# Package 'ecolMod'

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<b>Title</b> ``A practical guide to ecological modelling - using R as a simulation platform"
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Description
Figures, data sets and examples from the book ``A practical guide to ecological modelling - using R as a simulation platform" by Karline Soetaert and Peter MJ Herman (2009). Springer. All figures from chapter x can be generated by ``demo(chapx)", where x = 1 to 11. The R-scripts of the model examples discussed in the book are in subdirectory ``examples", ordered per chapter.  Solutions to model projects are in the same subdirectories.
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### Description

Figures, data sets and examples from the book "A practical guide to ecological modelling - using R as a simulation platform" by Karline Soetaert and Peter MJ Herman (2009). Springer, 372 pp.

http://www.springer.com/life+sciences/ecology/book/978-1-4020-8623-6

All figures from chapter x can be generated by demo(chapx), where x = 1 to 11.

The R-scripts of the model examples discussed in the book are in subdirectory "examples", ordered per chapter.

Solutions to model projects are in the same subdirectories.

### **Details**

Package: ecolMod Type: Package Version: 1.2.3 Date: 2011-03-15

License: GNU Public License 2 or above

### Author(s)

Karline Soetaert (Maintainer) and Peter M.J. Herman

#### See Also

- OMEXDIAsteady steady-state application of the OMEXDIA diagenetic model a fortran DLL
- SCOC a Sediment Community Oxygen Consumption (SCOC) dataset
- Zoogrowtha zooplankton growth dataset
- deepCmin results of the calibration exercise from chapter 4.4.4
- dilution Draws dilution culture setup
- pricefit Pseudo-random search algorithm of Price (1997)

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### **Examples**

```
## show examples (see respective help pages for details)
example(pricefit)
example(SCOC)
## run demos
demo("chap1") # chapter 1. Introduction
demo("chap2") # chapter 2. Model formulation
demo("chap3") # chapter 3. Spatial components and transport
demo("chap4") # chapter 4. Parameterisation
demo("chap5") # chapter 5. Model solution - analytical methods
demo("chap6") # chapter 6. Model solution - numerical methods
demo("chap7") # chapter 7. Stability and steady-state
demo("chap8") # chapter 8. Multiple time scales and equilibrium processes
demo("chap9") # chapter 9. Discrete time models
demo("chap10") # chapter 10. Dynamic programming
demo("chap11") # chapter 11. Testing and validating the model
## open the directory with source code of demos
browseURL(paste(system.file(package="ecolMod"), "/demo", sep=""))
## open the directory with book examples
browseURL(paste(system.file(package="ecolMod"), "/doc/examples", sep=""))
## ecolMod vignette:
vignette("ecolMod")
## End(Not run)
```

deepCmin

results of the calibration exercise from chapter 4.4.4

### **Description**

```
This datafile contains output from the calibration exercise from chapter 4.4.4. They are: vectors kseries, multser vector outcost matrices optpar, optpar20, optpar25
```

### Usage

deepCmin

#### Author(s)

Karline Soetaert <karline.soetaert@nioz.nl>

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### **Examples**

```
pgr <- gray.colors(n = 25, start = 0.95, end = 0.0)
with (deepCmin,
filled.contour(x = multser, y = kseries, z = outcost,
    ylab = "k (/day)", xlab = "multiplication factor (-)",
    main = "Model cost landscape", col = pgr, nlevels = 25,
    plot.axes = {
        axis(1); axis(2);
        points(optpar20$poppar[,2], optpar20$poppar[,1], pch = "o", cex = .5);
        points(optpar25$poppar[,2], optpar25$poppar[,1], pch = "+", cex = 1);
        points(optpar$par[2], optpar$par[1], pch = 16, cex = 2)
    }
)
)</pre>
```

dilution

Draws dilution culture setup

### **Description**

Draws the framework of a dilution culture. Used as a template to plot the flow diagrams for dilution-type models, where there is a continuous inflow of medium from a vessel into a well-stirred tank (the culture vessel). The volume in the culture tank stays constant.

