline], [static]

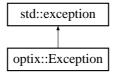
Returns a string describing last error encountered. See rtpGetErrorString.

## 6.11.2.4 Exception optix::prime::Exception::makeException ( RTPresult code, RTPcontext context ) [inline], [static]

Returns a string describing last error encountered. See rtpContextGetLastErrorString.

### 6.12 optix::Exception Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::Exception:



### **Public Member Functions**

- Exception (const std::string &message, RTresult error\_code=RT\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN)
- virtual ~Exception () throw ()
- const std::string & getErrorString () const
- RTresult getErrorCode () const
- virtual const char \* what () const throw ()

### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

### 6.12.1 Detailed Description

Exception class for error reporting from the OptiXpp API.

Encapsulates an error message, often the direct result of a failed OptiX C API function call and subsequent rtContextGetErrorString call.

### 6.12.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 6.12.2.1 optix::Exception::Exception ( const std::string & message,

### RTresult error\_code = RT\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN ) [inline]

Create exception.

6.12.2.2 virtual optix::Exception::~Exception( ) throw) [inline], [virtual]

Virtual destructor (needed for virtual function calls inherited from **std::exception**).

#### 6.12.3 Member Function Documentation

6.12.3.1 RTresult optix::Exception::getErrorCode() const [inline]

Retrieve the error code.

6.12.3.2 const std::string& optix::Exception::getErrorString( ) const [inline]

Retrieve the error message.

6.12.3.3 Exception optix::Exception::makeException (

RTresult code,

RTcontext context ) [inline], [static]

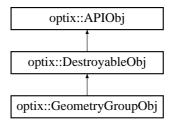
Helper for creating exceptions from an RTresult code origination from an OptiX C API function call.

6.12.3.4 virtual const char\* optix::Exception::what( ) const throw) [inline], [virtual]

From std::exception.

### 6.13 optix::GeometryGroupObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::GeometryGroupObj:



### **Public Member Functions**

- void destroy ()
- · void validate ()
- · Context getContext () const
- RTgeometrygroup get ()
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const

- void setAcceleration (Acceleration acceleration)
- Acceleration getAcceleration () const
- void setChildCount (unsigned int count)
- unsigned int getChildCount () const
- void setChild (unsigned int index, GeometryInstance geometryinstance)
- GeometryInstance getChild (unsigned int index) const
- · unsigned int addChild (GeometryInstance child)
- unsigned int removeChild (GeometryInstance child)
- void removeChild (int index)
- void removeChild (unsigned int index)
- · unsigned int getChildIndex (GeometryInstance child) const

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

### 6.13.1 Detailed Description

GeometryGroup wraps the OptiX C API RTgeometrygroup opaque type and its associated function set.

#### 6.13.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.13.2.1 unsigned int optix::GeometryGroupObj::addChild ( GeometryInstance child ) [inline]

Set a new child in this group and return its new index. See rtGeometryGroupSetChild.

```
6.13.2.2 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]
```

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.13.2.3 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

```
6.13.2.4 void optix::GeometryGroupObj::destroy() [inline], [virtual]
```

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.13.2.5 RTgeometrygroup optix::GeometryGroupObj::get() [inline]

Get the underlying OptiX C API RTgeometrygroup opaque pointer.

### 6.13.2.6 Acceleration optix::GeometryGroupObj::getAcceleration() const [inline]

Query the Acceleration structure for this group. See rtGeometryGroupGetAcceleration.

### 6.13.2.7 GeometryInstance optix::GeometryGroupObj::getChild ( unsigned int *index* ) const [inline]

Query an indexed GeometryInstance within this group. See rtGeometryGroupGetChild.

### 6.13.2.8 unsigned int optix::GeometryGroupObj::getChildCount( ) const [inline]

Query the number of children for this group. See rtGeometryGroupGetChildCount.

### 6.13.2.9 unsigned int optix::GeometryGroupObj::getChildIndex ( GeometryInstance child ) const [inline]

Query a child in this group for its index. See rtGeometryGroupGetChild.

### 6.13.2.10 Context optix::GeometryGroupObj::getContext( ) const [inline], [virtual]

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext. Implements optix::APIObj.

```
6.13.2.11 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (
RTresult code,
RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]
```

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

### 6.13.2.12 unsigned int optix::GeometryGroupObj::removeChild ( GeometryInstance child ) [inline]

Remove a child in this group.

Note: this function is not order-preserving. Returns the position of the removed element if succeeded. Throws RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if the parameter is invalid.

### 6.13.2.13 void optix::GeometryGroupObj::removeChild ( int index ) [inline]

Remove a child in this group.

Note: this function is not order-preserving. Throws RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if the parameter is invalid.

### 6.13.2.14 void optix::GeometryGroupObj::removeChild ( unsigned int *index* ) [inline]

Remove a child in this group.

Note: this function is not order-preserving. Throws RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if the parameter is invalid.

### 6.13.2.15 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]

Decrement the reference count for this object.

#### 6.13.2.16 void optix::GeometryGroupObj::setAcceleration (

### Acceleration acceleration ) [inline]

Set the Acceleration structure for this group. See rtGeometryGroupSetAcceleration.

### 

Set an indexed GeometryInstance child of this group. See rtGeometryGroupSetChild.

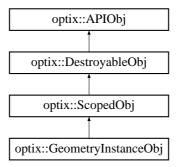
### 6.13.2.18 void optix::GeometryGroupObj::setChildCount ( unsigned int count ) [inline]

Set the number of children for this group. See rtGeometryGroupSetChildCount.

**6.13.2.19 void optix::GeometryGroupObj::validate( )** [inline], [virtual] call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.14 optix::GeometryInstanceObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::GeometryInstanceObj:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- · void destroy ()
- void validate ()
- Context getContext () const
- RTgeometryinstance get ()
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const
- void setGeometry (Geometry geometry)
- Geometry getGeometry () const
- void setMaterialCount (unsigned int count)
- unsigned int getMaterialCount () const
- void setMaterial (unsigned int idx, Material material)

- · Material getMaterial (unsigned int idx) const
- unsigned int addMaterial (Material material)
- Variable declareVariable (const std::string &name)
- Variable query Variable (const std::string &name) const
- void removeVariable (Variable v)
- · unsigned int getVariableCount () const
- · Variable getVariable (unsigned int index) const

#### Static Public Member Functions

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

### 6.14.1 Detailed Description

GeometryInstance wraps the OptiX C API RTgeometryinstance acceleration opaque type and its associated function set.

#### 6.14.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.14.2.1 unsigned int optix::GeometryInstanceObj::addMaterial ( Material material ) [inline]

Adds the provided material and returns the index to newly added material; increases material count by one.

```
6.14.2.2 void optix::APIObj::addReference( ) [inline], [inherited]
```

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.14.2.3 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

```
6.14.2.4 Variable optix::GeometryInstanceObj::declareVariable (
const std::string & name ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Declare a variable associated with this object.

See rt[ObjectType]DeclareVariable. Note that this function is wrapped by the convenience function Handle::operator[].

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

```
6.14.2.5 void optix::GeometryInstanceObj::destroy( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object

Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.14.2.6 RTgeometryinstance optix::GeometryInstanceObj::get( ) [inline]

Get the underlying OptiX C API RTgeometryinstance opaque pointer.

### 6.14.2.7 Context optix::GeometryInstanceObj::getContext( ) const [inline], [virtual]

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext. Implements optix::APIObj.

### 6.14.2.8 Geometry optix::GeometryInstanceObj::getGeometry( ) const [inline]

Get the geometry object associated with this instance. See rtGeometryInstanceGetGeometry.

### 6.14.2.9 Material optix::GeometryInstanceObj::getMaterial ( unsigned int idx ) const [inline]

Get the material at given index. See rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterial.

### 6.14.2.10 unsigned int optix::GeometryInstanceObj::getMaterialCount() const [inline]

Query the number of materials associated with this instance. See rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterialCount.

### 6.14.2.11 Variable optix::GeometryInstanceObj::getVariable ( unsigned int *index* ) const [inline], [virtual]

Query variable by index. See rt[ObjectType]GetVariable.

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

### 6.14.2.12 unsigned int optix::GeometryInstanceObj::getVariableCount( ) const [inline], [virtual]

Query the number of variables associated with this object.

Used along with ScopedObj::getVariable to iterate over variables in an object. See rt[ObjectType]GetVariableCount

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

### 6.14.2.13 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (

RTresult code,

RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

### 6.14.2.14 Variable optix::GeometryInstanceObj::queryVariable ( const std::string & name ) const [inline], [virtual]

Query a variable associated with this object by name.

See rt[ObjectType]QueryVariable. Note that this function is wrapped by the convenience function Handle::operator[].

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

### 6.14.2.15 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]

Decrement the reference count for this object.

### 6.14.2.16 void optix::GeometryInstanceObj::removeVariable ( Variable v ) [inline], [virtual]

Remove a variable associated with this object.

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

### 6.14.2.17 void optix::GeometryInstanceObj::setGeometry ( Geometry geometry ) [inline]

Set the geometry object associated with this instance. See rtGeometryInstanceSetGeometry.

## 6.14.2.18 void optix::GeometryInstanceObj::setMaterial ( unsigned int idx, Material material ) [inline]

Set the material at given index. See rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterial.

### 6.14.2.19 void optix::GeometryInstanceObj::setMaterialCount ( unsigned int count ) [inline]

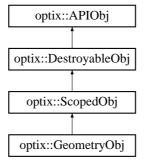
Set the number of materials associated with this instance. See rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterialCount.

```
6.14.2.20 void optix::GeometryInstanceObj::validate( ) [inline], [virtual] call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object
```

Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.15 optix::GeometryObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::GeometryObj:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- · void destroy ()
- void validate ()
- Context getContext () const

- RTgeometry get ()
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const
- void markDirty ()
- · bool isDirty () const
- void setPrimitiveCount (unsigned int num\_primitives)
- · unsigned int getPrimitiveCount () const
- · void setPrimitiveIndexOffset (unsigned int index\_offset)
- unsigned int getPrimitiveIndexOffset () const
- void setMotionRange (float timeBegin, float timeEnd)
- void getMotionRange (float &timeBegin, float &timeEnd)
- void setMotionBorderMode (RTmotionbordermode beginMode, RTmotionbordermode endMode)
- void getMotionBorderMode (RTmotionbordermode &beginMode, RTmotionbordermode &endMode)
- void setMotionSteps (unsigned int n)
- unsigned int getMotionSteps ()
- void setBoundingBoxProgram (Program program)
- Program getBoundingBoxProgram () const
- void setIntersectionProgram (Program program)
- · Program getIntersectionProgram () const
- Variable declareVariable (const std::string &name)
- Variable query Variable (const std::string &name) const
- void removeVariable (Variable v)
- · unsigned int getVariableCount () const
- Variable getVariable (unsigned int index) const

#### Static Public Member Functions

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

### 6.15.1 Detailed Description

Geometry wraps the OptiX C API RTgeometry opaque type and its associated function set.

#### 6.15.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.15.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.15.2.2 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

```
6.15.2.3 Variable optix::GeometryObj::declareVariable (
const std::string & name ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Declare a variable associated with this object.

See rt[ObjectType]DeclareVariable. Note that this function is wrapped by the convenience function Handle::operator[].

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

```
6.15.2.4 void optix::GeometryObj::destroy( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

```
6.15.2.5 RTgeometry optix::GeometryObj::get() [inline]
```

Get the underlying OptiX C API RTgeometry opaque pointer.

6.15.2.6 Program optix::GeometryObj::getBoundingBoxProgram() const [inline]

Get the bounding box program for this geometry. See rtGeometryGetBoundingBoxProgram.

```
6.15.2.7 Context optix::GeometryObj::getContext( ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext. Implements optix::APIObj.

6.15.2.8 Program optix::GeometryObj::getIntersectionProgram ( ) const [inline]

Get the intersection program for this geometry. See rtGeometryGetIntersectionProgram.

## 6.15.2.9 void optix::GeometryObj::getMotionBorderMode ( RTmotionbordermode & beginMode, RTmotionbordermode & endMode ) [inline]

Query the motion border mode for this geometry object.

See rtGeometryGetMotionBorderMode

## 6.15.2.10 void optix::GeometryObj::getMotionRange( float & timeBegin, float & timeEnd) [inline]

Query the motion time range for this geometry object.

See rtGeometryGetMotionRange

### 6.15.2.11 unsigned int optix::GeometryObj::getMotionSteps() [inline]

Query the number of motion steps for this geometry object.

See rtGeometryGetMotionSteps

### 6.15.2.12 unsigned int optix::GeometryObj::getPrimitiveCount( ) const [inline]

Query the number of primitives in this geometry object (eg, number of triangles in mesh).

See rtGeometryGetPrimitiveCount

### 6.15.2.13 unsigned int optix::GeometryObj::getPrimitiveIndexOffset( ) const [inline]

Query the primitive index offset for this geometry object.

See rtGeometryGetPrimitiveIndexOffset

### 6.15.2.14 Variable optix::GeometryObj::getVariable ( unsigned int index ) const [inline], [virtual]

Query variable by index. See rt[ObjectType]GetVariable.

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

### 

Query the number of variables associated with this object.

Used along with ScopedObj::getVariable to iterate over variables in an object. See rt[ObjectType]GetVariableCount

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

### 6.15.2.16 bool optix::GeometryObj::isDirty() const [inline]

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0 See rtGeometryIsDirty.

#### 6.15.2.17 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (

RTresult code,

RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

### 6.15.2.18 void optix::GeometryObj::markDirty() [inline]

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0 See rtGeometryMarkDirty.

### 6.15.2.19 Variable optix::GeometryObj::queryVariable ( const std::string & name ) const [inline], [virtual]

Query a variable associated with this object by name.

See rt[ObjectType]QueryVariable. Note that this function is wrapped by the convenience function Handle::operator[].

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

### 6.15.2.20 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]

Decrement the reference count for this object.

### 6.15.2.21 void optix::GeometryObj::removeVariable ( Variable v ) [inline], [virtual]

Remove a variable associated with this object.

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

### 6.15.2.22 void optix::GeometryObj::setBoundingBoxProgram ( Program program ) [inline]

Set the bounding box program for this geometry. See rtGeometrySetBoundingBoxProgram.

```
6.15.2.23 void optix::GeometryObj::setIntersectionProgram (
Program program ) [inline]
```

Set the intersection program for this geometry. See rtGeometrySetIntersectionProgram.

## 6.15.2.24 void optix::GeometryObj::setMotionBorderMode ( RTmotionbordermode beginMode, RTmotionbordermode endMode ) [inline]

Set motion border mode for this geometry object.

See rtGeometrySetMotionBorderMode

```
6.15.2.25 void optix::GeometryObj::setMotionRange (
float timeBegin,
float timeEnd ) [inline]
```

Set motion time range for this geometry object. See rtGeometrySetMotionRange

```
6.15.2.26 void optix::GeometryObj::setMotionSteps (
unsigned int n) [inline]
```

Set the number of motion steps for this geometry object.

See rtGeometrySetMotionSteps

```
6.15.2.27 void optix::GeometryObj::setPrimitiveCount ( unsigned int num_primitives ) [inline]
```

Set the number of primitives in this geometry object (eg, number of triangles in mesh). See rtGeometrySetPrimitiveCount

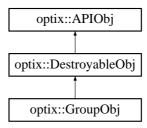
Set the primitive index offset for this geometry object. See rtGeometrySetPrimitiveIndexOffset

### 6.15.2.29 void optix::GeometryObj::validate( ) [inline], [virtual]

call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.16 optix::GroupObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::GroupObj:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- · void destroy ()
- void validate ()
- · Context getContext () const
- RTgroup get ()
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const
- void setAcceleration (Acceleration acceleration)
- Acceleration getAcceleration () const
- void setChildCount (unsigned int count)
- unsigned int getChildCount () const
- template<typename T > void setChild (unsigned int index, T child)
- template<typename T >
   T getChild (unsigned int index) const
- RTobjecttype getChildType (unsigned int index) const
- template<typename T > unsigned int addChild (T child)
- template<typename T > unsigned int removeChild (T child)
- void removeChild (int index)
- void removeChild (unsigned int index)
- template<typename T >
   unsigned int getChildIndex (T child) const

### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

#### 6.16.1 Detailed Description

Group wraps the OptiX C API RTgroup opaque type and its associated function set.

#### 6.16.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.16.2.1 template<typename T > unsigned int optix::GroupObj::addChild (
T child ) [inline]
```

Set a new child in this group and returns its new index. See rtGroupSetChild.

```
6.16.2.2 void optix::APIObj::addReference( ) [inline], [inherited]
```

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.16.2.3 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

```
6.16.2.4 void optix::GroupObj::destroy() [inline], [virtual] call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object
```

Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

```
6.16.2.5 RTgroup optix::GroupObj::get() [inline]
```

Get the underlying OptiX C API RTgroup opaque pointer.

```
6.16.2.6 Acceleration optix::GroupObj::getAcceleration() const [inline]
```

Query the Acceleration structure for this group. See rtGroupGetAcceleration.

Query an indexed child within this group. See rtGroupGetChild.

```
6.16.2.8 unsigned int optix::GroupObj::getChildCount( ) const [inline]
```

Query the number of children for this group. See rtGroupGetChildCount.

```
6.16.2.9 template<typename T > unsigned int optix::GroupObj::getChildIndex (
T child ) const [inline]
```

Query a child in this group for its index. See rtGroupGetChild.

```
6.16.2.10 RTobjecttype optix::GroupObj::getChildType (
unsigned int index ) const [inline]
```

Query indexed child's type. See rtGroupGetChildType.

### 6.16.2.11 Context optix::GroupObj::getContext( ) const [inline], [virtual]

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext. Implements optix::APIObj.

## 6.16.2.12 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException ( RTresult code, RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

### 6.16.2.13 template<typename T > unsigned int optix::GroupObj::removeChild ( T child ) [inline]

Remove a child in this group.

Note: this function is not order-preserving. Returns the position of the removed element if succeeded. Throws RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if the parameter is invalid.

```
6.16.2.14 void optix::GroupObj::removeChild ( int index ) [inline]
```

Remove a child in this group.

Note: this function is not order-preserving. Throws RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if the parameter is invalid.

```
6.16.2.15 void optix::GroupObj::removeChild (
unsigned int index ) [inline]
```

Remove a child in this group.

Note: this function is not order-preserving. Throws RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if the parameter is invalid.

```
6.16.2.16 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]
```

Decrement the reference count for this object.

```
6.16.2.17 void optix::GroupObj::setAcceleration (

Acceleration acceleration ) [inline]
```

Set the Acceleration structure for this group. See rtGroupSetAcceleration.

Set an indexed child within this group. See rtGroupSetChild.

```
6.16.2.19 void optix::GroupObj::setChildCount(
unsigned int count) [inline]
```

Set the number of children for this group. See rtGroupSetChildCount.

### 6.16.2.20 void optix::GroupObj::validate( ) [inline], [virtual]

call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.17 optix::Handle < T > Class Template Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Handle ()
- Handle (T \*ptr)
- template < class U > Handle (U \*ptr)
- Handle (const Handle < T > &copy)
- template < class U > Handle (const Handle < U > &copy)
- Handle< T > & operator= (const Handle< T > &copy)
- ∼Handle ()
- T \* operator-> ()
- T \* get ()
- · operator bool () const
- Handle < VariableObj > operator[] (const std::string &varname)
- Handle < VariableObj > operator[] (const char \*varname)

### **Static Public Member Functions**

- static Handle< T > take (typename T::api\_t p)
- static Handle< T > take (RTobject p)
- static Handle< T > create ()
- static Handle< T > create (const std::string &a, const std::string &b, const std::string &c)
- static unsigned int getDeviceCount ()

### 6.17.1 Detailed Description

### template < class T > class optix::Handle < T >

The Handle class is a reference counted handle class used to manipulate API objects.

All interaction with API objects should be done via these handles and the associated typedefs rather than direct usage of the objects.

### 6.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 6.17.2.1 template < class T > optix::Handle < T >::Handle ( ) [inline]

Default constructor initializes handle to null pointer.

```
6.17.2.2 template < class T > optix::Handle < T >::Handle ( T * ptr ) [inline]
```

Takes a raw pointer to an API object and creates a handle.

```
6.17.2.3 template < class U > optix::Handle < T >::Handle ( U*ptr ) [inline]
```

Takes a raw pointer of arbitrary type and creates a handle.

```
6.17.2.4 template < class T> optix::Handle < T>::Handle < const Handle < T> & copy ) [inline]
```

Takes a handle of the same type and creates a handle.

6.17.2.5 template 
$$<$$
 class T $>$  template  $<$  class U $>$  optix::Handle  $<$  T $>$ ::Handle ( const Handle  $<$  U $>$  & copy ) [inline]

Takes a handle of some other type and creates a handle.

```
6.17.2.6 template < class T > optix::Handle < T >::~ Handle ( ) [inline]
```

Decrements reference count on the handled object.

#### 6.17.3 Member Function Documentation

Static object creation. Only valid for contexts.

Static RemoteDevice creation. Only valid for remote devices.

```
6.17.3.3 template < class T > T* optix::Handle < T >::get( ) [inline]
```

Retrieve the handled object.

```
6.17.3.4 template<class T> static unsigned int optix::Handle< T>::getDeviceCount( ) [inline], [static]
```

Query the machine device count. Only valid for contexts.

```
6.17.3.5 template < class T > optix::Handle < T >::operator bool( ) const [inline]
```

implicit bool cast based on NULLness of wrapped pointer

```
6.17.3.6 template < class T > T* optix::Handle < T >::operator > ( ) [inline]
```

Dereferences the handle.

```
6.17.3.7 template < class T> Handle < T> & optix::Handle < T>::operator = ( const Handle < T> & copy ) [inline]
```

Assignment of handle with same underlying object type.

```
6.17.3.8 template < class U > Handle < T > \& optix::Handle < T > ::operator = ( const Handle < U > & copy ) [inline]
```

Assignment of handle with different underlying object type.

```
6.17.3.9 ]
```

```
\label{template} template < class T > \textbf{Handle} < \textbf{VariableObj} > \textbf{optix::Handle} < T > ::operator[] ( \\ const \ \textbf{std::string} \ \& \ varname \ )
```

Variable access operator.

This operator will query the API object for a variable with the given name, creating a new variable instance if necessary. Only valid for ScopedObjs.

#### 6.17.3.10

```
\label{eq:class} template < class T > \textbf{Handle} < \textbf{VariableObj} > \textbf{optix::Handle} < T > ::operator[] ( \\ const char * \textit{varname} )
```

Variable access operator.

Identical to operator[](const std::string& varname)

Explicitly define char\* version to avoid ambiguities between builtin operator[](int, char\*) and Handle::operator[]( std::string ). The problem lies in that a Handle can be cast to a bool then to an int which implies that:

```
Context context;
context["var"];
```

can be interpreted as either

```
1["var"]; // Strange but legal way to index into a string (same as "var"[1] )
Or
context[ std::string("var") ];
```

```
6.17.3.11 template<class T> static Handle<T> optix::Handle< T>::take (
typename T::api_t p ) [inline], [static]
```

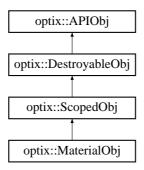
Takes a base optix api opaque type and creates a handle to optixpp wrapper type.

```
6.17.3.12 template < class T> static Handle < T> optix::Handle < T>::take ( RTobject p ) [inline], [static]
```

Special version that takes an RTobject which must be cast up to the appropriate OptiX API opaque type.

### 6.18 optix::MaterialObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::MaterialObj:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- void destroy ()
- void validate ()
- · Context getContext () const
- · RTmaterial get ()
- · void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const
- void setClosestHitProgram (unsigned int ray\_type\_index, Program program)
- Program getClosestHitProgram (unsigned int ray\_type\_index) const
- void setAnyHitProgram (unsigned int ray\_type\_index, Program program)
- Program getAnyHitProgram (unsigned int ray\_type\_index) const
- Variable declareVariable (const std::string &name)
- Variable query Variable (const std::string &name) const
- void removeVariable (Variable v)
- · unsigned int getVariableCount () const
- · Variable getVariable (unsigned int index) const

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

### 6.18.1 Detailed Description

Material wraps the OptiX C API RTmaterial opaque type and its associated function set.

#### 6.18.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 6.18.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.18.2.2 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

```
6.18.2.3 Variable optix::MaterialObj::declareVariable (
const std::string & name ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Declare a variable associated with this object.

See rt[ObjectType]DeclareVariable. Note that this function is wrapped by the convenience function Handle::operator[].

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

```
6.18.2.4 void optix::MaterialObj::destroy() [inline], [virtual]
```

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

```
6.18.2.5 RTmaterial optix::MaterialObj::get() [inline]
```

Get the underlying OptiX C API RTmaterial opaque pointer.

```
6.18.2.6 Program optix::MaterialObj::getAnyHitProgram (
unsigned int ray_type_index ) const [inline]
```

Get any hit program for this material at the given ray\_type index. See rtMaterialGetAnyHitProgram.

```
6.18.2.7 Program optix::MaterialObj::getClosestHitProgram (
unsigned int ray_type_index ) const [inline]
```

Get closest hit program for this material at the given *ray\_type* index. See rtMaterialGetClosestHitProgram.

```
6.18.2.8 Context optix::MaterialObj::getContext( ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext. Implements optix::APIObj.

```
6.18.2.9 Variable optix::MaterialObj::getVariable (
unsigned int index ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Query variable by index. See rt[ObjectType]GetVariable.

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

```
6.18.2.10 unsigned int optix::MaterialObj::getVariableCount( ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Query the number of variables associated with this object.

 $\label{thm:copedObj::getVariable} Used along with {\sc ScopedObj::getVariable to iterate over variables in an object. See $t[ObjectType]GetVariableCount$ }$ 

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

#### 6.18.2.11 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (

RTresult code,

RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

# 6.18.2.12 Variable optix::MaterialObj::queryVariable ( const std::string & name ) const [inline], [virtual]

Query a variable associated with this object by name.

