Steps in an RNA-seq analysis

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Background on RNA-seq

DNA

ACTGACCTAGATCAGTGTAGCGATCGTATACGAGACCGATTCATCGGCAT



RNA





protein



Fragmented RNA molecule

AUGGGAAUUCACGAAUUCCUAGAAAAAAA

AUGGGAAUUCACGAAUUCCUAGAAAAAAA

Capture mature RNA by poly(A) tail

AUGGGAAUUCACGAAUUCCUAGAAAAAAA

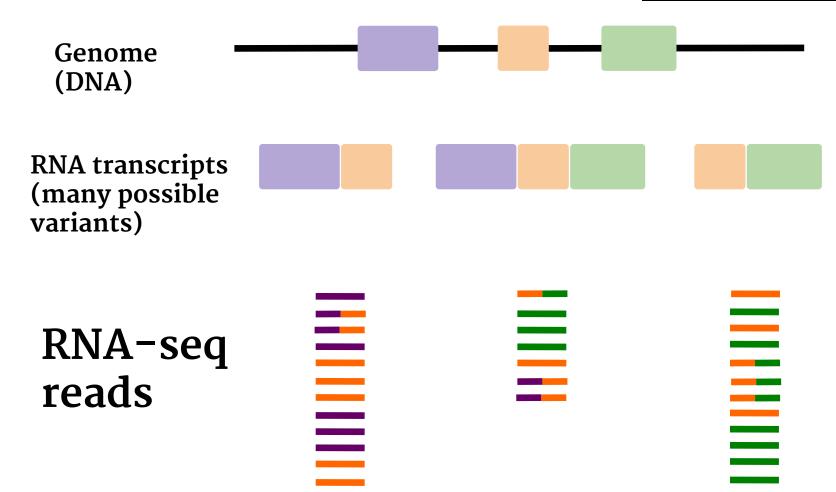
Reverse transcribe into complementary DNA (cDNA)

ATGGGAATTCACGAATTCCTAG

AUGGGAAUUCACGAAUUCCUAGAAAAAAA

ATGGGAATTCACGAATTCCTAG





Steps

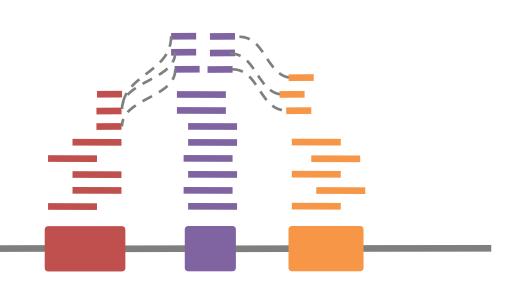
- 1. Align
- 2. Count, assemble, quantify
- 3. Normalize
- 4. Statistical tests
- 5. Gene set enrichment

Step 1: Align

Software:

- HiSat
- Rail
- Star
- Tophat2

Genome

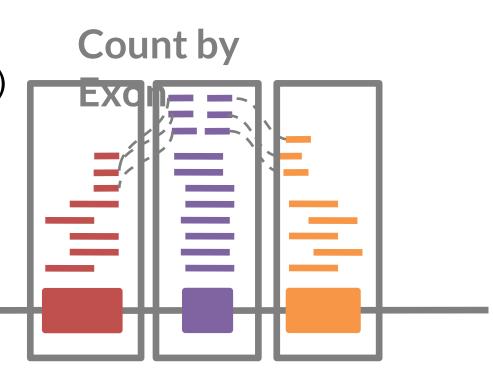


Step 2: Count

Software:

- HTSeq
- featureCounts
- <u>kallisto</u> (no alignment)
- <u>derfinder</u>

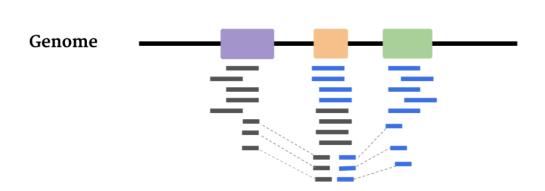
Genome



Step 2: Assemble and quantify

Software:

- StringTie
- Cufflinks
- Trinity
- RSEM



expression ≈ 12 for both assembled transcripts

Estimated Transcripts





Step 3: Normalize

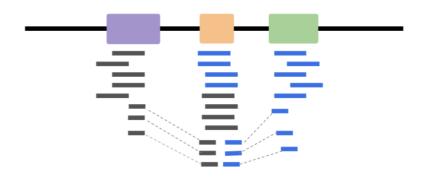
Software Normalize:

- EDAseq
- cqn
- DESeq2/edgeR
- Ballgown
- derfinder

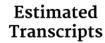
Software Batch Effects:

- sva
- RUVseq

Genome



expression ≈ 12 for both assembled transcripts





Step 4: Statistical tests

Software:

- DESeq2/edgeR
- Ballgown
- derfinder

Genome

expression ≈ 12 for both assembled transcripts

Estimated Transcripts

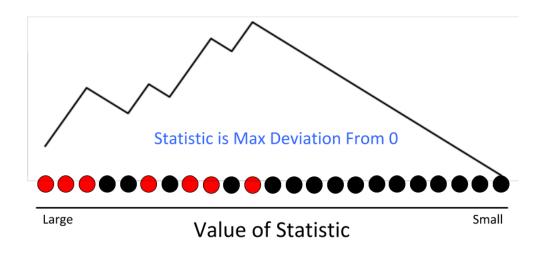




Step 5: Gene set enrichment

Software:

- goseq
- SeqGSEA



Gene In A Relevant Set

Gene Not In The Set