### Usage

```
dilution(main = c("",""), int = "")
```

### **Arguments**

main main text, consiting of two strings, positioned above medium vessel (1st string) and culture vessel (2nd string) of dilution diagram plot text above the dripping outlets

### Value

a list containing:

p1 two-valued vector with the x-y positions of the middle of the (large) culture vessel

p2 two-valued vector with the x-y positions of the middle of the (small) medium vessel

### Author(s)

Karline Soetaert <karline.soetaert@nioz.nl>

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### **Examples**

```
par(mar = c(0, 0, 0, 0))
dd <- dilution(main = c("Stock", "Stirred tank"), int = "Flow,Q")
text(dd$p2[1], dd$p2[2], "Ain", font = 2)
text(dd$p1[1], dd$p1[2]+0.03, "Volume V", font = 2)
text(dd$p1[1], dd$p1[2]-0.03, "[A]", font = 2)</pre>
```

**OMEXDIAsteady** 

steady-state application of the OMEXDIA diagenetic model - fortran DLL

### **Description**

A 1-D model of Carbon, nitrogen and oxygen diagenesis in a marine sediment. The model describes six state variables, in **100** layers:

- 2 fractions of organic carbon (FDET,SDET): fast and slow decaying, solid substance
- Oxygen (O2), dissolved substance
- Nitrate (NO3), dissolved substance
- Ammonium (NH3), dissolved substance
- Oxygen demand unit (ODU), dissolved substance, as lump sum of all reduced substances other than ammonium

See Soetaert et al., 1996 for further details of the model.

This is a simplified version of the OMEXDIA model, added just to create a figure in the book. A more complete version will be published in a separate R-package that will deal with reactive transport modelling in R.

The name of this package is not yet decided upon.

### Usage

```
OMEXDIAsteady()
```

### **Details**

The model application just estimates the steady-state condition of the OMEXDIA model, the parameter values are such that there is almost no overlap between the oxic and anoxic zone of the sediment.

For efficiency reasons, the OMEXDIA diagenetic model was written in Fortran, and this code linked to the package.

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#### Value

a list containing:

The steady-state condition of the state variables, a vector containing steady-state concentrations of FDET(0-100), SDET(101-200), O2 (201-300), NO3 (301-

400), NH3 (401-500) and ODU (501-600)

precis the precision of the steady-state solution

Solved a logical, TRUE when steady-state has been reached

#### Author(s)

Karline Soetaert <karline.soetaert@nioz.nl>

#### References

Soetaert K, PMJ Herman and JJ Middelburg, 1996a. A model of early diagenetic processes from the shelf to abyssal depths. Geochimica Cosmochimica Acta, 60(6):1019-1040.

Soetaert K, PMJ Herman and JJ Middelburg, 1996b. Dynamic response of deep-sea sediments to seasonal variation: a model. Limnol. Oceanogr. 41(8): 1651-1668.

```
Ν
       <- 100
Depth <- seq(0.05, by = 0.1, len = 100)
       <- OMEXDIAsteady()
# Steady-state concentrations in sediment
CONC <- out$steady
FDET <- CONC[1:N]
SDET \leftarrow CONC[(N+1) :(2*N)]
02
     <- CONC[(2*N+1):(3*N)]
NO3
    <- CONC[(3*N+1):(4*N)]
NH3 <- CONC[(4*N+1):(5*N)]
ODU <- CONC[(5*N+1):(6*N)]
TOC <- (FDET+SDET)*1200/10^9/2.5
                                      # % organic carbon (excess)
par(mfrow=c(2, 2))
plot(TOC, Depth, ylim = c(10, 0), xlab = "procent", main = "TOC",
        type = "1", 1wd=2)
plot(02, Depth, ylim = c(10, 0), xlab = "mmol/m3", main = "02",
        type = "1", 1wd = 2)
plot(NO3, Depth, ylim = c(10, 0), xlab = "mmol/m3", main = "NO3",
        type = "1", 1wd = 2)
plot(NH3, Depth, ylim = c(10, 0), xlab = "mmol/m3", main = "NH3",
        type = "1", 1wd = 2)
mtext(outer=TRUE, side=3, line=-2, cex=1.5, "OMEXDIAmodel")
```

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pricefit	Pseudo-random search algorithm of Price (1997)
p	

### Description

Pseudo-random search algorithm of Price (1997). Used in the book as an example of a random-based fitting technique, and as an example of how to create a function in R.

### Usage

### Arguments

initial values of the parameters to be optimised par minimal values of the parameters to be optimised minpar maximal values of the parameters to be optimised maxpar func function to be minimised, its first argument should bw the vector of parameters over which minimization is to take place. It should return a scalar result, the model cost, e.g the sum of squared residuals. number of elements in population npop number of iterations to be performed. Defaults to 10000. There is no other numiter stopping criterion. number of elements from which to estimate new parameter vector centroid varleft relative variation remaining; if below this value algorithm stops

### Details

see the book of Soetaert and Herman for a description of the algorithm AND for a line to line explanation of the function code.