See rt[ObjectType]QueryVariable. Note that this function is wrapped by the convenience function Handle::operator[].

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

#### 6.18.2.13 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]

Decrement the reference count for this object.

# 6.18.2.14 void optix::MaterialObj::removeVariable ( Variable v ) [inline], [virtual]

Remove a variable associated with this object.

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

#### 6.18.2.15 void optix::MaterialObj::setAnyHitProgram (

unsigned int ray\_type\_index,

Program program ) [inline]

Set any hit program for this material at the given ray\_type index. See rtMaterialSetAnyHitProgram.

#### 6.18.2.16 void optix::MaterialObj::setClosestHitProgram (

unsigned int ray\_type\_index,

Program program ) [inline]

Set closest hit program for this material at the given *ray\_type* index. See rtMaterialSetClosestHitProgram.

#### 6.18.2.17 void optix::MaterialObj::validate( ) [inline], [virtual]

call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object

Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

#### 6.19 optix::Matrix< M, N > Class Template Reference

### **Public Types**

typedef VectorDim< M >::VectorType floatM

#### **Public Member Functions**

- RT HOSTDEVICE Matrix ()
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix (const float data[M \*N])
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix (const Matrix &m)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix & operator= (const Matrix &b)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE float operator[] (unsigned int i) const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE float & operator[] (unsigned int i)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE floatN getRow (unsigned int m) const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE floatM getCol (unsigned int n) const
- RT HOSTDEVICE float \* getData ()
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE const float \* getData () const
- RT HOSTDEVICE void setRow (unsigned int m, const floatN &r)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE void setCol (unsigned int n, const floatM &c)
- RT HOSTDEVICE Matrix < N, M > transpose () const
- RT HOSTDEVICE Matrix< 4, 4 > inverse () const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE float det () const
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool operator< (const Matrix< M, N > &rhs) const

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

- static RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix< 4, 4 > rotate (const float radians, const float3 &axis)
- static RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix< 4, 4 > translate (const float3 &vec)
- static RT HOSTDEVICE Matrix< 4, 4 > scale (const float3 &vec)
- static RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix< 4, 4 > fromBasis (const float3 &u, const float3 &v, const float3 &v, const float3 &c)
- static RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix< N, N > identity ()

#### 6.19.1 Detailed Description

#### template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N>class optix::Matrix< M, N >

A matrix with M rows and N columns.

#### **Description**

Matrix provides a utility class for small-dimension floating-point matrices, such as transformation matrices. Matrix may also be useful in other computation and can be used in both host and device code. Typedefs are provided for 2x2 through 4x4 matrices.

#### History

Matrix was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtVariableSetMatrix\*

#### 6.19.2 Member Typedef Documentation

# 6.19.2.1 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> typedef VectorDim<M>::VectorType optix::Matrix< M, N >::floatM

A row of the matrix.

#### 6.19.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.19.3.1 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> OPTIXU_INLINE RT_HOSTDEVICE optix::Matrix< M, N>::Matrix ( )
```

A column of the matrix.

Create an unitialized matrix

6.19.3.2 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> RT\_HOSTDEVICE optix::Matrix< M, N
>::Matrix (
const float data[M\*N]) [inline], [explicit]

Create a matrix from the specified float array.

6.19.3.3 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE optix::Matrix< M, N>::Matrix ( const Matrix< M, N > & m )

Copy the matrix.

- 6.19.4 Member Function Documentation
- 6.19.4.1 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::Matrix< M, N >::det ( ) const

Returns the determinant of the matrix.

6.19.4.2 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> static RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix<4,4>
optix::Matrix< M, N>::fromBasis (
const float3 & u,
const float3 & v,
const float3 & w,
const float3 & c ) [static]

Creates a matrix from an ONB and center point.

6.19.4.3 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix
M, N >::floatM optix::Matrix< M, N >::getCol (
unsigned int n ) const

Access the specified column 0..N.

Returns float, float2, float3 or float4 depending on the matrix size

6.19.4.4 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float \* optix::Matrix< M, N >::getData ( )

Returns a pointer to the internal data array.

The data array is stored in row-major order.

6.19.4.5 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE const float \* optix::Matrix< M, N >::getData ( ) const

Returns a const pointer to the internal data array.

The data array is stored in row-major order.

6.19.4.6 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix<
M, N>::floatN optix::Matrix< M, N>::getRow (
unsigned int m) const

Access the specified row 0..M.

Returns float, float2, float3 or float4 depending on the matrix size

6.19.4.7 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix<br/>
N, N > optix::Matrix< M, N >::identity ( ) [static]

Returns the identity matrix.

6.19.4.8 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix<4,4> optix::Matrix< M, N>::inverse ( ) const

Returns the inverse of the matrix.

6.19.4.9 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool optix::Matrix< M, N>::operator< (  $const\ Matrix< M,\ N>\&\ rhs\ )\ const$ 

Ordered comparison operator so that the matrix can be used in an STL container.

6.19.4.10 template < unsigned int M, unsigned int N> OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix < M, N > & optix::Matrix < M, N >::operator = ( const Matrix < M, N > & b)

Assignment operator.

6.19.4.11

template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> RT\_HOSTDEVICE float **optix::Matrix**< M, N >::operator[] ( unsigned int i ) const <code>[inline]</code>

Access the specified element 0..N\*M-1.

6.19.4.12

template < unsigned int M, unsigned int N> RT\_HOSTDEVICE float  $\alpha$  optix::Matrix < M, N >::operator[] ( unsigned int i ) [inline]

Access the specified element 0..N\*M-1.

6.19.4.13 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> static RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix<4,4> optix::Matrix< M, N>::rotate (

```
const float radians,
const float3 & axis ) [static]
```

Returns a rotation matrix.

6.19.4.14 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> static RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix<4,4>
optix::Matrix< M, N>::scale (
const float3 & vec ) [static]

Returns a scale matrix.

6.19.4.15 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::Matrix< M, N>::setCol ( unsigned int n, const floatM & c )

Assign the specified column 0..N.

Takes a float, float2, float3 or float4 depending on the matrix size

6.19.4.16 template < unsigned int M, unsigned int N> OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::Matrix < M, N >::setRow ( unsigned int m, const floatN & r )

Assign the specified row 0..M.

Takes a float, float2, float3 or float4 depending on the matrix size

6.19.4.17 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> static RT\_HOSTDEVICE Matrix<4,4>
optix::Matrix< M, N>::translate (
const float3 & vec ) [static]

Returns a translation matrix.

6.19.4.18 template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N> OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE

Matrix< N, M > optix::Matrix< M, N >::transpose ( ) const

Returns the transpose of the matrix.

#### 6.20 optix::prime::ModelObj Class Reference

Inherits RefCountedObj.

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Query createQuery (RTPquerytype queryType)
- Context getContext ()
- void finish ()
- int isFinished ()

- void update (unsigned hints)
- · void copy (const Model &srcModel)
- void setTriangles (RTPsize triCount, RTPbuffertype type, const void \*vertPtr, unsigned stride=0)
- void setTriangles (RTPsize triCount, RTPbuffertype type, const void \*indexPtr, RTPsize vertCount, RTPbuffertype vertType, const void \*vertPtr, unsigned stride=0)
- void setTriangles (const BufferDesc &vertices)
- void setTriangles (const BufferDesc &indices, const BufferDesc &vertices)
- void setInstances (RTPsize count, RTPbuffertype instanceType, const RTPmodel \*instanceList, RTPbufferformat transformFormat, RTPbuffertype transformType, const void \*transformList)
- void setInstances (const BufferDesc &instances, const BufferDesc &transforms)
- void setBuilderParameter (RTPbuilderparam param, RTPsize size, const void \*p)
- template<typename T > void setBuilderParameter (RTPbuilderparam param, const T &val)
- RTPmodel getRTPmodel ()

#### 6.20.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates an OptiX Prime model.

The purpose of a model is to represent a set of triangles and an acceleration structure.

#### 6.20.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.20.2.1 void optix::prime::ModelObj::copy (
const Model & srcModel ) [inline]
```

Copies one model to another. See rtpModelCopy.

```
6.20.2.2 Query optix::prime::ModelObj::createQuery (
RTPquerytype queryType ) [inline]
```

Creates a Query object. See rtpQueryCreate.

```
6.20.2.3 void optix::prime::ModelObj::finish() [inline]
```

Blocks current thread until model update is finished. See rtpModelFinish.

```
6.20.2.4 Context optix::prime::ModelObj::getContext( ) [inline]
```

Returns the context associated within this object.

```
6.20.2.5 RTPmodel optix::prime::ModelObj::getRTPmodel( ) [inline]
```

Returns the RTPmodel model stored within this object.

```
6.20.2.6 int optix::prime::ModelObj::isFinished() [inline]
```

Polls the status of a model update. See rtpModelGetFinished.

# 6.20.2.7 void optix::prime::ModelObj::setBuilderParameter ( RTPbuilderparam param,

```
RTPsize size,
const void * p ) [inline]
```

Sets a model build parameter See rtpModelSetBuilderParameter for additional information.

```
6.20.2.8 template<typename T > void optix::prime::ModelObj::setBuilderParameter (
RTPbuilderparam param,
const T & val )
```

Sets a model build parameter See rtpModelSetBuilderParameter for additional information.

```
6.20.2.9 void optix::prime::ModelObj::setInstances (
RTPsize count,
```

RTPbuffertype instanceType,
const RTPmodel \* instanceList,
RTPbufferformat transformFormat,
RTPbuffertype transformType,

const void \* transformList ) [inline]

Sets the instance data for a model.

This function creates buffer descriptors of the specified types and formats, populates them with the supplied data and assigns them to the model. See <a href="rtpModelSetInstances">rtpModelSetInstances</a> for additional information

Sets the instance data for a model using the supplied buffer descriptors.

See rtpModelSetInstances for additional information

```
6.20.2.11 void optix::prime::ModelObj::setTriangles (
```

RTPsize triCount,

RTPbuffertype type,

const void \* vertPtr,

unsigned stride = 0 ) [inline]

Sets the triangle data for a model.

This function creates a buffer descriptor of the specified type, populates it with the supplied data and assigns it to the model. The list of vertices is assumed to be a flat list of triangles and each three vertices form a single triangle. See <a href="rtpModelSetTriangles">rtpModelSetTriangles</a> for additional information

#### 6.20.2.12 void optix::prime::ModelObj::setTriangles (

RTPsize triCount,
RTPbuffertype type,
const void \* indexPtr,
RTPsize vertCount,
RTPbuffertype vertType,

```
const void * vertPtr,
unsigned stride = 0 ) [inline]
```

Sets the triangle data for a model.

This function creates buffer descriptors of the specified types, populates them with the supplied data and assigns them to the model. The list of vertices uses the indices list to determine the triangles. See <a href="https://recommons.org/

```
6.20.2.13 void optix::prime::ModelObj::setTriangles (
const BufferDesc & vertices ) [inline]
```

Sets the triangle data for a model using the supplied buffer descriptor of vertices.

The list of vertices is assumed to be a flat list of triangles and each three vertices shape a single triangle. See <a href="rtpModelSetTriangles">rtpModelSetTriangles</a> for additional information

Sets the triangle data for a model using the supplied buffer descriptor of vertices.

The list of vertices uses the indices list to determine the triangles. See rtpModelSetTriangles for additional information

```
6.20.2.15 void optix::prime::ModelObj::update(
unsigned hints) [inline]
```

Creates the acceleration structure over the triangles. See rtpModelUpdate.

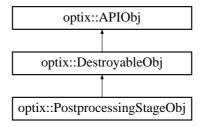
#### 6.21 optix::Onb Struct Reference

#### 6.21.1 Detailed Description

Orthonormal basis.

#### 6.22 optix::PostprocessingStageObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::PostprocessingStageObj:



#### **Public Member Functions**

· void destroy ()

- void validate ()
- · Context getContext () const
- RTpostprocessingstage get ()
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

#### 6.22.1 Detailed Description

PostProcessingStage wraps the OptiX C API RTpostprocessingstage opaque type and its associated function set.

#### 6.22.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.22.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference( ) [inline], [inherited]
```

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.22.2.2 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

```
6.22.2.3 void optix::PostprocessingStageObj::destroy( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

```
6.22.2.4 RTpostprocessingstage optix::PostprocessingStageObj::get( ) [inline]
```

Get the underlying OptiX C API RTpostprocessingstage opaque pointer.

```
6.22.2.5 Context optix::PostprocessingStageObj::getContext( ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext. Implements optix::APIObj.

```
6.22.2.6 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (
RTresult code,
RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]
```

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

#### 6.22.2.7 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]

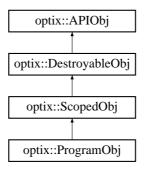
Decrement the reference count for this object.

#### 6.22.2.8 void optix::PostprocessingStageObj::validate( ) [inline], [virtual]

call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

# 6.23 optix::ProgramObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::ProgramObj:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- void destroy ()
- void validate ()
- Context getContext () const
- Variable declareVariable (const std::string &name)
- Variable query Variable (const std::string &name) const
- void removeVariable (Variable v)
- unsigned int getVariableCount () const
- · Variable getVariable (unsigned int index) const
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const
- int getId () const

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

#### 6.23.1 Detailed Description

Program object wraps the OptiX C API RTprogram opaque type and its associated function set.

#### 6.23.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 6.23.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.23.2.2 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

```
6.23.2.3 Variable optix::ProgramObj::declareVariable (
const std::string & name ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Declare a variable associated with this object.

See rt[ObjectType]DeclareVariable. Note that this function is wrapped by the convenience function Handle::operator[].

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

```
6.23.2.4 void optix::ProgramObj::destroy() [inline], [virtual]
```

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

#### 6.23.2.5 Context optix::ProgramObj::getContext( )const [inline], [virtual]

Implements optix::APIObj.

```
6.23.2.6 int optix::ProgramObj::getId() const [inline]
```

Returns the device-side ID of this program object. See rtProgramGetId

```
6.23.2.7 Variable optix::ProgramObj::getVariable (
unsigned int index ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Query variable by index. See rt[ObjectType]GetVariable.

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

#### 6.23.2.8 unsigned int optix::ProgramObj::getVariableCount( )const [inline], [virtual]

Query the number of variables associated with this object.

 $\label{thm:copedObj::getVariable} Used along with {\sc ScopedObj::getVariable to iterate over variables in an object. See $$ rt[ObjectType]GetVariableCount $$$ 

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

# 6.23.2.9 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException ( RTresult code,

```
RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]
```

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

```
6.23.2.10 Variable optix::ProgramObj::queryVariable (
const std::string & name ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Query a variable associated with this object by name.

See rt[ObjectType]QueryVariable. Note that this function is wrapped by the convenience function Handle::operator[].

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

```
6.23.2.11 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]
```

Decrement the reference count for this object.

```
6.23.2.12 void optix::ProgramObj::removeVariable (

Variable v ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Remove a variable associated with this object.

Implements optix::ScopedObj.

```
6.23.2.13 void optix::ProgramObj::validate() [inline], [virtual]
```

call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object

Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

#### 6.24 optix::Quaternion Class Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

- RT\_HOSTDEVICE Quaternion ()
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE Quaternion (float x, float y, float z, float w)
- RT HOSTDEVICE Quaternion (float4 v)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE Quaternion (const Quaternion & other)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE Quaternion (const float3 &axis, float angle)
- RT\_HOSTDEVICE void toMatrix (float m[16]) const

#### **Public Attributes**

float4 m\_q

### 6.24.1 Detailed Description

Quaternion.

### **Description**

Quaternion is a utility class for handling quaternions which are primarily useful for representing directions and rotations.

#### History

Quaternion was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

#### 6.24.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.24.2.1 OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE optix::Quaternion::Quaternion()

Construct identity quaternion.

6.24.2.2 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE optix::Quaternion::Quaternion (

float x,

float y,

float z,

float w)

Construct from coordinates x, y, z, w.

6.24.2.3 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE optix::Quaternion::Quaternion ( float4 v )

Construct from float4.

6.24.2.4 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE optix::Quaternion::Quaternion ( const Quaternion & other )

Copy constructor.

6.24.2.5 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE optix::Quaternion::Quaternion ( const float3 & axis, float angle )

Construct from axis and angle (in degrees)

- 6.24.3 Member Function Documentation
- 6.24.3.1 OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::Quaternion::toMatrix ( float *m*[16] ) const

From quaternion to rotation matrix.

- 6.24.4 Member Data Documentation
- 6.24.4.1 float4 optix::Quaternion::m\_q

quaternion x, y, z, w

### 6.25 optix::prime::QueryObj Class Reference

Inherits RefCountedObj.

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Context getContext ()
- void finish ()
- int isFinished ()
- void setCudaStream (cudaStream t stream)
- void setRays (RTPsize count, RTPbufferformat format, RTPbuffertype type, void \*rays)
- void setRays (const BufferDesc &rays)
- void setHits (RTPsize count, RTPbufferformat format, RTPbuffertype type, void \*hits)
- void setHits (const BufferDesc &hits)
- void execute (unsigned hint)
- RTPquery getRTPquery ()

#### 6.25.1 Detailed Description

Encapsulates an OptiX Prime query.

The purpose of a query is to coordinate the intersection of rays with a model.

#### 6.25.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.25.2.1 void optix::prime::QueryObj::execute ( unsigned hint ) [inline]
```

Executes a raytracing query. See rtpQueryExecute.

```
6.25.2.2 void optix::prime::QueryObj::finish() [inline]
```

Blocks current thread until query is finished. See rtpQueryFinish.

```
6.25.2.3 Context optix::prime::QueryObj::getContext( ) [inline]
```

Returns the context associated within this object.

```
6.25.2.4 RTPquery optix::prime::QueryObj::getRTPquery( ) [inline]
```

Returns the RTPquery query stored within this object.

```
6.25.2.5 int optix::prime::QueryObj::isFinished( ) [inline]
```

Polls the status of a query. See rtpQueryGetFinished.

Sets a stream for a query. See rtpQuerySetCudaStream.

#### 6.25.2.7 void optix::prime::QueryObj::setHits (

```
RTPsize count,
RTPbufferformat format,
RTPbuffertype type,
void * hits ) [inline]
```

Sets a hit buffer for the query. See rtpQuerySetHits.

```
6.25.2.8 void optix::prime::QueryObj::setHits (
const BufferDesc & hits ) [inline]
```

Sets a hit buffer for the query from a buffer description. See rtpQuerySetHits.

```
6.25.2.9 void optix::prime::QueryObj::setRays (
```

```
RTPsize count,
RTPbufferformat format,
RTPbuffertype type,
void * rays ) [inline]
```

Creates a buffer descriptor and sets the rays of a query. See rtpQuerySetRays.

```
6.25.2.10 void optix::prime::QueryObj::setRays (
const BufferDesc & rays ) [inline]
```

Sets the rays of a query from a buffer descriptor. See rtpQuerySetRays.

### 6.26 Ray Struct Reference

#### **Public Attributes**

- float3 origin
- float3 direction
- unsigned int ray\_type
- float tmin
- · float tmax

#### 6.26.1 Detailed Description

Ray class.

#### **Description**

Ray is an encapsulation of a ray mathematical entity. The origin and direction members specify the ray, while the ray\_type member specifies which closest-hit/any-hit pair will be used when the ray hits a geometry object. The tmin/tmax members specify the interval over which the ray is valid.

To avoid numerical range problems, the value RT\_DEFAULT\_MAX can be used to specify an infinite extent.

During C++ compilation, Ray is contained within the *optix:*: namespace but has global scope during C compilation. Ray's constructors are not available during C compilation.

#### **Members**

```
// The origin of the ray
float3 origin;

// The direction of the ray
float3 direction;

// The ray type associated with this ray
unsigned int ray_type;

// The min and max extents associated with this ray
float tmin;
float tmax;
```

#### **Constructors**

#### **Functions**

#### History

Ray was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtContextSetRayTypeCount, rtMaterialSetAnyHitProgram, rtMaterialSetClosestHitProgram

#### 6.26.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 6.26.2.1 float3 Ray::direction

The direction of the ray.

### 6.26.2.2 float3 Ray::origin

The origin of the ray.

### 6.26.2.3 unsigned int Ray::ray\_type

The ray type associated with this ray.

#### 6.26.2.4 float Ray::tmax

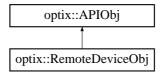
The max extent associated with this ray.

#### 6.26.2.5 float Ray::tmin

The min extent associated with this ray.

### 6.27 optix::RemoteDeviceObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::RemoteDeviceObj:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- RTremotedevice get ()
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

#### 6.27.1 Detailed Description

RemoteDevice wraps the OptiX C API RTremotedevice opaque type and its associated function set.

#### 6.27.2 Member Function Documentation

### 6.27.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.27.2.2 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

#### 6.27.2.3 RTremotedevice optix::RemoteDeviceObj::get( ) [inline]

Return the OptiX C API RTremotedevice object.

# 6.27.2.4 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException ( RTresult code,

#### RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

#### 6.27.2.5 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]

Decrement the reference count for this object.

#### 6.28 rtObject Struct Reference

#### 6.28.1 Detailed Description

Opaque handle to a OptiX object.

#### **Description**

rtObject is an opaque handle to an OptiX object of any type. To set or query the variable value, use rtVariableSetObject and rtVariableGetObject.

Depending on how exactly the variable is used, only certain concrete types may make sense. For example, when used as an argument to rtTrace, the variable must be set to any OptiX type of RTgroup, RTselector, RTgeometrygroup, or RTtransform.

Note that for certain OptiX types, there are more specialized handles available to access a variable. For example, to access an OptiX object of type RTtexturesampler, a handle of type rtTextureSampler provides more functionality than one of the generic type rtObject.

#### History

rtObject was introduced in OptiX 1.0.

See also rtVariableSetObject, rtVariableGetObject, rtTrace, rtTextureSampler, rtBuffer

#### 6.29 RTUtraversalresult Struct Reference

#### **Public Attributes**

- int prim\_id
- · float t

### 6.29.1 Detailed Description

Traversal API allowing batch raycasting gueries utilizing either OptiX or the CPU.

The OptiX traversal API is demonstrated in the traversal sample within the OptiX SDK.

Structure encapsulating the result of a single ray query

#### 6.29.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 6.29.2.1 int RTUtraversalresult::prim id

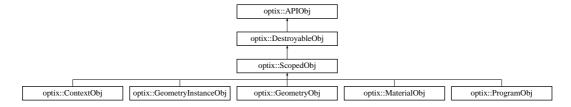
Index of the interesected triangle, -1 for miss.

#### 6.29.2.2 float RTUtraversalresult::t

Ray t parameter of hit point.

### 6.30 optix::ScopedObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::ScopedObj:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- virtual Variable declare Variable (const std::string &name)=0
- virtual Variable query Variable (const std::string &name) const =0
- virtual void removeVariable (Variable v)=0
- virtual unsigned int getVariableCount () const =0
- virtual Variable getVariable (unsigned int index) const =0
- virtual void destroy ()=0
- virtual void validate ()=0
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual Context getContext () const =0
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

### 6.30.1 Detailed Description

Base class for all objects which are OptiX variable containers.

Wraps:

- RTcontext
- RTgeometry
- RTgeometryinstance
- RTmaterial
- RTprogram

#### 6.30.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 6.30.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]

Increment the reference count for this object.

# 6.30.2.2 void optix::APIObj::checkError( RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

# 6.30.2.3 virtual Variable optix::ScopedObj::declareVariable ( const std::string & name ) [pure virtual]

Declare a variable associated with this object.

See rt[ObjectType]DeclareVariable. Note that this function is wrapped by the convenience function Handle::operator[].

Implemented in optix::MaterialObj, optix::GeometryObj, optix::GeometryInstanceObj, optix::ProgramObj, and optix::ContextObj.

### 6.30.2.4 virtual void optix::DestroyableObj::destroy( ) [pure virtual], [inherited]

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object

Implemented in optix::CommandListObj, optix::PostprocessingStageObj, optix::BufferObj, optix::TextureSamplerObj, optix::MaterialObj, optix::GeometryObj, optix::GeometryInstanceObj, optix::AccelerationObj, optix::SelectorObj, optix::TransformObj, optix::GeometryGroupObj, optix::GroupObj, optix::ProgramObj, and optix::ContextObj.

#### 6.30.2.5 virtual Context optix::APIObj::getContext( ) const [pure virtual], [inherited]

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext.

Implemented in optix::CommandListObj, optix::PostprocessingStageObj, optix::BufferObj, optix::TextureSamplerObj, optix::MaterialObj, optix::GeometryObj, optix::GeometryInstanceObj, optix::AccelerationObj, optix::SelectorObj, optix::TransformObj, optix::GeometryGroupObj, optix::GroupObj, optix::ProgramObj, optix::ContextObj, and optix::VariableObj.

# 6.30.2.6 virtual Variable optix::ScopedObj::getVariable ( unsigned int index ) const [pure virtual]

Query variable by index. See rt[ObjectType]GetVariable.

Implemented in optix::MaterialObj, optix::GeometryObj, optix::GeometryInstanceObj, optix::ProgramObj, and optix::ContextObj.

#### 6.30.2.7 virtual unsigned int optix::ScopedObj::getVariableCount() const [pure virtual]

Query the number of variables associated with this object.

Used along with ScopedObj::getVariable to iterate over variables in an object. See rt[ObjectType]GetVariableCount

Implemented in optix::MaterialObj, optix::GeometryObj, optix::GeometryInstanceObj, optix::ProgramObj, and optix::ContextObj.

#### 6.30.2.8 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (

RTresult code.

RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

# 6.30.2.9 virtual Variable optix::ScopedObj::queryVariable ( const std::string & name ) const [pure virtual]

Query a variable associated with this object by name.

See rt[ObjectType]QueryVariable. Note that this function is wrapped by the convenience function Handle::operator[].

Implemented in optix::MaterialObj, optix::GeometryObj, optix::GeometryInstanceObj, optix::ProgramObj, and optix::ContextObj.

#### 6.30.2.10 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]

Decrement the reference count for this object.

# 6.30.2.11 virtual void optix::ScopedObj::removeVariable ( Variable v ) [pure virtual]

Remove a variable associated with this object.

Implemented in optix::MaterialObj, optix::GeometryObj, optix::GeometryInstanceObj, optix::ProgramObj, and optix::ContextObj.

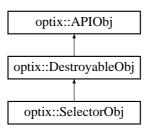
### 6.30.2.12 virtual void optix::DestroyableObj::validate( ) [pure virtual], [inherited]

call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object

Implemented in optix::CommandListObj, optix::PostprocessingStageObj, optix::BufferObj, optix::TextureSamplerObj, optix::MaterialObj, optix::GeometryObj, optix::GeometryInstanceObj, optix::AccelerationObj, optix::SelectorObj, optix::TransformObj, optix::GeometryGroupObj, optix::GroupObj, optix::ProgramObj, and optix::ContextObj.

#### 6.31 optix::SelectorObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::SelectorObj:



### **Public Member Functions**

- void destroy ()
- void validate ()
- · Context getContext () const
- RTselector get ()
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const

- void setVisitProgram (Program program)
- Program getVisitProgram () const
- void setChildCount (unsigned int count)
- unsigned int getChildCount () const
- template<typename T > void setChild (unsigned int index, T child)
- template<typename T >
   T getChild (unsigned int index) const
- RTobjecttype getChildType (unsigned int index) const
- template<typename T > unsigned int addChild (T child)
- template<typename T > unsigned int removeChild (T child)
- void removeChild (int index)
- void removeChild (unsigned int index)
- template<typename T >
   unsigned int getChildIndex (T child) const

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

#### 6.31.1 Detailed Description

Selector wraps the OptiX C API RTselector opaque type and its associated function set.

#### 6.31.2 Member Function Documentation

## 

Set a new child in this group and returns its new index. See rtSelectorSetChild.

```
6.31.2.2 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]
```

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.31.2.3 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

```
6.31.2.4 void optix::SelectorObj::destroy() [inline], [virtual]
```

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

#### 6.31.2.5 RTselector optix::SelectorObj::get() [inline]

Get the underlying OptiX C API RTselector opaque pointer.

# 6.31.2.6 template<typename T > T optix::SelectorObj::getChild ( unsigned int *index* ) const [inline]

Query an indexed child within this group. See rtSelectorGetChild.

#### 6.31.2.7 unsigned int optix::SelectorObj::getChildCount() const [inline]

Query the number of children for this group. See rtSelectorGetChildCount.

# 6.31.2.8 template<typename T > unsigned int optix::SelectorObj::getChildIndex ( T child ) const [inline]

Query a child in this group for its index. See rtSelectorGetChild.

# 6.31.2.9 RTobjecttype optix::SelectorObj::getChildType ( unsigned int *index* ) const [inline]

Query indexed child's type. See rtSelectorGetChildType.

#### 6.31.2.10 Context optix::SelectorObj::getContext( )const [inline], [virtual]

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext. Implements optix::APIObj.

#### 6.31.2.11 Program optix::SelectorObj::getVisitProgram() const [inline]

Get the visitor program for this selector. See rtSelectorGetVisitProgram.

### 6.31.2.12 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (

RTresult code,

RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

# 6.31.2.13 template<typename T > unsigned int optix::SelectorObj::removeChild ( T child ) [inline]

Remove a child in this group and returns the index to the deleted element in case of success.

Throws RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if the parameter is invalid. Note: this function shifts down all the elements next to the removed one.

# 6.31.2.14 void optix::SelectorObj::removeChild ( int index ) [inline]

Remove a child in this group by its index.

Throws RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if the parameter is invalid. Note: this function shifts down all the elements next to the removed one.

# 6.31.2.15 void optix::SelectorObj::removeChild ( unsigned int index ) [inline]

Remove a child in this group by its index.

Throws RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if the parameter is invalid. Note: this function shifts down all the elements next to the removed one.

#### 6.31.2.16 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]

Decrement the reference count for this object.

# 

Set an indexed child child of this group. See rtSelectorSetChild.

```
6.31.2.18 void optix::SelectorObj::setChildCount ( unsigned int count ) [inline]
```

Set the number of children for this group. See rtSelectorSetChildCount.

```
6.31.2.19 void optix::SelectorObj::setVisitProgram (
Program program ) [inline]
```

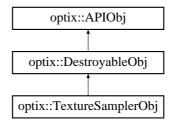
Set the visitor program for this selector. See rtSelectorSetVisitProgram

```
6.31.2.20 void optix::SelectorObj::validate( ) [inline], [virtual]
```

call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.32 optix::TextureSamplerObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::TextureSamplerObj:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- void destroy ()
- void validate ()
- · Context getContext () const
- RTtexturesampler get ()

- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const
- void setMipLevelCount (unsigned int num mip levels)
- unsigned int getMipLevelCount () const
- void setArraySize (unsigned int num\_textures\_in\_array)
- unsigned int getArraySize () const
- void setWrapMode (unsigned int dim, RTwrapmode wrapmode)
- RTwrapmode getWrapMode (unsigned int dim) const
- void setFilteringModes (RTfiltermode minification, RTfiltermode magnification, RTfiltermode mipmapping)
- void getFilteringModes (RTfiltermode &minification, RTfiltermode &magnification, RTfiltermode &mipmapping) const
- void setMaxAnisotropy (float value)
- float getMaxAnisotropy () const
- void setMipLevelClamp (float minLevel, float maxLevel)
- void getMipLevelClamp (float &minLevel, float &maxLevel) const
- void setMipLevelBias (float value)
- float getMipLevelBias () const
- void setReadMode (RTtexturereadmode readmode)
- RTtexturereadmode getReadMode () const
- void setIndexingMode (RTtextureindexmode indexmode)
- RTtextureindexmode getIndexingMode () const
- int getId () const
- void setBuffer (unsigned int texture\_array\_idx, unsigned int mip\_level, Buffer buffer)
- Buffer getBuffer (unsigned int texture\_array\_idx, unsigned int mip\_level) const
- · void setBuffer (Buffer buffer)
- Buffer getBuffer () const
- void registerGLTexture ()
- void unregisterGLTexture ()

### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

#### 6.32.1 Detailed Description

TextureSampler wraps the OptiX C API RTtexturesampler opaque type and its associated function set.

#### 6.32.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 6.32.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.32.2.2 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

```
6.32.2.3 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::destroy() [inline], [virtual]
```

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

6.32.2.4 RTtexturesampler optix::TextureSamplerObj::get() [inline]

Get the underlying OptiX C API RTtexturesampler opaque pointer.

6.32.2.5 unsigned int optix::TextureSamplerObj::getArraySize() const [inline]

**Deprecated in OptiX 4.0** Query the texture array size for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerGetArraySize

**Deprecated in OptiX 4.0** Get the underlying buffer used for texture storage. See rtTextureSamplerGetBuffer.

6.32.2.7 Buffer optix::TextureSamplerObj::getBuffer() const [inline]

Get the underlying buffer used for texture storage. See rtTextureSamplerGetBuffer.

6.32.2.8 Context optix::TextureSamplerObj::getContext( ) const [inline], [virtual]

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext. Implements optix::APIObj.

6.32.2.9 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::getFilteringModes (

RTfiltermode & minification,
RTfiltermode & magnification,
RTfiltermode & mipmapping ) const [inline]

Query filtering modes for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerGetFilteringModes.

6.32.2.10 int optix::TextureSamplerObj::getId ( ) const [inline]

Returns the device-side ID of this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerGetId

6.32.2.11 RTtextureindexmode optix::TextureSamplerObj::getIndexingMode ( ) const [inline]

Query texture indexing mode for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerGetIndexingMode.

```
6.32.2.12 float optix::TextureSamplerObj::getMaxAnisotropy ( ) const [inline]
Query maximum anisotropy for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerGetMaxAnisotropy.
6.32.2.13 float optix::TextureSamplerObj::getMipLevelBias ( ) const [inline]
```

Query mipmap offset for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelBias.

```
6.32.2.14 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::getMipLevelClamp (
float & minLevel,
float & maxLevel ) const [inline]
```

Query minimum and maxnimum mipmap levels for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelClamp.

```
6.32.2.15 unsigned int optix::TextureSamplerObj::getMipLevelCount( ) const [inline]
```

**Deprecated in OptiX 4.0** Query the number of mip levels for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelCount.

```
6.32.2.16 RTtexturereadmode optix::TextureSamplerObj::getReadMode( ) const [inline]
```

Query texture read mode for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerGetReadMode.

```
6.32.2.17 RTwrapmode optix::TextureSamplerObj::getWrapMode ( unsigned int dim ) const [inline]
```

Query the texture wrap mode for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerGetWrapMode.

```
6.32.2.18 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (
RTresult code,
RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]
```

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

```
6.32.2.19 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::registerGLTexture( ) [inline]
```

Declare the texture's buffer as immutable and accessible by OptiX. See rtTextureSamplerGLRegister.

```
6.32.2.20 int optix::APIObj::removeReference( ) [inline], [inherited]
```

Decrement the reference count for this object.

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0 Set the texture array size for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerSetArraySize

```
6.32.2.22 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::setBuffer (
unsigned int texture_array_idx,
unsigned int mip_level,
```

```
Buffer buffer ) [inline]
```

**Deprecated in OptiX 4.0** Set the underlying buffer used for texture storage. See rtTextureSamplerSetBuffer.

```
6.32.2.23 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::setBuffer (
Buffer buffer ) [inline]
```

Set the underlying buffer used for texture storage. See rtTextureSamplerSetBuffer.

```
6.32.2.24 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::setFilteringModes (
RTfiltermode minification,
RTfiltermode magnification,
RTfiltermode mipmapping ) [inline]
```

Set filtering modes for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerSetFilteringModes.

```
6.32.2.25 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::setIndexingMode (
RTtextureindexmode indexmode ) [inline]
```

Set texture indexing mode for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerSetIndexingMode.

```
6.32.2.26 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::setMaxAnisotropy (
float value ) [inline]
```

Set maximum anisotropy for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerSetMaxAnisotropy.

```
6.32.2.27 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::setMipLevelBias (
float value ) [inline]
```

Set mipmap offset for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelBias.

```
6.32.2.28 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::setMipLevelClamp (
float minLevel,
float maxLevel) [inline]
```

Set minimum and maxnimum mipmap levels for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelClamp.

```
6.32.2.29 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::setMipLevelCount ( unsigned int num_mip_levels ) [inline]
```

**Deprecated in OptiX 4.0** Set the number of mip levels for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelCount.

```
6.32.2.30 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::setReadMode (
RTtexturereadmode readmode ) [inline]
```

Set texture read mode for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerSetReadMode.

# 6.32.2.31 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::setWrapMode ( unsigned int *dim*,

#### RTwrapmode wrapmode ) [inline]

Set the texture wrap mode for this sampler. See rtTextureSamplerSetWrapMode.

#### 6.32.2.32 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::unregisterGLTexture( ) [inline]

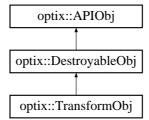
Declare the texture's buffer as mutable and inaccessible by OptiX. See rtTextureSamplerGLUnregister.

#### 6.32.2.33 void optix::TextureSamplerObj::validate( ) [inline], [virtual]

call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

# 6.33 optix::TransformObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::TransformObj:



### **Public Member Functions**

- void destroy ()
- void validate ()
- · Context getContext () const
- · RTtransform get ()
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const
- template<typename T > void setChild (T child)
- template<typename T > T getChild () const
- RTobjecttype getChildType () const
- void setMatrix (bool transpose, const float \*matrix, const float \*inverse matrix)
- void getMatrix (bool transpose, float \*matrix, float \*inverse\_matrix) const
- void setMotionRange (float timeBegin, float timeEnd)
- void getMotionRange (float &timeBegin, float &timeEnd)
- void setMotionBorderMode (RTmotionbordermode beginMode, RTmotionbordermode endMode)
- void getMotionBorderMode (RTmotionbordermode &beginMode, RTmotionbordermode &endMode)

- void setMotionKeys (unsigned int n, RTmotionkeytype type, const float \*keys)
- unsigned int getMotionKeyCount ()
- RTmotionkeytype getMotionKeyType ()
- void getMotionKeys (float \*keys)

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

• static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

#### 6.33.1 Detailed Description

Transform wraps the OptiX C API RTtransform opaque type and its associated function set.

#### 6.33.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.33.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]
```

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.33.2.2 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

```
6.33.2.3 void optix::TransformObj::destroy() [inline], [virtual]
```

call rt[ObjectType]Destroy on the underlying OptiX C object Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

```
6.33.2.4 RTtransform optix::TransformObj::get() [inline]
```

Get the underlying OptiX C API RTtransform opaque pointer.

```
6.33.2.5 template<typename T > T optix::TransformObj::getChild( ) const [inline]
```

Set the child node of this transform. See rtTransformGetChild.

```
6.33.2.6 RTobjecttype optix::TransformObj::getChildType() const [inline]
```

Query child's type. See rtTransformGetChildType.

```
6.33.2.7 Context optix::TransformObj::getContext( ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext. Implements optix::APIObj.

```
6.33.2.8 void optix::TransformObj::getMatrix (
```

bool transpose,

float \* matrix,

```
float * inverse_matrix ) const [inline]
```

Get the transform matrix for this node. See rtTransformGetMatrix.

```
6.33.2.9 void optix::TransformObj::getMotionBorderMode (
RTmotionbordermode & beginMode,
RTmotionbordermode & endMode ) [inline]
```

Query the motion border mode for this transform. See rtTransformGetMotionBorderMode.

```
6.33.2.10 unsigned int optix::TransformObj::getMotionKeyCount( ) [inline]
```

Query the number of motion keys for this transform. See rtTransformGetMotionKeyCount.

```
6.33.2.11 void optix::TransformObj::getMotionKeys ( float * keys ) [inline]
```

Query the motion keys for this transform. See rtTransformGetMotionKeys.

```
6.33.2.12 RTmotionkeytype optix::TransformObj::getMotionKeyType( ) [inline]
```

Query the motion key type for this transform. See rtTransformGetMotionKeyType.

```
6.33.2.13 void optix::TransformObj::getMotionRange (
float & timeBegin,
float & timeEnd ) [inline]
```

Query the motion time range for this transform. See rtTransformGetMotionRange.

```
6.33.2.14 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (
RTresult code,
RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]
```

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

```
6.33.2.15 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]
```

Decrement the reference count for this object.

```
6.33.2.16 template<typename T > void optix::TransformObj::setChild (
T child ) [inline]
```

Set the child node of this transform. See rtTransformSetChild.

Set the transform matrix for this node. See rtTransformSetMatrix.

#### 6.33.2.18 void optix::TransformObj::setMotionBorderMode (

# RTmotionbordermode beginMode, RTmotionbordermode endMode ) [inline]

Set the motion border mode for this transform. See rtTransformSetMotionBorderMode.

# 

Set the motion keys for this transform. See rtTransformSetMotionKeys.

# 6.33.2.20 void optix::TransformObj::setMotionRange ( float timeBegin, float timeEnd ) [inline]

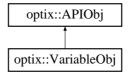
Set the motion time range for this transform. See rtTransformSetMotionRange.

```
6.33.2.21 void optix::TransformObj::validate( ) [inline], [virtual] call rt[ObjectType]Validate on the underlying OptiX C object
```

Implements optix::DestroyableObj.

### 6.34 optix::VariableObj Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for optix::VariableObj:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- Context getContext () const
- std::string getName () const
- std::string getAnnotation () const
- RTobjecttype getType () const
- RTvariable get ()
- RTsize getSize () const
- void addReference ()
- int removeReference ()
- virtual void checkError (RTresult code) const

#### Float setters

Set variable to have a float value.

- void setFloat (float f1)
- void setFloat (optix::float2 f)

- void setFloat (float f1, float f2)
- void setFloat (optix::float3 f)
- void setFloat (float f1, float f2, float f3)
- void setFloat (optix::float4 f)
- void setFloat (float f1, float f2, float f3, float f4)
- void set1fv (const float \*f)
- void set2fv (const float \*f)
- void set3fv (const float \*f)
- void set4fv (const float \*f)

#### Int setters

Set variable to have an int value.

- · void setInt (int i1)
- void **setInt** (int i1, int i2)
- void **setInt** (optix::int2 i)
- void setInt (int i1, int i2, int i3)
- void setInt (optix::int3 i)
- void **setInt** (int i1, int i2, int i3, int i4)
- void setInt (optix::int4 i)
- void set1iv (const int \*i)
- void set2iv (const int \*i)
- void set3iv (const int \*i)
- void set4iv (const int \*i)

#### **Unsigned int setters**

Set variable to have an unsigned int value.

- void setUint (unsigned int u1)
- void setUint (unsigned int u1, unsigned int u2)
- void setUint (unsigned int u1, unsigned int u2, unsigned int u3)
- void setUint (unsigned int u1, unsigned int u2, unsigned int u3, unsigned int u4)
- void **setUint** (optix::uint2 u)
- void setUint (optix::uint3 u)
- void setUint (optix::uint4 u)
- void **set1uiv** (const unsigned int \*u)
- void **set2uiv** (const unsigned int \*u)
- void set3uiv (const unsigned int \*u)
- void set4uiv (const unsigned int \*u)

#### Matrix setters

Set variable to have a Matrix value

- void setMatrix2x2fv (bool transpose, const float \*m)
- void **setMatrix2x3fv** (bool transpose, const float \*m)
- void setMatrix2x4fv (bool transpose, const float \*m)
- void setMatrix3x2fv (bool transpose, const float \*m)
- void setMatrix3x3fv (bool transpose, const float \*m)
- void setMatrix3x4fv (bool transpose, const float \*m)
- void setMatrix4x2fv (bool transpose, const float \*m)
- void setMatrix4x3fv (bool transpose, const float \*m)
- void setMatrix4x4fv (bool transpose, const float \*m)

#### Numeric value getters

Query value of a variable with numeric value

- · float getFloat () const
- · optix::float2 getFloat2 () const

- optix::float3 getFloat3 () const
- optix::float4 getFloat4 () const
- · void getFloat (float &f1) const
- · void getFloat (float &f1, float &f2) const
- void getFloat (float &f1, float &f2, float &f3) const
- void getFloat (float &f1, float &f2, float &f3, float &f4) const
- unsigned getUint () const
- optix::uint2 getUint2 () const
- optix::uint3 getUint3 () const
- · optix::uint4 getUint4 () const
- void getUint (unsigned &u1) const
- void getUint (unsigned &u1, unsigned &u2) const
- void getUint (unsigned &u1, unsigned &u2, unsigned &u3) const
- void getUint (unsigned &u1, unsigned &u2, unsigned &u3, unsigned &u4) const
- int getInt () const
- optix::int2 getInt2 () const
- optix::int3 getInt3 () const
- optix::int4 getInt4 () const
- · void getInt (int &i1) const
- void getInt (int &i1, int &i2) const
- · void getInt (int &i1, int &i2, int &i3) const
- · void getInt (int &i1, int &i2, int &i3, int &i4) const
- void getMatrix2x2 (bool transpose, float \*m) const
- void getMatrix2x3 (bool transpose, float \*m) const
- void getMatrix2x4 (bool transpose, float \*m) const
- void getMatrix3x2 (bool transpose, float \*m) const
- void getMatrix3x3 (bool transpose, float \*m) const
- void getMatrix3x4 (bool transpose, float \*m) const
- void getMatrix4x2 (bool transpose, float \*m) const
- void **getMatrix4x3** (bool transpose, float \*m) const
- void getMatrix4x4 (bool transpose, float \*m) const

## **OptiX API object setters**

Set variable to have an OptiX API object as its value

- void setBuffer (Buffer buffer)
- void set (Buffer buffer)
- void setTextureSampler (TextureSampler texturesample)
- void set (TextureSampler texturesample)
- void set (GeometryGroup group)
- void set (Group group)
- void set (Program program)
- void setProgramId (Program program)
- · void set (Selector selector)
- void set (Transform transform)

## **OptiX API object getters**

Reitrieve OptiX API object value from a variable

- Buffer getBuffer () const
- GeometryGroup getGeometryGroup () const
- GeometryInstance getGeometryInstance () const
- Group getGroup () const
- Program getProgram () const
- Selector getSelector () const
- TextureSampler getTextureSampler () const
- Transform getTransform () const

#### User data variable accessors

- void setUserData (RTsize size, const void \*ptr)
- void getUserData (RTsize size, void \*ptr) const

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

static Exception makeException (RTresult code, RTcontext context)

## 6.34.1 Detailed Description

Variable object wraps OptiX C API RTvariable type and its related function set.

See the OptiX Programming Guide for a complete description of the usage and behavior of RTvariable objects. Creation and querying of Variables can be performed via the Handle::operator[] function of the scope object associated with the variable. For example:

```
my_context["new_variable"]->setFloat( 1.0f );
```

will create a variable named new\_variable on the object my\_context if it does not already exist. It will then set the value of that variable to be a float 1.0f.

#### 6.34.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.34.2.1 void optix::APIObj::addReference() [inline], [inherited]
```

Increment the reference count for this object.

```
6.34.2.2 void optix::APIObj::checkError(

RTresult code) const [inline], [virtual], [inherited]
```

Check the given result code and throw an error with appropriate message if the code is not RTsuccess. Reimplemented in optix::ContextObj.

```
6.34.2.3 RTvariable optix::VariableObj::get() [inline]
```

Get the OptiX C API object wrapped by this instance.

```
6.34.2.4 std::string optix::VariableObj::getAnnotation() const [inline]
```

Retrieve the annotation associated with the variable.

```
6.34.2.5 Context optix::VariableObj::getContext( ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Retrieve the context this object is associated with. See rt[ObjectType]GetContext. Implements optix::APIObj.

```
6.34.2.6 std::string optix::VariableObj::getName( ) const [inline]
```

Retrieve the name of the variable.

```
6.34.2.7 RTsize optix::VariableObj::getSize() const [inline]
```

Get the size of the variable data in bytes (eg, float4 returns 4\*sizeof(float))

```
6.34.2.8 RTobjecttype optix::VariableObj::getType( ) const [inline]
```

Query the object type of the variable.

```
6.34.2.9 void optix::VariableObj::getUserData (

RTsize size,

void * ptr ) const [inline]
```

Retrieve a user defined type given the sizeof the user object.

```
6.34.2.10 Exception optix::APIObj::makeException (
RTresult code,
RTcontext context ) [inline], [static], [inherited]
```

For backwards compatability. Use Exception::makeException instead.

```
6.34.2.11 int optix::APIObj::removeReference() [inline], [inherited]
```

Decrement the reference count for this object.

```
6.34.2.12 void optix::VariableObj::set1fv (
const float * f ) [inline]
```

Set variable value to a scalar float.

```
6.34.2.13 void optix::VariableObj::set2fv (
const float * f ) [inline]
```

Set variable value to a float2.

```
6.34.2.14 void optix::VariableObj::set3fv (
const float * f ) [inline]
```

Set variable value to a float3.

```
6.34.2.15 void optix::VariableObj::set4fv (
const float * f ) [inline]
```

Set variable value to a float4.

```
6.34.2.16 void optix::VariableObj::setFloat (
float f1 ) [inline]
```

Set variable value to a scalar float.

```
6.34.2.17 void optix::VariableObj::setFloat (
optix::float2 f ) [inline]
```

Set variable value to a float2.

```
6.34.2.18 void optix::VariableObj::setFloat (
float f1,
float f2) [inline]
```

Set variable value to a float2.

```
6.34.2.19 void optix::VariableObj::setFloat (
optix::float3 f ) [inline]
```

Set variable value to a float3.

6.34.2.20 void optix::VariableObj::setFloat (
float f1,
float f2,

float f3 ) [inline]

Set variable value to a float3.

```
6.34.2.21 void optix::VariableObj::setFloat (
optix::float4 f ) [inline]
```

Set variable value to a float4.

6.34.2.22 void optix::VariableObj::setFloat (

float f1, float f2, float f3, float f4 ) [inline]

Set variable value to a float4.

6.34.2.23 void optix::VariableObj::setUserData (
RTsize size,
const void \* ptr ) [inline]

Set the variable to a user defined type given the size of the user object.

# 7 File Documentation

# 7.1 optix.h File Reference

## 7.1.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API header.

Author

NVIDIA Corporation Includes the host api if compiling host code, includes the cuda api if compiling device code. For the math library routines include optix math.h

# 7.2 optix cuda interop.h File Reference

## **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferCreateForCUDA (RTcontext context, unsigned int bufferdesc, RTbuffer \*buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetDevicePointer (RTbuffer buffer, int optix\_device\_ordinal, void \*\*device\_pointer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferMarkDirty (RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetDevicePointer (RTbuffer buffer, int optix\_device\_ordinal, void \*device\_pointer)

## 7.2.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API declarations CUDAInterop.

Author

NVIDIA Corporation OptiX public API declarations for CUDA interoperability

# 7.3 optix\_datatypes.h File Reference

#### **Classes**

struct Ray

#### **Macros**

• #define RT DEFAULT MAX 1.e27f

## 7.3.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API.

**Author** 

NVIDIA Corporation OptiX public API Reference - Datatypes

## 7.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

# 7.3.2.1 #define RT\_DEFAULT\_MAX 1.e27f

Max t for a ray.