#### Value

a list containing:

par the optimised parameter values

the model cost, or function evaluation associated to the optimised parameter

values, i.e. the minimal cost

arguments passed to funtion func

poppar all parameter vectors remaining in the population, matrix of dimension (npop,length(par))

popcost model costs associated with all population parameter vectors, vector of length

npop

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### Author(s)

Karline Soetaert < karline.soetaert@nioz.nl>

#### References

Soetaert, K. and P.M.J. Herman, 2009. A Practical Guide to Ecological Modelling. Using R as a Simulation Platform. Springer, 372 pp.

Price, W.L., 1977. A controlled random search procedure for global optimisation. The Computer Journal, 20: 367-370.

#### See Also

optim the R default.

```
pricefit # will display the code
       <- 6
amp
period <- 5
phase <- 0.5
x <- runif(20)*13
y \leftarrow amp*sin(2*pi*x/period+phase) + rnorm(20, mean = 0, sd = 0.05)
plot(x, y, pch = 16)
cost <- function(par) sum((par[1]*sin(2*pi*x/par[2]+par[3])-y)^2)</pre>
p1 <- optim(par = c(amplitude = 1, phase = 1, period = 1), cost)
p2 <- optim(par = c(amplitude = 1, phase = 1, period = 1), cost,
            method = "SANN")
p3 <- pricefit(par = c(amplitude = 1, phase = 1, period = 1),
            minpar = c(0, 1e-8,0), maxpar = c(100, 2*pi,100),
            func = cost, numiter = 3000)
\label{eq:curve} curve(p1\$par[1]*sin(2*pi*x/p1\$par[2] + p1\$par[3]), \ lty = 2, \ add = TRUE)
curve(p2*par[1]*sin(2*pi*x/p2*par[2] + p2*par[3]), lty = 3, add = TRUE)
curve(p3\$par[1]*sin(2*pi*x/p3\$par[2] + p3\$par[3]), lty = 1, add = TRUE)
legend ("bottomright", lty = c(1, 2, 3),
        c("Price", "Mathematical", "Simulated annealing"))
```

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### **Description**

This literature dataset, compiled by Andersson et al. (2004) contains 584 measurements of sediment community oxygen consumption rates, as a function of water depth, and performed in deep-water sediments, either by in situ incubations or via modelling of oxygen microprofiles.

It is used in the book to demonstrate how one can obtain order-of-magnitude estimates of model parameters (i.c. sediment oxygen consumption rate, a measure of deposition flux) by performing log-log regression with water depth.

### Usage

**SCOC** 

#### **Format**

a dataframe with 584 rows, and with following columns:

Depth.m, the water depth at which the measurement was performed.

SCOC.mmol/m2/d, the oxygen consumption rate of the sediment, [mmolO2/m2/d]

### Author(s)

Karline Soetaert <karline.soetaert@nioz.nl>

#### References

Andersson, H., Wijsman, J., Herman, P., Middelburg, J., Soetaert, K., Heip, C., 2004. Respiration patterns in the deep ocean. Geophysical Research Letters 31, LO3304.

#### See Also

Zoogrowth, a dataset containing zooplankton maximal growth rates see the paper of Andersson et al. for a description of the original literature sources of this dataset

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```
expr <- substitute(y==A*x^B, list(A=AA,B=BB))
text(1, .1, expr, adj = 0)
expr2 <- substitute(r^2==rr, list(rr=round(rr*100)/100))
text(1, 0.04, expr2, adj = 0)</pre>
```

Zoogrowth

a zooplankton growth dataset

### Description

This literature dataset, compiled by Hansen et al. (1997) contains 84 measurements of maximal growth rates as a function of organism volume and temperature for various species of zooplankton. The maximal growth rates were obtained from laboratory experiments.

It is used in the book to demonstrate how one can obtain order-of-magnitude estimates of model parameters (i.c. maximal growth) via allometric relations, i.e. by performing log-log regression of organism rates versus size.

#### Usage

Zoogrowth

#### **Format**

a dataframe with 84 rows, and with following columns:

Volume.um3, the volume in [um 3].

Mumax.hr, the maximal growht rate, [/hour]

Species, the name of reared zooplankton species

Temp.dgC, the rearing temperature, [dg C]

Group, the systematic group to which the organism belongs, one of Nanoflagellate, Dinoflagellate, Ciliate, Rotifer, Meroplankton, Copepod

#### Author(s)

Karline Soetaert <karline.soetaert@nioz.nl>

### References

Hansen PJ, Bjornsen PK, Hansen BW, 1997. Zooplankton grazing and growth: Scaling within the 2-2,000-mu m body size range. Limnology and Oceanograpy 42: 687-704.

### See Also

SCOC, a dataset containing sediment community oxygen consumption rates see the paper of Hansen et al. 1997 for a description of the original literature sources of this dataset

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