# 7.4 optix\_declarations.h File Reference

## **Enumerations**

```
    enum RTformat {
        RT_FORMAT_UNKNOWN = 0x100,
        RT_FORMAT_FLOAT,
        RT_FORMAT_FLOAT2,
        RT_FORMAT_FLOAT3,
        RT_FORMAT_FLOAT4,
```

```
RT_FORMAT_BYTE,
 RT FORMAT BYTE2,
 RT FORMAT BYTE3,
 RT FORMAT BYTE4,
 RT FORMAT UNSIGNED BYTE,
 RT FORMAT UNSIGNED BYTE2,
 RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_BYTE3,
 RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_BYTE4,
 RT_FORMAT_SHORT,
 RT_FORMAT_SHORT2,
 RT FORMAT SHORT3,
 RT_FORMAT_SHORT4,
 RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_SHORT,
 RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_SHORT2,
 RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_SHORT3,
 RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_SHORT4,
 RT FORMAT INT,
 RT FORMAT INT2,
 RT FORMAT INT3.
 RT FORMAT INT4,
 RT FORMAT UNSIGNED INT,
 RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_INT2,
 RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_INT3,
 RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_INT4,
 RT_FORMAT_USER,
 RT FORMAT BUFFER ID,
 RT FORMAT PROGRAM_ID,
 RT_FORMAT_HALF,
 RT FORMAT HALF2,
 RT FORMAT HALF3,
 RT_FORMAT_HALF4 }

    enum RTobjecttype {

 RT_OBJECTTYPE_UNKNOWN = 0x200,
 RT OBJECTTYPE GROUP,
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_GEOMETRY_GROUP,
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_TRANSFORM,
 RT OBJECTTYPE SELECTOR,
 RT OBJECTTYPE GEOMETRY INSTANCE,
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_BUFFER,
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_TEXTURE_SAMPLER,
 RT OBJECTTYPE OBJECT,
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_MATRIX_FLOAT2x2,
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_MATRIX_FLOAT2x3,
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_MATRIX_FLOAT2x4,
 RT OBJECTTYPE MATRIX FLOAT3x2,
 RT OBJECTTYPE MATRIX FLOAT3x3.
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_MATRIX_FLOAT3x4,
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_MATRIX_FLOAT4x2,
 RT OBJECTTYPE MATRIX FLOAT4x3,
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_MATRIX_FLOAT4x4,
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_FLOAT,
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_FLOAT2,
 RT OBJECTTYPE FLOAT3,
 RT OBJECTTYPE FLOAT4,
 RT OBJECTTYPE INT,
 RT OBJECTTYPE INT2.
 RT OBJECTTYPE INT3.
 RT OBJECTTYPE INT4,
```

```
RT_OBJECTTYPE_UNSIGNED_INT,
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_UNSIGNED_INT2,
 RT OBJECTTYPE UNSIGNED INT3,
 RT OBJECTTYPE UNSIGNED INT4,
 RT OBJECTTYPE USER,
 RT OBJECTTYPE PROGRAM,
 RT OBJECTTYPE COMMANDLIST,
 RT_OBJECTTYPE_POSTPROCESSINGSTAGE }

    enum RTwrapmode {

 RT_WRAP_REPEAT,
 RT WRAP CLAMP TO EDGE,
 RT WRAP MIRROR,
 RT WRAP CLAMP TO BORDER }

    enum RTfiltermode {

 RT FILTER NEAREST,
 RT FILTER LINEAR,
 RT_FILTER_NONE }

    enum RTtexturereadmode {

 RT TEXTURE READ ELEMENT TYPE = 0,
 RT_TEXTURE_READ_NORMALIZED_FLOAT = 1,
 RT_TEXTURE_READ_ELEMENT_TYPE_SRGB = 2,
 RT TEXTURE READ NORMALIZED FLOAT SRGB = 3 }

    enum RTgltarget {

 RT_TARGET_GL_TEXTURE_2D,
 RT_TARGET_GL_TEXTURE_RECTANGLE,
 RT_TARGET_GL_TEXTURE_3D,
 RT TARGET GL RENDER BUFFER,
 RT TARGET GL TEXTURE 1D,
 RT TARGET GL TEXTURE 1D ARRAY,
 RT TARGET GL TEXTURE 2D ARRAY,
    TARGET_GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP
 RT_TARGET_GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP_ARRAY }

    enum RTtextureindexmode {

 RT_TEXTURE_INDEX_NORMALIZED_COORDINATES,
 RT TEXTURE INDEX ARRAY INDEX }

    enum RTbuffertype {

 RT BUFFER INPUT = 0x1,
 RT_BUFFER_OUTPUT = 0x2,
 RT_BUFFER_INPUT_OUTPUT = RT_BUFFER_INPUT | RT_BUFFER_OUTPUT,
 RT BUFFER PROGRESSIVE STREAM = 0x10 }

    enum RTbufferflag {

 RT_BUFFER_GPU_LOCAL = 0x4,
 RT BUFFER COPY ON DIRTY = 0x8,
 RT BUFFER DISCARD HOST MEMORY = 0x20,
 RT BUFFER LAYERED = 0x200000,
 RT_BUFFER_CUBEMAP = 0x400000 }

    enum RTbuffermapflag {

 RT_BUFFER_MAP_READ = 0x1,
 RT_BUFFER_MAP_READ_WRITE = 0x2,
 RT_BUFFER_MAP_WRITE = 0x4,
 RT BUFFER MAP WRITE DISCARD = 0x8 }

    enum RTexception {

 RT EXCEPTION PROGRAM ID INVALID = 0x3EE,
 RT_EXCEPTION_TEXTURE_ID_INVALID = 0x3EF,
 RT_EXCEPTION_BUFFER_ID_INVALID = 0x3FA,
 RT_EXCEPTION_INDEX_OUT_OF_BOUNDS = 0x3FB,
 RT EXCEPTION STACK OVERFLOW = 0x3FC,
```

```
RT_EXCEPTION_BUFFER_INDEX_OUT_OF_BOUNDS = 0x3FD,
 RT EXCEPTION INVALID RAY = 0x3FE,
 RT EXCEPTION INTERNAL ERROR = 0x3FF,
 RT EXCEPTION USER = 0x400,
 RT_EXCEPTION_ALL = 0x7FFFFFF }

    enum RTresult {

 RT SUCCESS = 0.
 RT_TIMEOUT_CALLBACK = 0x100,
 RT_ERROR_INVALID_CONTEXT = 0x500,
 RT_ERROR_INVALID_VALUE = 0x501,
 RT ERROR_MEMORY_ALLOCATION_FAILED = 0x502,
 RT_ERROR_TYPE_MISMATCH = 0x503,
 RT ERROR VARIABLE NOT FOUND = 0x504,
 RT ERROR VARIABLE REDECLARED = 0x505,
 RT ERROR ILLEGAL SYMBOL = 0x506.
 RT_ERROR_INVALID_SOURCE = 0x507,
 RT ERROR VERSION MISMATCH = 0x508,
 RT ERROR OBJECT CREATION FAILED = 0x600,
 RT_ERROR_NO_DEVICE = 0x601,
 RT_ERROR_INVALID_DEVICE = 0x602,
 RT ERROR INVALID IMAGE = 0x603,
 RT ERROR FILE NOT FOUND = 0x604,
 RT ERROR ALREADY MAPPED = 0x605,
 RT_ERROR_INVALID_DRIVER_VERSION = 0x606,
 RT ERROR CONTEXT CREATION FAILED = 0x607,
 RT_ERROR_RESOURCE_NOT_REGISTERED = 0x608,
 RT_ERROR_RESOURCE_ALREADY_REGISTERED = 0x609,
 RT_ERROR_LAUNCH_FAILED = 0x900,
 RT ERROR NOT SUPPORTED = 0xA00,
 RT ERROR CONNECTION FAILED = 0xB00,
 RT_ERROR_AUTHENTICATION_FAILED = 0xB01,
 RT_ERROR_CONNECTION_ALREADY_EXISTS = 0xB02,
 RT_ERROR_NETWORK_LOAD_FAILED = 0xB03,
 RT_ERROR_NETWORK_INIT_FAILED = 0xB04,
 RT_ERROR_CLUSTER_NOT_RUNNING = 0xB06,
 RT ERROR CLUSTER ALREADY RUNNING = 0xB07,
 RT ERROR INSUFFICIENT FREE NODES = 0xB08,
 RT ERROR INVALID_GLOBAL_ATTRIBUTE = 0xC00,
 RT_ERROR_UNKNOWN = \sim0 }

    enum RTdeviceattribute {

 RT DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAX THREADS PER BLOCK,
 RT DEVICE ATTRIBUTE CLOCK RATE,
 RT_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_MULTIPROCESSOR_COUNT,
 RT DEVICE ATTRIBUTE EXECUTION TIMEOUT ENABLED,
 RT_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_MAX_HARDWARE_TEXTURE_COUNT,
 RT_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_NAME,
 RT_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPUTE_CAPABILITY,
 RT_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_TOTAL_MEMORY,
 RT DEVICE ATTRIBUTE TCC DRIVER,
 RT_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_CUDA_DEVICE_ORDINAL,
 RT_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_PCI_BUS_ID }

    enum RTremotedeviceattribute {

 RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE CLUSTER URL.
 RT_REMOTEDEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_HEAD_NODE_URL,
 RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE NUM CONFIGURATIONS,
 RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE STATUS,
 RT_REMOTEDEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_NUM_TOTAL_NODES,
 RT_REMOTEDEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_NUM_FREE_NODES,
```

```
RT_REMOTEDEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_NUM_RESERVED_NODES,
 RT_REMOTEDEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_NAME,
 RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE NUM GPUS,
 RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE GPU TOTAL MEMORY,
 RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE CONFIGURATIONS =0x040000000)

    enum RTremotedevicestatus {

 RT REMOTEDEVICE STATUS READY.
 RT_REMOTEDEVICE_STATUS_CONNECTED,
 RT_REMOTEDEVICE_STATUS_RESERVED,
 RT_REMOTEDEVICE_STATUS_DISCONNECTED = \sim0 }

    enum RTglobalattribute {

 RT_GLOBAL_ATTRIBUTE_EXPERIMENTAL_EXECUTION_STRATEGY }

    enum RTcontextattribute {

 RT CONTEXT ATTRIBUTE MAX TEXTURE COUNT,
 RT CONTEXT ATTRIBUTE CPU NUM THREADS,
 RT_CONTEXT_ATTRIBUTE_USED_HOST_MEMORY,
 RT CONTEXT_ATTRIBUTE_GPU_PAGING_ACTIVE,
 RT CONTEXT ATTRIBUTE GPU PAGING FORCED OFF,
 RT_CONTEXT_ATTRIBUTE_DISK_CACHE_ENABLED,
 RT CONTEXT ATTRIBUTE PREFER FAST RECOMPILES.
 RT CONTEXT ATTRIBUTE AVAILABLE DEVICE MEMORY = 0x100000000 }

    enum RTbufferattribute {

 RT_BUFFER_ATTRIBUTE_STREAM_FORMAT,
 RT_BUFFER_ATTRIBUTE_STREAM_BITRATE,
 RT BUFFER ATTRIBUTE STREAM FPS,
 RT BUFFER ATTRIBUTE STREAM GAMMA }

    enum RTmotionbordermode {

 RT_MOTIONBORDERMODE_CLAMP,
 RT_MOTIONBORDERMODE_VANISH }

    enum RTmotionkeytype {

 RT MOTIONKEYTYPE NONE = 0,
 RT MOTIONKEYTYPE MATRIX FLOAT12,
 RT_MOTIONKEYTYPE_SRT_FLOAT16 }
enum RTbufferidnull { RT_BUFFER_ID_NULL = 0 }

    enum RTprogramidnull { RT PROGRAM ID NULL = 0 }

    enum RTtextureidnull { RT TEXTURE ID NULL = 0 }

    enum RTcommandlistidnull { RT_COMMAND_LIST_ID_NULL = 0 }

    enum RTpostprocessingstagenull { RT POSTPROCESSING STAGE ID NULL = 0 }
```

## 7.4.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API declarations.

**Author** 

NVIDIA Corporation OptiX public API declarations

#### 7.4.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 7.4.2.1 enum RTbufferattribute

Buffer attributes.

#### Enumerator

RT\_BUFFER\_ATTRIBUTE\_STREAM\_FORMAT Format string.
RT\_BUFFER\_ATTRIBUTE\_STREAM\_BITRATE sizeof(int)
RT\_BUFFER\_ATTRIBUTE\_STREAM\_FPS sizeof(int)
RT BUFFER ATTRIBUTE STREAM GAMMA sizeof(float)

#### 7.4.2.2 enum RTbufferflag

Buffer flags.

Enumerator

- **RT\_BUFFER\_GPU\_LOCAL** An RT\_BUFFER\_INPUT\_OUTPUT has separate copies on each device that are not synchronized.
- **RT\_BUFFER\_COPY\_ON\_DIRTY** A CUDA Interop buffer will only be synchronized across devices when dirtied by rtBufferMap or rtBufferMarkDirty.
- **RT\_BUFFER\_DISCARD\_HOST\_MEMORY** An RT\_BUFFER\_INPUT for which a synchronize is forced on unmapping from host and the host memory is freed.
- RT\_BUFFER\_LAYERED Depth specifies the number of layers, not the depth of a 3D array.
- **RT\_BUFFER\_CUBEMAP** Enables creation of cubemaps. If this flag is set, Width must be equal to Height, and Depth must be six. If the RT\_BUFFER\_LAYERED flag is also set, then Depth must be a multiple of six

#### 7.4.2.3 enum RTbufferidnull

Sentinel values.

Enumerator

RT BUFFER ID NULL sentinel for describing a non-existent buffer id

#### 7.4.2.4 enum RTbuffermapflag

Buffer mapping flags.

Enumerator

RT\_BUFFER\_MAP\_READ Map buffer memory for reading.

RT\_BUFFER\_MAP\_READ\_WRITE Map buffer memory for both reading and writing.

RT\_BUFFER\_MAP\_WRITE Map buffer memory for writing.

**RT\_BUFFER\_MAP\_WRITE\_DISCARD** Map buffer memory for writing, with the previous contents being undefined.

## 7.4.2.5 enum RTbuffertype

Buffer type.

Enumerator

RT\_BUFFER\_INPUT Input buffer for the GPU.

RT BUFFER OUTPUT Output buffer for the GPU.

RT\_BUFFER\_INPUT\_OUTPUT Ouput/Input buffer for the GPU.

RT\_BUFFER\_PROGRESSIVE\_STREAM Progressive stream buffer.

#### 7.4.2.6 enum RTcommandlistidnull

Enumerator

RT COMMAND LIST ID NULL sentinel for describing a non-existent command list id

#### 7.4.2.7 enum RTcontextattribute

Context attributes.

Enumerator

```
RT_CONTEXT_ATTRIBUTE_MAX_TEXTURE_COUNT sizeof(int)
```

RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_CPU\_NUM\_THREADS sizeof(int)

RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_USED\_HOST\_MEMORY sizeof(RTsize)

RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_GPU\_PAGING\_ACTIVE sizeof(int)

RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_GPU\_PAGING\_FORCED\_OFF sizeof(int)

RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_DISK\_CACHE\_ENABLED sizeof(bool)

RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_PREFER\_FAST\_RECOMPILES sizeof(int)

RT\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE\_AVAILABLE\_DEVICE\_MEMORY sizeof(RTsize)

#### 7.4.2.8 enum RTdeviceattribute

Device attributes.

Enumerator

```
RT DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAX THREADS PER BLOCK Max Threads per Block.
```

RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CLOCK\_RATE Clock rate.

RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_MULTIPROCESSOR\_COUNT Multiprocessor count.

RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_EXECUTION\_TIMEOUT\_ENABLED Execution timeout enabled.

RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_MAX\_HARDWARE\_TEXTURE\_COUNT Hardware Texture count.

RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NAME Attribute Name.

RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_COMPUTE\_CAPABILITY Compute Capabilities.

RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_TOTAL\_MEMORY Total Memory.

RT DEVICE ATTRIBUTE TCC DRIVER sizeof(int)

RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CUDA\_DEVICE\_ORDINAL sizeof(int)

RT\_DEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_PCI\_BUS\_ID PCI Bus Id.

# 7.4.2.9 enum RTexception

Exceptions.

Enumerator

RT\_EXCEPTION\_PROGRAM\_ID\_INVALID Program ID not valid.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_TEXTURE\_ID\_INVALID Texture ID not valid.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_BUFFER\_ID\_INVALID Buffer ID not valid.

RT EXCEPTION INDEX OUT OF BOUNDS Index out of bounds.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_STACK\_OVERFLOW Stack overflow.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_BUFFER\_INDEX\_OUT\_OF\_BOUNDS Buffer index out of bounds.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_INVALID\_RAY Invalid ray.

RT EXCEPTION INTERNAL ERROR Internal error.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_USER User exception.

RT\_EXCEPTION\_ALL All exceptions.

#### 7.4.2.10 enum RTfiltermode

Filter mode.

Enumerator

RT\_FILTER\_NEAREST Nearest.
RT\_FILTER\_LINEAR Linear.
RT FILTER NONE No filter.

#### 7.4.2.11 enum RTformat

OptiX formats.

Enumerator

```
RT_FORMAT_UNKNOWN Format unknown.
RT_FORMAT_FLOAT Float.
RT_FORMAT_FLOAT2 sizeof(float)*2
RT_FORMAT_FLOAT3 sizeof(float)*3
RT_FORMAT_FLOAT4 sizeof(float)*4
RT_FORMAT_BYTE BYTE.
RT_FORMAT_BYTE2 sizeof(CHAR)*2
RT_FORMAT_BYTE3 sizeof(CHAR)*3
RT_FORMAT_BYTE4 sizeof(CHAR)*4
RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_BYTE UCHAR.
RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_BYTE2 sizeof(UCHAR)*2
RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_BYTE3 sizeof(UCHAR)*3
RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_BYTE4 sizeof(UCHAR)*4
RT_FORMAT_SHORT. SHORT.
RT_FORMAT_SHORT2 sizeof(SHORT)*2
RT_FORMAT_SHORT3 sizeof(SHORT)*3
RT_FORMAT_SHORT4 sizeof(SHORT)*4
RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_SHORT USHORT.
RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_SHORT2 sizeof(USHORT)*2
RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_SHORT3 sizeof(USHORT)*3
RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_SHORT4 sizeof(USHORT)*4
RT_FORMAT_INT INT.
RT FORMAT INT2 sizeof(INT)*2
RT_FORMAT_INT3 sizeof(INT)*3
RT_FORMAT_INT4 sizeof(INT)*4
RT FORMAT UNSIGNED INT sizeof(UINT)
RT FORMAT UNSIGNED INT2 sizeof(UINT)*2
RT_FORMAT_UNSIGNED_INT3 sizeof(UINT)*3
RT FORMAT UNSIGNED INT4 sizeof(UINT)*4
RT FORMAT USER User Format.
RT_FORMAT_BUFFER_ID Buffer Id.
RT_FORMAT_PROGRAM_ID Program Id.
RT_FORMAT_HALF half float
RT_FORMAT_HALF2 sizeof(half float)*2
RT_FORMAT_HALF3 sizeof(half float)*3
```

RT\_FORMAT\_HALF4 sizeof(half float)\*4

## 7.4.2.12 enum RTglobalattribute

Global attributes.

Enumerator

RT\_GLOBAL\_ATTRIBUTE\_EXPERIMENTAL\_EXECUTION\_STRATEGY sizeof(int)

## 7.4.2.13 enum RTgltarget

GL Target.

#### Enumerator

```
RT_TARGET_GL_TEXTURE_2D GL texture 2D.
```

RT\_TARGET\_GL\_TEXTURE\_RECTANGLE GL texture rectangle.

RT TARGET GL TEXTURE 3D GL texture 3D.

RT\_TARGET\_GL\_RENDER\_BUFFER GL render buffer.

RT\_TARGET\_GL\_TEXTURE\_1D GL texture 1D.

RT\_TARGET\_GL\_TEXTURE\_1D\_ARRAY GL array of 1D textures.

RT\_TARGET\_GL\_TEXTURE\_2D\_ARRAY GL array of 2D textures.

RT\_TARGET\_GL\_TEXTURE\_CUBE\_MAP GL cube map texture.

RT\_TARGET\_GL\_TEXTURE\_CUBE\_MAP\_ARRAY GL array of cube maps.

#### 7.4.2.14 enum RTmotionbordermode

Motion border modes.

## Enumerator

**RT\_MOTIONBORDERMODE\_CLAMP** Clamp outside of bounds. **RT\_MOTIONBORDERMODE\_VANISH** Vanish outside of bounds.

## 7.4.2.15 enum RTmotionkeytype

Motion key type.

#### Enumerator

RT\_MOTIONKEYTYPE\_NONE No motion keys set.

RT\_MOTIONKEYTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT12 Affine matrix format - 12 floats.

RT\_MOTIONKEYTYPE\_SRT\_FLOAT16 SRT format - 16 floats.

## 7.4.2.16 enum RTobjecttype

OptiX Object Types.

## Enumerator

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_UNKNOWN Object Type Unknown.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_GROUP Group Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_GEOMETRY\_GROUP Geometry Group Type.

```
RT_OBJECTTYPE_TRANSFORM Transform Type.
```

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_SELECTOR Selector Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_GEOMETRY\_INSTANCE Geometry Instance Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_BUFFER Buffer Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_TEXTURE\_SAMPLER Texture Sampler Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_OBJECT Object Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT2x2 Matrix Float 2x2.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT2x3 Matrix Float 2x3.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT2x4 Matrix Float 2x4.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT3x2 Matrix Float 3x2.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT3x3 Matrix Float 3x3.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT3x4 Matrix Float 3x4.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT4x2 Matrix Float 4x2.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT4x3 Matrix Float 4x3.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_MATRIX\_FLOAT4x4 Matrix Float 4x4.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_FLOAT Float Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_FLOAT2 Float2 Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_FLOAT3 Float3 Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_FLOAT4 Float4 Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_INT Integer Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_INT2 Integer2 Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_INT3 Integer3 Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_INT4 Integer4 Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_UNSIGNED\_INT Unsigned Integer Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_UNSIGNED\_INT2 Unsigned Integer2 Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_UNSIGNED\_INT3 Unsigned Integer3 Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_UNSIGNED\_INT4 Unsigned Integer4 Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_USER User Object Type.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_PROGRAM Object Type Program - Added in OptiX 3.0.

RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_COMMANDLIST Object Type Command List - Added in OptiX 5.0.

**RT\_OBJECTTYPE\_POSTPROCESSINGSTAGE** Object Type Postprocessing Stage - Added in OptiX 5.0.

## 7.4.2.17 enum RTpostprocessingstagenull

Enumerator

RT\_POSTPROCESSING\_STAGE\_ID\_NULL sentinel for describing a non-existent post-processing stage id

# 7.4.2.18 enum RTprogramidnull

Enumerator

RT PROGRAM ID NULL sentinel for describing a non-existent program id

#### 7.4.2.19 enum RTremotedeviceattribute

RemoteDevice attributes.

#### Enumerator

- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CLUSTER\_URL URL for the Cluster Manager.
- RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE HEAD NODE URL URL for the Head Node.
- **RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_CONFIGURATIONS** Number of available configurations.
- RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE STATUS Status.
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_TOTAL\_NODES Number of total nodes.
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_FREE\_NODES Number of free nodes.
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_RESERVED\_NODES Number of reserved nodes.
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NAME Name.
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_GPUS Number of GPUs.
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_GPU\_TOTAL\_MEMORY Total Memory (per GPU, in bytes)
- **RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CONFIGURATIONS** List of descriptions for the available configurations.

#### 7.4.2.20 enum RTremotedevicestatus

#### Enumerator

- RT REMOTEDEVICE STATUS READY RemoteDevice Status Ready.
- RT REMOTEDEVICE STATUS CONNECTED RemoteDevice Status Connected.
- RT REMOTEDEVICE STATUS RESERVED RemoteDevice Status Reserved.
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_STATUS\_DISCONNECTED RemoteDevice Status Disconnected.

## 7.4.2.21 enum RTresult

#### Result.

## Enumerator

- RT\_SUCCESS Success.
- RT\_TIMEOUT\_CALLBACK Timeout callback.
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT Invalid Context.
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE Invalid Value.
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED Timeout callback.
- RT ERROR TYPE MISMATCH Type Mismatch.
- RT\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_NOT\_FOUND Variable not found.
- RT ERROR VARIABLE REDECLARED Variable redeclared.
- RT\_ERROR\_ILLEGAL\_SYMBOL Illegal symbol.
- RT ERROR INVALID SOURCE Invalid source.
- RT\_ERROR\_VERSION\_MISMATCH Version mismatch.
- RT\_ERROR\_OBJECT\_CREATION\_FAILED Object creation failed.
- RT ERROR NO DEVICE No device.
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_DEVICE Invalid device.

- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_IMAGE Invalid image.
- RT ERROR FILE NOT FOUND File not found.
- RT\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_MAPPED Already mapped.
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_DRIVER\_VERSION Invalid driver version.
- RT\_ERROR\_CONTEXT\_CREATION\_FAILED Context creation failed.
- RT\_ERROR\_RESOURCE\_NOT\_REGISTERED Resource not registered.
- RT\_ERROR\_RESOURCE\_ALREADY\_REGISTERED Resource already registered.
- RT\_ERROR\_LAUNCH\_FAILED Launch failed.
- RT\_ERROR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED Not supported.
- RT\_ERROR\_CONNECTION\_FAILED Connection failed.
- RT\_ERROR\_AUTHENTICATION\_FAILED Authentication failed.
- RT\_ERROR\_CONNECTION\_ALREADY\_EXISTS Connection already exists.
- RT\_ERROR\_NETWORK\_LOAD\_FAILED Network component failed to load.
- RT\_ERROR\_NETWORK\_INIT\_FAILED Network initialization failed.
- RT\_ERROR\_CLUSTER\_NOT\_RUNNING No cluster is running.
- RT\_ERROR\_CLUSTER\_ALREADY\_RUNNING Cluster is already running.
- RT\_ERROR\_INSUFFICIENT\_FREE\_NODES Not enough free nodes.
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_GLOBAL\_ATTRIBUTE Invalid global attribute.
- RT\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN Error unknown.

#### 7.4.2.22 enum RTtextureidnull

Enumerator

RT\_TEXTURE\_ID\_NULL sentinel for describing a non-existent texture id

#### 7.4.2.23 enum RTtextureindexmode

Texture index mode.

Enumerator

RT\_TEXTURE\_INDEX\_NORMALIZED\_COORDINATES Texture Index normalized coordinates.

RT\_TEXTURE\_INDEX\_ARRAY\_INDEX Texture Index Array.

#### 7.4.2.24 enum RTtexturereadmode

Texture read mode.

Enumerator

- RT\_TEXTURE\_READ\_ELEMENT\_TYPE Read element type.
- RT\_TEXTURE\_READ\_NORMALIZED\_FLOAT Read normalized float.
- **RT\_TEXTURE\_READ\_ELEMENT\_TYPE\_SRGB** Read element type and apply sRGB to linear conversion during texture read for 8-bit integer buffer formats.
- **RT\_TEXTURE\_READ\_NORMALIZED\_FLOAT\_SRGB** Read normalized float and apply sRGB to linear conversion during texture read for 8-bit integer buffer formats.

# 7.4.2.25 enum RTwrapmode

Wrap mode.

Enumerator

```
RT_WRAP_REPEAT Wrap repeat.
RT_WRAP_CLAMP_TO_EDGE Clamp to edge.
RT_WRAP_MIRROR Mirror.
RT_WRAP_CLAMP_TO_BORDER Clamp to border.
```

# 7.5 optix\_defines.h File Reference

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum RTtransformkind {
        RT_WORLD_TO_OBJECT = 0xf00,
        RT_OBJECT_TO_WORLD }
    enum RTtransformflags { RT_INTERNAL_INVERSE_TRANSPOSE = 0x1000 }
```

## 7.5.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API.

Author

NVIDIA Corporation OptiX public API Reference - Definitions

# 7.5.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 7.5.2.1 enum RTtransformflags

Transform flags.

Enumerator

RT\_INTERNAL\_INVERSE\_TRANSPOSE Inverse transpose flag.

## 7.5.2.2 enum RTtransformkind

Transform type.

Enumerator

```
RT_WORLD_TO_OBJECT World to Object transformation. 
RT_OBJECT_TO_WORLD Object to World transformation.
```

# 7.6 optix device.h File Reference

#### **Classes**

- struct rtObject
- struct optix::bufferId< T, Dim >
- struct optix::bufferId< T, Dim >

#### **Macros**

- #define rtDeclareVariable(type, name, semantic, annotation)
- #define rtDeclareAnnotation(variable, annotation)
- #define rtCallableProgram(return\_type, function\_name, parameter\_list) rtDeclareVariable(optix::boundCallableProgramId<return\_type parameter\_list>, function\_name,,);
- #define rtBuffer \_\_device\_\_ optix::buffer
- #define rtBufferId optix::bufferId
- #define rtTextureSampler texture
- #define RT PROGRAM global
- #define rtCallableProgramId optix::callableProgramId
- #define rtCallableProgramX optix::boundCallableProgramId

## **Functions**

```
template<class T >
 static device void rtTrace (rtObject topNode, optix::Ray ray, T &prd)
• static device bool rtPotentialIntersection (float tmin)

    static __device__ bool rtReportIntersection (unsigned int material)

    static __device__ void rtlgnoreIntersection ()

    static device void rtTerminateRay ()

    static device void rtIntersectChild (unsigned int index)

    static __device__ float3 rtTransformPoint (RTtransformkind kind, const float3 &p)

• static device float3 rtTransformVector (RTtransformkind kind, const float3 &v)

    static device float3 rtTransformNormal (RTtransformkind kind, const float3 &n)

• static __device__ void rtGetTransform (RTtransformkind kind, float matrix[16])

    static device void rtThrow (unsigned int code)

    static device unsigned int rtGetExceptionCode ()

    static device void rtPrintExceptionDetails ()

    static device void rtPrintf (const char *fmt)

template<typename T1 >
 static device void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1)
• template<typename T1 , typename T2 >
 static __device__ void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2)

    template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3 >

 static __device__ void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3)
• template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4>
 static device void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4)
• template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5>
 static __device__ void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5)
```

• template<typename T >

\_\_device\_\_ T optix::rtTex1DFetch (rtTextureId id, int x)

device float4 optix::rtTex1DFetch (rtTextureId id, int x)

```
• template<typename T1 , typename T2 , typename T3 , typename T4 , typename T5 , typename T6 >
 static __device__ void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6
 arg6)
• template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6, typename T7>
 static __device__ void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6
 arg6, T7 arg7)
• template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6, typename T7,
 typename T8 >
 static device void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6
 arg6, T7 arg7, T8 arg8)
• template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6, typename T7,
 typename T8, typename T9 >
 static __device__ void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6
 arg6, T7 arg7, T8 arg8, T9 arg9)
• template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6, typename T7,
 typename T8, typename T9, typename T10 >
 static device void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6
 arg6, T7 arg7, T8 arg8, T9 arg9, T10 arg10)
• template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6, typename T7,
 typename T8 , typename T9 , typename T10 , typename T11 >
 static device void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6
 arg6, T7 arg7, T8 arg8, T9 arg9, T10 arg10, T11 arg11)
• template<typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6, typename T7,
 typename T8, typename T9, typename T10, typename T11, typename T12 >
 static device void rtPrintf (const char *fmt, T1 arg1, T2 arg2, T3 arg3, T4 arg4, T5 arg5, T6
 arg6, T7 arg7, T8 arg8, T9 arg9, T10 arg10, T11 arg11, T12 arg12)

    rtTextureId optix::id

    rtTextureId float optix::x

* optix::retVal = tmp

    rtTextureId float float optix::y

    rtTextureId float float float optix::z

    rtTextureId float float int optix::comp

    rtTextureId float float optix::dPdx

    rtTextureId float float float optix::dPdy

    rtTextureId float int optix::layer

    rtTextureId float float optix::level

    device uint3 optix::rtTexSize (rtTextureId id)

• template<typename T >
   device T optix::rtTex1D (rtTextureId id, float x)
template<>
  device float4 optix::rtTex1D (rtTextureId id, float x)
template<>
   device int4 optix::rtTex1D (rtTextureId id, float x)
template<>
    _device__ uint4 optix::rtTex1D (rtTextureId id, float x)

    optix:: OPTIX TEX FUNC DECLARE (rtTex1D,(rtTextureId id, float x),(id, x)) template

 typename T > inline __device__ void rtTex1D(T *retVal
```

```
template<>
   device int4 optix::rtTex1DFetch (rtTextureId id, int x)
template<>
  __device__ uint4 optix::rtTex1DFetch (rtTextureId id, int x)

    optix:: OPTIX TEX FUNC DECLARE (rtTex1DFetch,(rtTextureId id, int x),(id, x)) template

 typename T > inline device void rtTex1DFetch(T *retVal
template<typename T >
  __device__ T optix::rtTex2D (rtTextureId id, float x, float y)
template<>
            device
• template<>
   device int4 optix::rtTex2D (rtTextureId id, float x, float y)
template<>
 __device__ uint4 optix::rtTex2D (rtTextureId id, float x, float y)
• optix::_OPTIX_TEX_FUNC_DECLARE_ (rtTex2D,(rtTextureId id, float x, float y),(id, x, y))
 template < typename T > inline device void rtTex2D(T *retVal
template<typename T >
  __device__ T optix::rtTex2DFetch (rtTextureId id, int x, int y)
• template<>
            float4 optix::rtTex2DFetch (rtTextureId id, int x, int y)
   device
template<>
  __device__ int4 optix::rtTex2DFetch (rtTextureId id, int x, int y)
template<>
  _device__ uint4 optix::rtTex2DFetch (rtTextureId id, int x, int y)

    optix::_OPTIX_TEX_FUNC_DECLARE_ (rtTex2DFetch,(rtTextureId id, int x, int y),(id, x, y))

 template< typename T > inline __device__ void rtTex2DFetch(T *retVal

    template<tvpename T >

  __device__ T optix::rtTex3D (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z)
template<>
            float4 optix::rtTex3D (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z)
   device
template<>
 __device__ int4 optix::rtTex3D (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z)
template<>
   device uint4 optix::rtTex3D (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z)

    optix::_OPTIX_TEX_FUNC_DECLARE_ (rtTex3D,(rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z),(id, x, y,

 z)) template< typename T > inline __device__ void rtTex3D(T *retVal
• template<typename T >
  device T optix::rtTex3DFetch (rtTextureId id, int x, int y, int z)
template<>
   device
            template<>
  __device__ int4 optix::rtTex3DFetch (rtTextureId id, int x, int y, int z)
template<>
   _device__ uint4 optix::rtTex3DFetch (rtTextureId id, int x, int y, int z)
• optix::_OPTIX_TEX_FUNC_DECLARE_ (rtTex3DFetch,(rtTextureId id, int x, int y, int z),(id, x, y,
 z)) template< typename T > inline __device__ void rtTex3DFetch(T *retVal
template<typename T >
   device T optix::rtTex2DGather (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int comp=0)
template<>
            _ float4 optix::rtTex2DGather (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int comp)
   device
template<>
 device int4 optix::rtTex2DGather (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int comp)
```

float2 dPdy)

```
template<>
  device uint4 optix::rtTex2DGather (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int comp)
• optix:: OPTIX TEX FUNC DECLARE (rtTex2DGather,(rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int
 comp),(id, x, y, comp)) template < typename T > inline device void rtTex2DGather(T *retVal
template<>
   device float4 optix::rtTex1DGrad (rtTextureld id, float x, float dPdx, float dPdy)
   device int4 optix::rtTex1DGrad (rtTextureId id, float x, float dPdx, float dPdy)
template<>
  device uint4 optix::rtTex1DGrad (rtTextureld id, float x, float dPdx, float dPdy)

    optix:_OPTIX_TEX_FUNC_DECLARE_ (rtTex1DGrad,(rtTextureId id, float x, float dPdx, float

 dPdy),(id, x, dPdx, dPdy)) template< typename T > inline __device__ void rtTex1DGrad(T *retVal
• template<typename T >
  device T optix::rtTex2DGrad (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float2 dPdx, float2 dPdy)
            _ float4 optix::rtTex2DGrad (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float2 dPdx, float2 dPdy)
   device

    template<>

  device int4 optix::rtTex2DGrad (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float2 dPdx, float2 dPdy)
template<>
  __device__ uint4 optix::rtTex2DGrad (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float2 dPdx, float2 dPdy)

    optix:: OPTIX TEX FUNC DECLARE (rtTex2DGrad,(rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float2

 dPdx, float2 dPdy),(id, x, y, dPdx, dPdy)) template< typename T > inline device void
 rtTex2DGrad(T *retVal
template<typename T >
  __device__ T optix::rtTex3DGrad (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z, float4 dPdx, float4 dPdy)
template<>
    device float4 optix::rtTex3DGrad (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, float4 dPdx, float4
 dPdy)
template<>
   device int4 optix::rtTex3DGrad (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, float4 dPdx, float4
 dPdy)
template<>
    device uint4 optix::rtTex3DGrad (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, float4 dPdx, float4
 dPdy)
• optix:: OPTIX TEX FUNC DECLARE (rtTex3DGrad,(rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z,
 float4 dPdx, float4 dPdy),(id, x, y, z, dPdx, dPdy)) template < typename T > inline device
 void rtTex3DGrad(T *retVal
template<typename T >
  device T optix::rtTex1DLayeredGrad (rtTextureId id, float x, int layer, float dPdx, float dPdy)
    device float4 optix::rtTex1DLayeredGrad (rtTextureId id, float x, int layer, float dPdx, float
 dPdy)
template<>
    device int4 optix::rtTex1DLayeredGrad (rtTextureld id, float x, int layer, float dPdx, float
 dPdy)
template<>
    _device__ uint4 optix::rtTex1DLayeredGrad (rtTextureId id, float x, int layer, float dPdx, float
 dPdy)
• optix:: OPTIX TEX FUNC DECLARE (rtTex1DLayeredGrad,(rtTextureId id, float x, int layer,
 float dPdx, float dPdy),(id, x, layer, dPdx, dPdy)) template< typename T > inline ___device__ void
 rtTex1DLayeredGrad(T *retVal
template<typename T >
    _device__ T optix::rtTex2DLayeredGrad (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int layer, float2 dPdx,
```

```
template<>
    device float4 optix::rtTex2DLayeredGrad (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int layer, float2
 dPdx, float2 dPdy)
template<>
    device_
            int4 optix::rtTex2DLayeredGrad (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int layer, float2 dPdx,
 float2 dPdv)
template<>
   _device__ uint4 optix::rtTex2DLayeredGrad (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int layer, float2
 dPdx, float2 dPdy)
• optix::_OPTIX_TEX_FUNC_DECLARE_ (rtTex2DLayeredGrad,(rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int
 layer, float2 dPdx, float2 dPdy),(id, x, y, layer, dPdx, dPdy)) template< typename T > inline
   _device___ void rtTex2DLayeredGrad(T *retVal
template<typename T >
  device T optix::rtTex1DLod (rtTextureId id, float x, float level)
template<>
  device float4 optix::rtTex1DLod (rtTextureId id, float x, float level)
template<>
   _device__ int4 optix::rtTex1DLod (rtTextureId id, float x, float level)
• template<>
  device uint4 optix::rtTex1DLod (rtTextureId id, float x, float level)

    optix::_OPTIX_TEX_FUNC_DECLARE_ (rtTex1DLod,(rtTextureld id, float x, float level),(id, x,

 level)) template< typename T > inline __device__ void rtTex1DLod(T *retVal
• template<typename T >
   device T optix::rtTex2DLod (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float level)
template<>
  __device__ float4 optix::rtTex2DLod (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float level)
template<>
   device int4 optix::rtTex2DLod (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float level)
template<>
  _device_ uint4 optix::rtTex2DLod (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float leveI)
• optix:: OPTIX TEX FUNC DECLARE (rtTex2DLod,(rtTextureId id. float x, float y, float
 level),(id, x, y, level)) template< typename T > inline device void rtTex2DLod(T *retVal
template<typename T >
  device T optix::rtTex3DLod (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, float level)
template<>
  device float4 optix::rtTex3DLod (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, float level)
template<>
            int4 optix::rtTex3DLod (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z, float level)
   device
template<>
  _device__ uint4 optix::rtTex3DLod (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z, float level)
• optix:: OPTIX TEX FUNC DECLARE (rtTex3DLod,(rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z, float
 level),(id, x, y, z, level)) template< typename T > inline __device__ void rtTex3DLod(T *retVal
• template<typename T >
   _device__ T optix::rtTex1DLayeredLod (rtTextureId id, float x, int layer, float level)
template<>
  device float4 optix::rtTex1DLayeredLod (rtTextureId id, float x, int layer, float level)
template<>
   device
            int4 optix::rtTex1DLayeredLod (rtTextureId id, float x, int layer, float level)
template<>
  device uint4 optix::rtTex1DLayeredLod (rtTextureld id, float x, int layer, float level)

    optix:: OPTIX TEX FUNC DECLARE (rtTex1DLayeredLod,(rtTextureId id, float x, int layer,

 float level),(id, x, layer, level)) template< typename T > inline __device__ void
 rtTex1DLayeredLod(T *retVal
```

```
template<typename T >
  device T optix::rtTex2DLayeredLod (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, int layer, float level)
template<>
  device float4 optix::rtTex2DLayeredLod (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, int layer, float level)
template<>
   device int4 optix::rtTex2DLayeredLod (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, int layer, float level)
template<>
  __device__ uint4 optix::rtTex2DLayeredLod (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int layer, float level)

    optix::_OPTIX_TEX_FUNC_DECLARE_ (rtTex2DLayeredLod,(rtTextureld id, float x, float y, int

 layer, float level),(id, x, y, layer, level)) template< typename T > inline __device__ void
 rtTex2DLayeredLod(T *retVal
template<typename T >
   device T optix::rtTex1DLayered (rtTextureId id, float x, int layer)
template<>
  __device__ float4 optix::rtTex1DLayered (rtTextureId id, float x, int layer)
template<>
  device int4 optix::rtTex1DLayered (rtTextureId id, float x, int layer)
template<>
  __device__ uint4 optix::rtTex1DLayered (rtTextureId id, float x, int layer)

    optix:: OPTIX TEX FUNC DECLARE (rtTex1DLayered,(rtTextureld id, float x, int layer),(id, x,

 layer)) template< typename T > inline device void rtTex1DLayered(T *retVal
• template<typename T >
  __device__ T optix::rtTex2DLayered (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int layer)
template<>
  __device___ float4 optix::rtTex2DLayered (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int layer)
template<>
   device
             int4 optix::rtTex2DLayered (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int layer)
template<>
  __device__ uint4 optix::rtTex2DLayered (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, int layer)
• optix:: OPTIX TEX FUNC DECLARE (rtTex2DLayered,(rtTextureld id, float x, float y, int
 layer),(id, x, y, layer)) template< typename T > inline __device__ void rtTex2DLayered(T *retVal
template<typename T >
  _device__ T optix::rtTexCubemap (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z)
template<>
  device float4 optix::rtTexCubemap (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z)
template<>
  device int4 optix::rtTexCubemap (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z)
template<>
  __device__ uint4 optix::rtTexCubemap (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z)

    optix::_OPTIX_TEX_FUNC_DECLARE_ (rtTexCubemap,(rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float

 z),(id, x, y, z)) template< typename T > inline __device__ void rtTexCubemap(T *retVal
template<typename T >
  device T optix::rtTexCubemapLayered (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z, int layer)
template<>
  __device__ float4 optix::rtTexCubemapLayered (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z, int layer)
template<>
   device
             int4 optix::rtTexCubemapLayered (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, int layer)
template<>
  __device__ uint4 optix::rtTexCubemapLayered (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z, int layer)

    optix::_OPTIX_TEX_FUNC_DECLARE_ (rtTexCubemapLayered,(rtTextureId id, float x, float y,

 float z, int layer),(id, x, y, z, layer)) template< typename T > inline device void
 rtTexCubemapLayered(T *retVal
```

template<typename T > T optix::rtTexCubemapLod (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z, float level) device template<> device float4 optix::rtTexCubemapLod (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, float level) template<> device int4 optix::rtTexCubemapLod (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, float level) template<> \_\_device\_\_ uint4 optix::rtTexCubemapLod (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, float level) • optix::\_OPTIX\_TEX\_FUNC\_DECLARE\_ (rtTexCubemapLod,(rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, float level),(id, x, y, z, level)) template< typename T > inline \_\_device\_\_ void rtTexCubemapLod(T \*retVal template<typename T > device T optix::rtTexCubemapLayeredLod (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, int layer, float level) • template<> device float4 optix::rtTexCubemapLayeredLod (rtTextureId id, float x, float y, float z, int layer, float level) template<> device int4 optix::rtTexCubemapLayeredLod (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, int layer, float level) template<> \_device\_\_ uint4 optix::rtTexCubemapLayeredLod (rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, int layer, float level) • optix:: OPTIX TEX FUNC DECLARE (rtTexCubemapLayeredLod,(rtTextureld id, float x, float y, float z, int layer, float level),(id, x, y, z, layer, level)) template< typename T > inline \_\_\_device\_

#### 7.6.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API.

Author

NVIDIA Corporation OptiX public API Reference - Host/Device side

## 7.7 optix\_gl\_interop.h File Reference

void rtTexCubemapLayeredLod(T \*retVal

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferCreateFromGLBO (RTcontext context, unsigned int bufferdesc, unsigned int glld, RTbuffer \*buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerCreateFromGLImage (RTcontext context, unsigned int glld, RTgltarget target, RTtexturesampler \*textureSampler)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetGLBOId (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int \*glld)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetGLImageId (RTtexturesampler textureSampler, unsigned int \*gIId)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGLRegister (RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGLUnregister (RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGLRegister (RTtexturesampler textureSampler)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGLUnregister (RTtexturesampler textureSampler)
- RTresult RTAPI rtDeviceGetWGLDevice (int \*device, HGPUNV gpu)

## 7.7.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API declarations GLInterop.

#### Author

NVIDIA Corporation OptiX public API declarations for GL interoperability

# 7.8 optix\_host.h File Reference

## **Typedefs**

- typedef struct RTacceleration api \* RTacceleration
- typedef struct RTbuffer\_api \* RTbuffer
- typedef struct RTcontext api \* RTcontext
- typedef struct RTgeometry\_api \* RTgeometry
- typedef struct RTgeometryinstance\_api \* RTgeometryinstance
- typedef struct RTgeometrygroup\_api \* RTgeometrygroup
- typedef struct RTgroup\_api \* RTgroup
- typedef struct RTmaterial\_api \* RTmaterial
- typedef struct RTprogram\_api \* RTprogram
- typedef struct RTselector\_api \* RTselector
- typedef struct RTtexturesampler\_api \* RTtexturesampler
- typedef struct RTtransform\_api \* RTtransform
- typedef struct RTvariable\_api \* RTvariable
- typedef void \* RTobject
- typedef struct RTremotedevice api \* RTremotedevice
- typedef struct RTpostprocessingstage\_api \* RTpostprocessingstage
- typedef struct RTcommandlist\_api \* RTcommandlist
- typedef int(\* RTtimeoutcallback )(void)
- typedef void(\* RTusagereportcallback )(int, const char \*, const char \*, void \*)

#### **Functions**

- RTresult RTAPI rtGetVersion (unsigned int \*version)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGlobalSetAttribute (RTglobalattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGlobalGetAttribute (RTglobalattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- RTresult RTAPI rtDeviceGetDeviceCount (unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtDeviceGetAttribute (int ordinal, RTdeviceattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetObject (RTvariable v, RTobject object)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetUserData (RTvariable v, RTsize size, const void \*ptr)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetObject (RTvariable v, RTobject \*object)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetUserData (RTvariable v, RTsize size, void \*ptr)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetName (RTvariable v, const char \*\*name return)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetAnnotation (RTvariable v, const char \*\*annotation\_return)

- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetType (RTvariable v, RTobjecttype \*type\_return)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetContext (RTvariable v, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetSize (RTvariable v, RTsize \*size)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextCreate (RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextDestroy (RTcontext context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextValidate (RTcontext context)
- void RTAPI rtContextGetErrorString (RTcontext context, RTresult code, const char \*\*return\_string)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetAttribute (RTcontext context, RTcontextattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetAttribute (RTcontext context, RTcontextattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetDevices (RTcontext context, unsigned int count, const int \*devices)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetDevices (RTcontext context, int \*devices)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetDeviceCount (RTcontext context, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetRemoteDevice (RTcontext context, RTremotedevice remote\_dev)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetStackSize (RTcontext context, RTsize stack\_size\_bytes)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetStackSize (RTcontext context, RTsize \*stack\_size\_bytes)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetTimeoutCallback (RTcontext context, RTtimeoutcallback callback, double min\_polling\_seconds)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetUsageReportCallback (RTcontext context, RTusagereportcallback callback, int verbosity, void \*cbdata)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetEntryPointCount (RTcontext context, unsigned int num\_entry\_points)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetEntryPointCount (RTcontext context, unsigned int \*num\_entry\_points)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetRayGenerationProgram (RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetRayGenerationProgram (RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetExceptionProgram (RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetExceptionProgram (RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetExceptionEnabled (RTcontext context, RTexception exception, intenabled)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetExceptionEnabled (RTcontext context, RTexception exception, int \*enabled)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetRayTypeCount (RTcontext context, unsigned int num\_ray\_types)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetRayTypeCount (RTcontext context, unsigned int \*num ray types)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetMissProgram (RTcontext context, unsigned int ray\_type\_index, RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetMissProgram (RTcontext context, unsigned int ray\_type\_index, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetTextureSamplerFromId (RTcontext context, int sampler\_id, RTtexturesampler \*sampler)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextCompile (RTcontext context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextLaunch1D (RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTsize width)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextLaunch2D (RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTsize width, RTsize height)

- RTresult RTAPI rtContextLaunch3D (RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTsize width, RTsize height, RTsize depth)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetRunningState (RTcontext context, int \*running)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextLaunchProgressive2D (RTcontext context, unsigned int entry\_index, RTsize width, RTsize height, unsigned int max\_subframes)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextStopProgressive (RTcontext context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetPrintEnabled (RTcontext context, int enabled)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetPrintEnabled (RTcontext context, int \*enabled)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetPrintBufferSize (RTcontext context, RTsize buffer size bytes)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetPrintBufferSize (RTcontext context, RTsize \*buffer\_size\_bytes)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextSetPrintLaunchIndex (RTcontext context, int x, int y, int z)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetPrintLaunchIndex (RTcontext context, int \*x, int \*y, int \*z)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextDeclareVariable (RTcontext context, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextQueryVariable (RTcontext context, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextRemoveVariable (RTcontext context, RTvariable v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetVariableCount (RTcontext context, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetVariable (RTcontext context, unsigned int index, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramCreateFromPTXString (RTcontext context, const char \*ptx, const char \*program\_name, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramCreateFromPTXFile (RTcontext context, const char \*filename, const char \*program\_name, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramDestroy (RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramValidate (RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramGetContext (RTprogram program, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramDeclareVariable (RTprogram program, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramQueryVariable (RTprogram program, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramRemoveVariable (RTprogram program, RTvariable v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramGetVariableCount (RTprogram program, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramGetVariable (RTprogram program, unsigned int index, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtProgramGetId (RTprogram program, int \*program id)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetProgramFromId (RTcontext context, int program\_id, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupCreate (RTcontext context, RTgroup \*group)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupDestroy (RTgroup group)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupValidate (RTgroup group)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetContext (RTgroup group, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupSetAcceleration (RTgroup group, RTacceleration acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetAcceleration (RTgroup group, RTacceleration \*acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupSetChildCount (RTgroup group, unsigned int count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetChildCount (RTgroup group, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupSetChild (RTgroup group, unsigned int index, RTobject child)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetChild (RTgroup group, unsigned int index, RTobject \*child)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGroupGetChildType (RTgroup group, unsigned int index, RTobjecttype \*type)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorCreate (RTcontext context, RTselector \*selector)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorDestroy (RTselector selector)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorValidate (RTselector selector)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetContext (RTselector selector, RTcontext \*context)

- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorSetVisitProgram (RTselector selector, RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetVisitProgram (RTselector selector, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorSetChildCount (RTselector selector, unsigned int count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetChildCount (RTselector selector, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorSetChild (RTselector selector, unsigned int index, RTobject child)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetChild (RTselector selector, unsigned int index, RTobject \*child)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetChildType (RTselector selector, unsigned int index, RTobjecttype \*type)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorDeclareVariable (RTselector selector, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorQueryVariable (RTselector selector, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorRemoveVariable (RTselector selector, RTvariable v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetVariableCount (RTselector selector, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtSelectorGetVariable (RTselector selector, unsigned int index, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformCreate (RTcontext context, RTtransform \*transform)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformDestroy (RTtransform transform)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformValidate (RTtransform transform)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetContext (RTtransform transform, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetMatrix (RTtransform transform, int transpose, const float \*matrix, const float \*inverse\_matrix)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMatrix (RTtransform transform, int transpose, float \*matrix, float \*inverse matrix)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetMotionRange (RTtransform transform, float timeBegin, float timeEnd)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionRange (RTtransform transform, float \*timeBegin, float \*timeEnd)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetMotionBorderMode (RTtransform transform, RTmotionbordermode beginMode, RTmotionbordermode endMode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionBorderMode (RTtransform transform, RTmotionbordermode \*beginMode, RTmotionbordermode \*endMode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetMotionKeys (RTtransform transform, unsigned int n, RTmotionkeytype type, const float \*keys)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionKeyType (RTtransform transform, RTmotionkeytype \*type)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionKeyCount (RTtransform transform, unsigned int \*n)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetMotionKeys (RTtransform transform, float \*keys)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformSetChild (RTtransform transform, RTobject child)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetChild (RTtransform transform, RTobject \*child)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTransformGetChildType (RTtransform transform, RTobjecttype \*type)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupCreate (RTcontext context, RTgeometrygroup \*geometrygroup)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupDestroy (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupValidate (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupGetContext (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupSetAcceleration (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, RTacceleration acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupGetAcceleration (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, RTacceleration \*acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupSetChildCount (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, unsigned int count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupGetChildCount (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, unsigned int \*count)

- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupSetChild (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, unsigned int index, RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGroupGetChild (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, unsigned int index, RTgeometryinstance \*geometryinstance)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationCreate (RTcontext context, RTacceleration \*acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationDestroy (RTacceleration acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationValidate (RTacceleration acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetContext (RTacceleration acceleration, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationSetBuilder (RTacceleration acceleration, const char \*builder)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetBuilder (RTacceleration acceleration, const char \*\*return\_string)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationSetTraverser (RTacceleration acceleration, const char \*traverser)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetTraverser (RTacceleration acceleration, const char \*\*return string)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationSetProperty (RTacceleration acceleration, const char \*name, const char \*value)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetProperty (RTacceleration acceleration, const char \*name, const char \*\*return string)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetDataSize (RTacceleration acceleration, RTsize \*size)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetData (RTacceleration acceleration, void \*data)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationSetData (RTacceleration acceleration, const void \*data, RTsize size)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationMarkDirty (RTacceleration acceleration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationIsDirty (RTacceleration acceleration, int \*dirty)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceCreate (RTcontext context, RTgeometryinstance \*geometryinstance)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceDestroy (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceValidate (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetContext (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceSetGeometry (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, RTgeometry geometry)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetGeometry (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, RTgeometry)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterialCount (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterialCount (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceSetMaterial (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int index, RTmaterial material)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetMaterial (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int index, RTmaterial \*material)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceDeclareVariable (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceQueryVariable (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceRemoveVariable (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, RTvariable v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetVariableCount (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int \*count)

- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryInstanceGetVariable (RTgeometryinstance geometryinstance, unsigned int index, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryCreate (RTcontext context, RTgeometry \*geometry)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryDestroy (RTgeometry geometry)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryValidate (RTgeometry geometry)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetContext (RTgeometry geometry, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetPrimitiveCount (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int num primitives)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetPrimitiveCount (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int \*num\_primitives)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetPrimitiveIndexOffset (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int index\_offset)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetPrimitiveIndexOffset (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int \*index offset)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetMotionRange (RTgeometry geometry, float timeBegin, float timeEnd)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetMotionRange (RTgeometry geometry, float \*timeBegin, float \*timeEnd)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetMotionBorderMode (RTgeometry geometry, RTmotionbordermode beginMode, RTmotionbordermode endMode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetMotionBorderMode (RTgeometry geometry, RTmotionbordermode \*beginMode, RTmotionbordermode \*endMode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetMotionSteps (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int n)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetMotionSteps (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int \*n)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetBoundingBoxProgram (RTgeometry geometry, RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetBoundingBoxProgram (RTgeometry geometry, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometrySetIntersectionProgram (RTgeometry geometry, RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetIntersectionProgram (RTgeometry geometry, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryMarkDirty (RTgeometry geometry)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryIsDirty (RTgeometry geometry, int \*dirty)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryDeclareVariable (RTgeometry geometry, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryQueryVariable (RTgeometry geometry, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryRemoveVariable (RTgeometry geometry, RTvariable v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetVariableCount (RTgeometry, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryGetVariable (RTgeometry geometry, unsigned int index, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialCreate (RTcontext context, RTmaterial \*material)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialDestroy (RTmaterial material)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialValidate (RTmaterial material)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetContext (RTmaterial material, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialSetClosestHitProgram (RTmaterial material, unsigned int ray\_type\_index, RTprogram program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetClosestHitProgram (RTmaterial material, unsigned int ray\_type\_index, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialSetAnyHitProgram (RTmaterial material, unsigned int ray\_type\_index, RTprogram program)

- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetAnyHitProgram (RTmaterial material, unsigned int ray\_type\_index, RTprogram \*program)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialDeclareVariable (RTmaterial material, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialQueryVariable (RTmaterial material, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialRemoveVariable (RTmaterial material, RTvariable v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetVariableCount (RTmaterial material, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtMaterialGetVariable (RTmaterial material, unsigned int index, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerCreate (RTcontext context, RTtexturesampler \*texturesampler)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerDestroy (RTtexturesampler texturesampler)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerValidate (RTtexturesampler texturesampler)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetContext (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelCount (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int num mip levels)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelCount (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int \*num\_mip\_levels)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetArraySize (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int num\_textures\_in\_array)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetArraySize (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int \*num textures in array)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetWrapMode (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int dimension, RTwrapmode wrapmode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetWrapMode (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int dimension, RTwrapmode \*wrapmode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetFilteringModes (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTfiltermode minification, RTfiltermode magnification, RTfiltermode mipmapping)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetFilteringModes (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTfiltermode \*minification, RTfiltermode \*magnification, RTfiltermode \*mipmapping)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetMaxAnisotropy (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, float value)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetMaxAnisotropy (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, float \*value)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelClamp (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, float minLevel, float maxLevel)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelClamp (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, float \*minLevel, float \*maxLevel)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelBias (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, float value)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelBias (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, float \*value)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetReadMode (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTtexturereadmode readmode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetReadMode (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTtexturereadmode \*readmode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetIndexingMode (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTtextureindexmode indexmode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetIndexingMode (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, RTtextureindexmode \*indexmode)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetBuffer (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int deprecated0, unsigned int deprecated1, RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetBuffer (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int deprecated0, unsigned int deprecated1, RTbuffer \*buffer)

- RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetId (RTtexturesampler texturesampler, int \*texture\_id)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferCreate (RTcontext context, unsigned int bufferdesc, RTbuffer \*buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferDestroy (RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferValidate (RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetContext (RTbuffer buffer, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetFormat (RTbuffer buffer, RTformat format)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetFormat (RTbuffer buffer, RTformat \*format)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetElementSize (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize size of element)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetElementSize (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize \*size of element)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetSize1D (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize width)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetSize1D (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize \*width)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetSize2D (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize width, RTsize height)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetSize2D (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize \*width, RTsize \*height)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetSize3D (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize width, RTsize height, RTsize depth)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetMipLevelCount (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int levels)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetSize3D (RTbuffer buffer, RTsize \*width, RTsize \*height, RTsize \*depth)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetMipLevelSize1D (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int level, RTsize \*width)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetMipLevelSize2D (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int level, RTsize \*width, RTsize \*height)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetMipLevelSize3D (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int level, RTsize \*width, RTsize \*height, RTsize \*depth)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetSizev (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int dimensionality, const RTsize \*dims)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetSizev (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int dimensionality, RTsize \*dims)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetDimensionality (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int \*dimensionality)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetMipLevelCount (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int \*level)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferMap (RTbuffer buffer, void \*\*user pointer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferUnmap (RTbuffer buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferMapEx (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int map\_flags, unsigned int level, void \*user owned, void \*\*optix owned)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferUnmapEx (RTbuffer buffer, unsigned int level)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetId (RTbuffer buffer, int \*buffer id)
- RTresult RTAPI rtContextGetBufferFromId (RTcontext context, int buffer id, RTbuffer \*buffer)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetProgressiveUpdateReady (RTbuffer buffer, int \*ready, unsigned int \*subframe\_count, unsigned int \*max\_subframes)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferBindProgressiveStream (RTbuffer stream, RTbuffer source)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferSetAttribute (RTbuffer buffer, RTbufferattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- RTresult RTAPI rtBufferGetAttribute (RTbuffer buffer, RTbufferattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- RTresult RTAPI rtRemoteDeviceCreate (const char \*url, const char \*username, const char \*password, RTremotedevice \*remote\_dev)
- RTresult RTAPI rtRemoteDeviceDestroy (RTremotedevice remote\_dev)
- RTresult RTAPI rtRemoteDeviceGetAttribute (RTremotedevice remote\_dev, RTremotedeviceattribute attrib, RTsize size, void \*p)
- RTresult RTAPI rtRemoteDeviceReserve (RTremotedevice remote\_dev, unsigned int num\_nodes, unsigned int configuration)
- RTresult RTAPI rtRemoteDeviceRelease (RTremotedevice remote dev)
- RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin (RTcontext context, const char \*builtin\_name, RTpostprocessingstage \*stage)

- RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageDestroy (RTpostprocessingstage stage)
- RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageDeclareVariable (RTpostprocessingstage stage, const char \*name, RTvariable \*v)
- RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageGetContext (RTpostprocessingstage stage, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageQueryVariable (RTpostprocessingstage stage, const char \*name, RTvariable \*variable)
- RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageGetVariableCount (RTpostprocessingstage stage, unsigned int \*count)
- RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageGetVariable (RTpostprocessingstage stage, unsigned int index, RTvariable \*variable)
- RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListCreate (RTcontext context, RTcommandlist \*list)
- RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListDestroy (RTcommandlist list)
- RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListAppendPostprocessingStage (RTcommandlist list, RTpostprocessingstage stage, RTsize launch\_width, RTsize launch\_height)
- RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListAppendLaunch2D (RTcommandlist list, unsigned int entry\_point\_index, RTsize launch\_width, RTsize launch\_height)
- RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListFinalize (RTcommandlist list)
- RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListExecute (RTcommandlist list)
- RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListGetContext (RTcommandlist list, RTcontext \*context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1f (RTvariable v, float f1)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2f (RTvariable v, float f1, float f2)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3f (RTvariable v, float f1, float f2, float f3)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4f (RTvariable v, float f1, float f2, float f3, float f4)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1fv (RTvariable v, const float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2fv (RTvariable v, const float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3fv (RTvariable v, const float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4fv (RTvariable v, const float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1i (RTvariable v, int i1)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2i (RTvariable v, int i1, int i2)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3i (RTvariable v, int i1, int i2, int i3)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4i (RTvariable v, int i1, int i2, int i3, int i4)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1iv (RTvariable v, const int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2iv (RTvariable v, const int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3iv (RTvariable v, const int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4iv (RTvariable v, const int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int u1)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int u1, unsigned int u2)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int u1, unsigned int u2, unsigned int u3)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int u1, unsigned int u2, unsigned int u3, unsigned int u4)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet1uiv (RTvariable v, const unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet2uiv (RTvariable v, const unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet3uiv (RTvariable v, const unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSet4uiv (RTvariable v, const unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix2x2fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix2x3fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix2x4fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)

- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix3x2fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix3x3fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix3x4fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix4x2fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix4x3fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableSetMatrix4x4fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, const float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1f (RTvariable v, float \*f1)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2f (RTvariable v, float \*f1, float \*f2)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3f (RTvariable v, float \*f1, float \*f2, float \*f3)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4f (RTvariable v, float \*f1, float \*f2, float \*f3, float \*f4)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1fv (RTvariable v, float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2fv (RTvariable v, float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3fv (RTvariable v, float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4fv (RTvariable v, float \*f)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1i (RTvariable v, int \*i1)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2i (RTvariable v, int \*i1, int \*i2)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3i (RTvariable v, int \*i1, int \*i2, int \*i3)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4i (RTvariable v, int \*i1, int \*i2, int \*i3, int \*i4)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1iv (RTvariable v, int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2iv (RTvariable v, int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3iv (RTvariable v, int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4iv (RTvariable v, int \*i)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u1)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u1, unsigned int \*u2)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u1, unsigned int \*u2, unsigned int \*u3)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4ui (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u1, unsigned int \*u2, unsigned int \*u3, unsigned int \*u4)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet1uiv (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet2uiv (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet3uiv (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGet4uiv (RTvariable v, unsigned int \*u)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix2x2fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix2x3fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix2x4fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix3x2fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix3x3fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix3x4fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix4x2fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix4x3fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)
- RTresult RTAPI rtVariableGetMatrix4x4fv (RTvariable v, int transpose, float \*m)

## 7.8.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API.

Author

NVIDIA Corporation OptiX public API Reference - Host side

## 7.8.2 Typedef Documentation

## 7.8.2.1 typedef struct RTacceleration\_api\* RTacceleration

Opaque type to handle Acceleration Structures - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

## 7.8.2.2 typedef struct RTbuffer\_api\* RTbuffer

Opaque type to handle Buffers - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

## 7.8.2.3 typedef struct RTcommandlist\_api\* RTcommandlist

Opaque type to handle CommandList - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

## 7.8.2.4 typedef struct RTcontext\_api\* RTcontext

Opaque type to handle Contexts - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

## 7.8.2.5 typedef struct RTgeometry\_api\* RTgeometry

Opaque type to handle Geometry - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

#### 7.8.2.6 typedef struct RTgeometrygroup\_api\* RTgeometrygroup

Opaque type to handle Geometry Group - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

# 7.8.2.7 typedef struct RTgeometryinstance\_api\* RTgeometryinstance

Opaque type to handle Geometry Instance - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

## 7.8.2.8 typedef struct RTgroup api\* RTgroup

Opaque type to handle Group - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

#### 7.8.2.9 typedef struct RTmaterial api\* RTmaterial

Opaque type to handle Material - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

## 7.8.2.10 typedef void\* RTobject

Opaque type to handle Object - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

## 7.8.2.11 typedef struct RTpostprocessingstage\_api\* RTpostprocessingstage

Opaque type to handle PostprocessingStage - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

## 7.8.2.12 typedef struct RTprogram\_api\* RTprogram

Opaque type to handle Program - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

## 7.8.2.13 typedef struct RTremotedevice api\* RTremotedevice

Opaque type to handle RemoteDevice - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

# 7.8.2.14 typedef struct RTselector\_api\* RTselector

Opaque type to handle Selector - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

# 7.8.2.15 typedef struct RTtexturesampler\_api\* RTtexturesampler

Opaque type to handle Texture Sampler - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

## 7.8.2.16 typedef int(\* RTtimeoutcallback)(void)

Callback signature for use with rtContextSetTimeoutCallback. Return 1 to ask for abort, 0 to continue.

## 7.8.2.17 typedef struct RTtransform api\* RTtransform

Opaque type to handle Transform - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

## 7.8.2.18 typedef void(\* RTusagereportcallback)(int, const char \*, const char \*, void \*)

Callback signature for use with rtContextSetUsageReportCallback.

# 7.8.2.19 typedef struct RTvariable\_api\* RTvariable

Opaque type to handle Variable - Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged

#### 7.8.3 Function Documentation

# 7.8.3.1 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetData ( RTacceleration acceleration,

void \* data )

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0.

Should not be called.

# 7.8.3.2 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetDataSize (

RTacceleration acceleration,

RTsize \* size )

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0.

Should not be called.

#### 7.8.3.3 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationGetTraverser (

RTacceleration acceleration, const char \*\* return\_string )

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0.

# 7.8.3.4 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationSetData (

RTacceleration acceleration, const void \* data, RTsize size )

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0.

Should not be called.

#### 7.8.3.5 RTresult RTAPI rtAccelerationSetTraverser (

RTacceleration acceleration, const char \* traverser )

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0.

Setting a traverser is no longer necessary and will be ignored.

#### 7.8.3.6 RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListAppendLaunch2D (

RTcommandlist *list*, unsigned int *entry\_point\_index*, RTsize *launch\_width*, RTsize *launch\_height*)

Append a launch to the command list list.

# **Description**

rtCommandListAppendLaunch2D appends a context launch to the command list *list*. It is invalid to call rtCommandListAppendLaunch2D after calling rtCommandListFinalize.

# **Parameters**

in	list	Handle of the command list to append to
in	entry_point_index	The initial entry point into the kernel

#### **Parameters**

in	launch_width	Width of the computation grid
in	launch_height	Height of the computation grid

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtCommandListAppendLaunch2D was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtCommandListCreate, rtCommandListDestroy, rtCommandListAppendPostprocessingStage, rtCommandListFinalize, rtCommandListExecute

# 7.8.3.7 RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListAppendPostprocessingStage (

RTcommandlist list.

RTpostprocessingstage stage,

RTsize launch\_width,

RTsize launch\_height)

Append a post-processing stage to the command list list.

# **Description**

rtCommandListAppendPostprocessingStage appends a post-processing stage to the command list *list*. The command list must have been created from the same context as the the post-processing stage. The launch\_width and launch\_height specify the launch dimensions and may be different than the input or output buffers associated with each post-processing stage depending on the requirements of the post-processing stage appended. It is invalid to call rtCommandListAppendPostprocessingStage after calling rtCommandListFinalize.

NOTE: A post-processing stage can be added to multiple command lists or added to the same command list multiple times. Also note that destroying a post-processing stage will invalidate all command lists it was added to.

# **Parameters**

in	list	Handle of the command list to append to
in	stage	The post-processing stage to append to the command list
in	launch_width	This is a hint for the width of the launch dimensions to use for this stage. The stage can ignore this and use a suitable launch width instead.
in	launch_width	This is a hint for the height of the launch dimensions to use for this stage. The stage can ignore this and use a suitable launch height instead.

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

### History

rtCommandListAppendPostprocessingStage was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtCommandListCreate, rtCommandListDestroy, rtCommandListAppendLaunch2D, rtCommandListFinalize, rtCommandListExecute rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin,

# 7.8.3.8 RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListCreate (

RTcontext context,

RTcommandlist \* list )

Creates a new command list.

#### Description

rtCommandListCreate creates a new command list. The *context* specifies the target context, and should be a value returned by rtContextCreate. The call sets \**list* to the handle of a newly created list within *context*. Returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE if *list* is *NULL*.

A command list can be used to assemble a list of different types of commands and execute them later. At this point, commands can be built-in post-processing stages or context launches. Those are appended to the list using rtCommandListAppendPostprocessingStage, and rtCommandListAppendLaunch2D, respectively. Commands will be executed in the order they have been appended to the list. Thus later commands can use the results of earlier commands. Note that all commands added to the created list must be associated with the same *context*. It is invalid to mix commands from different contexts.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	Specifies the rendering context of the command list
out	list	New command list handle

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtCommandListCreate was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtCommandListDestroy, rtCommandListAppendPostprocessingStage, rtCommandListAppendLaunch2D, rtCommandListFinalize, rtCommandListExecute

# 7.8.3.9 RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListDestroy (

RTcommandlist list )

Destroy a command list.

# **Description**

rtCommandListDestroy destroys a command list from its context and deletes it. After the call, *list* is no longer a valid handle. Any stages associated with the command list are not destroyed.

#### **Parameters**

in	list	Handle of the command list to destroy

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtCommandListDestroy was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtCommandListCreate, rtCommandListAppendPostprocessingStage, rtCommandListAppendLaunch2D, rtCommandListFinalize, rtCommandListExecute

# 7.8.3.10 RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListExecute (

RTcommandlist list )

Execute the command list.

#### **Description**

rtCommandListExecute executes the command list. All added commands will be executed in the order in which they were added. Commands can access the results of earlier executed commands. This must be called after calling, otherwise an error will be returned and the command list is not executed. rtCommandListExecute can be called multiple times, but only one call may be active at the same time. Overlapping calls from multiple threads will result in undefined behavior.

#### **Parameters**

in	list	Handle of the command list to execute
----	------	---------------------------------------

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtCommandListExecute was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtCommandListCreate, rtCommandListDestroy, rtCommandListAppendPostprocessingStage, rtCommandListAppendLaunch2D, rtCommandListFinalize,

# 7.8.3.11 RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListFinalize (

RTcommandlist list )

Finalize the command list.

This must be done before executing the command list.

#### **Description**

rtCommandListFinalize finalizes the command list. This will do all work necessary to prepare the command list for execution. Specificially it will do all work which can be shared between subsequent calls to rtCommandListExecute. It is invalid to call rtCommandListExecute before calling rtCommandListFinalize. It is invalid to call rtCommandListAppendPostprocessingStage or rtCommandListAppendLaunch2D after calling finalize and will result in an error. Also rtCommandListFinalize can only be called once on each command list.

#### **Parameters**

in	list	Handle of the command list to finalize
----	------	--

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtCommandListFinalize was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtCommandListCreate, rtCommandListDestroy, rtCommandListAppendPostprocessingStage, rtCommandListAppendLaunch2D, rtCommandListExecute

# 7.8.3.12 RTresult RTAPI rtCommandListGetContext (

RTcommandlist list,

RTcontext \* context )

Returns the context associated with a command list.

# **Description**

rtCommandListGetContext queries the context associated with a command list. The target command list is specified by *list*. The context of the command list is returned to \*context if the pointer context is not NULL. If *list* is not a valid command list, \*context is set to NULL and RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE is returned.

# **Parameters**

in	list	Specifies the command list to be queried
out	context	Returns the context associated with the command list

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

#### History

rtCommandListGetContext was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

See also rtContextDeclareVariable

# 7.8.3.13 RTresult RTAPI rtContextCompile (

RTcontext context )

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0.

Calling this function has no effect. The kernel is automatically compiled at launch if needed.

# 7.8.3.14 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryIsDirty (

RTgeometry,

```
int * dirty )
```

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0.

Calling this function has no effect.

# 7.8.3.15 RTresult RTAPI rtGeometryMarkDirty ( RTgeometry geometry )

Deprecated in OptiX 4.0.

Calling this function has no effect.

# 7.8.3.16 RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin (

RTcontext context,
const char \* builtin\_name,
RTpostprocessingstage \* stage )

Creates a new post-processing stage.

# **Description**

rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin creates a new post-processing stage selected from a list of pre-defined post-processing stages. The *context* specifies the target context, and should be a value returned by rtContextCreate. Sets \*stage to the handle of a newly created stage within *context*.

#### **Parameters**

in	context	Specifies the rendering context to which the post-processing stage belongs
in	builtin_name	The name of the built-in stage to instantiate
out	stage	New post-processing stage handle

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED

# History

rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtPostProcessingStageDestroy, rtPostProcessingStageGetContext, rtPostProcessingStageQueryVariable, rtPostProcessingStageGetVariableCount rtPostProcessingStageGetVariable

# 7.8.3.17 RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageDeclareVariable (

RTpostprocessingstage *stage*, const char \* *name*, RTvariable \* *v* )

Declares a new named variable associated with a PostprocessingStage.

# **Description**

rtPostProcessingStageDeclareVariable declares a new variable associated with a postprocessing stage. stage specifies the post-processing stage, and should be a value returned by rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin. name specifies the name of the variable, and should be a NULL-terminated string. If there is currently no variable associated with stage named name, a new variable named name will be created and associated with stage. After the call, \*v will be set to the handle of the newly-created variable. Otherwise, \*v will be set to NULL. After declaration, the variable can be queried with rtPostProcessingStageQueryVariable or rtPostProcessingStageGetVariable. A declared variable does not have a type until its value is set with one of the Variable setters functions. Once a variable is set, its type cannot be changed anymore.

#### **Parameters**

in	stage	Specifies the associated postprocessing stage
in	name	The name that identifies the variable
out	V	Returns a handle to a newly declared variable

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE
- RT ERROR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

#### History

rtPostProcessingStageDeclareVariable was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

See also Variable functions, rtPostProcessingStageQueryVariable, rtPostProcessingStageGetVariable

# 7.8.3.18 RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageDestroy ( RTpostprocessingstage stage )

Destroy a post-processing stage.

# **Description**

rtPostProcessingStageDestroy destroys a post-processing stage from its context and deletes it. The variables built into the stage are destroyed. After the call, *stage* is no longer a valid handle. After a post-processing stage was destroyed all command lists containing that stage are invalidated and can no longer be used.

#### **Parameters**

in	stage	Handle of the post-processing stage to destroy

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtPostProcessingStageDestroy was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

See also rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin, rtPostProcessingStageGetContext,

 $rt Post Processing Stage Query Variable, \ rt Post Processing Stage Get Variable Count \ rt Post Processing Stage Get Variable$ 

# 7.8.3.19 RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageGetContext (

RTpostprocessingstage stage,

RTcontext \* context )

Returns the context associated with a post-processing stage.

# **Description**

rtPostProcessingStageGetContext queries a stage for its associated context. *stage* specifies the post-processing stage to query, and should be a value returned by rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin. If both parameters are valid, \**context* is set to the context associated with *stage*. Otherwise, the call has no effect and returns RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE.

#### **Parameters**

in	stage	Specifies the post-processing stage to query
out	context	Returns the context associated with the material

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT\_SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID CONTEXT
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtPostProcessingStageGetContext was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin, rtPostProcessingStageDestroy, rtPostProcessingStageQueryVariable, rtPostProcessingStageGetVariableCount rtPostProcessingStageGetVariable

#### 7.8.3.20 RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageGetVariable (

RTpostprocessingstage stage,

unsigned int index,

RTvariable \* variable )

Returns a handle to a variable of a post-processing stage.

The variable is defined by index.

#### **Description**

rtPostProcessingStageGetVariable queries the handle of a post-processing stage's variable which is identified by its index . *stage* specifies the source post-processing stage, as returned by rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin. *index* specifies the index of the variable, and should be a less than the value return by rtPostProcessingStageGetVariableCount. If *index* is in the valid range, the call returns a handle to that variable in \**variable*, otherwise *NULL*.

#### **Parameters**

Ī	in	stage	The post-processing stage to query the variable from
Ī	in	index	The index identifying the variable to be returned
=	out	variable	Returns the variable

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtPostProcessingStageGetVariable was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin, rtPostProcessingStageDestroy, rtPostProcessingStageGetContext, rtPostProcessingStageQueryVariable, rtPostProcessingStageGetVariableCount

#### 7.8.3.21 RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageGetVariableCount (

RTpostprocessingstage stage,

unsigned int \* count )

Returns the number of variables pre-defined in a post-processing stage.

#### **Description**

rtPostProcessingStageGetVariableCount returns the number of variables which are pre-defined in a post-processing stage. This can be used to iterate over the variables. Sets \*count\* to the number.

#### **Parameters**

in	stage	The post-processing stage to query the number of variables from
ou	t <b>count</b>	Returns the number of pre-defined variables

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT ERROR INVALID VALUE

# History

rtPostProcessingStageGetVariableCount was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin, rtPostProcessingStageDestroy, rtPostProcessingStageGetContext, rtPostProcessingStageQueryVariable, rtPostProcessingStageGetVariable

# 7.8.3.22 RTresult RTAPI rtPostProcessingStageQueryVariable (

RTpostprocessingstage stage,

const char \* name,

RTvariable \* variable )

Returns a handle to a named variable of a post-processing stage.

# **Description**

rtPostProcessingStageQueryVariable queries the handle of a post-processing stage's named variable. *stage* specifies the source post-processing stage, as returned by rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin. *name* specifies the name of the variable, and should be a *NULL* -terminated string. If *name* is the name of a variable attached to *stage*, the call returns a handle to that variable in \**variable*, otherwise *NULL*. Only pre-defined variables of that built-in stage type can be queried. It is not possible to add or remove variables.

#### **Parameters**

in	stage	The post-processing stage to query the variable from
in	name	The name that identifies the variable to be queried
out	variable	Returns the named variable

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtPostProcessingStageQueryVariable was introduced in OptiX 5.0.

**See also** rtPostProcessingStageCreateBuiltin, rtPostProcessingStageDestroy, rtPostProcessingStageGetContext, rtPostProcessingStageGetVariableCount rtPostProcessingStageGetVariable

# 7.8.3.23 RTresult RTAPI rtRemoteDeviceCreate (

const char \* *url*,
const char \* *username*,
const char \* *password*,
RTremotedevice \* *remote\_dev* )

Create a device for remote rendering on VCAs.

#### **Description**

Establishes a connection to a remote OptiX device, e.g. a VCA or cluster of VCAs. This opens a connection to the cluster manager software running at *address*, using username and password as authentication strings. *address* is a WebSocket URL of the form "ws://localhost:80" or "wss://localhost:443", *username* and *password* as plain text strings for authenticating on the remote device. If successful, it initializes a new RTremotedevice object.

In order to use this newly created remote device, a rendering instance needs to be configured by selecting a software configuration and reserving a number of nodes in the VCA. See rtRemoteDeviceReserve for more details.

After a rendering instance is properly initialized, a remote device must be associated with a context to be used. Calling rtContextSetDevices creates this association. Any further OptiX calls will be directed to the remote device.

#### **Parameters**

in	url	The WebSocket URL to connect to
in	username	Username in plain text
in	password	Password in plain text
out	remote_dev	A handle to the new remote device object

### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

RT SUCCESS

- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE
- RT ERROR CONNECTION FAILED
- RT\_ERROR\_AUTHENTICATION\_FAILED

#### History

rtRemoteDeviceCreate was introduced in OptiX 3.8.

**See also** rtRemoteDeviceDestroy rtRemoteDeviceGetAttribute rtRemoteDeviceReserve rtRemoteDeviceRelease rtContextSetRemoteDevice

# 7.8.3.24 RTresult RTAPI rtRemoteDeviceDestroy (

RTremotedevice remote\_dev )

Destroys a remote device.

#### Description

Closes the network connection to the remote device and destroys the corresponding RTremotedevice object.

#### **Parameters**

in	remote_dev	The remote device object to destroy
----	------------	-------------------------------------

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtRemoteDeviceDestroy was introduced in OptiX 3.8.

**See also** rtRemoteDeviceCreate rtRemoteDeviceGetAttribute rtRemoteDeviceReserve rtRemoteDeviceRelease rtContextSetRemoteDevice

#### 7.8.3.25 RTresult RTAPI rtRemoteDeviceGetAttribute (

RTremotedevice *remote\_dev*,
RTremotedeviceattribute *attrib*,
RTsize *size*,
void \* *p* )

Queries attributes of a remote device.

# Description

In order to gather information about a remote device, several attributes can be queried through rtRemoteDeviceGetAttribute.

Each attribute can have a different size. The sizes are given in the following list:

- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CLUSTER\_URL size of provided destination buffer
- RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE HEAD NODE URL size of provided destination buffer
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_CONFIGURATIONS sizeof(int)
- RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE CONFIGURATIONS size of provided destination buffer
- RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE STATUS sizeof(RTremotedevicestatus)

- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_TOTAL\_NODES sizeof(int)
- RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE NUM FREE NODES sizeof(int)
- RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE NUM RESERVED NODES sizeof(int)
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NAME size of provided destination buffer
- RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE NUM GPUS sizeof(int)
- RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE GPU TOTAL MEMORY sizeof(RTsize)

The following attributes can be queried when a remote device is connected:

- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CLUSTER\_URL
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_CONFIGURATIONS
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CONFIGURATIONS
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_STATUS
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_TOTAL\_NODES
- RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE NUM FREE NODES
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NAME
- RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE GPU TOTAL MEMORY

The following attributes require a valid reservation to be queried:

- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_HEAD\_NODE\_URL
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_RESERVED\_NODES
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_GPUS

RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CLUSTER\_URL The URL of the Cluster Manager associated with this remote device.

RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_HEAD\_NODE\_URL The URL of the rendering instance being used, once it has been reserved and initialized.

RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_CONFIGURATIONS Number of compatible software configurations available in the remote device.

RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CONFIGURATIONS Base entry for a list of compatible software configurations in the device. A configuration is a text description for a software package installed in the remote device, intended as a guide to the user in selecting from the pool of compatible configurations. This list is already filtered and it only contains entries on the remote device compatible with the client library being used. Each entry can be accessed as the attribute

(RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_CONFIGURATIONS + index), with index being zero-based. The configuration description for the given index is copied into the destination buffer. A suggested size for the destination buffer is 256 characters. The number of entries in the list is given by the value of RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_CONFIGURATIONS. Only configurations compatible with the client version being used are listed.

RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_STATUS Returns the current status of the remote device, as one of the following:

- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_STATUS\_READY The remote device is ready for use.
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_STATUS\_CONNECTED The remote device is connected to a cluster manager, but no reservation exists.
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_STATUS\_RESERVED The remote device has a rendering instance reserved, but it is not yet ready.
- RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_STATUS\_DISCONNECTED The remote device has disconnected.

RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_TOTAL\_NODES Total number of nodes in the cluster of VCAs.

RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE NUM FREE NODES Number of free nodes available.

RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NUM\_RESERVED\_NODES Number of nodes used by the current reservation.

RT REMOTEDEVICE ATTRIBUTE NUM GPUS Number of GPUs used by the current reservation.

RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_NAME Common name assigned the Remote Device.

RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_GPU\_TOTAL\_MEMORY Total amount of memory on each GPU, in bytes.

#### **Parameters**

in	remote_dev	The remote device to query
----	------------	----------------------------

# **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

#### History

rtRemoteDeviceGetAttribute was introduced in OptiX 3.8.

**See also** rtRemoteDeviceCreate rtRemoteDeviceReserve rtRemoteDeviceRelease rtContextSetRemoteDevice

# 7.8.3.26 RTresult RTAPI rtRemoteDeviceRelease (

RTremotedevice remote\_dev )

Release reserved nodes on a remote device.

# **Description**

Releases an existing reservation on the remote device. The rendering instance on the remote device is destroyed, and all its remote context information is lost. Further OptiX calls will no longer be directed to the device. A new reservation can take place.

#### **Parameters**

	in	remote_dev	The remote device on which the reservation was made
--	----	------------	---

# Return values

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtRemoteDeviceRelease was introduced in OptiX 3.8.

**See also** rtRemoteDeviceCreate rtRemoteDeviceGetAttribute rtRemoteDeviceReserve rtContextSetRemoteDevice

# 7.8.3.27 RTresult RTAPI rtRemoteDeviceReserve (

RTremotedevice remote\_dev, unsigned int num\_nodes,

# unsigned int configuration )

Reserve nodes for rendering on a remote device.

# Description

Reserves nodes in the remote device to form a rendering instance. Receives *num\_nodes* as the number of nodes to reserve, and *configuration* as the index of the software package to use for the created instance. Both the number of available nodes and the list of available configurations in a remote device can be retrieved by rtRemoteDeviceGetAttribute.

After successfully reserving the nodes, the RT\_REMOTEDEVICE\_ATTRIBUTE\_STATUS attribute should be polled repeatedly. The rendering instance is ready for use when that attribute is set to RT\_REMOTE\_DEVICE\_STATUS\_READY.

Only a single reservation per remote device and user can exist at any given time (i.e. a user can have only one rendering instance per remote device). This includes reservations performed through other means, like previous runs that were not properly released, or manual reservations over the cluster manager web interface.

#### **Parameters**

i	n	remote_dev	The remote device on which to reserve nodes
i	n	num_nodes	The number of nodes to reserve
i	n	configuration	The index of the software configuration to use

#### **Return values**

Relevant return values:

- RT SUCCESS
- RT\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE

# History

rtRemoteDeviceReserve was introduced in OptiX 3.8.

See also rtRemoteDeviceCreate rtRemoteDeviceGetAttribute rtRemoteDeviceRelease rtContextSetRemoteDevice

# 7.8.3.28 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetArraySize (

```
RTtexturesampler texturesampler,
unsigned int * num_textures_in_array )
```

Deprecated in OptiX 3.9.

Use texture samplers with layered buffers instead. See rtBufferCreate.

# 7.8.3.29 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerGetMipLevelCount (

```
RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int * num_mip_levels )
```

Deprecated in OptiX 3.9.

Use rtBufferGetMipLevelCount instead.

# 7.8.3.30 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetArraySize (

RTtexturesampler texturesampler,

# unsigned int num\_textures\_in\_array )

Deprecated in OptiX 3.9.

Use texture samplers with layered buffers instead. See rtBufferCreate.

# 7.8.3.31 RTresult RTAPI rtTextureSamplerSetMipLevelCount ( RTtexturesampler texturesampler, unsigned int num mip levels)

Deprecated in OptiX 3.9.

Use rtBufferSetMipLevelCount instead.

# 7.9 optix\_prime.h File Reference

# **Typedefs**

- typedef struct RTPcontext\_api \* RTPcontext
- typedef struct RTPmodel api \* RTPmodel
- typedef struct RTPquery\_api \* RTPquery
- typedef struct RTPbufferdesc\_api \* RTPbufferdesc

- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextCreate (RTPcontexttype type, RTPcontext \*context)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextSetCudaDeviceNumbers (RTPcontext context, unsigned deviceCount, const unsigned \*deviceNumbers)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextSetCpuThreads (RTPcontext context, unsigned numThreads)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextDestroy (RTPcontext context)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpContextGetLastErrorString (RTPcontext context, const char \*\*return\_string)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescCreate (RTPcontext context, RTPbufferformat format, RTPbuffertype type, void \*buffer, RTPbufferdesc \*desc)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescGetContext (RTPbufferdesc desc, RTPcontext \*context)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescSetRange (RTPbufferdesc desc, RTPsize begin, RTPsize end)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescSetStride (RTPbufferdesc desc, unsigned strideBytes)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescSetCudaDeviceNumber (RTPbufferdesc desc, unsigned deviceNumber)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpBufferDescDestroy (RTPbufferdesc desc)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelCreate (RTPcontext context, RTPmodel \*model)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelGetContext (RTPmodel model, RTPcontext \*context)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelSetTriangles (RTPmodel model, RTPbufferdesc indices, RTPbufferdesc vertices)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelSetInstances (RTPmodel model, RTPbufferdesc instances, RTPbufferdesc transforms)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelUpdate (RTPmodel model, unsigned hints)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelFinish (RTPmodel model)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelGetFinished (RTPmodel model, int \*isFinished)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelCopy (RTPmodel model, RTPmodel srcModel)

- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelSetBuilderParameter (RTPmodel model\_api, RTPbuilderparam param, RTPsize size, const void \*ptr)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpModelDestroy (RTPmodel model)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryCreate (RTPmodel model, RTPquerytype queryType, RTPquery \*query)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryGetContext (RTPquery query, RTPcontext \*context)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQuerySetRays (RTPquery query, RTPbufferdesc rays)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQuerySetHits (RTPquery query, RTPbufferdesc hits)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryExecute (RTPquery query, unsigned hints)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryFinish (RTPquery query)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryGetFinished (RTPquery query, int \*isFinished)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQuerySetCudaStream (RTPquery query, cudaStream t stream)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpQueryDestroy (RTPquery query)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpHostBufferLock (void \*buffer, RTPsize size)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpHostBufferUnlock (void \*buffer)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpGetErrorString (RTPresult errorCode, const char \*\*errorString)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpGetVersion (unsigned \*version)
- RTPresult RTPAPI rtpGetVersionString (const char \*\*versionString)

# 7.9.1 Detailed Description

OptiX Prime public API.

Author

NVIDIA Corporation OptiX Prime public API

# 7.9.2 Typedef Documentation

# 7.9.2.1 typedef struct RTPbufferdesc api\* RTPbufferdesc

Opaque type.

Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged.

# 7.9.2.2 typedef struct RTPcontext\_api\* RTPcontext

Opaque type.

Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged.

#### 7.9.2.3 typedef struct RTPmodel api\* RTPmodel

Opaque type.

Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged.

# 7.9.2.4 typedef struct RTPquery\_api\* RTPquery

Opaque type.

Note that the \*\_api type should never be used directly. Only the typedef target name will be guaranteed to remain unchanged.

# 7.10 optix\_prime\_declarations.h File Reference

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum RTPresult {
 RTP SUCCESS = 0.
 RTP ERROR INVALID VALUE = 1.
 RTP ERROR OUT OF MEMORY = 2,
 RTP_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE = 3,
 RTP ERROR NOT SUPPORTED = 4,
 RTP_ERROR_OBJECT_CREATION_FAILED = 5,
 RTP_ERROR_MEMORY_ALLOCATION_FAILED = 6,
 RTP_ERROR_INVALID_CONTEXT = 7,
 RTP_ERROR_VALIDATION_ERROR = 8,
 RTP ERROR INVALID OPERATION = 9,
 RTP ERROR UNKNOWN = 999 }
enum RTPcontexttype {
 RTP CONTEXT TYPE CPU = 0x100,
 RTP_CONTEXT_TYPE_CUDA = 0x101 }

    enum RTPbuffertype {

 RTP BUFFER TYPE HOST = 0x200.
 RTP BUFFER TYPE CUDA LINEAR = 0x201 }

    enum RTPbufferformat {

 RTP BUFFER FORMAT INDICES INT3 = 0x400,
 RTP BUFFER FORMAT INDICES INT3 MASK INT = 0x401,
 RTP BUFFER FORMAT VERTEX FLOAT3 = 0x420,
 RTP BUFFER FORMAT VERTEX FLOAT4 = 0x421,
 RTP BUFFER FORMAT_RAY_ORIGIN_DIRECTION = 0x440,
 RTP_BUFFER_FORMAT_RAY_ORIGIN_TMIN_DIRECTION_TMAX = 0x441,
 RTP_BUFFER_FORMAT_RAY_ORIGIN_MASK_DIRECTION_TMAX = 0x442,
 RTP_BUFFER_FORMAT_HIT_BITMASK = 0x460,
 RTP_BUFFER_FORMAT_HIT_T = 0x461,
 RTP BUFFER FORMAT HIT T TRIID = 0x462,
 RTP BUFFER FORMAT HIT T TRIID U V = 0x463,
 RTP_BUFFER_FORMAT_HIT_T_TRIID_INSTID = 0x464,
 RTP_BUFFER_FORMAT_HIT_T_TRIID_INSTID_U_V = 0x465,
 RTP_BUFFER_FORMAT_INSTANCE_MODEL = 0x480,
 RTP_BUFFER_FORMAT_TRANSFORM_FLOAT4x4 = 0x490,
 RTP BUFFER FORMAT TRANSFORM FLOAT4x3 = 0x491 }

    enum RTPquerytype {

 RTP_QUERY_TYPE_ANY = 0x1000,
 RTP_QUERY_TYPE_CLOSEST = 0x1001 }

    enum RTPmodelhint {

 RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_NONE = 0x0000,
 RTP_MODEL_HINT_ASYNC = 0x2001,
 RTP MODEL HINT MASK UPDATE = 0x2002,
 RTP MODEL HINT USER TRIANGLES AFTER COPY SET = 0x2004 }
enum RTPqueryhint {
 RTP_QUERY_HINT_NONE = 0x0000,
```

```
RTP_QUERY_HINT_ASYNC = 0x4001,
RTP_QUERY_HINT_WATERTIGHT = 0x4002 }
```

enum RTPbuilderparam {
 RTP\_BUILDER\_PARAM\_CHUNK\_SIZE = 0x800,
 RTP\_BUILDER\_PARAM\_USE\_CALLER\_TRIANGLES = 0x801 }

# 7.10.1 Detailed Description

OptiX Prime public API declarations.

Author

NVIDIA Corporation OptiX Prime public API declarations

# 7.10.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 7.10.2.1 enum RTPbufferformat

Buffer formats.

Enumerator

RTP BUFFER FORMAT INDICES INT3 Index buffer with 3 integer vertex indices per triangle.

**RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_INDICES\_INT3\_MASK\_INT** Index buffer with 3 integer vertex indices per triangle, and an integer visibility mask.

RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_VERTEX\_FLOAT3 Vertex buffer with 3 floats per vertex position.

RTP BUFFER FORMAT VERTEX FLOAT4 Vertex buffer with 4 floats per vertex position.

RTP BUFFER FORMAT RAY ORIGIN DIRECTION float3:origin float3:direction

RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_RAY\_ORIGIN\_TMIN\_DIRECTION\_TMAX float3:origin, float:tmin, float3:direction, float:tmax

RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_RAY\_ORIGIN\_MASK\_DIRECTION\_TMAX float3:origin, int:mask, float3:direction, float:tmax. If used, buffer format RTP BUFFER FORMAT INDICES INT3 MASK INT is required!

RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_HIT\_BITMASK one bit per ray 0=miss, 1=hit

**RTP BUFFER FORMAT HIT T** float:ray distance (t < 0 for miss)

RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_HIT\_T\_TRIID float:ray distance (t < 0 for miss), int:triangle id

 $RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_HIT\_T\_TRIID\_U\_V$  float:ray distance (t < 0 for miss), int:triangle id, float2:barycentric coordinates u,v (w=1-u-v)

**RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_HIT\_T\_TRIID\_INSTID** float:ray distance (t < 0 for miss), int:triangle id, int:instance position in list

**RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_HIT\_T\_TRIID\_INSTID\_U\_V** float:ray distance (t < 0 for miss), int:triangle id, int:instance position in list, float2:barycentric coordinates u,v (w=1-u-v)

RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_INSTANCE\_MODEL RTPmodel:objects of type RTPmodel.

RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_TRANSFORM\_FLOAT4x4 float:row major 4x4 affine matrix (it is assumed that the last row has the entries 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f, and will be ignored)

RTP\_BUFFER\_FORMAT\_TRANSFORM\_FLOAT4x3 float:row major 4x3 affine matrix

# 7.10.2.2 enum RTPbuffertype

Buffer types.

Enumerator

RTP\_BUFFER\_TYPE\_HOST Buffer in host memory.

RTP\_BUFFER\_TYPE\_CUDA\_LINEAR Linear buffer in device memory on a cuda device.

# 7.10.2.3 enum RTPbuilderparam

Enumerator

**RTP\_BUILDER\_PARAM\_CHUNK\_SIZE** Number of bytes used for a chunk of the acceleration structure build.

RTP\_BUILDER\_PARAM\_USE\_CALLER\_TRIANGLES A hint to specify which data should be used for the intersection test.

# 7.10.2.4 enum RTPcontexttype

Context types.

Enumerator

RTP\_CONTEXT\_TYPE\_CPU CPU context.
RTP\_CONTEXT\_TYPE\_CUDA CUDA context.

#### 7.10.2.5 enum RTPmodelhint

Model hints.

Enumerator

RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_NONE No hints. Use default settings.

RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_ASYNC Asynchronous model updating.

RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_MASK\_UPDATE Upload buffer with mask data again.

RTP\_MODEL\_HINT\_USER\_TRIANGLES\_AFTER\_COPY\_SET Clear dirty flag of triangles.

# 7.10.2.6 enum RTPqueryhint

Query hints.

Enumerator

RTP\_QUERY\_HINT\_NONE No hints. Use default settings.
RTP\_QUERY\_HINT\_ASYNC Asynchronous query execution.
RTP\_QUERY\_HINT\_WATERTIGHT Use watertight ray-triangle intersection, but only if the
RTP\_BUILDER\_PARAM\_USE\_CALLER\_TRIANGLES builder parameter is also set.

# 7.10.2.7 enum RTPquerytype

Query types.

Enumerator

RTP\_QUERY\_TYPE\_ANY Return any hit along a ray.
RTP\_QUERY\_TYPE\_CLOSEST Return only the closest hit along a ray.

# 7.10.2.8 enum RTPresult

Return value for OptiX Prime APIs.

#### Enumerator

```
RTP_SUCCESS Success.
```

RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_VALUE An invalid value was provided.

RTP\_ERROR\_OUT\_OF\_MEMORY Out of memory.

RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE An invalid handle was supplied.

RTP\_ERROR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED An unsupported function was requested.

RTP\_ERROR\_OBJECT\_CREATION\_FAILED Object creation failed.

RTP\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_ALLOCATION\_FAILED Memory allocation failed.

RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CONTEXT An invalid context was provided.

RTP\_ERROR\_VALIDATION\_ERROR A validation error occurred.

RTP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_OPERATION An invalid operation was performed.

RTP ERROR UNKNOWN Unknown error.

# 7.11 optix\_primepp.h File Reference

#### **Classes**

- · class optix::prime::ContextObj
- class optix::prime::BufferDescObj
- · class optix::prime::ModelObj
- class optix::prime::QueryObj
- · class optix::prime::Exception

# **Typedefs**

- typedef Handle < BufferDescObj > optix::prime::BufferDesc
- typedef Handle < ContextObj > optix::prime::Context
- typedef Handle < ModelObj > optix::prime::Model
- typedef Handle< QueryObj > optix::prime::Query

#### **Functions**

std::string optix::prime::getVersionString ()

# 7.11.1 Detailed Description

A C++ wrapper around the OptiX Prime API.

# 7.12 optix\_world.h File Reference

# 7.12.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API C and C++ API.

#### Author

NVIDIA Corporation This header is designed to be included by both host and device code providing access to the C-API along with the C++ API found in optixpp\_namespaces.h. In addition various helper classes and file will also be included when compiling C++ compatible code.

Note that the CUDA vector types will be defined in the optix:: namespace.

# 7.13 optixpp\_namespace.h File Reference

#### **Classes**

- class optix::Handle< T >
- · class optix::Exception
- class optix::APIObj
- · class optix::DestroyableObj
- class optix::ScopedObj
- · class optix::VariableObj
- · class optix::ContextObj
- · class optix::ProgramObj
- class optix::GroupObj
- class optix::GeometryGroupObj
- · class optix::TransformObj
- class optix::SelectorObj
- class optix::AccelerationObj
- · class optix::GeometryInstanceObj
- · class optix::GeometryObj
- class optix::MaterialObj
- class optix::TextureSamplerObj
- · class optix::BufferObj
- struct optix::bufferId< T, Dim >
- class optix::RemoteDeviceObj
- · class optix::PostprocessingStageObj
- class optix::CommandListObj

# **Macros**

#define RT INTERNAL CALLABLE PROGRAM DEFS()

# **Typedefs**

- typedef Handle< AccelerationObj > optix::Acceleration
- typedef Handle< BufferObj > optix::Buffer
- typedef Handle < ContextObj > optix::Context
- typedef Handle< GeometryObj > optix::Geometry
- typedef Handle< GeometryGroupObj > optix::GeometryGroup
- · typedef Handle
  - < GeometryInstanceObj > optix::GeometryInstance
- typedef Handle < GroupObj > optix::Group
- typedef Handle< MaterialObj > optix::Material
- typedef Handle < ProgramObj > optix::Program
- typedef Handle < RemoteDeviceObj > optix::RemoteDevice
- typedef Handle< SelectorObj > optix::Selector
- typedef Handle < TextureSamplerObj > optix::TextureSampler
- typedef Handle < TransformObj > optix::Transform
- typedef Handle
   VariableObj > optix::Variable
- · typedef Handle
  - < PostprocessingStageObj > optix::PostprocessingStage
- typedef Handle < CommandListObj > optix::CommandList

#### 7.13.1 Detailed Description

A C++ wrapper around the OptiX API.

#### 7.13.2 Macro Definition Documentation

# 7.13.2.1 #define RT\_INTERNAL\_CALLABLE\_PROGRAM\_DEFS( )

#### Value:

callableProgramId is a host version of the device side callableProgramId.

Use callableProgramId to define types that can be included from both the host and device code. This class provides a container that can be used to transport the program id back and forth between host and device code. The callableProgramId class is useful, because it can take a program id obtained from rtProgramGetId and provide accessors for calling the program corresponding to the program id.

"bindless\_type.h" used by both host and device code:

```
#include <optix_world.h>
struct ProgramInfo {
  int val;
  rtProgramId<int(int)> program;
}.
```

#### Host code:

```
#include "bindless_type.h"
ProgramInfo input_program_info;
input_program_info.val = 0;
input_program_info.program = rtCallableProgramId<int(int)>(inputProgram0->getId());
context["input_program_info"]->setUserData(sizeof(ProgramInfo), &input_program_info);
Device code:
```

```
#include "bindless_type.h"
rtBuffer<int,1> result;
rtDeclareVariable(ProgramInfo, input_program_info, ,);

RT_PROGRAM void bindless()
{
   int value = input_program_info.program(input_program_info.val);
   result[0] = value;
}
```

# 7.14 optixu.h File Reference

- RTresult RTAPI rtuNameForType (RTobjecttype type, char \*buffer, RTsize bufferSize)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuGetSizeForRTformat (RTformat format, size t \*size)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuCUDACompileString (const char \*source, const char \*\*preprocessorArguments, unsigned int numPreprocessorArguments, RTsize \*resultSize, RTsize \*errorSize)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuCUDACompileFile (const char \*filename, const char \*\*preprocessorArguments, unsigned int numPreprocessorArguments, RTsize \*resultSize, RTsize \*errorSize)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuCUDAGetCompileResult (char \*result, char \*error)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuCreateClusteredMesh (RTcontext context, unsigned int usePTX32InHost64, RTgeometry \*mesh, unsigned int num\_verts, const float \*verts, unsigned int num\_tris, const unsigned \*indices, const unsigned \*mat\_indices)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuCreateClusteredMeshExt (RTcontext context, unsigned int usePTX32InHost64, RTgeometry \*mesh, unsigned int num\_verts, const float \*verts, unsigned int num\_tris, const unsigned \*indices, const unsigned \*mat\_indices, RTbuffer norms, const unsigned \*norm\_indices, RTbuffer tex\_coords, const unsigned \*tex\_indices)
- static RTresult rtuGroupAddChild (RTgroup group, RTobject child, unsigned int \*index)
- static RTresult rtuSelectorAddChild (RTselector selector, RTobject child, unsigned int \*index)
- static RTresult rtuGeometryGroupAddChild (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, RTgeometryinstance child, unsigned int \*index)
- static RTresult rtuTransformSetChild (RTtransform transform, RTobject child)
- static RTresult rtuTransformGetChild (RTtransform transform, RTobject \*type)
- static RTresult rtuTransformGetChildType (RTtransform transform, RTobjecttype \*type)
- static RTresult rtuGroupRemoveChild (RTgroup group, RTobject child)

- static RTresult rtuSelectorRemoveChild (RTselector selector, RTobject child)
- static RTresult rtuGeometryGroupRemoveChild (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, RTgeometryinstance child)
- static RTresult rtuGroupRemoveChildByIndex (RTgroup group, unsigned int index)
- static RTresult rtuSelectorRemoveChildByIndex (RTselector selector, unsigned int index)
- static RTresult rtuGeometryGroupRemoveChildByIndex (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, unsigned int index)
- static RTresult rtuGroupGetChildIndex (RTgroup group, RTobject child, unsigned int \*index)
- static RTresult rtuSelectorGetChildIndex (RTselector selector, RTobject child, unsigned int \*index)
- static RTresult rtuGeometryGroupGetChildIndex (RTgeometrygroup geometrygroup, RTgeometryinstance child, unsigned int \*index)

# 7.14.1 Detailed Description

Convenience functions for the OptiX API.

# 7.15 optixu\_aabb\_namespace.h File Reference

#### **Classes**

· class optix::Aabb

# 7.15.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API.

**Author** 

NVIDIA Corporation OptiX public API Reference - Public AABB namespace

# 7.16 optixu\_math\_namespace.h File Reference

#### **Classes**

struct optix::Onb

- OPTIXU\_INLINE float optix::copysignf (const float dst, const float src)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE int optix::float\_as\_int (const float f)
- OPTIXU INLINE float optix::int as float (int i)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::lerp (const float a, const float b, const float t)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float **optix::bilerp** (const float x00, const float x10, const float x01, const float x11, const float u, const float v)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::clamp (const float f, const float a, const float b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::getByIndex (const float1 &v, int i)

- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void **optix::setByIndex** (float1 &v, int i, float x)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::operator- (const float2 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::lerp (const float2 &a, const float2 &b, const float t)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::bilerp (const float2 &x00, const float2 &x10, const float2 &x01, const float2 &x11, const float u, const float v)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::dot (const float2 &a, const float2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::length (const float2 &v)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::normalize (const float2 &v)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::floor (const float2 &v)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::reflect (const float2 &i, const float2 &n)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::faceforward (const float2 &n, const float2 &i, const float2 &nref)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::expf (const float2 &v)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float optix::getByIndex (const float2 &v, int i)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::setByIndex (float2 &v, int i, float x)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::operator- (const float3 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 **optix::lerp** (const float3 &a, const float3 &b, const float t)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::bilerp (const float3 &x00, const float3 &x10, const float3 &x01, const float3 &x11, const float u, const float v)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float optix::dot (const float3 &a, const float3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::cross (const float3 &a, const float3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::length (const float3 &v)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::normalize (const float3 &v)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::floor (const float3 &v)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::reflect (const float3 &i, const float3 &n)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::faceforward (const float3 &n, const float3 &i, const float3 &nref)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::expf (const float3 &v)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float optix::getByIndex (const float3 &v, int i)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::setByIndex (float3 &v, int i, float x)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::operator- (const float4 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 **optix::lerp** (const float4 &a, const float4 &b, const float t)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 **optix::bilerp** (const float4 &x00, const float4 &x10, const float4 &x01, const float4 &x11, const float u, const float v)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float optix::dot (const float4 &a, const float4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::length (const float4 &r)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::normalize (const float4 &v)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::floor (const float4 &v)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::reflect (const float4 &i, const float4 &n)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::faceforward (const float4 &n, const float4 &i, const float4 &nref)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::expf (const float4 &v)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::getByIndex (const float4 &v, int i)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::setByIndex (float4 &v, int i, float x)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int optix::clamp (const int f, const int a, const int b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int optix::getByIndex (const int1 &v, int i)

- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void **optix::setByIndex** (int1 &v, int i, int x)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::operator- (const int2 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::min (const int2 &a, const int2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::max (const int2 &a, const int2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int optix::getByIndex (const int2 &v, int i)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void **optix::setByIndex** (int2 &v, int i, int x)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::operator- (const int3 &a)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::min (const int3 &a, const int3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::max (const int3 &a, const int3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int optix::getByIndex (const int3 &v, int i)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void **optix::setByIndex** (int3 &v, int i, int x)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::operator- (const int4 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::min (const int4 &a, const int4 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::max (const int4 &a, const int4 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int optix::getByIndex (const int4 &v, int i)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void **optix::setByIndex** (int4 &v, int i, int x)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE unsigned int **optix::clamp** (const unsigned int f, const unsigned int a, const unsigned int b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE unsigned int optix::getByIndex (const uint1 &v, unsigned int i)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::setByIndex (uint1 &v, int i, unsigned int x)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE uint2 optix::min (const uint2 &a, const uint2 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE uint2 optix::max (const uint2 &a, const uint2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE unsigned int optix::getByIndex (const uint2 &v, unsigned int i)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::setByIndex (uint2 &v, int i, unsigned int x)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::min (const uint3 &a, const uint3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::max (const uint3 &a, const uint3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE unsigned int optix::getByIndex (const uint3 &v, unsigned int i)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::setByIndex (uint3 &v, int i, unsigned int x)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE unsigned int optix::getByIndex (const uint4 &v, unsigned int i)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::setByIndex (uint4 &v, int i, unsigned int x)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float **optix::smoothstep** (const float edge0, const float edge1, const float x)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::temperature (const float t)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool **optix::intersect\_triangle\_branchless** (const Ray &ray, const float3 &p0, const float3 &p1, const float3 &p2, float3 &n, float &t, float &beta, float &gamma)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool optix::intersect\_triangle\_earlyexit (const Ray &ray, const float3 &p0, const float3 &p1, const float3 &p2, float3 &n, float &t, float &beta, float &gamma)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool **optix::intersect\_triangle** (const Ray &ray, const float3 &p0, const float3 &p1, const float3 &p2, float3 &n, float &t, float &beta, float &gamma)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool optix::refract (float3 &r, const float3 &i, const float3 &n, const float ior)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float **optix::fresnel\_schlick** (const float cos\_theta, const float exponent=5.0f, const float minimum=0.0f, const float maximum=1.0f)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float **optix::luminance** (const float3 &rgb)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::luminanceCIE (const float3 &rgb)

- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::square\_to\_disk (const float2 &sample)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::cart to pol (const float3 &v)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::make\_float2 (const float s)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::make float2 (const int2 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::make\_float2 (const uint2 &a)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::fminf (const float2 &a, const float2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::fminf (const float2 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::fmaxf (const float2 &a, const float2 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float optix::fmaxf (const float2 &a)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::operator+ (const float2 &a, const float2 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::operator+ (const float2 &a, const float b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::operator+ (const float a, const float2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void **optix::operator+=** (float2 &a, const float2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::operator- (const float2 &a, const float2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::operator- (const float2 &a, const float b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::operator- (const float a, const float 2 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator-= (float2 &a, const float2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::operator\* (const float2 &a, const float2 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::operator\* (const float2 &a, const float s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::operator\* (const float s, const float2 &a)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator\*= (float2 &a, const float2 &s)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator\*= (float2 &a, const float s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::operator/ (const float2 &a, const float2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::operator/ (const float2 &a, const float s)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::operator/ (const float s, const float 2 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator/= (float2 &a, const float s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::clamp (const float2 &v, const float a, const float b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::clamp (const float2 &v, const float2 &a, const float2 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::make float3 (const float s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::make\_float3 (const float2 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::make\_float3 (const int3 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::make\_float3 (const uint3 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::fminf (const float3 &a, const float3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float **optix::fminf** (const float3 &a)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::fmaxf (const float3 &a, const float3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float optix::fmaxf (const float3 &a)

- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::operator+ (const float3 &a, const float3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::operator+ (const float3 &a, const float b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::operator+ (const float a, const float3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator+= (float3 &a, const float3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::operator- (const float3 &a, const float3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::operator- (const float3 &a, const float b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::operator- (const float a, const float3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator-= (float3 &a, const float3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::operator\* (const float3 &a, const float3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::operator\* (const float3 &a, const float s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::operator\* (const float s, const float3 &a)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator\*= (float3 &a, const float3 &s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator\*= (float3 &a, const float s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::operator/ (const float3 &a, const float3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::operator/ (const float3 &a, const float s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::operator/ (const float s, const float3 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator/= (float3 &a, const float s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::clamp (const float3 &v, const float a, const float b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::clamp (const float3 &v, const float3 &a, const float3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::make float4 (const float s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::make\_float4 (const float3 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::make\_float4 (const int4 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::make\_float4 (const uint4 &a)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::fminf (const float4 &a, const float4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float **optix::fminf** (const float4 &a)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::fmaxf (const float4 &a, const float4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float optix::fmaxf (const float4 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::operator+ (const float4 &a, const float4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::operator+ (const float4 &a, const float b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::operator+ (const float a, const float4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator+= (float4 &a, const float4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::operator- (const float4 &a, const float4 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::operator- (const float4 &a, const float b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::operator- (const float a, const float4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator-= (float4 &a, const float4 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::operator\* (const float4 &a, const float4 &s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::operator\* (const float4 &a, const float s)

- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::operator\* (const float s, const float 4 &a)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator\*= (float4 &a, const float4 &s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator\*= (float4 &a, const float s)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::operator/ (const float4 &a, const float4 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::operator/ (const float4 &a, const float s)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::operator/ (const float s, const float 4 &a)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator/= (float4 &a, const float s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::clamp (const float &v, const float a, const float b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::clamp (const float4 &v, const float4 &a, const float4 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::make int2 (const int s)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::make int2 (const float2 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::operator+ (const int2 &a, const int2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void **optix::operator+=** (int2 &a, const int2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::operator- (const int2 &a, const int2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::operator- (const int2 &a, const int b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator-= (int2 &a, const int2 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::operator\* (const int2 &a, const int2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::operator\* (const int2 &a, const int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::operator\* (const int s, const int2 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void **optix::operator**\*= (int2 &a, const int s)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::clamp (const int2 &v, const int a, const int b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::clamp (const int2 &v, const int2 &a, const int2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool optix::operator== (const int2 &a, const int2 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE bool optix::operator!= (const int2 &a, const int2 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::make int3 (const int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::make\_int3 (const float3 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::operator+ (const int3 &a, const int3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator+= (int3 &a, const int3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::operator- (const int3 &a, const int3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void **optix::operator-=** (int3 &a, const int3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::operator\* (const int3 &a, const int3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::operator\* (const int3 &a, const int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::operator\* (const int s, const int3 &a)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator\*= (int3 &a, const int s)

- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::operator/ (const int3 &a, const int3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::operator/ (const int3 &a, const int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::operator/ (const int s, const int3 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator/= (int3 &a, const int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::clamp (const int3 &v, const int a, const int b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::clamp (const int3 &v, const int3 &a, const int3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE bool optix::operator== (const int3 &a, const int3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool optix::operator!= (const int3 &a, const int3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::make int4 (const int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::make\_int4 (const float4 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::operator+ (const int4 &a, const int4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator+= (int4 &a, const int4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::operator- (const int4 &a, const int4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator-= (int4 &a, const int4 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::operator\* (const int4 &a, const int4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::operator\* (const int4 &a, const int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::operator\* (const int s, const int4 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void **optix::operator**\*= (int4 &a, const int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::operator/ (const int4 &a, const int4 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::operator/ (const int4 &a, const int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::operator/ (const int s, const int4 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator/= (int4 &a, const int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::clamp (const int4 &v, const int a, const int b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::clamp (const int4 &v, const int4 &a, const int4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool optix::operator== (const int4 &a, const int4 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE bool optix::operator!= (const int4 &a, const int4 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE uint2 optix::make uint2 (const unsigned int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint2 optix::make\_uint2 (const float2 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint2 optix::operator+ (const uint2 &a, const uint2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator+= (uint2 &a, const uint2 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE uint2 optix::operator- (const uint2 &a, const uint2 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE uint2 optix::operator- (const uint2 &a, const unsigned int b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator-= (uint2 &a, const uint2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint2 optix::operator\* (const uint2 &a, const uint2 &b)

- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint2 optix::operator\* (const uint2 &a, const unsigned int s)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint2 optix::operator\* (const unsigned int s, const uint2 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator\*= (uint2 &a, const unsigned int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint2 **optix::clamp** (const uint2 &v, const unsigned int a, const unsigned int b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint2 optix::clamp (const uint2 &v, const uint2 &a, const uint2 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE bool optix::operator== (const uint2 &a, const uint2 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE bool optix::operator!= (const uint2 &a, const uint2 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::make\_uint3 (const unsigned int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::make\_uint3 (const float3 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::operator+ (const uint3 &a, const uint3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator+= (uint3 &a, const uint3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::operator- (const uint3 &a, const uint3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator-= (uint3 &a, const uint3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::operator\* (const uint3 &a, const uint3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::operator\* (const uint3 &a, const unsigned int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::operator\* (const unsigned int s, const uint3 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator\*= (uint3 &a, const unsigned int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::operator/ (const uint3 &a, const uint3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::operator/ (const uint3 &a, const unsigned int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::operator/ (const unsigned int s, const uint3 &a)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator/= (uint3 &a, const unsigned int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::clamp (const uint3 &v, const unsigned int a, const unsigned int b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::clamp (const uint3 &v, const uint3 &a, const uint3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE bool optix::operator== (const uint3 &a, const uint3 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool optix::operator!= (const uint3 &a, const uint3 &b)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::make uint4 (const unsigned int s)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::make uint4 (const float4 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::min (const uint4 &a, const uint4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::max (const uint4 &a, const uint4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::operator+ (const uint4 &a, const uint4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void **optix::operator+=** (uint4 &a, const uint4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::operator- (const uint4 &a, const uint4 &b)

- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator-= (uint4 &a, const uint4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::operator\* (const uint4 &a, const uint4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::operator\* (const uint4 &a, const unsigned int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::operator\* (const unsigned int s, const uint4 &a)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator\*= (uint4 &a, const unsigned int s)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::operator/ (const uint4 &a, const uint4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::operator/ (const uint4 &a, const unsigned int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::operator/ (const unsigned int s, const uint4 &a)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE void optix::operator/= (uint4 &a, const unsigned int s)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 **optix::clamp** (const uint4 &v, const unsigned int a, const unsigned int b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::clamp (const uint4 &v, const uint4 &a, const uint4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool **optix::operator==** (const uint4 &a, const uint4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE bool optix::operator!= (const uint4 &a, const uint4 &b)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::make\_int2 (const int3 &v0)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int2 optix::make\_int2 (const int4 &v0)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::make int3 (const int4 &v0)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE uint2 optix::make uint2 (const uint3 &v0)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint2 optix::make\_uint2 (const uint4 &v0)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::make\_uint3 (const uint4 &v0)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::make float2 (const float3 &v0)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float2 optix::make\_float2 (const float4 &v0)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::make float3 (const float4 &v0)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::make\_int3 (const int v0, const int2 &v1)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE int3 optix::make int3 (const int2 &v0, const int v1)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::make\_int4 (const int v0, const int v1, const int2 &v2)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 **optix::make\_int4** (const int v0, const int2 &v1, const int v2)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 **optix::make\_int4** (const int2 &v0, const int v1, const int v2)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::make\_int4 (const int v0, const int3 &v1)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::make\_int4 (const int3 &v0, const int v1)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE int4 optix::make\_int4 (const int2 &v0, const int2 &v1)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::make\_uint3 (const unsigned int v0, const uint2 &v1)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint3 optix::make\_uint3 (const uint2 &v0, const unsigned int v1)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 **optix::make\_uint4** (const unsigned int v0, const unsigned int v1, const uint2 &v2)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 **optix::make\_uint4** (const unsigned int v0, const uint2 &v1, const unsigned int v2)

- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::make\_uint4 (const uint2 &v0, const unsigned int v1, const unsigned int v2)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::make\_uint4 (const unsigned int v0, const uint3 &v1)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::make\_uint4 (const uint3 &v0, const unsigned int v1)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE uint4 optix::make uint4 (const uint2 &v0, const uint2 &v1)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::make\_float3 (const float2 &v0, const float v1)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float3 optix::make\_float3 (const float v0, const float2 &v1)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::make\_float4 (const float v0, const float v1, const float2 &v2)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::make\_float4 (const float v0, const float2 &v1, const float v2)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::make\_float4 (const float2 &v0, const float v1, const float v2)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::make float4 (const float v0, const float3 &v1)
- OPTIXU INLINE RT HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::make float4 (const float3 &v0, const float v1)
- OPTIXU\_INLINE RT\_HOSTDEVICE float4 optix::make\_float4 (const float2 &v0, const float2 &v1)

#### 7.16.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API.

#### Author

NVIDIA Corporation This file implements common mathematical operations on vector types (float3, float4 etc.) since these are not provided as standard by CUDA.

The syntax is modelled on the Cg standard library.

This file has also been modified from the original cutil\_math.h file. cutil\_math.h is a subset of this file, and you should use this file in place of any cutil math.h file you wish to use.

# 7.17 optixu math stream namespace.h File Reference

- std::ostream & optix::operator<< (std::ostream &os, const optix::Aabb &aabb)
- std::ostream & optix::operator<< (std::ostream &os, const optix::float4 &v)</li>
- std::istream & optix::operator>> (std::istream &is, optix::float4 &v)
- std::ostream & optix::operator<< (std::ostream &os, const optix::float3 &v)
- std::istream & optix::operator>> (std::istream &is, optix::float3 &v)
- std::ostream & optix::operator<< (std::ostream &os, const optix::float2 &v)</li>
- std::istream & optix::operator>> (std::istream &is, optix::float2 &v)
- std::ostream & optix::operator<< (std::ostream &os, const optix::int4 &v)
- std::istream & optix::operator>> (std::istream &is, optix::int4 &v)
- std::ostream & optix::operator<< (std::ostream &os, const optix::int3 &v)
- std::istream & optix::operator>> (std::istream &is, optix::int3 &v)

- std::ostream & optix::operator<< (std::ostream &os, const optix::int2 &v)
- std::istream & optix::operator>> (std::istream &is, optix::int2 &v)
- std::ostream & optix::operator<< (std::ostream &os, const optix::uint4 &v)
- std::istream & optix::operator>> (std::istream &is, optix::uint4 &v)
- std::ostream & optix::operator<< (std::ostream &os, const optix::uint3 &v)
- std::istream & optix::operator>> (std::istream &is, optix::uint3 &v)
- std::ostream & optix::operator<< (std::ostream &os, const optix::uint2 &v)
- std::istream & optix::operator>> (std::istream &is, optix::uint2 &v)
- template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N>
   std::ostream & optix::operator<< (std::ostream &os, const optix::Matrix< M, N > &m)
- template<unsigned int M, unsigned int N>
   std::istream & optix::operator>> (std::istream &is, optix::Matrix< M, N > &m)

# 7.17.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API.

Author

NVIDIA Corporation Stream operators for CUDA vector types

# 7.18 optixu\_matrix\_namespace.h File Reference

#### Classes

- class optix::Matrix< M, N >
- class optix::Matrix< M, N >

#### 7.18.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API.

Author

NVIDIA Corporation OptiX public API Reference - Public Matrix namespace

# 7.19 optixu quaternion namespace.h File Reference

#### Classes

class optix::Quaternion

# 7.19.1 Detailed Description

OptiX public API.

Author

NVIDIA Corporation OptiX public API Reference - Public QUATERNION namespace

# 7.20 optixu traversal.h File Reference

#### **Classes**

struct RTUtraversalresult

# **Typedefs**

• typedef struct RTUtraversal\_api \* RTUtraversal

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum RTUquerytype {
 RTU_QUERY_TYPE_ANY_HIT = 0,
 RTU QUERY TYPE CLOSEST HIT,
 RTU_QUERY_TYPE_COUNT }
enum RTUrayformat {
 RTU_RAYFORMAT_ORIGIN_DIRECTION_TMIN_TMAX_INTERLEAVED = 0,
 RTU RAYFORMAT ORIGIN DIRECTION INTERLEAVED,
 RTU_RAYFORMAT_COUNT }
enum RTUtriformat {
 RTU TRIFORMAT MESH = 0,
 RTU_TRIFORMAT_TRIANGLE_SOUP,
 RTU_TRIFORMAT_COUNT }
enum RTUinitoptions {
 RTU INITOPTION NONE = 0,
 RTU_INITOPTION_GPU_ONLY = 1 << 0,
 RTU_INITOPTION_CPU_ONLY = 1 << 1,
 RTU INITOPTION CULL BACKFACE = 1 << 2 }

    enum RTUoutput {

 RTU_OUTPUT_NONE = 0,
 RTU_OUTPUT_NORMAL = 1 << 0,
 RTU_OUTPUT_BARYCENTRIC = 1 << 1,
 RTU_OUTPUT_BACKFACING = 1 << 2 }

    enum RTUoption { RTU_OPTION_INT_NUM_THREADS =0 }
```

- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalCreate (RTUtraversal \*traversal, RTUquerytype query\_type, RTUrayformat ray\_format, RTUtriformat tri\_format, unsigned int outputs, unsigned int options, RTcontext context)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalGetErrorString (RTUtraversal traversal, RTresult code, const char \*\*return\_string)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalSetOption (RTUtraversal traversal, RTUoption option, void \*value)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalSetMesh (RTUtraversal traversal, unsigned int num\_verts, const float \*verts, unsigned int num\_tris, const unsigned \*indices)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalSetTriangles (RTUtraversal traversal, unsigned int num\_tris, const float \*tris)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalSetAccelData (RTUtraversal traversal, const void \*data, RTsize data\_size)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalGetAccelDataSize (RTUtraversal traversal, RTsize \*data size)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalGetAccelData (RTUtraversal traversal, void \*data)

- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalMapRays (RTUtraversal traversal, unsigned int num\_rays, float \*\*rays)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalUnmapRays (RTUtraversal traversal)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalPreprocess (RTUtraversal traversal)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalTraverse (RTUtraversal traversal)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalMapResults (RTUtraversal traversal, RTUtraversalresult \*\*results)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalUnmapResults (RTUtraversal traversal)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalMapOutput (RTUtraversal traversal, RTUoutput which, void \*\*output)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalUnmapOutput (RTUtraversal traversal, RTUoutput which)
- RTresult RTAPI rtuTraversalDestroy (RTUtraversal traversal)

# 7.20.1 Detailed Description

Simple API for performing raytracing queries using OptiX or the CPU.